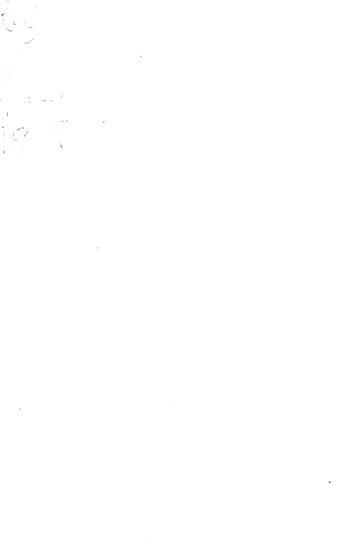
MANUAL

FOR THE



GENERAL COURT

1918







HON. HENRY G. WELLS, PRESIDENT.

ON PRESIDENT'S RIGHT

- 1. Hop. John Halliwell.
- Leonard F. Hardy.
- 3. Malcolm E. Nichols.
- John I. Fitzgerald. 4.
- Edward G. Morris. 5.
- Kenneth L. Nash.
- 7. Harold L. Perrin.
- Edward N. Dahlborg.
- E. Howard Perley. 9.
- George E. Curran. 10.
- James R. Tetler. 11.
- 12. George Fred Hart.
- George H. Jackson.
- 13.
- George A. Hastings. 14.
- 15. Herman Hormel.
- Arthur W. Colburn. 16.
- Charles D. Brown. 17.
- 18. Alpheus Sanford.
- 19. George B. Churchill.
- 20. Charles L. Gifford.

PRESIDENT CLERKS DIAGRAM of the 10 SENATE CHAMBER 11 18 19 20 20 19

ON PRESIDENT'S LEFT.

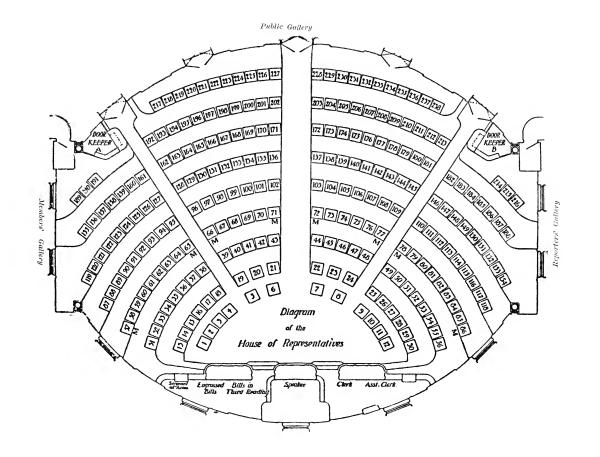
- 1. Hon. Clarence W. Hobbs. Jr.
- 2. Ernest E. Hobson.
- 3. Walter E. McLane.
- 4. Edwin T. McKnight.
- James L. Harron. 5.
- 6. George D. Chamberlain.
- 7. Fred W. Cross.
- 8. William E. Russell.
- 9. Charles S. Lawler.
- 10. Edward B. Eames.
- Joseph O. Knox. 11.
- 12. Daniel J. Buckley.
 - Vacant. —
- 14. John E. Beck.

13.

- Silas D. Reed. 15.
- 16. Edward F. McLaughlin.
- James E. MacPherson. 17.
- Herbert A. Wilson. 18.
- Charles S. Smith. 19.
- 20. James F. Cavanagh.

THOMAS F. PEDRICK, Sergeant-at-Arms.





5.44 •





The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

A MANUAL

FOR THE USE OF THE

GENERAL COURT

FOR

1918.

Prepared under Section 10 of Chapter 9 of the Revised Laws

BY

HENRY D. COOLIDGE, CLERK OF THE SENATE,

JAMES W. KIMBALL, CLERK OF THE HOUSE.



BOSTON:
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32 DERNE STREET.
1918.



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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

United States of America

AND

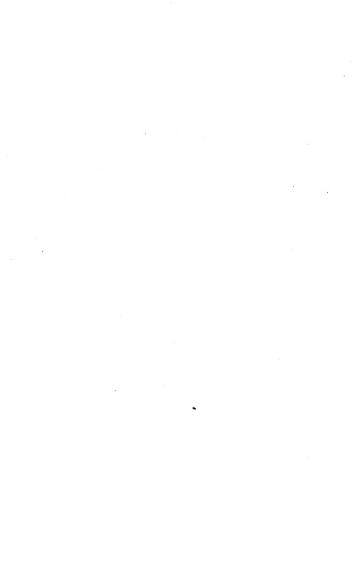
CONSTITUTION

or

FORM OF GOVERNMENT

FOR THE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS



CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

PREAMBLE.

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We the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

Section 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SECT. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature. No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECT. 3. [The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.]

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; [and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside: and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States: but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECT. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

Sect. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

Sect. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it

shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

Sect. 8. The congress shall have power - to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; - to borrow money on the credit of the United States: - to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes; - to establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States; - to coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures; - to provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States: - to establish post offices and post roads: - to promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries; - to constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court: - to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations: - to declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water; - to raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years: - to provide and maintain a navy: - to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces: -to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions; - to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress; - to exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards, and other needful buildings; - and to make all laws which shall be nece-sary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECT. 9. The migration or importation of such persons, as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax, shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

Sect. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws: and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice-president, chosen for the same term, be elected, as follows:—

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress; but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

[The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said house shall in like manner choose the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them by ballot the vice-president.]

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vicepresident, and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services, a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECT. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

- Sect. 3. He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.
- SECT. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

- SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.
- SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority;—to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls;—to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction;—to controversies to which the United States shall be a party;—to controversies between two or more states;—between a state and citizens of another state;—between citizens of different states;—between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases

before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SECT. 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within

the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states, shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

ARTICLES

IN ADDITION TO, AND AMENDMENT OF,

The Constitution of the United States of America, proposed by congress, and ratified by the legislatures of the several states, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.

- ARTICLE I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.
- ART. II. A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.
- ART. III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.
- ART. IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue,

but upon probable cause, supported by eath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

- ART. V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.
- ART. VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.
- ART. VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.
- ART. VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.
- ART. IX. The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.
- ART. X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

ART. XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ART. XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states. and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom. at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vicepresident, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president. and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate: the president of the senate shall, in presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates and the votes shall then be counted; - the person having the greatest number of votes for president, shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president, shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of

senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

ART. XIII. Sect. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Sect. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ART. XIV. Sect. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sect. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator, or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of

any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SECT. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned.

But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECT. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ART. XV. SECT. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

Sect. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ART. XVI. The congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several states, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

ART. XVII.* The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote. The electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any state in the senate, the executive authority of such state shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: provided, that the legislature of any state may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointment until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

^{* &}quot;In lieu of the first paragraph of section three of article I of the constitution of the United States, and in lieu of so much of paragraph two of the same section as relates to the filling of vacancies."

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the constitution.

[Note. The constitution was adopted September 17, 1787, by the unanimous consent of the states present in the convention appointed in pursuance of the resolution of the congress of the confederation of February 21, 1787, and was ratified by the conventions of the several states, as follows, viz.: By convention of Delaware, December 7, 1787; Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787; New Jersey, December 18, 1787; Georgia, January 2, 1788; Connecticut, January 9, 1788; Massachusetts, February 6, 1788; Maryland, April 28, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 26, 1788; New York, July 26, 1788; North Carolina, November 21, 1789; Rhode Island, May 29, 1790.

The first ten of the amendments were proposed at the first session of the first congress of the United States, September 25, 1789, and were finally ratified by the constitutional number of states on December 15, 1791. The eleventh amendment was proposed at the first session of the third congress, March 5, 1794, and was declared in a message from the President of the United States to both houses of congress, dated January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the constitutional number of states. The twelfth amendment was proposed at the first session of the eighth congress, December 12, 1803, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1804, according to a public notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated September 25 of the same year.

The thirteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-eighth congress on February 1, 1895, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated December 18, 1895, to have been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states.

The fourteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-ninth congress, on June 16, 1866.

On July 20, 1868, the secretary of state of the United States issued his certificate, setting out that it appeared by official documents on file in the department of state that said amendment had been ratified by the legislatures of the states of Connecticut, New Hampshire, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Illinois, West Virginia, Kansas, Maine, Nevada, Missouri, Indiana, Minnesota, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Massachusetts, Nebraska and Iowa, and by newly established bodies avowing themselves to be and acting as the legislatures of the states of Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Louisiana, South Carolina, and Alabama; that the legislatures of Ohio and New Jersey had since passed resolutions withdrawing the consent of those states to

said amendment; that the whole number of states in the United States was thirty-seven, that the twenty-three states first above named and the six states next above named together, constituted three-fourths of the whole number of states, and certifying that if the resolutions of Ohio and New Jersey, ratifying said amendment were still in force, notwithstanding their subsequent resolutions, then said amendment had been ratified and so become valid as part of the constitution.

On July 21, 1868, congress passed a resolution reciting that the amendment had been ratified by Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina and Louisiana, being three-fourths of the several states of the Union, and declaring said fourteenth article to be a part of the constitution of the United States, and making it the duty of the secretary of state to duly promulgate it as such.

On July 28, 1838, the secretary of state issued his certificate, reciting the above resolution, and stating that official notice had been received at the department of state that action had been taken by the legislatures of the states in relation to said amendment, as follows: "It was ratified in A.D. 1856, by Connecticut, June 30; New Hampshire, July 7; Tennessee, July 19; Oregon, September 19; Vermont, November 9. In A.D. 1867, by New York, January 10; Illinois, January 15; West Virginia, January 16; Kansas, January 18; Maine, January 19; Nevada, January 22; Missouri, January 26; Indiana, January 29; Minnesota, February 1; Rhode Island, February 7; Wisconsin, February 13; Pennsylvania, February 13; Michigan, February 15; Massachusetts, March 20; Nebraska, June 15. In A.D. 1868 by Iowa, April 3; Arkansas, April 6; Florida, June 9; Louisiana, July 9; and Alabama, July 13.

"It was first ratified and the ratification subsequently withdrawn by New Jersey, ratified September 11, 1863, withdrawn April, 1868; Ohio, ratified January 11, 1867, and withdrawn January, 1868.

"It was first rejected and then ratified by Georgia, rejected November 13, 1856, ratified July 21, 1868; North Carolina, rejected December 4, 1853, ratified July 4, 1863; South Carolina, rejected December 20, 1866, and ratified July 9, 1868.

"It was rejected by Texas, November 1, 1836; Virginia, January 9, 1867; Kentucky, January 10, 1837; Delaware, February 7, 1867; and Maryland, March 23, 1867."

And on said July 28, 1868, and in execution of the act proposing the amendment and of the concurrent resolution of congress above mentioned and in pursuance thereof, the secretary of state directed that said amendment to the constitution be published in the newspapers authorized to promulgate the laws of the United States, and certified that it

had been adopted in the manner above specified by the states named in said resolution, and that it "has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution of the United States."

Subsequently it was ratified by Virginia, October 8, 1369, by Georgia, again, February 2, 1870, and by Texas, February 18, 1870.

The fifteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the fortieth congress on February 27, 1859, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated March 30, 1870, to have been ratified by the constitutional number of states and to have "become valid to all intents and purposes as part of the constitution of the United States."

The sixteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the sixty-first congress, at its first session, in 1909. On February 25, 1913, the secretary of state made proclamation to the effect that, from official documents on file in the department, it appeared that the amendment had been ratified by the legislatures of the states of Alabama, Kentucky, South Carolina, Illinois, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Maryland, Georgia, Texas, Ohio, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, Montana, Indiana, Nevada, North Carolina, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, North Dakota, Michigan, Iowa, Missouri, Maine, Tennessee, Arkansas, Wisconsin, New York, South Dakota, Arizona, Minnesota, Louisiana, Delaware, and Wyoming, in all thirty-six; and, further, that the states whose legislatures had so ratified the said proposed amendment constituted three-fourths of the whole number of states in the United States: and, further, that it appeared from official documents on file in the department that the legislatures of New Jersey and New Mexico had passed resolutions ratifying the said proposed amendment. He further certified that the amendment had "become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution of the United States."

The seventeenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the sixty-second congress, at its second session, in 1912. On May 31, 1913, the secretary of state made proclamation to the effect that, from official documents on file in the department, it appeared that the amendment had been ratified by the legislatures of the states of Massachusetts, Arizona, Minnesota, New York, Kansas, Oregon, North Carolina, California, Michigan, Idaho, West Virginia, Nebraska, Iowa, Montana, Texas, Washington, Wyomina, Colorado, Illinois, North Dakota, Nevada, Vermont, Maine, New Hampshire, Oklahoma, Ohio, South Dakota, Indiana, Missouri, New Mexico, New Jersey, Tennessee, Arkansas, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin; and, further, that the states whose legislatures had so ratified the said proposed amendment constituted three-fourths of the whole number of states in the United States. He further certified that the amendment had "become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution of the United States."

CONSTITUTION OR FORM OF GOVERNMENT

FOR THE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

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PREAMBLE.

The end of the institution, maintenance, and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic, to protect it, and to furnish the individuals who compose it with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity, and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals: it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them.

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging, with grateful hearts, the goodness of the great Legislator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of His providence, an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence, or surprise, of entering into an original, explicit, and solemn compact with each other; and of forming a new constitution of civil government, for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring His direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain, and establish, the following *Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government*, as the Constitution of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PART THE FIRST.

A Declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

ARTICLE I. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential, and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing, and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men in society, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the SUPREME BEING, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested, or restrained, in his person, liberty, or estate, for worshipping God in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession of sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship. [See Amendments, Article XLVI.]

ART. III. [As the happiness of a people, and the good order and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion, and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community but by the institution of the public worship of God, and of public instructions in piety, religion, and morality: Therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preservation of their government, the people of this commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall, from time to time, authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of God, and for the support and maintenance of public Protestant teachers

of piety, religion, and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendment, Article XI.]

And the people of this commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend.

Provided, notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall, at all times, have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance.

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised.

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law: and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.]

ART. IV. The people of this commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sovereign, and independent state; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction, and right, which is not, or may not hereafter be, by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.

ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.

- ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public; and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, lawgiver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.
- ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good; for the protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestable, unalienable, and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness require it.
- ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their public officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular elections and appointments.
- ART. IX. All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments. [See Amendments, Article XLV.]
- ART. X. Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty, and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service, or an equivalent, when necessary: but no part of the property of any individual can, with justice, be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In

fine, the people of this commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws than those to which their constitutional representative body have given their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor. [See Amendments, Articles XXXIX and XLVII.]

ART. XI. Every subject of the commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; conformably to the laws.

ART. XII. No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, substantially and formally, described to him; or be compelled to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his counsel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exited, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

ART. XIII. In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts in the vicinity where they happen, is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

ART. XIV. Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches, and seizures, of his person, his houses, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore,

are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation, and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or objects of search, arrest, or seizure: and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities prescribed by the laws.

ART. XV. In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofore been otherways used and practised, the parties have a right to a trial by jury; and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

ART. XVI. The liberty of the press is essential to the security of freedom in a state: it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this commonwealth.

ART. XVII. The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.

ART. XVIII. A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the commonwealth.

- ART. XIX. The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.
- ART. XX. The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exercised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.
- ART. XXI. The freedom of deliberation, speech, and debate, in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.
- ART. XXII. The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening, and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.
- ART. XXIII. No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people or their representatives in the legislature.
- ART. XXIV. Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.
- ART. XXV. No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.
- ART. XXVI. No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines, or inflict cruel or unusual punishments.

ART. XXVII. In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.

ART. XXVIII. No person can in any case be subject to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains, by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.

ART. XXIX. It is essential to the preservation of the rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property, and character, that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial, and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well; and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

ART. XXX. In the government of this commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them: the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them: the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them: to the end it may be a government of laws and not of men.

PART THE SECOND.

The Frame of Government.

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign, and independent body politic, or state, by the name of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

CHAPTER I.

THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

The General Court.

ARTICLE I. The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives; each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year [on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May;] and shall be styled, The General Court of Massachusetts. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. II. No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such, until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revisal; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections thereto, in writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated; who shall enter the objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve. But if after such reconsideration, two-

thirds of the said senate or house of representatives, shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law: but in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve, shall be entered upon the public records of the commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law. [See Amendments, Article I.]

ART. III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the commonwealth, for the hearing, trying, and determining of all manner of crimes, offences, pleas, processes, plaints, actions, matters, causes, and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same: whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon. To which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full power and authority, from time to time, to administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery of truth in any matter in controversy or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court, from time to time to make, ordain, and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes, and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same, and for the necessary support and defence of

the government thereof; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for: and to set forth the several duties. powers, and limits, of the several civil and military officers of this commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places, so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution; and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments, rates, and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said commonwealth: and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities, whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the subjects thereof, according to such acts as are or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the commonwealth, taken anew once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order. [See Amendments, Articles II., XLI., XLIV.]

[For the authority of the general court to charter cities, see Amendments, ART. II.

For the state wide referendum on bills and resolves of the general court,

see Amendments, Arr. XLII.

For the authority of the general court to take land, etc., for relieving congestion of population and providing homes for citizens, see Amendments, ART. XLIII.

For the power given the general court to provide by law for absentee

voting, see Amendments, ART. XLV.

For the power given the general court to determine the manner of providing and distributing the necessaries of life, etc., during time of war, public distress, etc., by the Commonwealth and the cities and towns therein, see Amendments, Art. XLVII.

CHAPTER I.

SECTION II.

Senate.

ARTICLE I. [There shall be annually elected, by the freeholders and other inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors and senators for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts into which the commonwealth may, from time to time, be divided by the general court for that purpose: and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts; and timely make known to the inhabitants of the commonwealth the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein; provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen: and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII... XVI., XXII.]

And the several counties in this commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators, (except that the counties of Dukes County and Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose) and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators, viz.:—Suffolk, six; Essex, six; Middlesex, five; Hampshire, four; Plymouth, three; Barnstable, one; Bristol, three; York, two; Dukes County and Nantucket, one; Worcester, five; Cumberland, one; Lincoln, one; Berkshire, two.]

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz.: there shall be a meeting on the [first Monday in April.] annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this commonwealth; to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the [first Monday in April.] for the purpose of electing

persons to be senators and councillors; [and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate within the commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant.] And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word "inhabitant" in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this state, in that town, district, or plantation where he dwelleth, or hath his home. [See Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XV., XX., XXII., XXII., XXVI., XXVII., XXVIII., XXVII., XXXVII., XXVII., XXVI

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially: and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name; and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the commonwealth for the time being, with a superscription, expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the town clerk of such towns, to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before [the last Wednesday in May] annually; or it shall be delivered into the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May:] and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said [last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X.1

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated, qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves toward the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the

plantation meetings for that purpose shall be held annually [on the same first Monday in April], at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitution. And all other persons living in places unincorporated (qualified as aforesaid) who shall be assessed to the support of government by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed, for that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article XV.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of senators on the [last Wednesday in May] annually, the governor with five of the council, for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by [a majority of] voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIV.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution; and shall, [on the said last Wednesday in May] annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district to be senators [by a majority of votes; and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned elected by a majority of votes for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz.: The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such per-

sons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for; and out of these shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the senate, arising by death, removal out of the state, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall happen.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XIV., XXIV.]

ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, [who is not seised in his own right of a freehold, within this commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and] who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the space of five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceedings.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court with full authority to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the commonwealth, for misconduct and mal-administration in their offices. But previous to the trial of every impeachment the members of the senate shall respectively be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold or

enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this commonwealth; but the party so convicted shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. [Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business.] [See Amendments, Articles XXII., XXXIII.]

CHAPTER I.

SECTION III.

House of Representatives.

ARTICLE I. There shall be, in the legislature of this commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. [And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII., XIII., XXII.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same one hundred and fifty ratable polls.]

And the house of representatives shall have power from time to time to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution. [The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.] [See Amendments, Article XXXV.]

- ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; [and, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seised in his own right of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid.] [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]
- ART. IV. [Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this commonwealth for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate within the said town of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town.] [See Amendments, Articles III., XX., XXIII., XXVI., XXVIII., XXXII., XXXII., XXXII., XXVII., XXVIII., XXXII., XXXII., XXVII.
- ART. V. [The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days at least before the last Wednesday of that month.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XV.]
- ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate.
- ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

- ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.
- ART. IX. [Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business.] [See Amendments, Articles XXI., XXXIII.]
- ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members. as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker; appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence: or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for any thing said or done in the house: or who shall assault any of them therefor: or who shall assault. or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mesne process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases; provided, that no imprisonment on the warrant or order of the governor, council, senate, or house of representatives, for either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such other way as they may respectively think best.

CHAPTER II.

EXECUTIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled — The Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; and whose title shall be — HIS EXCELLENCY.

ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for seven years next preceding; [and unless he shall at the same time be seised, in his own right, of a freehold, within the commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds; [and unless he shall declare himself to be of the Christian religion.] [See Amendments, Articles VII., XXXIV.]

Art. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives within the several towns of this commonwealth shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose. on the [first Monday of April] annually, give in their votes for a governor, to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the flast Wednesday in Mayl; and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office, seventeen days at least before the said flast Wednesday in May]; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, seventeen days at least before the said

day; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives on the [last Wednesday in May], to be by them examined; and in case of an election by a [majority] of all the votes returned, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but if no person shall have a [majority] of votes, the house of representatives shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for; but, if otherwise, out of the number voted for; and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected; on which the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor. [See Amendments, Articles II., X., XIV., XV., XLV.]

ART. IV. The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this commonwealth for the time being; and the governor with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire; [and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess;] and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the commonwealth shall require the same; and in case of any infectious distemper prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the state. [See Amendments, Article X.]

[And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Article X.] ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding ninety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and of all the military forces of the state, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise, and govern the militia and navy; and, for the special defence and safety of the commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and conduct them, and with them to encounter, repel, resist, expel, and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this commonwealth, and also to kill, slay, and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises, and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annoyance of this commonwealth; and to use and exercise, over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the law-martial, in time of war or invasion, and also in time of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition, and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade, or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this commonwealth: and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral, to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this commonwealth, or oblige them to

march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the state to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

ART. VIII. The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by and with the advice of council; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, [the attorney-general,] the solicitor-general, [all sheriffs,] coroners, [and registers of probate,] shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council; and every such nomination shall be made by the governor, and made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm list of their respective companies, [of twenty-one years of age and upwards;] the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected, in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor, the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains or

subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

[And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office, but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court-martial, pursuant to the laws of the commonwealth for the time being.] [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quartermasters; the brigadiers their brigademajors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confederation of the United States it is provided that this commonwealth shall appoint, as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments, and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this commonwealth, until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this commonwealth, and disposed of (except such sums as may be appropriated for the redemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the commonwealth; and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART. XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall once in every three months, officially, and without requisition, and at other times, when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages,

and small arms with their accourtements, and of all other public property whatever under their care respectively; distinguishing the quantity, number, quality and kind of each, as particularly as may be; together with the condition of such forts and garrisons; and the said commanding officer shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea or harbor or harbors, adjacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall communicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving the same, all letters, despatches, and intelligencies of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court by a dependence on them for his support, that he should in all cases act with freedom for the benefit of the public, that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns, and that he should maintain the dignity of the commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate, it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws: and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the commencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION II.

Lieutenant-Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be — HIS HONOR; and who shall be qualified, in point of

[religion,] [property,] and residence in the commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of the electors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner: [and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor.] [See Amendments, Articles VII., XIV., XXXIV.]

ART. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.

ART. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which by this constitution the governor is vested with, when personally present.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION III.

Council, and the Manner of settling Elections by the Legislature.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of [nine] persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep

a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

- ART. II. [Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room; and in case there shall not be found upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII., XVI.]
- ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenantgovernor.
- ART. IV. [Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVI.]
- ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for at any time by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.
- ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part of them, shall, during such vacancy, have full power and authority to do, and execute, all and every such acts, matters, and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.

ART. VII. [And whereas the elections appointed to be made, by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows: the vacancies in the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.] [See Amendments, Articles XVI., XXV.]

CHAPTER II.

SECTION IV.

Secretary, Treasurer, Commissary, etc.

ARTICLE I. [The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and] naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives in one room. And, that the citizens of this commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquidation of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies, for whose conduct he shall be accountable; and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

CHAPTER III.

JUDICIARY POWER.

- ARTICLE I. The tenure, that all commissioned officers shall by law have in their offices, shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned, and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitution: provided nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.
- ART. II. Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.
- ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void, in the term of seven years from their respective dates; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the commonwealth. [See Amendments, Article XXXVII.]
- ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter, appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.
- ART. V. All causes of marriage, divorce, and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

CHAPTER IV.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

[The delegates of this commonwealth to the congress of the United States, shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead.]

CHAPTER V.

THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE, AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, ETC.

SECTION I.

The University.

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pious ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the foundation of Harvard College, in which university many persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of God, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state; and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of Gop, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this and the other United States of America, - it is declared, that the President and Fellows of Harvard College, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities, and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy: and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers and servants, respectively, forever.

ART. II. And whereas there have been at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies, and conveyances, heretofore made, either to Harvard College in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college by some other description, under several charters, successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies, and conveyances, are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

ART. III. And whereas, by an act of the general court of the colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputygovernor, for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted the overseers of Harvard College: and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates: it is declared, that the governor, lieutenant-governor, council, and senate of this commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, the r successors, who, with the president of Harvard College, for the time being, together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury, and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, or in any way appertaining to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this commonwealth from making such alterations in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

CHAPTER V.

SECTION II.

The Encouragement of Literature, etc.

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this commonwealth, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools and grammar schools in the towns; to encourage private societies and public institutions, rewards and immunities, for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country: to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevolence, public and private charity. industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections, and generous sentiments, among the people. [See Amendments, Articles XVIII, XLVI.1

CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLU-SION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMIS-SIONS; WRITS; CONFIRMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PRO-VISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, ETC.

ARTICLE I. [Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz.:

"I, A. B., do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth; and that I am seised and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by

the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected." [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall make and subscribe the said declaration, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives, first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being.]

And every person chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid, as also any person appointed or commissioned to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the following declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz.:

["I, A.B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent state; and I do swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection, and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain (as the case may be), and every other foreign power whatsoever: and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, pre-eminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical, or spiritual, within this commonwealth, except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States: and I do further testify and declare, that no man or body of men hath or can have any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation, and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptation of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. So help me, God."] [See Amendments, Article VI.]

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as a coording to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution and the laws of the commonwealth. So help me, Gop."

Provided, always, that when any person chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oath[s], he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words, ["I do swear," "and abjure," "oath or," "and abjuration," in the first oath, and in the second oath, the words] "swear and," and [in each of them] the words "So help me, Gop;" subjoining instead thereof, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury." [See Amendments, Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons and in such manner as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court, shall hold any other office or place, under the authority of this commonwealth, except such as by this constitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the state; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary from any other state or government or power whatever. [See Amendments, Article VIII.]

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this state, more than one of the following offices, viz.: judge of probate — sheriff — register of probate — or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices, which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate, or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the state at large, or of the people of any county, military offices, and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court — secretary — attorney-general — solicitor-general — treasurer or receiver-general — judge of probate — commissary-general — [president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College] — sheriff — clerk of the house of representatives — register of probate — register of deeds — clerk of the supreme judicial court — clerk of the inferior court of common pleas — or officer of the customs, including in this description naval officers — shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Articles VIII.. XXVIII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption in obtaining an election or appointment.

ART. III. In all cases where sums of money are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at six shillings and eight pence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the commonwealth shall require. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXXIV.]

- ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the commonwealth affixed thereto.
- ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.
- ART. VI. All the laws which have heretofore been adopted, used, and approved in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practised on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.
- ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of habeas corpus shall be enjoyed in this commonwealth, in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious, and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.
- ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes and laws, shall be—"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same."
- ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the commonwealth from a change of the form of government, all officers, civil and military, holding commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay in New England, and all other officers of the said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be

appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies, and powers shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments, and authority; until the general court, and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution, are designated and invested with their respective trusts, powers and authority.

ART. X. [In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments. [See Amendments, Article IX.]

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that two-thirds of the qualified voters throughout the state, who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.]

ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of this commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor; and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges, and immunities, not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government thereof, and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants, in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings. Provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants, nor unless it be with the consent, and on the application of a majority of the inhabitants of such town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned and holden for that purpose. And provided, also, that all bylaws, made by such municipal or city government, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court. [See Amendments, Article XLVII.1

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards, excepting paupers and persons under guardianship, who shall have resided within the commonwealth one year, and within the town or district in which he may claim a right to vote, six calendar months next preceding any elec-

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor in the same manner as judicial officers are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature. [See Amendments, Article XXXVII.]

[In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a competent and suitable person to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court.] [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall be nominated, appointed, and commissioned, in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

ART. V. In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.

- Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of this commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit: -
- "I. A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, Gop."

Provided. That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word "swear" and inserting instead thereof the word "affirm:" and omitting the words "So help me, God," and subjoining, instead thereof, the words, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury."

ART. VII. No oath, declaration, or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and the oath of office, shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.

ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this commonwealth. (except the court of sessions,) and no person holding any office under the authority of the United States, (postmasters excepted.) shall, at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) nor the attorney-general, solicitor-general, county attorney, clerk of any court, sheriff, treasurer and receivergeneral, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office: and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this commonwealth, the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

ART. IX. If, at any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published; and if, in the general court next chosen as aforesaid. such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of this commonwealth.

The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of May. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant-governor and councillors, shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

[The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the

next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November. | [See Amendments, Article XV.1

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May, as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered, as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October, next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitution; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force, and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted: ---

"As the public worship of God and instructions in piety, religion, and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses; and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members, until they shall file with the clerk of such society a written notice, declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter made, or entered into by such society; and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law." [See Amendments, Article XLVI.]

ART. XII. [In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls, in each city, town and district of the commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid: and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more.

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus: The whole number of ratable polls, at the last preceding decennial census of polls, shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred; and such town may elect one representative as many years within ten years, as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any city or town having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years, within the ten years, as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative, or representatives: and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls.

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives, which each city, town and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town and representative district may elect an additional representative, and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year then how many years within the ten years, such town may elect a representative, and the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives, which each city, town and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten years.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.] [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]

ART. XIII. [A census of the inhabitants of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken, and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the

year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years. [See Amendments, Articles XXI., XXII.]

The several senatorial districts now existing shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members: and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district, according to the number of inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district. [See Amendments, Article XXII.

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number, which shall entitle it to an additional representative. [See Amendments, Article XXI.]

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many times within ten years as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years: and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns not entitled to a representative every year is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one-tenth of the numbers above mentioned, whenever the population of the commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants. the same addition of one-tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation, or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor, who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the commonwealth.l [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

ART. XIV. In all elections of civil officers by the people of this commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected.

ART. XV. The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually: but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden, for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

Art. XVI. Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of governor. The legislature, at its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next state census shall have been taken, and at its first session after each decennial state census thereafterwards, shall divide the commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town or ward of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: provided, however, that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. [Whenever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as is required for filling vacancies in the senate; and vacancies occasioned by death, removal from the state, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner, as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall have happened. And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall

be by them declared and published; but in case there shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers. [See Amendments, Article XXV.]

Art. XVII. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general. auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his stead. The qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November aforesaid, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room; and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorney-general, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of the council. The person so chosen or appointed, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid, shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

ART. XVIII. [All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the state for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such money shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenance, exclusively, of its own school.] [See Amendments, Article XLVI.]

ART. XIX. The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate, [commissioners of insolvency,] and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties, and that district-attorneys shall be chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe. [See Amendments, Article XXXVI.]

ART. XX. No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name: provided, however, that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any persons who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect. [See Amendments, Articles III., XXIII., XXVI., XLV.]

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters; and in each city, said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city.

The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature. at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the commonwealth, equally, as nearly as may be, according to their relative numbers of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration: and the town of Cohasset, in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well as in the formation of districts, as hereinafter provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth; and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legislature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk, - or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county, to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be provided by law, - shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. The districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each,

with the numbers thereof and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the commonwealth, the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respective offices. The manner of calling and conducting the meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. [Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.] [See Amendments, Article XXXIII.

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of senators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid: provided, however, that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor: and such districts shall be formed. as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen: and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an

inhabitant of the commonwealth. [Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members. | [See Amendments, Articles XXIV., XXXIII.]

ART. XXIII. [No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified. according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth: provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and, provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom.] [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

ART. XXIV. Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of the senators elected.

ART. XXV. In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs. to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

ART. XXVI. The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this commonwealth, which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth: provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom," is hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XXVII. So much of article two of chapter six of the constitution of this commonwealth as relates to persons holding the office of president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College, is hereby annulled.

ART. XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States in time of war, and having been honorably discharged from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of [being a pauper;] or [, if a pauper,] because of the non-payment of a poll tax. [See Amendments, Article XXXI.]

ART. XXIX. The General Court shall have full power and authority to provide for the inhabitants of the towns in this Commonwealth more than one place of public meeting within the limits of each town for the election of officers under the constitution, and to prescribe the manner of calling, holding and conducting such meetings. All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled. [For absentee voting provision, see Amendments, Article XLV.]

ART. XXX. No person, otherwise qualified to vote in elections for governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall, by reason of a change of residence within the Commonwealth, be disqualified from voting for said officers in the city or town from which he has removed his residence, until the expiration of six calendar months from the time of such removal. [For absentee voting provision, see Amendments, Article XLV.]

ART. XXXI. Article twenty-eight of the Amendments of the Constitution is hereby amended by striking out in the fourth line thereof the words "being a pauper", and inserting in place thereof the words: — receiving or having received aid from any city or town, — and also by striking out in said fourth line the words "if a pauper", so that the article as amended shall read as follows: ARTICLE XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States in time of war, and having been honorably discharged from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of receiving or having received aid from any city or town, or because of the non-payment of a poll tax.

ART. XXXII. So much of article three of the Amendments of the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: "and who shall have paid, by himself, or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this Commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be, by law, exempted from taxation, and who shall be, in all other respects, qualified as above mentioned", is hereby annulled.

ART. XXXIII. A majority of the members of each branch of the General Court shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a less number may adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members. All the provisions of the existing Constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

ART. XXXIV. So much of article two of section one of chapter two of part the second of the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: "and unless he shall at the same time be seised, in his own right, of a free-hold, within the Commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds"; is hereby annulled.

ART. XXXV. So much of article two of section three of chapter one of the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: "The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as

seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave", is hereby annulled.

ART. XXXVI. So much of article nineteen of the articles of Amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: "commissioners of insolvency", is hereby annulled.

ART. XXXVII. The governor, with the consent of the council, may remove justices of the peace and notaries public.

ART. XXXVIII. Voting machines or other mechanical devices for voting may be used at all elections under such regulations as may be prescribed by law: provided, however, that the right of secret voting shall be preserved.

ART. XXXIX. Article ten of part one of the Constitution is hereby amended by adding to it the following words: — The legislature may by special acts for the purpose of laying out, widening or relocating highways or streets, authorize the taking in fee by the Commonwealth, or by a county, city or town, of more land and property than are needed for the actual construction of such highway or street: provided, however, that the land and property authorized to be taken are specified in the act and are no more in extent than would be sufficient for suitable building lots on both sides of such highway or street, and after so much of the land or property has been appropriated for such highway or street as is needed therefor, may authorize the sale of the remainder for value with or without suitable restrictions.

ART. XL. Article three of the Amendments to the Constitution is hereby amended by inserting after the word "guardianship", in line two, the following: - and persons temporarily or permanently disqualified by law because of corrupt practices in respect to elections.

ART. XLI. Full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the general court to prescribe for wild or forest lands such methods of taxation as will develop and conserve the forest resources of the commonwealth.

ART. XLII. Full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the general court to refer to the people for their rejection or approval at the polls any act or resolve of the general court or any part or parts thereof. Such reference shall be by a majority yea and nay vote of all members of each house present and voting. Any act, resolve, or part thereof so referred shall be voted on at the regular state election next ensuing after such reference, shall become law if approved by a majority of the voters voting thereon, and shall take effect at the expiration of thirty days after the election at which it was approved or at such time after the expiration of the said thirty days as may be fixed in such act, resolve or part thereof.

ART. XLIII. The general court shall have power to authorize the commonwealth to take land and to hold, improve, sub-divide, build upon and sell the same, for the purpose of relieving congestion of population and providing homes for citizens: provided, however, that this amendment shall not be deemed to authorize the sale of such land or buildings at less than the cost thereof.

ART. XLIV. Full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the general court to impose and levy a tax on income in the manner hereinafter provided. Such tax may be at different rates upon income derived from different classes of property, but shall be levied at a uniform rate throughout the commonwealth upon incomes derived from the same class of property. The general court may tax income not derived from property at a lower rate than income derived from property, and may grant reasonable exemptions and abatements. Any class of property the income from which is taxed under the provisions of this article may be exempted from the imposition and levving of proportional and reasonable assessments, rates and taxes as at present authorized by the constitution. This article shall not be construed to limit the power of the general court to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises.

ART. XLV. The general court shall have power to provide by law for voting by qualified voters of the commonwealth

who, at the time of an election, are absent from the city or town of which they are inhabitants in the choice of any officer to be elected or upon any question submitted at such election.

ART. XLVI. (In place of article XVIII of the articles of amendment of the constitution ratified and adopted April 9, 1821, the following article of amendment, submitted by the constitutional convention, was ratified and adopted November 6, 1917.) Article XVIII. Section 1. No law shall be passed prohibiting the free exercise of religion.

Section 2. All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the commonwealth for the support of common schools shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law. under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is expended; and no grant. appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of public credit shall be made or authorized by the commonwealth or any political division thereof for the purpose of founding. maintaining or aiding any school or institution of learning, whether under public control or otherwise, wherein any denominational doctrine is inculcated, or any other school, or any college, infirmary, hospital, institution, or educational, charitable or religious undertaking which is not publicly owned and under the exclusive control, order and superintendence of public officers or public agents authorized by the commonwealth or federal authority or both, except that appropriations may be made for the maintenance and support of the Soldiers' Home in Massachusetts and for free public libraries in any city or town, and to carry out legal obligations, if any, already entered into; and no such grant, appropriation or use of public money or property or loan of public credit shall be made or authorized for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding any church, religious denomination or society.

Section 3. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the commonwealth, or any political division thereof, from paying to privately controlled hospitals, infirmaries, or institutions for the deaf, dumb or blind not more than the ordinary and reasonable compensation for care or support actually rendered or furnished by such hospitals, infirmaries or institutions to such persons as may be in whole or in part unable to support or care for themselves.

Section 4. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to deprive any inmate of a publicly controlled reformatory, penal or charitable institution of the opportunity of religious exercises therein of his own faith; but no inmate of such institution shall be compelled to attend religious services or receive religious instruction against his will, or, if a minor, without the consent of his parent or guardian.

Section 5. This amendment shall not take effect until the October first next succeeding its ratification and adoption by the people.

ART. XLVII. The maintenance and distribution at reasonable rates, during time of war, public exigency, emergency or distress, of a sufficient supply of food and other common necessaries of life and the providing of shelter, are public functions, and the commonwealth and the cities and towns therein may take and may provide the same for their inhabitants in such manner as the general court shall determine.

[Note. - Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were taken in Massachusetts toward framing a Constitution or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court of 1777-78, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution "for the State of Massachusetts Bay," which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. This attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court on the 20th of February, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions - Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or Form of Government made, and. Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention. to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779. The Convention met at time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives' Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1780. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve was passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met, and appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns. On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th the Convention resolved, "That the people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new Constitution into effect was passed; and the Convention then, on the 16th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved. In accordance with the Resolves referred to, elections immediately took place in the several towns; and the first General Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780.

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that delegates should be chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth?" A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821, the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The people voted on Monday, April 9th, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House to count the votes, on Wednesday, May 24th. They made their return to the General Court; and at the request of the latter the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendment had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from one to nine inclusive.

The *tenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1829-30, and 1830-31, and was approved and ratified by the people May 11th, 1831.

The eleventh Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1832 and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people November 11th, 1833.

The twelfth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and ratified by the people November 14th, 1836.

The thirteenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved and ratified by the people April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. The Convention met in the State House, in Boston, on the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson, Secretaries. On the 1st of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day was dissolved, after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitution had been rejected.

The fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, and nineteenth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by the people May 23d, 1855.

The twentieth, twenty-first and twenty-second Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1856 and 1857, and were approved and ratified by the people May 1st, 1857.

The twenty-third Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people May 9th, 1859. The twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1859 and 1860, and were approved and ratified by the people May 17th, 1860.

The twenty-sixth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified by the people April 6th, 1863.

The twenty-serenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1876 and 1877, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 6th day of November, 1877.

The twenty-eighth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1880 and 1881, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 8th day of November, 1881.

The twenty-ninth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1884 and 1885, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 3d day of November, 1885.

The thirtieth and thirty-first Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1889 and 1890, and were approved and ratified by the people on the 4th day of November, 1890.

The thirty-second and thirty-third Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1890 and 1891, and were approved and ratified by the people on the 3d day of November, 1891.

The thirty-fourth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1891 and 1892, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 8th day of November, 1892.

The thirty-fifth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1892 and 1893, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 7th day of November, 1893.

The thirty-sixth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1893 and 1894, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 6th day of November, 1894.

The thirty-seventh Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1906 and 1907, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 5th day of November, 1907.

The thirty-eighth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1909 and 1910, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 7th day of November, 1911.

The thirty-ninth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1910 and 1911, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 7th day of November, 1911.

The fortieth and forty-first Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1911 and 1912, and were approved and ratified by the people on the 5th day of November, 1912.

The forty-second Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1912 and 1913, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 4th day of November, 1913.

The forty-third and forty-fourth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1914 and 1915, and were approved and ratified by the people on the 2d day of November. 1915.

In his inaugural address to the General Court of 1916, Governor McCall recommended that the question of revising the Constitution, through a Constitutional Convention, be submitted to the people; and the General Court passed a law (chapter 98 of the General Acts of 1916) to ascertain and carry out the will of the people relative thereto, the question to be submitted being "Shall there be a convention to revise, alter or amend the constitution of the Commonwealth?" The people voted on this question at the annual election, held on November 7. casting 217.293 votes in the affirmative and 120.979 votes in the negative: and accordingly the Governor on Dec. 19, 1916, made proclamation to that effect, and, by virtue of authority contained in the act, called upon the people to elect delegates at a special election to be held on the first Tuesday in May, 1917. The election was on May 1. In accordance with the provisions of the act, the delegates met at the State House on June 6, 1917, and organized by choosing John L. Bates, president, and James W. Kimball, secretary. After considering and acting adversely on numerous measures that had been brought before it, and after providing for submitting to the people the forty-fifth, forty-sixth and forty-seventh Articles, at the state election of 1917, and the Article relative to the establishment of the popular initiative and referendum and the legislative initiative of specific amendments of the Constitution, at the state election of 1918, the Convention adjourned on November 28 "until called by the President or Secretary to meet not later than within ten days after the prorogation of the General Court of 1918."

94 Constitution of Massachusetts — Amendments.

The forty-fifth, forty-sixth and forty-seventh Articles of Amendment, ordered by the convention to be submitted to the people, were so submitted and were ratified and adopted on Nov. 6, 1917.

Amendments rejected by the People.

[A proposed Article of Amendment prohibiting the manufacture and sale of Intoxicating Liquor as a beverage, adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1888 and 1889, was rejected by the people on the twenty-second day of April, 1889.]

[Proposed Articles of Amendment, (1) Establishing biennial elections of state officers, and (2) Establishing biennial elections of members of the General Court, adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1895 and 1896, were rejected by the people at the annual election held on the third day of November, 1896.]

[A proposed Article of Amendment to make Women eligible to appointment as Notaries Public, adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1912 and 1913, was rejected by the people on the fourth day of November, 1913.]

[A proposed Article of Amendment enabling Women to vote, adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1914 and 1915, was rejected by the people on the second day of November, 1915.]

STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT, POST-OFFICE, ETC.



COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

The tables that follow under this heading were prepared in their present form by ROBERT T. SWAN, Esq., Commissioner of Public Records. They have been revised, corrected and extended, since 1907, by HENRY E. WOODS, Esq., Commissioner of Public Records.

"Towns . . . became in effect municipal or quasi corporations, without any formal act of incorporation." (122 Mass. p. 349.)

August 23, 1775. "Every incorporated district 'shall henceforth be, and shall be holden, taken, and intended to be, a town to all intents and purposes whatsoever." (Prov. Laws, Vol. V., p. 420.)

March 23, 1786. "The inhabitants of every town within this government are hereby declaired to be a body politic and corporate." (Acts 1785, chap. 75.)

Nov. 4, 1835. "All places now incorporated as districts, except the district of Marshpee, in the county of Barnstable, shall have all the powers and privileges, and be subject to all the duties to which towns are entitled by the provisions of this chapter." (R. S. chap. 15, sec. 9.)

The asterisk (*) following a date signifies that it is Old Style.

Many of the doings of the court are given in different volumes of the early records under different dates, usually, however, in the same year. The earliest date is given in these tables. The dates that appear in the columns headed "First mentioned in the records of the State," etc., are those under which the several names as there given first appear in the records of the Colonies, Province, or State, although settlements under the same or different names might have been earlier made.

Names of cities are printed in SMALL CAPITALS; of extinct cities, towns, and districts, in *italics*.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS OF MASSACHUSETTS

BARNSTABLE COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	ND To	OWNS.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	oned s of orded shed ated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extension, etc., according to Records of the State.	
Barnstable,	•	•	•	Mar. 5,* 1638		Common land. June 17,* 1641 bounds between Barnstable and Yarmouth established. Mar. 2,* 1652 bounds between Barnsta. ble and Sandwich to be established. Mar. 11,* 1658 Barnstable and Yarmouth acreed mon homes. June 3,* 1689 additional	-
			7/		10 Maria 10	lands granted to Barnstable. June 10,* 1662 bounds between lands granted to Barnstable and Sandwrich to be established. Oc. 23,* 1672 bounds between Barnstable and Sandwrich established. Jan. 22, 1755 bounds between Barnstable and the District of Mashpee established. Mar. 28, 1834 bounds between Barnstable and Mashpee established. April 24, 1916 bounds between Barnstable and mashpee established and part of Sandwich annoxed.	-
Bourne,			٠	April 2, 1884	1884	Part of Sandwich. April 14, 1897 bounds between Bourne and Wareham established.	
Brewster,	•	•	•	Feb. 19, 1803	1803	Part of Harwich. June 21, 1811 part of Harwich annexed. April 25, 1848 part annexed to Harwich. Feb. 20, 1861 bounds between Brewster and Orleans established.	

wseth to se rict ur. 3,			-	1793	1793		1793	1793	1793
	ne chan tasers o tablishe arwich	ÄÄ	1651 Na	1651 Na	1651 Na	1651 Na	1651 Na	1651 Na	1651 Na
part amoved to Wellifleet. Mar. 23, 1867 bounds between East, ham and Orleans established and part of each town annexed to the other town. May 6, 1857 bounds between tidewaters of Eastham and Wellifleet established.	ricans. rrt anney rm and C the othe rstham a	Orients. April 26, 1847 part annoxed to Orients. April 26, 1847 part annoxed to Welliflect. Mar. 23, 1867 bounds between East, ham and Oriens established and part of each town annoxed to the other town. May 6, 1857 bounds between tidewaters of Eastham and Welliflect established.	Oricans. part anney ham and C to the othe Eastham a	Orleans. part anney ham and C to the othe Eastham a	Orleans. part anney ham and C to the othe Eastham a	Orleans. part anney ham and C to the othe	Oricans. part anney ham and C to the othe to the othe	Orienns. part annes part annes to the othe to the othe Eastham a	Orienns. part annes part annes part annes to the oth
nme changed from Suckanesset though not recorded. Nov. 28, 11735 bounds between Palmouth and lands of the proprietors of Mashipee confirmed. Mar. 17, 1841 a tract of I and formerly in the plantation of Marshpee amoxed. Mar. 19, 1880 bounds between Falmouth and Sandwich established. June 18, 1885 bounds between Falmouth and Mashipee established.	ne chang 35 bound ashpee c e planta stween F	Ż	Ż	Ż	Sept. 14,* 1694 Name chang 1735 bound Nashipue The planta between b	Ż	Ż	Ż	Ż
ract of land known as Satuckett. July 14, 1772 part annexed to Eastham. Feb. 19, 1839 part easthlished as Brewster. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Brewster. April 25, 1848 part of Brewster annexed. April 4, 1862 bounds between flarwich and Orleans established. April 14, 1862 bounds between Harwich and Orleans ham established.	et of lancastham. Il part apprexed. tablished mestablished	Ĥ			Sept. 14,* 1694 Tract of land Eastham. 1811 part an annexed. cstabilistic.				
lantation of Marshpee. Mar. 17, 1841 a tract of land formerly in the plantation of Marshpee annexed to Falmouth. April 1, 1869 part annexed to Sandwich. Mar. 13, 1860 part annexed to Sandwich. Mar. 13, 1860 part annexed to Sandwich. May 28, 1870 district of Marshpee abolished and the town of Mashpee established.	ntation of the plant 59 part an indwich. wn of Ma	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Mar. 31, 1834 Plantation of in the plant 1869 part an 1869 part and Sandwich.	<u> </u>	. Mar. 31, 1834 Pl	. Mar. 31, 1834 Pl	<u> </u>

see page 97.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY - Continued.

from what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporated the State. Aushipee, District of, June 14, 1763 Gommon land called Mashpee. Act of June 14, 1763 revived, to be in force until 1270. Nov. 15, 1770 the act again revived, to be in force until 125, 1775 feb. 29, 1776 the act to continue four next after Nov. 1, 1775. Feb. 3, 1776 the act to continue four next after Nov. 1, 1775. Feb. 3, 1776 the act to continue in force until the end of the session next after Nov. 1, 1775. Nov. 15, 1776 the act to continue in force until the end of the session next after Nov. 1, 1775. Nov. 1, 1775. June 13, 1785 the above act repealed and three "Guardians to the Hopritories" appointed, the act now passed to be in force for ten years. Jan. 22, 1775 bounds between the district of Mashpee and Barnstable established. April 22, 1775 the act of June 13, 1785 made perpetual until repealed by the legislature. Feb. 25, 181 part of the "plantation of Marshpee" [sic] annexed. June 18, 1855 bounds between Mashpee and Falmouth established and part of Sandwich annexed. Mar. 23, 1815 bounds between Mashpee and Sandwich established and part of Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Mashpee and Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Mashpee and Sandwich established and part of Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Mashpee and Sandwich established and part of Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Mashpee and Sandwich established and part of Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Barnstable established and part of Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Mashpee and Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Barnstable established and part of Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Barnstable established and part of Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Barnstable established and part of Sandwich annexed. April 20, 1916 bounds between Barnstable established and sandwich annexed and sandwich established and sandwich annexed stablished and sandwich ann	
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Part of Eastham. Mar. 9, 1839 part of Eastham annexed. Feb. 90, 1861 bounds between Orleans and Brewster established. April 4, 1822 bounds between Orleans and Inverse established. April 14, 1822 bounds between Orleans and Charlam estab. Hished. Mar. 23, 1837 bounds between Orleans and Charlam estab. Hished. Mar. 23, 1837 bounds between Orleans and Eastham established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	Precinct of Cape Cod. June 12, 1813 part of Truro annexed and bounds between the towns established. Mar. 2, 1839 part of Truro annexed and bounds again established. Mar. 30, 1836 part of Truro annexed.	Common land called "Sanditch." Mar. 2,* 1652 bounds between Sandwich and Barnstable to be established. June 10,* 1662 bounds between Sandwich and Barnstable to be established. June 7,* 1670 the bounds satablished Jan. 19,* 1633 ordered to be entered on the records of the court. (et. 29,* 1672 bounds between Sandwich and Barnstable established. July 7,* 163b bounds between Sandwich and Suckanesset established. Oct. 28,* 1844 bounds established. Nov. 28, 1735 bounds between Sandwich and Hands of the proprietors of Marshpee confirmed. Peb. 29, 1811 part of the "pinantian of Marshpee" [sic] annexed. April 1, 1839 part of the district of Marshpee annexed. Mar. 13, 1860 part of the Marshpee. Mar. 19, 1880 bounds between Sandwich and Ralmouth established. April 2, 1884 part established as Bourne. Mar 27, 1887 bounds between Sandwich and Mashpee established and part annexed to Mashpee. April 2, 1896 bounds between Sandwich and Mashpee established and part annexed to Mashpee. April 24, 1916 part annexed to Barnstable.
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. Mar. 3, 1797	June 14,* 1727	Mar. 6,* 1638
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	Provincetown, .	
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Orleans,	rov	Sandwich,
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BARNSTABLE COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Towns.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Suckanesset,		•	June 7,* 1670	Bounds mentioned. July 7,* 1681 bounds between Suckanesset and Sandwich established. June 4,* 1686 made a township with privileges of a town. Name changed to Falmouth though not recorded.
Truro,		•	July 16,* 1709	Common land called Pawmett. Oct. 21,* 1714 bounds between Truro and the Province Lands established. June 12, 1815 part annexed to Provincetown and bounds between the towns established. Mar. 2, 1829 part annexed to Provincetown and bounds again established. Mar. 30, 1836 part annexed to Provincetown. Feb. 22, 1837 bounds between Truro and Well-fleet established.
Wellfleet, .	·	•	June 16, 1763	Part of Eastham established as the district of Wellstet. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 22, 1837 bounds between Wellstet and Truro established. April 26, 1847 part of Eastham annexed. May 6, 1887 bounds between the tidewaters of Wellstet and Eastham established.
Yarmouth, .		•	Jan. 7,* 1639	Common land called Mattacheeset. June 17,* 1641 bounds be- tween Yarmouth and Barnstable established. Mar. 11,* 1658 Yarmouth and Barnstable agreed upon bounds. June 19, 1798 part of Yarmouth established as Dennis.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY. INCORPORATED APRIL 21, 1761.

· ·	•	Oct. 15, 1778	, 1778	The plantation called East Hoosuck. April 10, 1780 the plantation called New Providence annexed. Mar. 14, 1785 part included in the new town of Cheshire. April 16, 1878 part established as North Adams.
·	•	Feb. 16, 1773	, 1773	Part of Great Barrington and certain common lands established as the district made a town as the district made a town by general act. Feb. 11, 1779 part of Great Barrington annexed. Feb. 6, 1789 bounds between Alford and Egremont established. Feb. 18, 1819 part of Great Barrington annexed. Mar. 11, 1847 part of West Slockbridge annexed.
Becket,	•	June 21, 1765	, 1765	The new plantation called Number Four. Mar. 12, 1788 part included in the new town of Middleidel. Feb. 3, 1788 certain common lands lying between Becket, Blandford, Chester, and Loudon annexed. Mar. 1, 1810 part of Loudon annexed.
Bethlehem, District of,	•	June 24, 1789	, 1789	The North Eleven Thousand Aeres. June 19, 1809 district of Bethlehem and the town of Loudon united as the town of Loudon. Mar. 1, 1810 act of June 19, 1809 took effect.
Boston Corner, District of, April 14, 1838	tof,	April 14	, 1838	Common land. Mar. 12, 1847 bounds between the district of Boston Corner and Mount Washington established. May 14, 1853 ceded to the State of New York.
Cheshire,	•	Mar. 14, 1793	, 1793	Parts of Adams, Lanesborough, Windsor, and the district of New Ashford. Feb. 26, 1794 part re-annexed to Windsor. Feb. 6, 1738 part of the district of New Ashford annexed. May 28, 1912 bounds between Cheshire and New Ashford established.

[See page 97.]

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Tow	rys.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	entivorate, reco	or or rded hed ated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Clarksburg,				Mar. 2, 1798	ຕົ	1798	Common land. May 2, 1848 part annexed to Florida. May 20, 1852 part of Florida annexed. April 10, 1913 bounds between Clarksburg and Florida established.
Dalton, .	٠			Mar. 20, 1784	30,	1784	The new plantation of Ashuelot Equivalent. Feb. 28, 1735 part of Windsor annexed. Feb. 23, 1736 part of Windsor annexed. June 21, 1804 part included in the new town of Hinsdale.
Egremont, .	•		•	Feb. 13, 1760	13,	1760	Common land established as the district of Egremont. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 6, 1790 bounds between Egremont and Alford established. Feb. 22, 1790 part of Shedheld annexed. June 17, 1817 bounds between Egremont and Mount Washington established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 16, 1824 part of Shefheld annexed. June 4, 1869 bounds between Egremontand Shefheld established.
Florida, .		•	•	June 15, 1805	15,	1805	Barnardstone's Grant and part of Bullock's Grant. May 2, 1548 part of Clarksburg annexed. May 20, 1532 part annexed to Clarksburg. A pril 10, 1913 bounds between Florida and Clarksburg established.
Gageborough,	•	•	•	July 4, 1771	4	1771	The new plantation called Number Four. Oct. 16, 1778 part of the plantation called Number Five amexed, and the town of Gageborough, together with this annexed tract of land, to be a town by the name of Windsor.

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Part of Sheffield. Feb. 16, 1773 part included in the new district of Alford. Feb. 16, 1773 lands adjoining annexed. Oct. 21, 1777 part included in the new town of Lee. Feb. 11, 1779 part annexed to Alford. Feb. 18, 1819 part annexed to Alford.	The plantation called Jerico. June 26, 1738 part annexed to the district of New Ashford. May 20, 1851 bounds between Hancock and New Ashford established.	Parts of Partridgefield and Dalton. Feb. 28, 1912 bounds between Hinsdale and Peru established.	The plantation of New Framingham. Mar. 14, 1793 part included in the new town of Cheshire.	Parts of Great Barrington and Washington, the Glass Works Grant, and part of Whiliams's Grant. Mar. 7, 186b bounds between Lee and Lenox established. Mar. 7, 1866 part of Washington annexed, and line between Lee and Washington established. Feb. 7, 1820 bounds between Lee and Lenox established.	Part of Richmont. Nov. 20, 1770 land adjoining annexed. Apr. 25, 1772 certain estites set off from Lenox to Richmont. Aug. 23, 1773 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 31, 175 part of Washington annexed. Feb. 18, 1802 part of Washington annexed. Feb. 18, 1802 part of Washington lished. Feb. 7, 1820 bounds between Lenox and Lee established.	Common land called Tyringham Equivalent. June 19, 1809 Loudon and the district of Bethlehem united as the town of Loudon. Mar. 1, 1810 the act of June 19, 1809 took effect and part was annexed to Becket. June 13, 1810 name changed to Otis.
1761	2, 1776	1804	1765	7771	1767	1773
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June 30, 1761	July	June 21, 1804	June 21, 1765	Oct. 21, 1777	Feb. 26, 1767	Feb. 27, 1773
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on,						
Great Barrington,			Lanesborough,			
Вагг	ck,	,le,	oro			,
eat	Hancock,	Hinsdale,	mest	Lee,	Lenox,	Loudon,
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BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	ioned ls of c, or corded ished rated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Monterey, · · · ·	April 13, 1847	1847	Part of Tyringham. May 24, 1851 part of New Marlborough an- nexed. April 24, 1875 part of Sandisdeld annexed. May 19, 1875 the act of April 24, 1875 cokeepted by the town. June 1, 1875 the act of April 24, 1875 took effect.
Mount Washington,	June 21, 1779	1779	The plantation called Tauconnuck Mountain. June 17, 1817 bounds between Mount Washington and Egremont established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 12, 1847 bounds between Mount Washington and the district of Boston Corner established.
New Ashford,	Feb. 26, 1781	1781	Land called New Ashford, lying between Adams, Hancock, Lanesborough, and Williamsown, established as the district of New Ashford Mar. 14, 1733 part of the district of New Ashford and Mar. 14, 1733 part of the district of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire. Peb. 6, 1738 part of the district of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire. June 26, 1738 part of Hancock annexed to the district of New Ashford. Nov. 4, 1835 the district made a town by chapter 15 of the Revised Stautus. May 29, 1851 bounds between New Ashford and Hancock established. May 28, 1912 bounds between New Ashford Ashford and Cheshire established.
New Marlborough,	June 15, 1759	1759	The plantation called New Marlborough established as the district of New Marlborough. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a trict of New Marlborough. Aune 19, 1755 part of Shefiled annexed. Feb. 7, 138 part of Shefiled annexed. Feb. 7, 131 part of Tyringham annexed. Feb. 11, 1812 part annexed to Tyringham.

	٠			May 24, 1851 part annexed to Monterey. April 19, 1871 part of Sheffield annexed and bounds established.	
NORTH ADAMS,		April 16, 1878	1878	Part of Adams. Mar. 22, 1895 North Adams incorporated as a city. April 8, 1885 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 25, 1900 bounds between North Adams and Williamstown established and part of Williamstown annexed.	
Otis,	•	June 13, 1810	1810	Name changed from Loudon. April 9, 1838 part of the common lands called East Eleven Thousand Acres annexed.	
Partridgefield, .		July 4, 1771	1711	The new plantation called Number Two. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. June 21, 1804 part included in the new town of Hinsdale. June 19, 1806 name changed to Peru.	
Peru,	•	June 19, 1806	1806	Name changed from Partridgefield. Feb. 28, 1912 bounds between Peru and Hinsdale established.	
PITTSFIELD, .		April 21,	1761	The plantation called Pontoosuck. June 5, 1889 Pittsfield incorporated as a city. Feb. 11, 1890 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	
Richmond,		Mar. 3,	1785	Name changed from Richmont. Mar. 27, 1834 bounds between Richmond and West Stockbridge established.	
Richmont,		June 21,	1765	The new plantation called Yokum Town and Mount Ephralm. Peb. 26, 1767 part established as the district of Lenox. April 24, 1772 certain estates set of from Lenox to Richmont. Mar. 3, 1755 name changed to Richmond.	
Sandisfield,		Mar. 6,	6, 1762	The new plantation called Number Three. Feb. 10, 1819 the district of Southfield and the town of Sandisfield united as the town of Sandisfield. April 9, 1838 part of the common lands	
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[See page 97.]

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Sandisfield—Con	Mar. 6, 1762	called East Eleven Thousand Acres annexed. May 4, 1853 bounds between Sandisfield and Tolland established. May 15, 1855 bounds between Sandisfield and Tolland established. April 24, 1875 part annexed to Monterey. May 19, 1875 act of April 24, 1875 accepted by Monterey. June 1, 1875 act of April 24, 1876 took effect.
Savoy,	Feb. 20, 1797	Common land.
Sheffield,	June 22,* 1733	Part of the lower plantation called Houssatannick. June 19, 1753 common land lying west amnexed. Jan. 21, 1760 certain estates annexed to the upper parish. June 30, 1761 part established as Great Barrington. Feb. 22, 1730 part annexed to Egremont. June 19, 1753 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 7, 1738 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 7, 1738 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 18, 1824 part annexed Egremont established. April 19, 1871 part annexed to New Marlborough and bounds established.
Southfield, District of, .	June 19, 1797	The South Eleven Thousand Acres. Feb. 8, 1819 district of Southfield and town of Sandisfield united as the town of Sandisfield.
Stockbridge,	June 22,* 1739	The plantation called the Indian Town. Mar. 9, 1774 part established as the district of West Stockbridge. June 17, 1774 bounds between Stockbridge and West Stockbridge established. Mar. 2, 1829 part annexed to West Stockbridge. Feb. 6, 1830 the act of Mar. 2, 1829 perfected.

Mar. 6, 1762 The new plantation called Number One. Feb. 27, 1811 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 11, 1812 part of New Marlborough annexed. April 12, 1847 part established as Monterey.	The plantation called Hartwood and several contiguous grants. Oct. 21, 1777 part included in the new town of Lee. Mar. 12, 1778 part included in the new town of Middlefield. Jan. 31, 1785 part annexed to Lenox. Feb. 18, 1892 part annexed to Leox. Reb. 18, 1892 part annexed to Leox. Mar. 7, 1806 part annexed to Leox. Warn. 7, 1806 part annexed to Leo.	Mar. 9, 1774 Part of Stockbridge established as the district of West Stockbridge and Stockbridge established. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Mar. 2, 1783 a gore of common land annexed. Mar. 2, 1829 part of Stockbridge annexed. Feb. 6, 1830 the act of Mar. 2, 1829 perfected. Mar. 27, 1834 hounds between West Stockbridge and Richmond established. Mar. 17, 1837 part annexed to Alford.	The plantation called West Hoosuck. April 9, 1838 certain unincorporated lands annexed. April 25, 1900 bounds between Williamstown and North Adams established and part annexed to North Adams.	The town of Gageborough and certain annexed lands. Mar. 14, 1735 part included in the new town of Cheshire. Feb. 25, 1734 part of Cheshire re-annexed. Feb. 28, 1735 part annexed to Dalton. Feb. 23, 1736 part annexed to Dalton.
1762	7771	1774	1765	1778
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Mar	April 12, 1777	Mar.	June 21, 1765	Oct. 16, 1778
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ű	ou,	kbri	own	•
ngha	ningt	Stoc	amst	lsor,
Tyringham,	Washington,	West Stockbridge,	Williamstown,	Windsor,

BRISTOL COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1655.

			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O
CITIES AND TOWNS.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Roundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Acushnet,	•	Feb. 13, 1860	Feb. 13, 1860 Part of Fairhaven. April 9, 1875 part annexed to New Bedford.
ATTLEBORO,	•	Oct. 19,* 1694	Part of Rehoboth called The North Purchase, to be called Attleborough. Sept. 10,* 1697 bounds between Attleborough and Rehoboth established. June 26,* 7110 "the mile and a half restored" to Attleborough. Feb. 18, 1830 bounds between Attleborough and Wrentham established and part annexed to Wrentham. June 14, 1837 part established as North Attleborough. The 20, 1837 and Attleborough and North Attleborough and N
			town. Mar. 6, 1888 the acceptance of the act by the town confirmed. June 17, 1914 Attleborough incorporated as the city of Attleboro. Nov. 3, 1914 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Berkley,	•	April 18,* 1735	Parts of Dighton and Taunton. Feb. 26, 1799 part of Dighton annexed. Feb. 6, 180 certain lands in Barkley belonging to Taunton annexed. Mar. 3, 1842 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed. April 1, 1879 part of Taunton annexed. April 1, 1879 act of April 1, 1879 accepted by the town.
Dartmouth,	•	Oct. 5,* 1652	Common land. June 8,* 1664 the tract of land called Acushena, Ponagansett, and Coaksett established as Dartmouth. June 3,* 1668 bounds established. Feb. 23, 1767 part established as New Bedford, July 2, 1787 part established as Westport. Feb. 25, 1789 part annexed to Westport. Feb. 28, 1795 part annexed

to Westport. Mar. 4, 1805 part annexed to Westport. Feb. 20, 1828 bounds between Dartmouth and Westport established. Feb. 131 bounds between Dartmouth and New Bedford. May 3, 1888 part annexed to New Bedford. May 3, 1888 part annexed to New Bedford. May 3, 1889 part annexed to New Bedford. May 3, 1840 bounds established. Feb. 26, 1739 part annexed to Berkley. Mar. 2* 1743 bounds reported by a committee. Jan. 8* 1745 bounds established. Feb. 26, 1739 part annexed to Berkley. June 3, 1814 part established. Feb. 26, 1739 part annexed to Berkley. June 3, 1814 part established. Feb. 26, 1739 part annexed to Wellington. Feb. 22, 1826 Dighton and Wellington stablished and Wellington united as the town of Dighton if the act is accepted previous to Mar. 1, 1826. Feb. 25, 1826 part of the land in Norton called the Taunton North Purchase. April 4, 1834 part annexed to Somerset. Peb. 29, 1812 Part of the land in Norton called the Taunton North Purchase. April 4, 1836 part of Rochester annexed and bounds established. Feb. 13, 1860 part established as Acushnet. Feb. 26, 1803 Part of Freetown. June 18, 1894 name changed to Troy. Feb. 12, 1834 anne changed from Troy. April 11, 1854 Fall River fnorporation accepted by the fown. April 10, 1831 certain lands on the cast actebred by the fown. April 10, 1831 certain lands on the cast side and bounds of the cast side and because of the populas of the seat side of the populas of the seat side.	chusetts and khode Island. June 14, 1834 bounds betwee River and Westport located and defined.
May 30,* 1712 Dec. 21,* 1725 Feb. 22, 1812	
39, 11, 12, 13, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14	
May Dec. Feb.	
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Dighton, Easton, Fairhaven, FALL RIVER,	
Dighton Easton, Fairhav	

[See page 97.]

The second secon		
CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Freetown,	July -, 1683	Common land called Freemen's land. June 17,* 1700 bounds between Freetown and Tiverton established. Feb. 26, 1803 part established as Fall River. June 15, 1815 part annexed to Fairhaven.
Mansfield,	. April 26, 1770	Part of Norton made the district of Mansfield. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act.
NEW BEDFORD,	Feb. 23, 1787	Part of Dartmouth. Feb. 22, 1812 part established as Fairhaven. Feb. 19, 1831 bounds between Partmouth and New Bedford established. Mar. 20, 1845 part of Dartmouth annexed. Mar. 9, 1847 New Bedford incorporated as a city. Mar. 18, 1847 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 9, 1875 part of Acushnet annexed. May 3, 1888 part of Dartmouth annexed.
North Attleborough,	June 14, 1887	Part of Attleborough. July 30, 1887 act of June 14, 1887 accepted by the town of Attleborough. Mar. 6, 1888 the acceptance of the act by the town confirmed.
Norton,	Mar. 17,* 1710	Part of Taunton called the North Purchase. June 12,*1711 bill to perfect the grant passed. Dec. 21,* 1725 part established as Easton. Dec. 25, 1735 part of Stoughton annexed. A pril 26, 1770 part established as the district of Mansfield.
Raynham,	. April 2,* 1731	Part of Taunton. Feb. 27, 1866 bounds between Raynham and Taunton established.

Countiles, Ottices	, and I care of	111 000		
June 4,* 1645 Common land called Securick. June 6,* 1649 bounds to be established. Mar. 5,* 1685 part included in the new town of Swansea. June 3,* 1685 certain common lands annexed. Aug. 11,* 1670 bounds between Relouboth and Swansea established. July 5,* 1671 the land called the North Purchase granted to Reloboth. July 7,* 1682 bounds established. Oct. 18,* 1684 part called the North Purchase established as Attelobrough. Sept. 10,* 1687 bounds between Reloboth and Attleborough. Sept. 10,* 1687 bounds. Sept. 110,* 1687 bounds as Sept. 110,* 1687 both 110,* 1687 bot	Part of Rehoboth. April 10, 1861 part of Pawtucket, R. 1. and certain lands over which Seckoink may have chaimed jurisdiction lying east of a conventional line to be determined by the U. S. Supreme Court, after the entry of the decree of said court, to be part of Seckoink. Jan. 29, 1862 a municipal district by the name of East Seckonk, to consist of the territory named in the act of April 10, 1861 established. Said district to cease "so soon as the proper officers of the future town of Seckonk shall have been elected and qualified."	Feb. 20, 1790 Part of Swansea called Shewamet Purchase. April 4, 1854 part of Dighton annexed.	The township of Wannamoisett (a part of Rehoboth) and places adjacent. July 5, *[963 nock of land called Papasaguash Neck, excepting one hundred acres, annexed. Aug. 11,* 1670 bounds between Swansea and Rehoboth established. July 5,* 1679 bounds established. Nov. 1,* 1679 bounds between Swansea and Mount Hope to he established. Feb. 20, 1730 part established as Sonerset. Mar. 1, 1900 name established as Swansea.	
1645	1812	1790	5,* 1668	
*	26,	20,	*.	
June	Feb. 26, 1812	Feb.	Mar.	
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•	•	٠	•	
Rehoboth,	Seekonk,	Somerset,	Swansea,	

114 Date of Establishment, Incorporation, Etc.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	7NS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	tioned Is of c, or corded ished rated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
TAUNTON,	· ·	Mar. 3,* 1639	• 1639	Common land called Cohannett. Mar. 3,* 1640 land at Assonet granted to Taunton. June 19,* 1640 bounds established. Oct. 23,* 1672 certain lands granted of Taunton. July 1682 land called Assonet Neck annexed. Mar. 17,* 1710 the North Prefect of Taunton granted to be a town by the name of Norton. June 12,* 1711 bill to perfect the grant passed. May 30,* 1712 part established as Raynhan. April 8,* 1735 part included in the new town of Berkley. Feb. 6, 1810 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed to Berkley. Mar. 3, 182, certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed to Berkley. Mar. 3, 182, certain lands in 1864 Taunton incorporated as a city. June 6, 1864 act of incorporation accepted by the town. Yeb. 2, 1865 bounds between Taunton and Raynham established. June 1, 1837 bounds between Taunton and Lakeville established. April 1, 1879 accepted by Berkley.
Troy,		June 18, 1804	1804	Name changed from Fall River. Feb. 12, 1834 name changed to Fall River.
Wellington, .		June 9, 1814	1814	Part of Dighton. Feb. 12, 1824 bounds between Dighton and Wellington established and part of Dighton annexed. Feb. 22, 1826 Wellington and Dighton united as the town of Dighton. June 16, 1827 Wellington revived to exist one year.

BRISTOL COUNTY - Concluded.

Countities, Citi	co, ana	10 to the of 11 accacinate		* .
July 2, 1787 Part of Dartmouth. Feb. 25, 1789 part of Dartmouth annexed. Feb. 29, 1885 bounds between Westport and Dartmouth annexed. Feb. 20, 1885 bounds between Westport and Dartmouth established. April 10, 1881 certain lands lying east and south of a line described, after the entry of a decree of the U.S. Supreme Court concerning the Rhode Island boundary, to be a part of Westport. June 14, 1894 bounds between Westport and Fall River located and defined.	COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 22, 1695.	Common land. Oct. 30,* 1714 "the Mannour of Tisbury, commonly called Chilmark," to have all the powers of a town. Nov. 30,* 716 "all the lands upon Marhas Vineyard yring to the Westward of the said town, of Chilmark annexed to it, "together with an Island called No Mans land,", "provided that it extend not to or take in any part of the Gay Head Rook." May 28, 1856 bounds between Chilmark and the lands of the Indians of Gay Head, as established May 9, 1855 confirmed. Mar. Tr, 1884 part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands established as Gosnold. Feb. 27, 1882 bounds between Chilmark and Tisbury established. Mar. 25, 1896 bounds between Chilmark and Gay Head to be determined. April 29, 1897 bounds between Chilmark and Gay Head to be determined. April 29, 1897 bounds between Chilmark and Gay Head established.	Part of Edgartown. Jan. 25, 1907 name changed to Oak Bluffs.	[See Dage 97.]
1787	JKES	Sept. 14,* 1694	Feb. 17, 1880	
ci ¹	F DI	. 14,*	17,	
July	Y 0]	Sept.	Feb.	
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· ;			City,	
Westport,		Chilmark,	Cottage City,	
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COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY - Concluded.

First mentioned
in Records of the State, or the State of the State, or the State of the State.
July 8,*1671f Name changed from Great Harbour. Feb. 5, 1830 bounds between Edgartown and Tisbury established. April 23, 1882 bounds between Edgartown and Tisbury established. Feb. 17, 1880 part established as Cottage City.
May 28, 1856 Indian lands. April 30, 1870 the district of Gay Head made the town of Gay Head. Mar. 23, 1896 bounds between Gay Head and Chilmank to be determined. April 29, 1897 bounds between Gay Head and Chilmark established.
Mar. 17, 1864 Part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.
July 8,* 1671 Common land. Name changed to Edgartown.
July 8,* 1671‡ Common land. Name changed to Tisbury.
Jan. 25, 1907 Name changed from Cottage City.
July 8,* 1671‡ Name changed from Middletown. Nov. 8,* 1709 bounds established. Feb. 5, 1830 bounds between Tisbury and Edgartown established. A pril 28, 1832 bounds between Tisbury and Edgartown established. Feb. 27, 1882 bounds between Tisbury and Chilmark established. Feb. 27, 1882 bounds between Tisbury and Clilmark established. A pril 28, 1892 part established as West Tisbury.
. April 28, 1892 Part of Tisbury.

ESSEX COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643.

just and of Salis- 1876 part	salisbury	between between botween botween bounds bounds April 17, April 7, 1879 part Andover between	between between between bothill bothill bothill between between between between of Salem Mar. 23, of incor-
Name transfer from Statisbury-hewtown, may 12, rots just and thill bounds allowed to Amesbury. Mar. 15, 1844 part of Salisa bury called "Little Salisbury" annexed. April 11, 1876 part established as Merrimac. June 16, 1886 part of Salishury.	ook effect.	annexed. July 1, 1886 act of June 16, 1886 took effect. Common land called Cochicawick. May 26,* 1658 bounds between Andover and Billerica established. May 9,* 1678 bounds between Andover and "Wills IIIII" established. June 20,* 1728 part included in the new town of Middleton. April 17, 1847 part included in the new town of Lawrence. April 7, 1855 part established as North Andover. Feb. 4, 1879 part annexel to Lawrence. May 21, 1993 bounds between Andover and Tewksbury established. April 22, 1904 bounds between Andover Andover and North Reading established.	annexed. July 1, 1886 act of June 16, 1886 took effect. Common land called Cochicawlek. May 26,* 1658 bounds between Andover and Billerica established. May 9,* 1678 bounds between Andover and "Willis IIII" established. June 20,* 1728 part included in the new town of Middleton. April 7, 1847 part included in the new town of Lawrence. April 7, 1856 part established as North Andover. Feb. 4, 1879 part annexed to Lawrence. May 21, 1963 bounds between Andover and Tewksbury established. April 22, 1964 bounds between Andover and North Reading established. Part of Salem called Bass River. May 28,* 1679 bounds between Bevery and Wenham established. Sept. 11, 1753 part of Salem annexed. April 27, 1857 part annexed to Danvers. Mar. 23, 184 Beverly incorporated as a city. May 1, 1894 act of incor- poration accepted by the town.
full bounds allowed to Amesbury. Mar. 15, 1844 part of Salis. bury called "Little Salisbury" annexed. April 11, 1876 part established as Merrimac. June 16, 1886 part of Salisbury annexed. July 1, 1886 act of June 16, 1886 took effect.		fay 26,* 1658.), ed. May 9, ed. May 9, ill." establis vn of Middle wn of Lawr knedover. Fusl bounds betril 22, 1504.1 lished.	flay 26, * 1658) od. May 9, 111" cestablis vn of Middli mym of Lawy undover. F. 168 hounds bei ril 22, 1504 b ay 28,* 1679 b Sept. II, 177 exet to bai y. May 1, 18
mesbury. sbury "an s. June 1 t of June 1		Andover and Billerica established. Jackween Andover and "Wills IIIII" of 1723 part included in the new town of 1847 part included in the new town of 1855 part established as North Andov annexed to Lawrence. May 21, 1963 bon and Tewksbury established. April 23, Andover and North Reading established.	awick. M establishe establishe i Wills IIII e went to we e new tow e new tow and a went ing established. April ing established. April established. Abut ambished. As a city town.
lerrimac. , 1886 act	d Cochica	illerica e a and "N ed in the ed in the shed as ence. M establish	Andover and Billerica establetween Andover and "Will. 1728 part included in the new Bist part included in the new Bist part included in the new Bist part established as Nort annexed to Lawrence. May 21 and Tewksbury established. Andover and North Reading entro 5 salem called Bass River. Beverly and Wenham establish annexed. April 27, 1857 part Bast Beverly incorporated as a poration accepted by the town.
ds allow ed " Litt ed as M July I,	nd called	and blands blands blands blands blands blands catablis to Lawreksbury and Nor	and by the property of the pro
me chang ull bound ury calle stablishe nnexed.	mmon la	etween 728 part 847 part 855 part nnexed t nd Tewl	etween 728 part 847 part 845 part 855 part nnowed in nnowed in rt of Sale severly a nnowed. 894 Beve oration a
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991 - 172	6,* 164		7,* 166
. May 24, 1008	May 6,* 1646		Nov. 7, 1668
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Amesbury, .	er,		ВЕУЕКЬТ,
nest	Andover,		EVEI

i "The said Towne being formerly known by the name of the Great Harbour."—New York Book of Patents, Vol. 4, p. 75.
i "A township formerly known as Middletowne."—New York Book of Patents, Vol. 4, p. 77.

[See page 97.]

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Boxford Con.	Sept. 14,* 1694	new town of Middleton. June 10, 1808 part of Rowley annexed. June 18, 1825 bounds between Boxford and Rowley established. June 7, 1846 part of Ipswich annexed. Mar. 21, 1856 part annexed to Georgetown. April 15, 1897 part of Boxford annexed to Georgetown. Mar. 12, 1904 bounds between Boxford and North Andever established. Mar. 12, 1949 bounds between Boxford and Rowley established. April 22, 1994 bounds between Boxford and Godeleton established. April 22, 1994 bounds between Boxford and Georgetown established.
Bradford,	Oct. 13,* 1675	Oct. 13,* 1675 A part of Rowley called Merrimak or Rowley Village. Feb. 24,* 1701 agreed bounds between Bradford and Rowley confirmed. Mar. 8, 1850 part established as Groveland. May 4, 1896 annexed to Haverhill if the act is accepted by both places. Nov. 3, 1896 the act accepted by both. Jan. 4, 1897 the act took effect.
Danvers,	Jan. 28,* 1752	The village and Middle Parishes in Salem established as the district of Danvers. June 16, 1757 the district made a town. (Act disablowed by the Privy Council, Aug., 10, 1759, Aug., 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Mar. 17, 1840 bounds between Danvers and Salem established. May 18, 1856 part established as South Danvers. May 31, 1856 bounds between Danvers and South Danvers established. April 27, 1857 part of Beverly annexed.

	Common land called Pantucket. Bounds between "Pantucket, all: Haverell' and Salisbury established. May 10; +1643 Haverhill is named as in one of the four shires established. May 23; +1650 an island in the Merrinack River granted to Haverhill unless some person prove a clear title to it within three years.	1641	* cî	June 2,* 1641			•	Науевнісь,
•	Part of Ipswich called the Parish of Ipswich-Hamlet. June 5, 1886 bounds between Hamilton and Ipswich established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 12, 1994 bounds between Hamilton and Ipswich established. Mar. 12, 1994 bounds between Hamilton and Essex established. May I, 1995 bounds between Hamilton and Essex established.	1793	21,	June 21, 1793	•	•	•	Hamilton, :
	Part of Bradford. Mar. 21, 1856 part of Boxford annexed. April 22, 1904 bounds between Groveland and West Newbury established.	1850	&	Mar. 8, 1850	•	•	•	Groveland, .
,	Common land called "Cape Anne." May 15,* 1672 bounds between Gloucester and Manchester established. Feb. 27, 1840 part established as Rockport. April 28, 1873 Gloucester incorporated as a city. May 15, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 19, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 19, 1892 boundary lines in tidewater between Gloucester and Essex and Ipsyrch established. May 6, 1992 bounds between Gloucester and Manchester to be established. Ang. 25, 1993 bounds such as established confirmed by the Supreme Judicial Court.	1642	18,*	May 18,* 1642	•	•	•	Gloucester,
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Part of Rowley. April 15, 1897 part of Boxford annexed. April 22, 1904 bounds between Georgetown and Boxford established.	1838	121,	April 21, 1838	•	٠	•	seorgetown,
000	Feb. 15, 1819 Part of Ipswich. April 19, 1892 boundary lines in tide-water between Essex and Gloucester, and Essex and Ipswich established. Mar. 12, 1904 bounds between Essex and Hamilton established.	1819	15,	Feb.	•	•	٠	Essex, .

 , Bate of	Botactioninciti, 1	neor por accord, Ecc.
From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	Oct. 14,*1651 bounds established. Oct. 19,*1654 bounds between Haverhill and Salisbury established. May 1s,* 1654 bounds between Haverhill and Salisbury established. May 1s,* 1654 bounds between Haverhill and salished. Bury-newtown established. May 12,* 1675 bounds established. Dec. 8,* 1725 part included in the new town of Methuen. Mar. 10, 1889 Haverhill incorporated as a city. May 15, 1819 act of incorporation accepted by the form. Mar. 16, 1889 Haverhill incorporated by both places. Nov. 3, 1886 Bridford annexed if theact is accepted by both places. Nov. 3, 1896 the act accepted by both. Jan. 4, 1857 the act took effect.	Common land called "Aggawan." May 20,* 1642 bounds between lpwxth, Cape Ann, and Jeffreys Creek established. Oct. 18* 1648 part called the Village at the New Meadows named "Tople*slield." May 4,* 1649 two-fiftles of Plumi Bland granted to Inswroin. Feb. 28* 164 bounds between flewirch and Topsfield castablished. Feb. 16, 174 part annexed to Topisfield. Nov. 24, 775 part annexed to Rowley. June 21, 773 part established as Hamilton. Feb. 16, 1819 part established as Essex. Mar. 7, 1846 part annexed to Boxford. April 19, 182 boundary lines in tide-water between Ipswich and Essex, and Ipswich and Gloncester established. June 5, 1896 bounds between Ipswich and Colonester established. June 5, 1896 bounds between Ipswich and Hamilton established and part of each town annexed to the other rown. Mar. 12, 1994 bounds between Ipswich and Hamilton established. Mar. 19, 1994 bounds between Ipswich and Rowley established.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	June 2,* 1641	Aug. 5,*1634
CITIES AND TOWNS.	НАУБКИТЬ — Соп	Ipswich,

Ouni	ice, Circo, and	Towns of Massa	
April 17, 1847 Parts of Andover and Methuen. Mar. 21, 1853 Lawrence incorporated as a city. Mar. 29, 1853 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 4, 1854 part of Mehuen annexed. Feb. 4, 1879 parts of Andover and North Andover annexed.	The first Saugus. Mar. 13,* 1639 land granted to Lynn. Mar. 13,* 1639 bounds between Lynn and Salem established. May 29,* 1644 part established as Reading. July 3, 1782 part established as the district of Lynnied. Feb. 17, 1815 part established as Saugus. April 10, 1890 Lynn incorporated as a city. April 19, 1890 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 21, 1852 part established as Saugus.	Part of Lynn established as the district of Lynnfield. Feb. 28, 1814 the district made a town. April 16, 1854 bounds between Lynnfield and Reading established. Mry "7, 1875 bounds between Lynnfield and North Reading established and part of each town annexed to the obbur town, provided the act is accepted by both towns. Nov. 3, 1857 act accepted by John field. (Accepted by North Reading Jan. 7, 1858) April 2, 1870 bounds between Lynnfield and Wakeflette established. May I7, 180 bounds between Lynnfield and Sangus established. May 7, 1805 bounds between Lynnfield and Reading established.	Part of Salem called "Jeffryes Creeke." May 15* 1672 bounds between Manchester and Gloucester established. May 6, 1302 bounds between Manchester and Gloucester to be established. Aug. 25, 1305 bounds as established confirmed by the Supreme Judicial Court.
1847	1637	1782	1645
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Apri	Nov. 20,* 1637	July 3, 1782	May 14,* 1645
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REN	•	field	hest
LAWRENCE,	LYNN, .	Lynnfield,	Manchester,
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ESSEX COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Marblehead,	July 2,* 1633	Part of Salem called Marble Harbor. May 6,* 1635 a plantation established at Marblehead. May 2,* 1649 Marblehead established as a town.
Merrimac,	April 11, 1876	Part of Amesbury.
METHUEN,	Dec. 8,* 1725	Part of Haverhill and certain common lands. April 17, 1847 part included in the new town of Lawrence. April 4, 1864 part annexed to Lawrence. April 17, 1917 Methuen incorporated as a city. Nov. 6, 1917 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Middleton,	June 20,* 1728	Parts of Andover, Boxford, Salem, and Topsfield. April 23, 1994 bounds between Middleton and North Andover established. April 22, 1904 bounds between Middleton and Boxford established.
Nahant,	Mar. 29, 1853	Part of Lynn.
Newbury,	May 6,* 1635	The plantation called Wessacucon. May 4,* 1649 two-fifths of Plum Island granted to Newbury. May 14,* 1656 bounds between Newbury and Rowley established. Jan. 28, 1764 part established as Newburyport. Feb. 18, 1819 part established as Parsons. April 17, 1815 part annexed to Newburyport. Mar. 97, 1057 bounds between Newburyport.
	_	11 two nounds not now but and the man commence.

"Mr. Ezechi Rogers plantation." May 4,* 1649 one-fifth of Plum Island granted to Rowley. May 14,* 1656 bounds between Rowley and Newbury established. Oct. 13,* 1675 part established as Bradford. Aug. 12,* 1685 bounds between Rowley and the village (atterward Toys 1666) established. —, 1634 part established as Boxford. Feb. 24,* 1704 agreed bounds between Rowley and Bradford confirmed. Now 29, 1785 part established and Bradford confirmed. Now 29, 1785 part established as Georgetown. Mar. 12, 1994 bounds between Rowley and Boxford established. April 21, 1885 part established as Georgetown. Mar. 12, 1994 bounds between Rowley and Ipswich established. Mar. 13, 1904 bounds between Rowley and Ipswich established. Mar. 27, 1905 bounds between Rowley and Ipswich established.	Sept. 4,* 1639	Sept.	•	•	•	•	Rowley,
Part of Gloucester.	Feb. 27, 1840	Feb.	•	•	٠	•	Rockport,
Name changed from South Danvers. April 30, 1868 act of April 13, 1868 accepted by the town. Mar. 2, 1882 part annexed to Salem. May 8, 1916 Peabody incorporated as a city. Nov. 7, 1916 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	April 13, 1868	April		•	•	• .	Реавору,
Part of Newbury. June 14, 1820 name changed to West Newbury.	Feb. 18, 1819	Feb.	•	•	•	•	Parsons,
Part of Andover. Feb. 4,1879 part annexed to Lawrence. Mar. 2, 1994 bounds between North Andover and Boxford established. Mar. 12, 1994 bounds between North Andover and North Reading established. April 22, 1994 bounds between North Andover and North Andover and Middleton established.	April 7, 1855	April	•	•	., .	love	North Andover, .
Jan. 28, 1764 Part of Newbury. April 17, 1851 part of Newbury annexed. May 24, 1851 Newburyport incorporated as a city. June 3, 1851 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	28, 1764	Jan.	•	•	ĭI,	. FOI	NEWBURYPORT,

CITIES AND TOWNS,	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
SALEM,	Aug. 23,* 1630	Common land. Mar. 4,* 1635 bounds between Salem and Saugus (now Lynn), and Salem and Marble Harbor to be established. Mar. 13,* 1639 bounds between Salem and Lynn established. Sept. 7,* 1643 part called Enon established as Wenham. May 14,* 1645 part called Enon established as Wenham. May 16,* 1645 part called Enon established as Marblehead. Oct. 19,* 1655 bounds between Salem and Topsfield established. Oct. 19,* 165 bounds between Salem and Topsfield established. Oct. 19,* 165 part called Bass River established as Devery. May 22,* 1664 bounds between Salem and Topsfield established. Oct. 14,* 1658 part called Bass River established as Bevery. Jun. 23,* 1728 part natured in the new town of Middleton. Jan. 23,* 1728 part catablished as the district of Danvers. Sept. II, 1738 part annexed to Bevery. Mar. 2, 1856 Salem incorporated as a city. April 4, 1856 per erry. Nat. 2, 1856 Salem incorporated as a city. April 4, 1856 bounds between Salem and South Danvers established. April 30, 1856 bounds between Salem and South Danvers established and part of each place. April 3, 1857 part annexed to Swampscott. Mar. 2, 1882 part of Penbody annexed.
Salisbury,	Oct. 7,* 1640	Common land called Colechester. June 2,* 1641 bounds between Salisbury and "Pantucket, ali: Haverell" established. Oct. 19,* 1654 bounds between Salisbury and Haverhill established. Nay 27,* 1668 part established as Amesbury. Mar. 15, 1844 part annexed to Amesbury. June 16, 1886 part annexed to Amesbury. June 16, 1886 part annexed to Amesbury.

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May 23,* 1666 Granted the privileges of a town. May 15,* 1667 bounds between Salisbury-new-town and Haverhill established. May 28,* 1668 "Salisbury newtown may be named Emesbury."	The plantation of Saugus. Mar. 4,* 1635 bounds between Saugus and Salem, and between Saugus and Marble Harbor to be established. Nov. 20,* 1637 name changed to Lynn.	Part of Lynn. Feb. 22, 1841 part of Chelsea annexed. May 17, 1901 bounds between Saugus and Lynnfield established.	Part of Danvers. April 30, 1856 bounds between South Danvers and Salem established and part of each place annexed to the other place. May 31, 1856 bounds between South Danvers and Danvers established. April 13, 1858 name changed to Peabody. April 30, 1858 name of Peabody accepted by the town.	Part of Lynn. April 3, 1867 part of Salem annexed.	Part of Ipswich called the Village at the New Meadows. Oct. 18,* 1650 Topsfield eatablished as a town. Oct. 18,* 1650 Topsfield and Salem established. May 29,* 1674 bounds between Topsfield and Salem established. May 29,* 1674 bounds between Topsfield and Salem established. Feb. 28,* 1674 bounds between Topsfield and Ipswich established. Feb. 28,* 1771 bounds between Topsfield and Boxford established. Nov. 19,* 1777 bounds between Topsfield and Boxford established. Inseed. June 20,* 1734 part of Ipswich annexed.	Part of Salem called Enon. May 28,* 1679 bounds between Wenham and Beverly and "the Viliage" established. May I, 1905 bounds between Wenham and Hamilton established.	Name changed from Parsons. April 22, 1904 bounds between West Newbury and Groveland established.
1666	5,* 1631	Feb. 17, 1815	May 18, 1855	1852	Oct. 18,* 1648	Sept. 7,* 1643	1820
. %	5,	17,	18,	21,	18,	i-	14,
May	July	Feb.	May	May 21, 1852	Oct.	Sept	June 14, 1820
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Salisbury-new-town, .			South Danvers, .	ţ,	•		West Newbury,
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isbu	Saugus,	Saugus,	th i	Swampscott,	Topsfield,	Wenham,	st N
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FRANKLIN COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 24, 1811.

CTHES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	ioned is of orded orded shed	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Ashfield,	June 21,	1765	June 21, 1765 Name changed from Huntstown.
Bernardston,	Mar. 6, 1762	1762	The new plantation called Falltown. Dec. 2, 1779 part annexed to Colrain. Mar. 12, 1789 part established as the district of Leyden. April 14, 1888 part of Greenfield annexed. May 7, 1886 part of Leyden annexed, if this act is accepted by Bernardston. June 7, 1886 act of May 7, 1886 accepted.
Buckland,	April 14, 1779	1779	The plantation called No-town, and part of Charlemont. April 14, 1838 part of Conway annexed.
Charlemont,	June 21, 1765	1765	The new plantation called Charlemont. Feb. 4, 1774 three thousand acres of land annexed to Charlemont. April 14, 1779 part included in the new town of Buckland. Feb. 14, 1785 part included in the new town of Heath. Mar. 19, 1783 certain common lands between Charlemont and North River annexed. April 2, 1888 part of the common lands called Zoar annexed.
Colrain,	June 30, 1761	1761	The new plantation called Colrain. April 22, 1772 grant to Colrain. Dec. 2, 1779 part of Bernardston annexed. April 24, 1911 bounds between Colrain and Leyden established.
Conway,	June 17, 1767	1767	Part of Deerfield established as the district of Conway. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 19, 1781 part of Shelburne annexed. Feb. 9, 1785 part annexed to

to to	of di- di- di- di- di- di- di- di- di- di-	of of	ed.	ug. 733. er.
1811 part of Deerfield annexed and bounds between Conway and Whately established. April 14, 1838 part annexed to Buckland.	Common land. Oct, 1678 the encouraging of the rebuilding of the plantation of Deerfield, June 7, 1712 bounds to extend "Nine farant to Deerfield, June 7, 1712 bounds to extend "Nine miles from the River into the Western Woods." Nov. 19, 1717 plut of seven miles square granted Deerfield confirmed. Aug. 3, 1741 plut of Deerfield, including additional grant, confirmed. June 1, 1753 part established as the district of Greenfield, including bounds of Deerfield, including bounds of Deerfield, including part established as the district of Conway. June 21, 1768 part established as the district of Conway. June 21, 1768 part established as the district of Shelburne. June 17, 1757 part annexed to Conway. Mar. 5, 1810 part annexed to Conway. Mar. 5, 1810 part annexed to Conway and bounds established. May 2, 1886 part annexed to Groway and bounds established.	Feb. 27, 1841 bounds . Feb. 10, 1860 part of	Part of Greenfield. Feb. 28, 1735 part of Northfield annexed. Mar. 14, 1805 the island called Great Island annexed after April 1, 1805.	Part of Decrifield established as the district of Greenfield. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Sept. 28, 1735 part established as Gill. April 14, 1838 part annexed to Bernardston. May 2, 1896 part of Decrifield annexed.
Joseph Mart of Decribeld annexed and hounds between Conway and Whately established. April 14, 1838 part annexed to Buckland.	he rebu 1y 31,** to exter Nov onfirm creenfi, cree	27, 18 0. 10, 18	hfield exed a	reenfie st. Sej annexe ed.
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14, 1	uragin led fo. 1712 b. tern W. I Deer additt district district on co. Conwa Slburn part way an	Brant. Jished rexed.	art oi t Íslar	distric y gene i, 1838 rfield
xed an	e encol provident,* e Westranted luding as the y boun nisto of of Sho of Sho of Conrection Green	ing's (estab int an	1795 ₁ 1 Grea	as the own b pril 14 of Dee
anne shed.	ommon land. Oct, 1678 the encouragit the plantation of Deerfield brothed format and or Deerfield. June 7, 4,1721 miles from the River into the Western Malta of seven miles square granted Deerfield, and the State of Deerfield, including addit 3, 4,1741 plat of Deerfield, including addit June 9,1732 part established as the district of Conwested of Deerfield and Huntstown, contract of Conwested to Conway. Mar. 5, 1810 part annexed to Conway. Mar. 5, 1810 part annexed to Conway and 1,21,181 part annexed to Groway a May 2, 1856 part annexed to Groway a May 2, 1856 part annexed to Groway a	ue common land called Erving's Grant. between Erving and Orange established. Northfield called Hack's Grant annexed.	eb. 28, I callec	art of Deerfield established as the district of Gree 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. part established as Gill. April 14, 1838 part an nardston. May 2, 1836 part of Deerfield annexed.
erfield sstabli	ct, 1 of Dee eerfiel liver i liver i les sq. eerriel eerriel on w leid as the dishe dishe dish way. t annex	and Calle	d. Fi island	establi ict ma l as G 2, 1896
of Dectely	though of the hole	n land Erving called	senfiel Ož the	rfield e distr lished May
Goshell 1811 part and Wha Buckland.	non larrandal grandal al grandal	ommo veen F thfield	of Gr. 14, 18 05.	f Deer 775 the estab
and Buc	Commercial the the the thousand the plat shift of the plat shift o	The common land called Erving's Grant. between Erving and Orange established Northfield called Hack's Grant annexed.	Part of Mar. 1 1, 1805	Part o 23, 1 part narc
	Oct. 22,* 1677	April 17, 1838	Sept. 28, 1793	June 9, 1753
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	Deerfield,	Erving,	GIII,	eenl
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FRANKLIN COUNTY - Continued.

(THES AND TOWNS.	Tow	,×8.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	irst mentione in Records of the State, or erein records is Established	oned s of or orded shed ated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Hawley, .				Feb. 6, 1792	6,	1792	The plantation called Number Seven. Mar. 9, 1733 part of plantation Number Seven, accidentally omitted in the bounds, an nexed. June 21, 1803 part annexed to the district of Plainfield.
Heath,				Feb. 14, 1785	14,	1785	Part of Charlemont and common lands called Green and Walker's land .
Huntstoven,			•	Jan. 19,* 1,36	19 , *	1736	Plat of township granted company under command of Ephraim Innt confirmed. June 15, 1761 report on westerly bounds of Deerfield, including bounds of Deerfield and Hunts Town, con- firmed. June 18, 1765 plan of Huntstown confirmed. June 21, 1765 name changed to Ashfield.
Leverett, .				Mar. 5, 1774	ē,	1774	Part of Sunderland.
Leyden, .	•		•	Mar. 12,	12,	1784	Part of Bernardston established as the district of Leyden. Feb. 22, 1896 the district made a town. May 7, 1886 part annexed to Bernardston, if the act is accepted by Bernardston. June 7, 1886 the act accepted by Bernardston. April 24, 1911 bounds between Leyden and Colrain established.
Monroe, .			•	Feb.	21,	Feb. 21, 1822	Part of Rowe and a gore of common land.
Montague, .			•	Jan.	25,	1754	Part of Sunderland established as the district of Montague. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 25, 1863 part annexed to Wendell.

June 15, 1753 The township of New Salem with the additional grant made to said township established as the district of New Salem. A ug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 28, 1825 part included in the new town of Prescott. Feb. 20, 1824 part of Shutesbury annexed. Feb. 5, 1830 part annexed to Athol. Mar. 16, 1837 part annexed to Orange and part to Athol. April 27, 1911 bounds between New Salem and Prescott established.	Upon the petition of inhabitants of the "piantation at Squakeag Gormerly called Northield", the grant for a plaintation was "revived," the "town to be called Northield." June 10,* 1715 the order of Feb. 22,* 1714 continued for three years. Dec. 6,* 1720 the committee for the plantation continued for two years. June 15,* 1723 Northield to enjoy all the privileges of a town. June 29, 1773 two traces of land lying south of Northield annexed. Feb. 28, 1755 part annexed to Gill. Feb. 10, 1860 part called Hack's Grant annexed to Erving.	Parts of Athol, Royalston, Warwick, and certain common lands called Ervingshire made the district of Orange. Feb. 24, 1810 the district made a town. Feb. 7, 1816 part annexed to Athol. Mar. 16, 1837 part of the common lands called Erving's Grant annexed. Mar. 16, 1837 part of New Salem annexed. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Orange and Erving established.	The common lands called Myrifield and lands adjoining. Feb. 21, 1822 part of Rowe and certain common lands established as Monroe. April 2, 1838 part of the common lands called Zoar annexed.
1753	1714	1783	1785
. 15,		15,	ć.
June	Feb. 22,* 1714	Oct. 15, 1783	Feb. 9, 1785
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Salen	field	,e,	
New Salem,	Northfield, .	Orange,	Rowe, .

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	Part of Deerfield established as the district of Shelburne. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 19, 1781 part annexed to Conway. Mar. 19, 1733 certain common lands between Shelburne and North River annexed.	The plantation called Roadrown. May 8, 1781 part included in the new town of Wendell. Feb. 20, 1824 part annexed to New Salem.	Common land. Aug. 28,*1729 land granted to Sunderland. Jan. 2,*1740 bounds between Sunderland and Hadley established. Jan. 25, 1754 part established as the district of Montague. Mar. 5, 1774 part established as Leverett.	The plantation called Roxbury Canada with sundry farms lying therein, and certain common lands. Oct. 15, 1783 part included in the new town of Orange.	Part of Shutesbury and part of the common land called Ervingshire. Feb. 28, 1803 part of Montague and a gore of common land annexed.	Part of Hatfield. Mar. 5, 1810 part of Deerfield annexed. June 21, 1811 bounds between Whately and Conway established. Feb. 2, 1849 bounds between Whately and Williamsburg established.
First mentioned in Records of the State of therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	June 21, 1768	June 30, 1761	Nov. 12,* 1718	Feb. 17, 1763	May 8, 1781	April 24, 1771
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Shelburne,	Shutesbury,	Sunderland,	Warwick,	Wendell,	Whately,

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Agawam,	•	May 17, 1855	May 17, 1855 Part of West Springfield.
Blandford,	•	April 10,* 1741	Suffield equivalent lands, commonly called Glasgow. Feb. 22, 1809 bounds between Blandford and Russell, and Blandford and Chester established. June 13, 1810 bounds between Blandford and Chester established. May 25, 1853 part annexed to Norwich.
Brimfield,	•	June 10,* 1714	Common land. Dec. 24,* 1731 the town established. Jan. 16,* 1742 part included in the new town of Western. April 23, 1760 part annexed to Palmer. April 25, 1760 part established as the district of Monson. Sept. 18, 1762 part established as the district of South Brimfeld. Feb. 7, 1763 bounds definitely established.
Chester,	•	Feb. 21, 1783	Name clanged from Murrayfield. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. June 21, 1799 part annexed to Worthington. Feb. 22, 1899 bounds between Chester and Blandford established. June 13, 1810 bounds between Chester and Blandford established. May 25, 1833 part annexed to Norwich.
CHICOPEE,	•	April 29, 1848	Part of Springfield. April 18, 1890 Chicopee incorporated as a city. May 6, 1890 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
East Longmeadow, .		May 19, 1894	Part of Longmeadow. July 1, 1894 act took effect.
Granville,		Jan. 25, 1754	The plantation of Bedford established as the district of Gran- ville. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 14, 1810 part established as Tolland.

HAMPDEN COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	oned s of orded shed rated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Hampden,	Mar. 28, 1878	1878	Part of Wilbraham.
Holland,	July 5,	5, 1783	Part of South Brimfield established as the district of Holland. Feb. 8, 1796 bounds between the district of Holland and South Brimfield established. Nov. 4, 1835 the district made a town by the provisions of chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes.
Ноггоке,	Mar. 14, 1850	1850	Part of West Springfield. April 7, 1873 Holyoke incorporated as a city. May 29, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the town. June 9, 1909 part of Northampton annexed.
Longmeadow,	Oct. 13, 1783	1783	Part of Springfield called Longmeadow. Nov. 16, 1787 certain common lands called the Gore annexed. June 2, 1890 part annexed to Springfield. July 1, 1894 part of Longmeadow established as East Longmeadow.
Ludlow,	Feb. 28, 1774	1774	Part of Springfield called Stony Hill established as the district of Luddow. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 5, 1830 bounds between Luddow and Springfield established.
Monson,	April 28,	1760	Part of Brimfield established as the district of Monson. Feb. 7, 1763 bounds definitely established. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 8, 1828 bounds between Monson and Palmer established.

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Nov. 28, 1780 Parts of Westfield, Norwich, and Southampton. Feb. 25, 1792 part included in the new town of Russell. Mar. 6, 1792 parts of Norwich and Southampton annexed. June 3, 1914 bounds between Montgomery and Russell established.	The new plantation called Murrayfield. June 29, 1773 part established as the district of Norwich. May 8, 1781 part annexed to Norwich. Feb. 21, 1783 name changed to Chester.	The plantation called The Elbows† established as the district of Palmer. April 23, 7f60 part of Brimiled annexed. Feb. 7, 1763 bounds definitely established. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 8, 1828 bounds between Palmer and Monson established. Feb. 7, 1831 part of Western annexed. April 29, 1910 bounds between Palmer and Ware established.	Parts of Westfield and Montgomery. Feb. 22, 1809 bounds between Blandford and Russell established. June 3, 1914 bounds between Russell and Montgomery established.	Part of Brimfield established as the district of South Brimfield. Feb. 21, I'fee the district divided into two parishes, the east and west. Aug. 23, I'75 the district made a town by general act. July 5, I'78 the east parish of South Brimfield established as the district of Holland. Feb. 8, I'76 bounds between South Brimfield and the district of Holland. Feb. 8, I'76 bounds between South Brimfield and the district of Holland established. Feb. 20, 1823 name changed to Wales.	
1780	1765	1752	1792	1762	
\$°	31,	30,	25,	. 18,	
Nov.	Oct. 31, 1765	Jan. 30,* 1752	Feb. 25, 1792	Sept. 18, 1762	
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Montgomery,	Murrayfield,	Palmer,	Russell,	outh	
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† Sometimes called New Marlborough and sometimes Kingsfield.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Powns.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Southwick, .		Nov. 7, 1770	Part of Westfield established as the district of Southwick. Aug. 23, 17.5 the district made a fown by general act. Oct. 6, 1779 part of Westfield annexed. Mar. 20, 1837 bounds between Southwick and Westfield established.
Springfield,		June 2,* 1641	Common land called Agawam. Nov. 11,* 1647 "Woronoko" to be a part of Springfold. Mar, 1648 certain common lands annexed. May 13,* 1679 part called Woronoake established as Westfield. May 31,* 1679 bounds between Springfield and Westfield casablished. May 11,* 1654 bounds between Springfield and Westfield casablished. June 3,* 1743 bounds between Springfield and Suffield established. June 3,* 1743 bounds between Springfield and Suffield established. June 16, 1763 part established as West Springfield and Suffield established. June 16, 1783 part established as West Springfield. Feb. 25, 1774 part called Stony Hill established as Longmeadow. June 11, 1799 part annexed to Wilbraham. June 5, 1830 bounds between Springfield and Ludlow established. A pril 29, 1848 part established as Chicopee. April 2, 1852 Springfield incorporated as a city. April 21, 1852 act of incorporation accepted by the town. June 2, 1890 part of Longmeadow annexed.
Tolland, .	•	June 14, 1810	Part of Granville. May 4, 1853 bounds between Tolland and Sandisfield established. May 15, 1855 bounds between Tolland and Sandisfield established.

[See page 97.]								
Part of Hadley established as the district of Amherst. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 15, 1789 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 18, 1812 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 18, 1812 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 17, 1814 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 17, 1814 part of Hadley established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	Feb. 13, 1759	13,	Feb.	•			•	Amherst,
HAMPSHIRE COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAY 7, 1662.	RE C	SIII	AMP					
Part of Springfield. June 11, 1739 part of Springfield called The Elbows annexed. Mar. 28, 1878 part of Wilbraham established as Hampden.	1763	15,	June 15,	•	•	•	ď.	Wilbraham,
Part of Springfield, Mar. 3, 1802 part of Westfield annexed. Mar. 14, 1850 part established as Holyoke, May 17, 1855 part established as Agawam.	Feb. 23, 1774	ફુ	Feb.	•	•	ald,	ngfl	West Springfield,
Part of Springfield called Woronoake. May 31,* 1670 bounds between Westfield and Springfield established. June 4,* 7710 astrip of common land divided between Westfield and Northampton. Feb. 23,* 7131 aland granted to Westfield. Nov. 7, 1770 part established as the district of Southwick. Oct. 6, 1779 part anoxed to Southwick. Nov. 28, 1780 part included in the new town of Russell. Mar. 3, 1802 part annoxed to West Springfield. Mar. 30, 1877 bounds between Westfield and Southwick established. June 3, 1914 Westfield incorporated as a city. Nov. 3, 1914 act of incorporation rejected by the town.	19,* 1669	19,*	May	•		•	•	Westfield,
Name changed from South Brimbeig.	1828	50	ren.	•	•	•	•	wales,
l Feb. 20. 1828 l Name changed from South Brimfield.	858	50.	Feb.	•	٠	٠	٠	Wales.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.		From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorpora- tion as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	
Belchertown,	•	June 30, 1761		The plantation called Cold Spring. Feb. 27, 1765 part annexed to Greenwich. June 22, 1771 part annexed to Greenwich. June 21, 1787 part annexed to Greenwich. June 16, 1788 part annexed to Pelham. Feb. 15, 1817 part included in the new town of Enfield.	
Ohesterfield,	•	June 11, 1762		The new plantation called New Hingham. Jan. 31, 1763 certain common lands annexed. May 14, 1781 part of Chesterfield and the plantation called Chesterfield Gore established as Goshen. June 8, 1789 part of Coshen annexed. Feb. 22, 1784 part of Norwich annexed. June 24, 1789 bounds between Chesterfield and Williamsburg established. Feb. 7, 1797 bounds between Chesterfield and field and Williamsburg established. Feb. 16, 11810 bounds between Chesterfield and Williamsburg established.	
Cummington,	•	June 23, 1779		Part of the plantation called Number Five. Mar. 16, 1785 part established as the district of Plainfield. Mar. 21, 1788 certain common lands, called Murrayfield Grant and Minot's Grant, and a grove of 2,200 acres annexed. Feb. 4, 1794 part annexed to Plainfield.	
Easthampton,	•	June 17, 17	1785	Parts of Northampton and Southampton established as the district of Easthampton. June 16, 1809 the district made a town. Feb. 1, 1828 bounds between Easthampton and Southampton established. Mar. 13, 1841 part of Southampton annexed. April 4, 1850 part of Southampton annexed.	

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	The plantation called Quabin. June 9, 1756 bounds between Greenwich and Hardwick established. Feb. 1, 1756 part of Hardwick annexed. Feb. 27, 1765 part of Belcherrown annexed. June 22, 1771 part of Belcherrown annexed. June 21, 1757 part of Belcherrown annexed. June 21, 1757 part of Belcherrown annexed. June 21, 1757 part of Belcherrown annexed. Feb. 18, 1801 part included in the new town of Dana. June 19, 1811 bounds between Greenwich and Dana established. Feb. 15, 1816 part included in the new town of Enfield. June 12, 1818 bounds between Greenwich	1754	120,	April 20, 1754	•	•		đ	Greenwich, .
,	Part of South Hadley. June 28, 1781 bounds between Granby and South Hadley established. Mar. 9, 1792 part of South Hadley annexed. June 12, 1824 bounds between Granby and South Hadley established. June 20, 1826 bounds between Granby and Granby and South Hadley established. June 16, 1827 bounds between Granby and South Hadley established.	1768	11,	June 11, 1768	•			•	Granby,
	Part of Chesterfield and the plantation called Chesterfield Gore. Feb. 9, 1785 part of Conway annexed. June 8, 1789 part annexed to Chesterfield. June 24, 1785 bounds between Goshen and Williamsburg established. Feb. 7, 1787 bounds between Goshen and Williamsburg established. Feb. 16, 1810 bounds between Goshen and Williamsburg established. Feb. 16, 1810 bounds between Goshen. Chesterfield, and Williamsburg established.	1781	14,	May 14, 1781		•		•	Goshen,
,	Feb. 15, 1816 Parts of Belchertown and Greenwich. June 12, 1818 bounds between Enfled and Greenwich established and part of each town annexed to the other town. May 26, 1910 bounds between Enfleid and Greenwich established.	1816	15,	Feb.	•	•	•	•	Enfield,
	bounds between Easthampton and Southampton established. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between Easthampton and Westhampton established. April 21, 1914 bounds between Easthampton and Northampton established.								

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Greenwich - Con	April 20, 1754	and Enfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. May 24, 1910 bounds between Greenwich and Enfield established. May 4, 1911 bounds between Greenwich and Dana established.
Hadley,	May 22,* 1661	The new plantation near Northampton. Oct. 21,* 1663 bounds established. May 18,* 1664 extain common lands granted to Hadley. May 21,* 1670 part established as Hatheld. May 7,* 1673 certain common lands granted to Hadley. Nov. 25,* 1715 certain common lands granted to Hadley. Nov. 25,* 1716 certain common lands granted to Hadley. Ass. 2,* 1740 bounds between Hadley and Sunderland established. April 2, 1735 part made the district of South Hadley. Feb. 13, 1739 part made the district of South Hadley. Feb. 13, 1739 part annexed to Annerst. Peb. 2, 1811 part annexed to Annerst. Peb. 15, 1812 part annexed to Annerst. Peb. 18, 1812 part annexed to Annerst. Peb. 18, 1812 bart annexed to Annerst. Peb. 18, 1814 part annexed to Annerst. Peb. 18, 1815 part annexed to Annerst. Peb. 18, 1816 part annexed to Annerst. Peb. 18, 1816 part annexed to Annerst. April 15, 1850 part annexed to Northampton.
Hatfield,	May 31,* 1670	Part of Hadley. Oct. 11,* 1672 bounds established. Nov. 26,* 1685 certain common lands annexed. Nov. 12,* 7720 bounds between Hadded and Northampton established. A pril 24, 1771 part established as Whately. A pril 24, 1771 part included in the new district of Williamsburg. May. 14, 1845 bounds between

					annexed to the other town. Mar. 19, 1346 bounds between Hatfield and Williamsburg established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	,,,
Huntington,	•	Ĭ.	ır.	Mar. 9, 1855	Name changed from Norwich.	
Middleffeld,	•	W	ar. E	Mar. 12, 1783	Parts of Becket, Chester, Partridgefield, Washington, and Worthington, and the common lands called Prescott's Grant.	, - •
Northampton,		N.	ay 14	May 14,* 1656	Common land called Nonotuck. June 4,* 1655 bounds between Northampton and Springfield established. June 4,* 1701 a strip of common land divided between Northampton and Hatfield established. Jan. 5, 1753 part established as Southampton. Appt. 29, 1775 part established as Westlampton. Sept. 29, 1778 part established as Westlampton. Sept. 29, 1778 part established as Westlampton. Sept. 29, 1778 part established between Northampton and Westlampton. Mar. 12, 1825 bounds between Northampton and Westlampton established. June 23, 1883 Northampton in Mesthampton established. June 23, 1883 Northampton in Northampton and Westlampton established. June 23, 1883 Northampton in Northampton and Westlampton 9, 1909 part annexed, to Holyoke. April 21, 1914 bounds between Northampton and Basishampton established.	
	•	n _f	ne 56	June 29, 1773	Part of Murrayfield established as the district of Norwich. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Nov. 28, 1780 part included in the new town of Mongromery. May 8, 1781 part of Murrayfield annexed. Mar. 6, 1792 part annexed to Mongromery. Feb. 22, 1784 part annexed to Chesterfield. May 25, 1838 parts of Blandford and Chester annexed. Mar. 6, 1855 name changed to Huntington.	

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	ed From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorpora- ed tion as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State. ed- ed-
Pelham,	Jan. 15,* 1743	Common land called New Lisburne. June 16, 1788 part of Belcherrown annexed. Jan. 28, 1822 part included in the new town of Prescott.
Plainfield,	Mar. 16, 1785	Part of Cummington established as the district of Plainfield. Feb. 4, 179 part of Cummington annexed to the district of Plainfield. June 21, 1803 part of Hawley annexed to the district of Plainfield. June 15, 1807 the district made a town.
Prescott,	Jan. 28, 1822	Parts of Pelham and New Salem. April 27, 1911 bounds between Prescott and New Salem established.
Southampton,	Jan. 5, 1753	Part of Northampton established as the district of Southampton. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Sept. 29, 1778 part of Northampton annexed. Nov. 28, 1789 part included in the new town of Montgomery. June 17, 1785 part included in the new district of Easthampton. Mar. 6, 1792 part annexed to Montgomery. Feb. 1, 1829 bounds between Southampton and Easthampton April 4, 1800 part annexed to Easthampton. April 4, 1800 part annexed to Easthampton. Feb. 21, 1822 bounds between Southampton. Feb. 21, 1822 bounds between Southampton established. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between Southampton and Westhampton established.
South Hadley,	. April 12, 1753	Part of Hadley established as the district of South Hadley. June 11, 1768 part of the district established as Granby. Aug.

23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 28, 1781 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. Mar. 9, 1729 part annexed to Granby. June 12, 1824 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. June 20, 1826 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. June 16, 1827 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. June 16, 1827 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established.	Parts of Brookfield, Palmer, and Western, and certain common lands, all forming Ware-River Parish, established as the district of Ware. Ang. 23, 1775 the district made a rown by general act. Feb. 8, 1829 parts of Brookfield and Western annexed. April 29, 1910 bounds between Ware and Palmer established.	Part of Northampton. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between Westhampton, and Easthampton, Northampton, and Southampton established.	Part of Hatfield and certain common lands adjoining established as the district of Williams-burg. Aug. 33,175 the district ande a town by general act. June 24,173b bounds between Williams-burg and Chesterfield and Goshen established. Feb. 7, 1797 bounds between Williamsburg and Chesterfield and Goshen established. Reb. 16, 1810 bounds between Williamsburg. Chesterfield and Goshen established. Hast bounds between Williamsburg and Hatfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 14, 1845 bounds between Williamsburg and Hatfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Resublished and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 2, 1849 bounds between Williamsburg and Whately established.	The new plantation called Number Three. Mar. 12, 1733 part included in the new town of Middlefield. June 21, 1799 part of Chester annexed.
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	Nov. 25,	Sept. 29, 1778	April 24, 1771	June 30, 1768
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	Ware,	Westhampton,	Williamsburg,	Worthington,

CITIES AND TOWNS.	VNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Acton,		July 3,* 1735	Part of Concord with Willard's Farms. Dec. 11,* 1747 bounds between Acton and Concord established. April 28, 1780 part included in the second district of Carlisle.
Arlington,		April 13, 1867	Name changed from West Cambridge. A pril 30, 1867 the act took effect. Mar. 16, 1910 bounds between Arlington and Somerville established. May 5, 1911 bounds between Arlington and Cambridge established if accepted by the selectmen and city council. May 22, 1911 bounds accepted by selectmen of Arlington, and May 31, 1911 bounds accepted by city council of Cambridge.
Ashby,		Mar. 6, 1767	Parts of Ashburnham, Fitchburg, and Townsend. Nov. 16, 1792 part of Ashburnham annexed. Mar. 3, 1829 part of Fitchburg annexed.
Ashland, .		Mar. 16, 1846	Parts of Framingham, Holliston, and Hopkinton. April 38, 1855 part to be annexed to Hopkinton when a certain sum is paid by Hopkinton. May 2, 1853 the act took effect.
Ayer,		Feb. 14, 1871	Parts of Groton and Shirley.
Bedford,		Sept. 23,* 1729	Parts of Billerica and Concord. Feb. 26, 1767 part of Billerica annexed. June 9, 1768 part of Lexington annexed.

Mar. 18, 1859 Parts of Waltham, Watertown, and West Cambridge. Jan. 31, 1851 bounds between Belmontand West Cambridge established. Feb. 25, 1862 part of Cambridge sanexed and bounds established. 1891 bounds between Belmont and Cambridge established and part of each place amecxed to the other place. April 28, 1908 bounds between Belmont and Cambridge established and part of each place amecxed to the other place. May 23, 1908 bounds between Belmont and Watertown established. Feb. 16, 1906 bounds between Belmont and Cambridge readjusted. April 29, 1911 bounds between Belmont and Watertown established.	Common land. May 14,*1636 eight thousand acres of common land granted to Billerica. May 15,*1657 ecrain lands granted to Billerica. May 15,*1657 ecrain lands granted to Billerica. May 22,*1661 four thousand acres of land dover established. May 22,*1661 four thousand acres of land granted to Billerica con Cot. 10,*1666 bounds between Billerica and Woburn established. Oct. 12,*1669 bounds between Billerica and Woburn established. June 27,*170 bounds between Billerica and Woburn established. Dec. 17,*169 bounds between Billerica and Concord to Wilmington. Dec. 17,*153 part established. Sept. 23,*173 part annexed to Wilmington. Dec. 17,*173 bounds between Billerica and Wilmington established. July 28,*174 bounds between Billerica and Wilmington established. July 28,*174 bounds between Billerica and Woburn established. Feb. 26, 1767 part annexed to Ecarlishe.	Parts of Harvard, Littleton, and Stow established as the district of Boxborough. Feb. 20, 1794 bounds between Boxborough and Littleton established. Nov. 4, 1835 the district made a town by chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes. April 30, 1890 bounds
; 1859	May 29,*1655	Feb. 25, 1783
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Belmont,	Billerica,	Boxborough,
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144 Date of Establishment, Incorporation, Etc.

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	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	between Boxborough and Littleton established. June 14, 1906 bounds between Boxborough and Harvard established. June 15, 1906 bounds between Boxborough and Littleton established.	Part of Cambridge. Jan. 27, 1816 part of Cambridge annexed. May 21, 1873 Brighton annexed to Boston if the act is accepted by both places. Oct. 7, 1873 the act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1874 the act took effect.	Part of Woburn. Jan. 20, 1800 part annexed to Lexington.	The town of Newe Towne. May 2,* 1638 name changed to Cambridge. Mar. 13,* 1639 bounds between Cambridge and Watertown established. Oct. 7,* 1641 bounds between Cambridge and granted to Cambridge. Oct. 13,* 1654 between Cambridge and granted to Cambridge. Oct. 13,* 1664 the grant renowed. Mar. 20,* 1131 part established. Nov. 12,* 1659 one thousand acres of land granted to Cambridge and Watertown established. June 4, 1754 bounds part annexed. Owlatham. April 18, 1761 part of Charlestown annexed. Reb. 24, 1807 part established. San Brighton. Feb. 27, 1807 part established as Brighton. Feb. 27, 1807 part established as West Cambridge. Jan. 27, 1816 part annexed. Peb. 24, 1807 part established as West Cambridge. Jan. 27, 1816 part annexed. June 17, 1826 part of Charlestown annexed. June 17, 1836 part of Charlestown annexed.
	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	1783	Feb. 24, 1807	1799	Sept. 5,* 1636
	irst mentione in Records of the State, or nerein recorde as Established r Incorporate	25,	24,	Feb. 28,	,
	First in F the there as E or In	Feb. 25,	Feb.	Feb.	Sept
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	CITIES AND TOWNS.	- us	•	'n,	e e
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	3	Boxborough Con	Brighton,	Burlington,	Cambridge,
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			town. April 27, 1855 part of Watertown amexed. April 30, 1856 bounds between Cambridge and Somerville established and part of each place amexed to the other place. Feb. 25, 1882 parts of Balmont and West Cambridge amexed. Farts annexed to Belmont and West Cambridge, and bounds established. April 29, 1829 bounds between Cambridge and Somerville established and part of Rehmont amexed. Mar. 10, 1885 part of Watertown amexed. April 28, 1839 bounds between Cambridge and Somerville established and part of Belmont established and part of each place amexed to the other place. Mar. 9, 1885 bounds between Cambridge and Watertown established and part of each place annexed to the other place. Mar. 29, 1885 bounds between Cambridge and Watertown established and part of each place and Boston established. Mar. 29, 1910 bounds between Cambridge and Belmont readjusted. Mar. 29, 1910 bounds between Cambridge and Arlington established if accepted by the city council and selectmen. May 22, 1911 bounds accepted by telectment of Arlington. May 22, 1911 bounds accepted by city council of Cambridge.	
Carlisle, District of,	•	April 19, 1754	Aprill 19, 1754 Part of Concord. Oct. 6, 1756 the district annexed to Concord.	
Oarlisle, · · ·	•	April28, 1780	Parts of Acton, Billorica, Chelmsford, and Concord established as the district of Carlishes. Sept. 12, 1780 part of the district of Carlisle annexed to Concord. Mar. 1, 1783 part of the district of Carlisle annexed to Chelmsford. Peb. 18, 1865 the district made a town. Feb. 17, 1865 part of Chelmsford annexed to Carlisle and bounds established. May 23, 1903 bounds between Carlisle and Concord established.	
Charlestown,		Aug. 23,* 1630	Common land. Mar. 6,* 1632 bounds between Charlestown and Newe Towne established. July 8,* 1635 bounds between	
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Chelmsford,	•	fay 2	9,* 1655	May 29,* 1655 Common land, May 14,* 1656 land granted to Chelmsford. May 31,* 1650 bounds between Chelmsford and the Indian plantation at Patacket established. June 27,* 1701 bounds between Chelms-ford and the Indian plantation at Patacket established. Nov. 23,* 1725 part annexed to Littleton. June 13,* 1726 "Wameset" amoxed. Sept. 23,* 1729 part established as Wesford. April 24, 1735 part annexed to Dunstable. April 28, 1780 part included in the second district of Carlisle. Mar. 1, 1789 part of the second district of Carlisle annexed to Carlisle annexed to Carlisle annexed to Lowell. Reb. 17, 1865 part annexed to Lowell. Reb. 17, 1865 part annexed to Lowell. April 28, 1874 act of May 18, 1874 accepted by Lowell. Aug. 1, 1874 the act took effect.
Concord,	•	sept.	Sept. 3,* 1635	A plantation at Musketequid. Aug. 20,*1638 bounds between Concord, Dedham, and Watertown established. May 13,*1651 bounds between Concord and Watertown established. June 27,*170 bounds between Concord and Billerica established. April 12,*177 bounds between Concord and Stow established. Nov. 23,*1725 part annexed to Littleton. Sept. 23,*1729 part included in the new town of Acton. Dec. II,*1747 bounds between Concord and Acton established. April 13, 1744 bounds between Concord and Acton established. April 19, 1744 part included in the new town of Lincoln. April 19, 1744 part made the first district of Carlisle. Oct. 6, 1756 the first district of Carlisle. Oct. 6, 1756 the first district of Carlisle. Sept. 19, 1780 part included in the second district of Carlisle. Sept. 12, 1780 part of the district of Carlisle annexed. May 23, 1938 bounds between Concord and Carlisle established.
Dracut,	•	feb. 2	Feb. 26,* 1702	Common land. Feb. 28, 1851 part annexed to Lowell. May 18, 1874 part annexed to Lowell. June 23, 1874 the act accepted by Lowell. Aug. 1, 1874 the act took effect. April 1, 1879 part annexed to Lowell.

[See page 97.]

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Dunstable,	Oct. 13,*1680	Common land. Jan. 4,* 1733 part established as Nottingham (N. H.). July 4,* 1735 part included in the new cown of Litch-field (N. H.). June 8,* 1747 part of Groton annexed. June 8,* 1747 part of Notingham annexed. Jan. 6,* 1722 part annexed annexed. June 14, 1735 part of Groton. June 74, 1735 part of Nottingham annexed. April 24, 1735 part of Chelmasford annexed. June 22, 1739 part of Part annexed. June 14, 1734 part of Nottingham annexed. April 24, 1735 part of Chelmasford Tyngshorough. Mar. 3, 1739 part annexed to the district of Tyngshorough. Reb. 25, 1738 part of Groton annexed. Jan. 26, 1736 part of Groton annexed. Jun. 28, 1736 part of Groton annexed. June 1745 part of Groton annexed. June 18, 1836 part of Groton annexed. June 10, 1814 bounds between Dunstable and Groton established. Feb. 15, 1820 bounds between Dunstable and Groton established.
East Suddury,	. April 10, 1780	Part of Sudbury. Mar. 11, 1835 name changed to Wayland.
Everett,	Mar. 9, 1870	Part of Malden. April 20, 1875 part annexed to Medford. June 11, 1892 Everett incorporated as a city. July 19, 1892 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Framingham,	Oct. 13,* 1675	Common land. June 25,* 1700 the plantation of Framingham established as Framingham. July 5,* 1700 certain common lands annexed. July 11,* 1700 part of Sherborn annexed. June 13,* 1701 bounds between Framingham and Sudoury established. June 16,* 1710 bounds botween Framingham and Sherborn

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established. Mar. 7, 1786 part annexed to Southborough. Peb. 23, 1791 part annexed to Mariborough. Peb. 11, 1833 part of Holliston annexed. Mar. 16, 1846 part included in the new town of Ashland. April 22, 1871 part of Natick annexed.	The plantation of Petapawag. June 14,* 1715 bounds between Groton and Nashoba established. Sept. 10,* 1739 part annexed to Westford. June 29,* 1732 part included in the new town of Harvard. Jan. 4,* 1739 part annexed to Littleton. Feb. 77,* 1743 bounds between Groton and Littleton established. June stable annexed. Jan. 5, 1738 part established as the district of Shirley. April 12, 1735 part established as the district of Shirley. April 12, 1735 part established as the district of Shirley. April 12, 1735 part canacked to Dunstable. Feb. 25, 1736 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 5, 1736 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 5, 1736 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 15, 1839 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 16, 1830 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 16, 1830 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 16, 1830 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 18, 1837 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 18, 1837 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 18, 1837 part annexed to Papperell. Ann. 18, 1837 part annexed to Pepperell. Feb. 18, 1837 part annexed to Pepperell.	Part of Sherborn. Dec. 22,* 1744 bounds between Holliston and Hopkinton established. April 28, 1781 part of Hopkinton annoxed. Mar. 3, 1829 part of Medway annexed and bounds established. Feb. 11, 1833 part annexed to Framingham. Mar. 27, 1835 part annexed to Milford and bounds between Holliston. Hopkinton, and Milford established. Mar. 16, 1846 part included in the new town of Ashland. April 1, 1839 bounds between Holliston and Milford established.	Certain common lands and the plantation called Moguncoy. June 14,* 1735 part included in the new town of Upton. Dec. 22,* 1744 bounds between Hopkinton and Holliston established.
	May 23,* 1655	Dec. 3,* 1724	Dec. 13,* 1715
	May 2	Dec.	Dec. 1
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	Groton,	Holliston,	Hopkinton,

CITES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Hopkinton — Con	Dec. 13,* 1715	April 28, 1781 part annexed to Holliston. Mar. 8, 1808 part annexed to Upton. Mar. 27, 1835 part of Milford annexed, part annexed to Milford, and bounds between Hopkinton, Holliston, and Milford, Mar. 15, 1846 part included in the new town of Ashland. April 28, 1835 part of Ashland to be annexed when a certain sum is paid by Hopkinton. May 2, 1835 three hundred dollars paid by Hopkinton and at act in effect. May 16, 1907 bounds between Hopkinton and Milford established. May 16, 1907 bounds between Hopkinton and Milford Upton established.
Hudson,	Mar. 19, 1866	Parts of Marlborough and Stow. Mar. 20, 1868 part of Bolton annexed. May 1, 1905 bounds between Hudson and Berlin established. May 24, 1905 bounds between Hudson and Stow established.
Lexington, · · · ·	Mar. 20,* 1713	The North Precinct in Cambridge. April 19, 1754 part included in the new town of Lincoln. June 9, 1768 part annexed to Bedford. Jan. 20, 1809 part of Burlington annexed. Feb. 28, 1838 bounds between Lexington and Lincoln established. April 4, 1845 bounds between Lexington and Waltham located and defined.
Lincoln,	. April19, 1754	Parts of Concord, Lexington, and Weston. Feb. 28, 1858 bounds between Lincoln and Lexington established.

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Grotmon land. June 14,* 1715 bounds between Nashoba† and Groton established. Nov. 23,* 1725 parts of Chemsford and Concord annexed. Jan. 4,* 1739 part of Groton annexed. Feb. 27,* 1743 bounds between Littleton and Groton established. Feb. 29, 1783 part included in the new district of Boxborough. Feb. 29, 1784 bounds between Littleton and Boxel borough established. April 30, 1869 bounds between Littleton and Boxel Littleton and Boxel Boxborough established. June 14, 1906 bounds between Littleton and Boxel	Part of Chelmsford. Mar. 29, 1834 part of Tewksbury annexed. April 1, 1836 Lovell incorporated as a city. April 1, 1836 act of Incorporated as a city. April 11, 1836 act of Incorporated. May 18, 1874 parts of Chelmsford and Dracut annexed. June 8, 1874 part of Tewksbury annexed. June 23, 1874 act of May 18, 1874 accepted by Lowell. Aug. 1, 1874 the act took effect. April 1, 1879 part of Dracut annexed. May 17, 1888 part of Tewksbury annexed. May 17, 1888 part of Tewksbury annexed. May 17, 1889 part of Tewksbury annexed. May 17, 1889 part of Tewksbury annexed.	Part of Charlestown called Mystic Side. June 7,* 1726 part of Charlestown annexed. June 3,* 1727 part annexed to Reading. Dec. 2,* 1738 part of Malden annexed to Stoneham. Dec. 18, 1875 purt abnexed to Malden and Reading established. June 19, 1817 part annexed to Medford. May 3, 1850 part established as Melrose. Mar. 9, 1870 part established as Refrose. Mar. 9, 1870 part established as Revert. April 20, 1877 part of Medford annexed. Feb. 20, 1878 bounds between Malden and Medford established. Mar. 31, 1881 Malden incorporated as a city. June 9, 1881 act of incorporation accepted by the town. June 19, 1910 bounds between Malden and Medford stablished. Mar. 22, 1917 bounds between Malden and Medford annexed. Mar. 22, 1917 bounds between Malden and Medford changed and established.
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Dec.	Mar. 1, 1826	Мау
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Littleton,	LOWELL,	MALDEN,

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
MARLBOROUGH,	May 31,* 1660	Common land. May 15,* 1667 plat of Marlborrow confirmed. July 2,* 1706 certain common lands granded to Marlborough. Nov. 16,* 1716 a tract of land called Agranquamassec tonfirmed to Marlborough. Oct. 25,* 1717 Alcock's Farms granted to Marlborough. Nov. 18,* 1717 part established as Westborough. July 6,* 1727 part established as Southborough. July 11, 1738 bounds between Marlborough and Stow established. Mar. 16, 1738 part included in the new district of Berlin. Feb. 23, 1791 part of Framingham annexed. June 20, 1807 part annexed to Northborough and bounds established. Feb. 11, 1829 part annexed to Southborough and Bolton established. Mar. 24, 1843 part of Southborough annexed. Mar. 19, 1836 part included in the new town of Hudson. May 23, 1890 Marlborough incorporated as a city. July 14, 1890 act of Incorporation accepted by the town. May 16, 1901 bounds between Marlborough and Southborough established. May 1, 1896 bounds between Marlborough and Berlin established.
Maynard,	April 19, 1871	Parts of Sudbury and Stow.
Medford,	Sept. 28,* 1630	Common land. April 19, 1754 part of Charlestown annexed to Medford. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Charlestown. June 10, 1817 part of Malden annexed. April 30, 1850 part included in the new town of Winchester. April 20, 1875 part of Everett

annexed. April 20, 1877 part annexed to Malden. Feb. 20, 1878 bounds between Medford and Malden established. May 31, 1822 Medford incorporated as a city. Oct. 6, 1882 act of incorporation accepted by the town. June 10, 1910 bounds between Medford and Malden established and a part annexed to Malden den. Mar. 22, 1917 bounds between Medford and established.	Part of Malden. Mar. 15, 1853 part of Stoneham annexed. Mar. 27, 1895 bounds between Melrose and Stoneham located and defined. Mar. 18, 1859 Melrose incorporated as a city. May 8, 1899 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 9, 1906 bounds between Melrose and Wakefield changed and established.	Indian plantation at Natick mentioned. May 31* 1660 bounds of the plantation established. April 16* 1679 exchange of land made with Sherborn. May 30* 1673 the exchange of land made with Sherborn. May 30* 1673 the exchange of land with Sherborn ratified by the General Court. Oct. 18;* 1701 bounds between Natick and Dediana established. Feb. 25;* 1744 part of Nedram annexed. Feb. 23, 1762 the parish of Natick and Natick and Natick made a town. June 22, 1757 bounds between Natick and Needham established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 7, 1890 part of Sherborn annexed. April 26, 1850 bounds between Natick and Wayland established.	The town of Cambridge Village, sometimes called Little Cambridge. June 21, 1863 an island in Charles River annexed. April 23, 1838 part annexed to Roybury. April 16, 1849 part annexed to Waltham. June 2, 1873 Newton incorporated as a
	1850	1651	1691
	ຕ໌	14,*	15,*
	May 3, 1850	Oct. 14,* 1651	Dec. 15,* 1691
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	Melrose,	Natick, .	NEWTON,

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
NEWTON - Con.	Dec. 15,* 1691	city. Oct. 13, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 29, 1874 bounds between Newton and Boston established. May 5, 1875 part of Boston annexed. June 23, 1875 the act accepted by Newton. July 1, 1875 the act took effect. Mar. 29, 1888 bounds between Newton and Boston established. May 13, 1888 bounds between Newton and Boston established. May 28, 1907 bounds between Newton and Boston established. Mar. 29,
Newtowne,	July 26,* 1631	Common land. Mar. 6,* 1632 bounds between "Charles-Towne and Newtowne" established. April 7,* 1835 bounds between Newtowne and Waterrown, and between Newtowne and Materiown, and between Newtowne and Boxbury established. May 2,* 1638 name changed to Cambridge.
North Reading,	Mar. 22, 1858	Part of Reading. May 27, 1857 bounds between North Reading and Lynnifeld established and part of each town annexed to the other town provided the act is accepted by both towns. Jan. 7, 1858 the act accepted by North Reading. (Accepted by Lynnifeld Nov. 3, 1857.) Mar. 2, 1904 bounds between North Reading and North Andover established. April 22, 1994 bounds between North bounds between North Reading and Andover established.
Pepperell,	. April 12, 1753	The second precluct of Groton made the district of "Pepper- rell," Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 3, 1863 part annexed to Groton. May 18, 1857 part of Gro- ton annexed.

May 29,* 1644 Part of Lynn. May 29,* 1644 bounds between Reading and Woburn established. Oct. 14* 1651 land granted to Reading June 3,* 1727 part of Malden annexed. Sept. 25,* 1730 part he cluded in the new town of Wilmington. Dec. 21,* 1734 part annexed to Stoneham. April 5,* 1730 bounds between Reading and Stoneham established. Dec. 18, 1753 bounds between Reading and Malden established. Peb. 25, 1812 First or South Parish of Reading and established as South Reading. June 16, 1813 part of South Reading annexed. Mar. 22, 1833 part established as North Reading. April 10, 1834 bounds between Reading and Lynnfield established. May 2, 1805 bounds between Reading and Lynnfield established.	Common land. April 16,* 1679 exchange of land made with the plantation of Natck. May 26,* 1673 the exchange ratified by plantation of Natck. May 27,* 1634 the grant of Oct. 7,* 1674 and the name Sherborne, then given, confirmed. July 11,* 1700 part annexed to Franingham. June 16,* 1710 bounds between Sherborn and Franingham established. Dec. 3,* 1724 part established as Holliston. Mar. 3, 1729 bounds between Sherburne and Medway established. Feb. 7, 1829 part annexed to Natick. May 8, 1822 the name of the town of Sherburne [sie] changed to Sherburne.	Part of Groton established as the district of Shirley. Jan. 25, 1775 the district made a town by general are. Feb. 6, 1788 part of Groton annexed. Mar. 3, 1846 bounds between Shirley and Lunenburg established. April 25, 1848 bounds between Shirley and Lunenburg established. April 25, 1848 bounds between Shirley and Lunenburg established. Reb. 14, 1871 part included in the new town of Ayer.	+ See the extinct town of Sherburn. The spelling of the town name is given in each instance as found in
1644	7,* 1674	1753	The
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May	Oct.	Jan. 5, 1753	Sherb
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Reading,	Sherborn,†	Shirley,	See the
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	, si	First 1 in Retthe filther therein as Es	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Somerville, .		Mar.	Mar. 3, 1842	Part of Charlestown. April 30, 1836 bounds between Somerville and Cambridge established and part of each place amexed to the other place. April 29, 1832 bounds between Somerville and Cambridge established and part of each place annexed to the other place. April 14, 1871 Somerville Incorporated as a city. April 27, 1871 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 4, 1891 bounds between Somerville and Boston established. Mar. 16, 1910 bounds between Somerville and Arlington established.
South Reading, .		Feb.	Feb. 25, 1812	Part of Reading. June 16, 1813 part annexed to Reading. April 5, 1856 part of Stoneham annexed. Feb. 25, 1868 name changed to Wakefield. June 30, 1868 the act took effect.
Stoneham,	•	Dec.	Dec. 17,* 1725	Part of Charlestown. Dec. 21,* 1734 part of Malden annexed. Dec. 21,* 1734 part of Reading annexed. April 5,* 1754 bounds between Stoneham and Reading established. Mar. 15, 1833 part annexed to Melrose. April 5, 1856 part annexed to South Reading. Mar. 13, 1889 part annexed to Wakefield. Mar. 27, 1886 bounds between Stoneham and Melrose located and defined. April 29, 1895 part of Woburn annexed to Stoneham.
Stow,	•	Мау	May 16,* 1683	The plantation between Concord and Lancaster called Pompositicut. April 12,* 1717 bounds between Stow and Concord

E E	Sept. 4,* 1639 part belonded in the new town of Harard. Feb. 25, 1732 part included in the new town of Harard. Feb. 25, 1733 part included in the new town of Harborough. July 1773 bart included in the new town of Harborough established. Mar. 13, 1866 part included in the new town of Hudson. April 19, 1871 part included in the new town of Hudson. April 1950 bounds between Stow and Hudson established. April 1951 part included in the new town of Hudson. April 1951 bounds between Stow and Hudson established. June 13,* 1701 bounds between Suddbury and Framingham established. June 18,* 1721 certain farms annexed. Dec. 29,* 1730 part annexed to Stow. April 19, 1730 part established. June 19,* 1721 certain farms annexed. Dec. 29,* East Sudbury. April 19, 1871 part included in the new town of Maynard. Dec. 17,* 1734 Part of Billerica. Mar. 29, 1834 part annexed to Lowell. June 5, 1874 part annexed to Lowell. May 71, 1885 part annexed to Lowell. May 71, 1885 part annexed to Lowell. May 17, 1885 part annexed to Lowell. May 17, 1885 part annexed to Lowell. May 17, 1885 part annexed to Lowell. Hum 22, 1875 part included in the new town of Ashby.
rt. 4,* 163 c. 17,* 173 ne 29,* 173	Sept. 4,* 163 Dec. 17,* 173

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Continued.

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From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	Name changed from South Reading. June 30, 1868 the act took effect. April 2, 1870 bounds between Wakefield and Lynnield established. Mar. 13, 1889 part of Stoneham annexed. May 9, 1906 bounds between Wakefield and Melrose changed and established.	Part of Watertown. June 4, 1755 part of Cambridge annexed. June 25, 1766 bounds between Waltham and Weston established. April 16, 1849 part of Newton annexed. Mar. 18, 1859 part included in the new town of Belmont. June 2, 1884 Waltham incorporated as a city. July 16, 1884 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 4, 1856 bounds between Waltham and Lexington located and defined.	"The town upon Charles River." Sept. 25,* 1634 part of New Towne to revert to Watertown, "if Mr. Hooker and his congregation shall remove hence." A pril 7* 1635 bounds between Watertown. Concord, and Dedham established. Mar. 13,* 1639 bounds between Watertown, Concord, and Dedham established. Mar. 13,* 1639 bounds between Watertown and Cambridge established. May 22,* 1639 bounds between Watertown and Sudbury established. May 13,* 1651 bounds between Watertown and Sudbury established. May 13,* 1651 bounds between Watertown and Sudbury established. Jay 13,* 1651 bounds between Watertown and Concord established. Jan 14,* 1712 part established as Weston. Jan. 4,* 1738 part established as
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rirst mentioned in Records of the State, or herein recorded as Established	25, 18	4,* 1738	7,* 16
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Feb. 25, 1868	Jan.	Sept. 7,* 1630
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	,	· ,	wn,
Сит	Wakefield, .	ЖА ГТНАМ, .	Watertown,

						Waitham. April 19, 1754 bounds between Watertown and Cambridge established. April 7, 1855 part annexed to Gambridge. Mar. 18, 1859 part included in the new town of Belmont. Mar. 10, 1885 part annexed to Cambridge. Mar. 9, 1886 part annexed to Cambridge. Mar. 9, 1886 pounds between Watertown and Cambridge established and part of each place annexed to the other. May 23, 1803 bounds between Waterrown and Belmont established. April 29, 1911 bounds between Waterrown and Belmont established.	
Wayland,		<u></u>	Mar. 11, 1835	11, 18	835	Name changed from Bast Sudbury. April 26, 1850 bounds be. tween Wayland and Natick established.	
West Cambridge,	•	•	Feb. 27, 1807	1, 1,	<u></u>	Part of Cambridge. Feb. 25, 18t2 part of Charlestown annexed. April 30, 1850 part included in the new town of Winchester. Mar. 18, 1859 part included in the new town of Belmont. Jan. 31, 1861 bounds between West Cambridge and Belmont established. Feb. 25, 1862 part of Cambridge annexed. April 13, 1877 name changed to Arlington. April 30, 1867 the act took effect.	
Westford,			Sept. 23,* 1729	3,* 1.	652	Part of Chelmsford. Sept. 10,* 1730 part of Groton annexed.	
Weston,		-	Jan. 1,* 1713	1,*1	213	The West Precinct of Watertown. April 19, 1754 part included in the new town of Lincoln. June 25, 1766 bounds between Weston and Waltham established.	
Wilmington, .		•	Sept. 25,* 1730	25,* 1	730	Parts of Reading and Woburn. June 13,* 1733 part of Billerica annexed. Dec. 27, 1757 bounds between Wilmington and Billerica established.	
Winchester, .	•	•	April 30, 1850	30, 1	850	Parts of Medford, West Cambridge, and Woburn. May 12, 1873 part annexed to Woburn.	
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
WOBURN,	Sept. 27,* 1642	Charlestowne Village. May 29,* 1644 bounds between Woburn and Reading established. Oct. 19,* 1664 two thousand acres of land granted to Woburn. Oct. 19,* 1666 bounds between Woburn and Billerica established. Oct. 12,* 1669 bounds between Woburn and Billerica established. Sept. 29,* 1730 part included in the new town of Whimington. July 28,* 1741 bounds between Woburn and Billerica established. Feb. 28, 1739 part established as Rurlington. April 30, 1830 part of Winchester annexed. May 12, 1835 part of Winchester annexed. May 12, 1885 part of May 28, 1888 part of May 12, 1888 part of May 18, 1888 volum incorporated as a city. May 29, 1888 act of woburn annexed to Stoneham.
N.	ANTUCKET CO	NANTUCKET COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 22, 1695.
Nantucket,	June 8, 1795	Name changed from Sherburn.
Sherburn,	June 27,* 1687	Common land. — -, 1692 the Island of Nantucket granted to the Province of Massachusetts Bay. June 8, 1713 the Island of Tuckannock granted to Nantucket [sic]. June 8, 1795 name changed to Nantucket.

NORFOLK COUNTY. INCORPORATED MARCH 26, 1793.

Ανοα,		•	Feb. 21, 1888	388 P.	Part of Stoughton. April 16, 1889 parts of Holbrook and Rundolph annexed.
Bellingham, .	•	•	Nov. 27,* 1719		Parts of Dedham, Mendon, and Wrentham. April 11,*1735 bounds between Bellingtam and Wrentham established. 'Feb. 23, 1832 bounds between Bellingham and Franklin established. Mar.7, 1872 bounds between Bellingham and Mendon established.
Braintree,	•		May 13,* 1640	4	Land belonging to Boston called Mount Woollaston. May 30,* 1712 Blue Hill lands divided between Braintere and Milton. 172 Blue Hill lands divided between Braintere and Milton. 173; part established as Randolph. June 22, 181 certain estates in Braintere re-amouxed to Randolph. April 24, 1856 part annexed to Quiney. Mar. 11, 1963 bounds between Braintree and Holbrook established.
Brookline,	•	•	Nov. 13,* 1705	50.	Part of Boston called Muddy River. Feb. 22, 1835 bounds be- kween Brookline and Boston confirmed. Feb. 24, 1844 part of Roxbury annexed. June 18, 1879 part annexed to Boston. Nov. 4, 1870 the act accepted by Boston. April 27, 1872 bounds between Brookline and Boston established. May 8, 1874 part annexed to Boston. May 27, 1890 bounds between Brookline and Boston established. April 13, 1894 bounds between Brook- line and Boston established. Mar. 28, 1907 bounds between Brookline and Avevion established.
Canton,		•	Feb. 23, 1757		Part of Stoughton. Mar. 31, 1847 part annexed to Stoughton. Mar. 24, 1899 bounds between Canton and Sharon established.

See page 97.]

NORFOLK COUNTY - Continued.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	Part of Hingham established as the district of Cohasset. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 14, 1823 part of Scituate annexed. Mar. 20, 1840 bounds between Cohasset and Scituate established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 30, 1837 bounds between Cohasset, Hingham, and Scituate established.	Common land. May 16,* 1638 bounds between Dedham and Dovresteer established. May 17,* 1638 bounds between Dedham and Dovrlester established. Aug. 20,* 1638 bounds between Dedham and Dorchester established. Aug. 20,* 1638 bounds between Dedham and Waterbown established. May 22,* 1639 bounds between Dedham and Materbown established. Oct. 15,* 1649 land granted for a village. May 22,* 1650 part established as Medical. Oct. 14,* 1651 bounds confirmed. May 12,* 1655 bounds between Dedham and Natic setablished. Oct. 15,* 1711 part established as Needham. Aug. 22,* 1712 bounds between Dedham and Natic setablished. Nov. 5,* 1714 bounds between Dedham and Needham established. Nov. 7,* 1734 part included in the new town of Bellingham. Dec. 10,* 1734 part established as Wahpole. April 25,* 1738 part of Stoughton annexed. Dec. 11,* 1738 bounds between Dedham and Stoughton annexed. Dec. 11,* 1738 bounds between Dedham and Stoughton established. June 7,* 1784 part established. June 7,* 1784 part established.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	April 26, 1770	Sept. 8,* 1636
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CTHES AND TOWNS.	•	•
S AN	•	•
Crrrs	Cohasset,	Dedham,
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as the district of Dover. Mar. 7,1791 bounds between Dedham and Dover Statblished. June 21, 1811 part re-annexed to Walpole. June 17, 1831 part annexed to Dorchester. April 21, 1832 part annexed to Dorchester. April 30, 1832 the act accepted by West Roxbury. April 30, 1832 the act accepted by West Roxbury. April 30, 1832 part annexed to Walpole. July 4, 1838 \$400 paid by West Roxbury to Dedham, and act of April 21, 1832 in effect. April 22, 1888 bounds fixed in the new town of Hyde Park. May 1, 1868 bounds fixed in the act of April 22, 1868 changed. Feb. 23, 1872 part included in the new town of Norwood. April 2, 1837 part established as Westwood.	Sept. 7,* 1630 Common land called Mattapan. Mar. 4,* 1635 Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester. Mar. 28, 1636 bounds established. May IT,* 1638 bounds between Dorchester and Dedham established. June 2,* 1644. "Squantums Neek and Mennens Moone" annexed. Nov. 12,* 1639 one thousand acres of common land granted to Dorchester. May 7,* 1632 part established as Stoughton. June 7,* 1739 part of Dedham annexed. Feb. 22, 1732 part annexed to Quincy. Mar. 5, 1849 part annexed to Roston. Feb. 10, 1844 part annexed to Quincy. Feb. 12, 1839 part annexed to Quincy Feb. 11, 1839 bounds between Dorchester and Quincy established. June 17, 1831 part of Detham annexed. May 2, 1835 part annexed to Guincy established. June 17, 1831 part of Detham annexed to Boston. May 2, 1835 part annexed to Guincy established. June 1, 1838 part included in the new town of Hyde Park. May 1, 1838 act of April 22, 1838 amended and bounds changed. June 4, 1839 Dorchester annexed to Boston if this act is accepted by both places. Junexed 1899 act accepted by both. Jan. 3, 1870 the act took effect.
	Sept. 7,* 1630
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	:
•	Dorchester, .

CITIES AND TOWNS.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Dover,	•	July 7, 1784	Part of Dedham established as the district of Dover. Mar. 7, 1791 bounds between the district of Dover and Dedham established. Mar. 31, 1836 the district made a town. May 2, 1836 the act accepted by the district. Feb. 2, 1872 bounds between Dover and Walpole established. May 27, 1803 bounds between Dover and Medifeld established. May 27, 1904 bounds between Dover and Medifeld established.
Foxborough,	•	June 10, 1778	Parts of Scoughton, Stoughtonham, Walpole, and Wrentham. Mar. 12, 178 parts of Sharon and Stoughton annexed and bounds established. Feb. 3, 1819 bounds between Foxborough and Wrentham established. Feb. 7, 183 part of Wrentham annexed. Jan. 30, 183 bounds between Foxborough and Sharon established, and part of each town annexed to the other fown. Mar. 25, 1833 part annexed to Walpole. Mar. 25, 1834 part annexed to Walpole. Feb. 28, 1859 part of Sharon annexed. May 23, 1938 bounds between Foxborough and Nor- folk, and Walpole established.
Franklin,		Mar. 2, 1778	Part of Wrentham. June 25, 1792 part of Medway annexed. Nov. 13, 1792 bounds between Franklin and Medway established. Feb. 23, 1832 bounds between Franklin and Bellingham, and Medway established. Mar. 13, 1839 bounds between Franklin and Medway established and part annexed to Medway. Feb. 23, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk.

Holbrook,			•	Feb.	6	1872	Feb. 29, 1872 Part of Randolph. April 16, 1889 part annexed to Avon. Mar. 11, 1903 bounds between Holbrook and Braintree established.	
Hyde Park, .			•	April 22, 1868	ei 3	8981	Parts of Dedham, Dorchester, and Milton. May 1, 1868 the act amended and bounds changed. April 1, 1898 bounds between live Park and Boston established May 24, 1911 (amended June 22, 1911) annexed to Boston If the act is accepted by both places. Nov. 7, 1911 the act accepted by both, and took effect.	
Medfield,			•	May 22,* 1650	* 81	1650	Part of Dedham. May 22,* 1651 Medifield granted the privileges of a town. May 28,* 1659 land granted to Medifiel. Oct. 24,* 1713 part established as Medway. May 27, 1963 bounds between Medifield and Dover, Norfolk and Walpole established.	,
Medway,	•		•	Oct.	24,* 1718	817.1	Part of Medifeld. Nov. 28,* 1749 part of Wrentham annexed. Mar. 3, 1729 bounds between Medway and Sherborn established. June 25, 1729 part annexed to Franklin. Nov. 13, 1739 bounds between Medway and Franklin established. Mar. 3, 1829 bounds between Medway and Holliston established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 23, 1832 bounds between Medway and Franklin established. Mar. 13, 1839 part of Franklin annexed and bounds established. Mar. 13, 1839 part of Franklin annexed and bounds established. Feb. 28, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk. Feb. 24, 1885 part established as Millis.	•
MIIIIs,				Feb. 24, 1885	, 15	1885	Part of Medway.	
Milton,				May	7,* 1662	1662	Part of Dorchester called Uncataquissett. May 30,* 1712 Blue Hill lands divided between Milton and Braintree. April 22, 1888 part included in the new town of Hyde Park. May 1, 1885 the art a mended and bounds established. April 16, 1885 bounds between Milton and Quincy established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	

NORFOLK COUNTY - Continued.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	Part of Dedham. Aug. 22,* 1/712 bounds between Needham and Dedham established. Nov. 3,* 1/74 bounds between Needham and Dedham established. Feb. 25,* 1/74 part annexed to Natick. June 22, 1/73 bounds between Needham and Natick established and part of each town annexed to the other town. A pril 6, 1881 part established as Wellesley.	Parts of Franklin, Medway, Walpole, and Wrentham. April 19, 1871 bounds between Norfolk and Wrentham established. May 23, 1903 bounds between Norfolk and Foxborough established. May 27, 1903 bounds between Norfolk and Medifeld established.	Feb. 23, 1872 Parts of Dedham and Walpolc.	April 4, 1905 Part of Wrentham.	Part of Braintree established as Quincy, and part of that part of Dorchestor called "Squantum and the Farms" annexed. Feb. 12, 1819 part of "Squantum and the Farms" annexed. Feb. 12, 1819 part of Dorchester annexed. Feb. 21, 1829 bounds between Quincy and Dorchester established, and part of Squantum annexed. May 2, 1855 part of Squantum annexed. April 18, 1850 part of Squantum annexed. April 18, 1851 bounds between Quincy and Milton established and part of each town
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Nov. 6,* 1711	Feb. 23, 1870	Feb. 23, 1872	April 4, 1905	Feb. 23, 1792
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Needbam,	Norfolk,	Norwood,	Plainville,	Quincr,

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annexed to the other town. May 17, 1888 Quincy incorporated as a city. June 11, 1888 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	art of Braintree. June 22, 1811 certain estates in Braintree reannexed. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Randolph and Abington established. Feb. 29, 1872 part established as Holbrook. April 16, 1889 part annexed to Avon.	Boston established. April 7** 1633 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 7** 1635 bounds between Koxbury and Roxbury. May 2** 1635 certain lands grande to Roxbury. May 2** 1635 certain lands granded to Roxbury. May 16** 1638 bounds between Roxbury and Dedham established. Oct. 7** 1641 bounds between Roxbury and Dedham established. Oct. 7** 1641 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 9** 1857 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 9** 1857 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 9** 1857 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 9** 1857 bounds between Roxbury and and Boston established. April 2** 1857 bart of Newton annexed to Brookine. Mar. 15** 1846 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 3** 1850 part annexed to Boston and bounds established. May 3** 1851 part established as West Roxbury. April 3** 1860 part annexed to Boston and bounds established. May Roxbury. May 8** 1850 the act accepted by Roxbury. May 8** 1850 the act accepted by Boston. June 1, 1867 Roxbury. May 8** 1850 the act accepted by Boston. June 1, 1867 Roxbury annexed to Boston and bounds established. June 1, 1867 Roxbury. May 8** 1850 the act accepted by Boston. June 1, 1867 Roxbury. May 8** 1850 the act accepted by Botton. June 1, 1867 Roxbury annexed to Boston if this act is accepted by both cities. Spit* 3** 1867 the act accepted by both. Jun. 5** 1868 the act tock effect.
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Quing ation	tates i Rando blishe	da bed da bed tain la tain la ain la ain la ain la betwee da betweet da da betweet da da da betweet da da d
7, 1888 orpor	ain es ween t esta 1.	nds be bounds be bounds be bounds be between the bounds be cert be
May 1 of inc	11 cert ds bet 72 par	* 1635 * 1635 * 1635 * 1635 * 1635 * 1635 * 1637 * 173, 18 * 1837 * 1
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her to 11, 188	June 1, 1861 Feb. t anne	dar. 4, dec. A dec. A dec. A dec. Cor. 6, * 16. Oct. Oct. Cor. 12, * 16. Oct. Annual dara a decen Hown. Cor. 12, * 16. Oct. A decen Hown. Cor. 12, * 16. Oct. A decen Hown. Cor. 12, * 16. Oct. Cor. 12, * 16.
the ot June	tree. Mar. 2 shed. 89 parl	d. Mublished Town Roxb May 1 ished. May 1 ished. ablished. ablishe
xed to	Brain ked. stablis 16, 18	mmon land. Boston establia and Newe To rranted to Ro Rokbury. Boston establishes Boston establishes Rox bury. Ma an establishe Boston establishe Boston establishe Rox bury. Rox Boston establishe and Boston establishe Rox Boston establishe and Boston establishe Rox Boston establishe and Boston establishe Rox Boston establishe Boston es
anne as a town	Part of Braintree. June 22, 1811 certain estates in Braintree reannexed. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Randolph and Abington established. Feb. 29, 1872 part established as Holbrook. April 16, 1889 part annexed to Avon.	Common land. Mar. 4,* 1633 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April, 7,* 1635 bounds between Roxbury and Newe Towne established. May 25,* 1636 certain lands granded to Roxbury. May 18,* 1638 certain lands granted to Roxbury. May 16,* 1638 bounds between Roxbury and Dedham established. Oct. 7,* 1641 bounds between Roxbury and Dedham established. Oct. 7,* 1641 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 31, 3137 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 31, 337 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 31, 3137 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 31, 3137 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 31, 3137 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 31, 3137 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. May and bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. May and bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. May annexed to Boston and bounds established. May annexed to Boston and bounds established as Woxbury. May 8, 1890 the act accepted by both cities. April 16, 1890 the act accepted by both cities. April 16, 1890 the act accepted by both cities. April 16, 1890 the social succepted by 1867 the act accepted by 1867 Roxbury. May 8, 1867 the act accepted by 1867, the act accepted by 1868, the act accepted by 1868, the act accepted by 1867, the act accepted by 1868, the act accepted by 1867, the act accepted by 1868, the a
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	Mar. 9, 1793	Sept. 28,* 1630
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	Randolph, .	Roxbury,
	Ran	Rox

NORFOLK COUNTY - Continued.

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Feb. 8, 1798 part annexed to Bridgewater. Mar. 31, 1847 part of Canton annexed. Mar. 36, 1884 part annexed to Sharon. Feb. 21, 1888 part established as Avon.	Part of Stoughton established as the district of Stoughtonham. Aug. 23, 175 he district nade a town by general act. June 10, 1778 part included in the new town of Foxborough. Feb. 25, 1783 name changed to Sharon.	Part of Dedham. Nov. 25, 1752 part of Stoughton annexed. Mar. 30, 1753 part of Stoughton annexed. June 13, 1753 part of Stoughton annexed. June 13, 1753 part of Stoughton annexed. June 14, 1753 part of Stoughton annexed. June 14, 1753 part of Stoughton annexed. June 16, 1811 part of Sharon annexed. June 21, 1811 part of Sharon annexed. June 21, 1811 part of Sharon annexed. Mar. 25, 1833 part of Foxborough annexed. April 30, 1852 part of Poplan annexed. Feb. 23, 1879 part included in the new town of Norrolk. Feb. 25, 1872 part included in the new town of Norrolk. Feb. 25, 1872 part included in the new town of Norrolk. Feb. 25, 1872 part included in the new town of Norrolk. Feb. 25, 1872 part of Sharon annexed. May 25, 1903 bounds between Walpole and Foxborough established. May 2, 1903 bounds between Walpole and Addivid established. May 12, 1904 bounds between Walpole and Dover established. May 12, 1904 bounds between Walpole and Dover established.	Part of Needham.	Part of Roxbury. April 21, 1852 part of Dedham annexed upon payment of \$400 by West Roxbury. April 36, 1822 the act accepted by West Roxbury. July 4, 1838 \$400 paid by West Roxbury to Dedham, and the act in effect. April 2, 1870 bounds between West Roxbury and Eoston established. April 12, 1872
	1765	1724	188	1851
	11,	10,*	6,	42
	June 21, 1765	Dec. 10,* 1724	April 6, 1881	May 24, 1851
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	oughtonham,	alpole,	ellesley,	est Roxbury,

see page 97.]

NORFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	part (Mount Hope Cemetery) annexed to Boston. May 29, 1873 West Roxbury annexed to Boston if the act is accepted by both places. Oct. 7, 1873 the act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1874 the act took effect.	Part of Dedham.	The plantation of Wessaguscus. Sept. 3,* 1635 bounds between Weymouth and Hingham established. Mar. 9,* 1637 Round Island and Grape Island granted to Weymouth. Mar. 31, 1847 bounds between Weymouth and Abington established.	Common land. Nov. 27,* 1719 part included in the new town of Bellingham. April 11,* 1735 bounds between Wrentham and Bellingham established. Nov. 28,* 1749 part annexed. Mar. 2, 1778 part established as Frinklin. June 10, 1778 part included in the new town of Foxborough. Feb. 3, 1819 bounds between Wrentham and Foxborough. Feb. 3, 1819 bounds between Wrentham and Attleborough established. Peb. 18, 1830 bounds between Wrentham and Attleborough established and part of Attleborough annexed. Feb. 7, 1831 part annexed to Foxborough. Feb. 33, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk. April 13, 1871 bounds between Wrentham and Norfolk established.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	. May 24, 1851	April 2, 1897	Sept. 2,* 1635	Oct. 15,* 1673
CITIES AND TOWNS.	West Roxbury Con.	Westwood,	Weymouth,	Wrentham,

PLYMOUTH COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

Part of Bridgewater and certain lands adjoining. June 14,* 1727 part included in the new rown of Hanover. Mar. 31, 1847 bounds between Abington and Weymouth established. 21, 1881 bounds between Abington and Randolph established. Mar. 21, 1881 bounds between Abington and Hingham established. Mar. 21, 1874 part established as Rockland. Mar. 4, 1875 part included in the new town of South Abington.	Part of Duxbury called the New Plantation. June 3,* 1662 cerfain lands grauted to Bridgewater. Feb. 11,* 1691 lands between Bridgewater and Weymouth, called Foord's Farms, and lands adjoining, amexed. June 16,* 1721 part notided in the new town of Abington. Nov. 26, 1770 part of Stoughton an exed. Feb. 8, 1788 part of Stoughton annexed. June 15, 1821 part established as North Bridgewater. Feb. 16, 1822 part established as West Bridgewater. June 14, 1823 part established water established. Bridgewater and East Bridgewater established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	North Bridgewater authorized to change its name. May 5, 1874 Brockton adopted as the name. April 3, 1875 part annexed to South Abington, and parts of East Bridgewater and South Abington annexed. April 9, 1881 Brockton incorporated as a city. May 23, 1881 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 8, 1838 part of West Bridgewater annexed to brockton the act is accepted by Brockton. Nov. 7, 1833 act accepted by Brockton. Mar. 1, 1894 act of May 8, 1833 took full effect.
0,* 1712	3,* 1656	8, 1874
June 10,* 1712	June 3,* 1656	Mar. 28, 1874
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	tter,	ż
Abington,	Bridgewater,	Вкосктом,
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PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Carver,	•	June 9, 1790	Part of Plympton. Feb. S. 1735 bounds between Carver and Plympton established. Jan. 29, 1827 part annexed to Wareham. Mar. 24, 1849 bounds between Carver and Middleborough established. May 16, 1901 bounds between Carver and Wareham established.
Duxbury,	•	June 7,* 1637	Common land. Mar. 2,* 1641 bounds established. June 3,* 1656 part called the New Plantation established as Bridgewater. Mar. 2,* 1658 Namassakeeset amnexed. Mar. 5,* 166 certain lands granted to Duxbury and Marshifeld. July 5,* 1670 bounds between Duxbury and "the Major's Purchase" established. June 5,* 1675 bounds established. Feb. 23,* 1853 bounds between Duxbury and Marshifeld established. Mar. 21,* 1712 bounds between Duxbury and Marshifeld established. Mar. 21,* 1713 bounds between Duxbury and Marshifeld established. April 14, 1857 part annexed to Kingston.
East Bridgewater, .	•	June 14, 1823	Part of Bridgewater. Feb. 23, 1838 bounds between East Bridgewater and Bridgewater established. Mar. 20, 1846 part of Bridgewater annexed and bounds established. April 11, 1857 part of Halfax annexed and bounds established. Mar. 4, 1875 part included in the new town of South Abington. April 24, 1875 part annexed to Brockton.
Halifax,	•	. July 4,* 1734	Parts of Middleborough, Pembroke, and Plympton. Feb. 20, 1824 part of Bridgewater annexed. Mar. 16, 1831 part of Plymp-

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ton annexed. April 11, 1857 part annexed to East Bridgewater and bounds established. Feb. 6, 1833 bounds between Halifax and Plympton established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	Parts of Abington and Scituate. Mar. 6, 1835 bounds between Hanover and Pembroke established. May 15, 1857 bounds between Hanover and South Scituate established. Feb. 11, 1875 bounds between Hanover and South Scituate established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 23, 1878 bounds between Hanover and Rockland established and part of each town an exact of each town and Rockland established and born of each town and recover and Rockland established and bounds between Hanover and Pembroke established.	Part of Pembroke. April 3, 1903 bounds between Hanson and Pembroke established.	Common land called Barccove. Sept. 3,* 1635 bounds between Hingham and Weynouth established. May 13,* 1640 land at Conlineset granted to Hingham. April 95, 1750 part established as the district of Colusset. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Hingham and Abington established. April 30, 1877 bounds between Hingham, Cohasset, Norwell, and Scituate established.	The plantation called "Nantascot." May 26,* 1647 Hull is mentioned as a town. June 12,* 1663 Brewster Islands granted to Hull.	Part of Plymouth called the north precinct (including small parts of Duxbury, Pembroke and Plympton). April 14, 1857 part of Duxbury annexed.	Part of Middleborough. June 1, 1867 bounds between Lakeville and Taunton established.
	1727	1820	1635	1644	9521	853
	14,*	21	*:	* 66	16,*	
	June 14,* 1727	Feb. 22, 1820	Sept. 2,* 1635	May 29,* 1644	June 16,* 1726	May 13, 1853
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	•		•			
	Hanover,	Hanson,	Hingham,	Hull, .	Kingston,	Lakeville, .
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PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Continued.

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From what Established or Incorporated. Change of Boundary. Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	Part of Rochester. April 8, 1853 bounds between Marion and Rochester established. Feb. 18, 1859 bounds between Marion and Wareham established. Feb. 13, 1846 bounds between Marion and Wareham established. April 23, 1897 bounds between Marion and Wareham established. Mar. 1, 1909 bounds between Marion and Wareham established.	Name changed from Rexhame though not recorded. Mar. 7,* 1643 bounds established. Mar. 5,* 1661 certain lands granted to Marshfield and Duxbury. Feb. 23,* 1683 bounds between Marshfield and Duxbury established. Mar. 21,* 1712 par included in the new fown of Tembroke. Nov. 8, 1782 bounds between Marshfield and Setuate established. Mar. 10, 1789 part of Sciunte annexed. June 14, 1813 bounds between Marshfield and Duxbury established. May 11, 1857 bounds between Marshfield and Scituate established.	Part of Rochester.	Common land called Namasaakett. Sept. 28,* 1680 certain lands at Assowamsett Neck and pluces adjacent granted to Middle-borougt. July 4,* 1734 part included in the new town of Hall. fax. Dec. 11,* 128, part annexed to Plympton. Mar. 24, 1849 bounds between Middleborough and Carver established. May 13, 183 part established as Lakeville.
First mentioned in Records of the States the States as Established or Incorporated.	May 14, 1852	Mar. 1,* 1642	May 20, 1857	June 1,* 1669
First me in Rectific the St. the St. therein as Esta or Incor	May 1	Mar.	May	June
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	ou,	hûel	apoi	lleho
	Marion,	Marshfield, .	Mattapoisett,	Middlehorough,

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June 15, 1821 Part of Bridgewater, Jan. 26, 1825 bounds between North Bridgewater and West Bridgewater established. Mar. 28, 1874 name authorized to be changed. May 5, 1874 Brockton adopted as the name.	South Scituate authorized to change its name. Mar. 5, 1888 Norwell adopted as the name. April 30, 1897 bounds between Norwell and Hingham established.	Part of Duxbury called Mattakeeset, a tract of land known as the Major's Purchase, and the land called Marsheld upper lands at Mattakeeset. July 4,* 1734 part included in the new town of Halffax. Feb. 22, 1820 part established as Hanson. Mar. 6, 1835 bounds between Penbroke and Hanover established. April 23, 1835 bounds between Penbroke and Hanover established. A April 3, 1903 bounds between Penbroke and Hanover son established.	Common land. June 7,* 1670 the bounds between Plymouth and Santtwich established. Jan. 18,* 1653 othered to be recorded. June 4,* 1777 part established as Plympton. June 16,* 1739 part called the north precinct (including small parts of Duxbury, Pembroke and Plympton, e-tablished as Kingston. July 10,* 1739 part included in the new town of Warcham. Jan. 20, 1827 part annexed to Warcham.	Part of Plymouth. July 4,* 1734 part included in the new town of Halifax. Doe. 11,* 1735 part of Middlebocough amexed. June 9, 1730 part established as Carver. Feb. 8, 1735 hounds between Plympton and Carver established. Mar. 16, 1831 part annexed to Halifax. Feb. 6, 1863 bounds between Plympton and Halifax established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
1821	1888	1712	1620	1707
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June	Feb. 27, 1888	Mar. 21,* 1712		June 4,* 1707
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North Bridgewater, .	•	•	•	
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Вти	±.	oke,	nth,	ton,
rth	Norwell,	Pembroke, .	Plymouth,	Plympton,
No.	Non	Pet	Ply	Ply

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	a Z	Pown	zi.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or theorporated.	lrst mentioned in Records of the State, or herein recorde as Established r theorporated	ing state of the s	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorpora- tion as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Rezhame,				Mar. 2, v 1611	21		Common land called Green's Harbour. May, 2,* 1641 Rexhame is In the list of places for which constables were closen. June 1,* 1641 Rexhame is mendoned in a list of towns; the name then disappears from the records, and the town afterward became Marshifeld.
Rochester, .				June 4,* 1686	*	1636	Common land called Shplean. June 11,* 1714 hounds between Backrester and Tiverton established. July 10,* 1739 part included in the new town of Warcham. April 8, 1836 part amexed to Fabricace and Marchaman April 8, 1836 part established. May 14, 1832 part established. Marton established. May 29, 1857 part established as Mattapolished. April 29, 1857 part established as Mattapolished. April 29, 1864 hounds between Rochester and Marcham established. Feb. 15, 1866 bounds between Rochester and Marcham established. June 3, 1887 bounds between Rochester and and Warrelum established.
Rockland, .				Mar. 9, 1874	eî .	57.2	Part of Abington. Mar. 23, 1878 bounds between Rockland and Hanover established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
Selfuate, .				. July 1, 1633		633	Common land. Oct. 4.* 1636 the town of Seitunte authorized to dispose of lands. Nov. 30,* 1640 land granted to Seitunte. Mar. 7,* 1648 bounds established. June 44, 7427 part Included in the new town of Hanover. Nov. 8, 782 bounds between

Parts of Abington and East Bridgewater. April 24, 1875 part annexed to Brockton, and part of Brockton annexed. Mar. 5, 1886 South Abington authorized to change its name. May 3, 1886 name changed to Whitman.	Part of Scituate. May 15, 1857 bounds between South Scituate and Hanover established. Feb. 11, 1878 bounds between South Scituate and Hanover established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 27, 1888 South Scituate authoritzed to change its name. Mar. 5, 1885 name changed to Norwell.	Part of Rochester and a plantation in Plymouth called Aga-wam. Jan. 29, 1827 parts of Carver and Plymouth amexed. Feb. 18,1829 bounds between Warchem and Marion established. April 20, 1844 bounds between Warcham and Rochester established. Feb. 13, 1865 bounds between Warcham and Marion established. Feb. 15, 1875 bounds between Warcham and Rochester established. April 14, 1887 bounds between Warcham and Rochester established. April 14, 1887 bounds between Warcham and Rochester established. April 18, 1897 bounds between Warcham and Marion established. April 23, 1887 bounds between Warcham and Marion established. May 16, 1991 bounds between Warcham and Aarcham and Carver established. May 1, 1999 bounds between Warcham and Aarcham and Aarcham established.
1875	1849	1739
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Mar.	Feb.	July 10,* 1739
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h Abi	h Sci	sham
Sout	Souti	Warcham,
	South Abington, Mar. 4, 1875 Parts of Abington and East Bridgewater. April 24, 1875 pannoxed to Brocklon, and part of Brockton annexed. Mar. 1886 South Abington audiorized to change its name. May 1886 name changed to Whitman.	Mar. 4, 1875 P Feb. 14, 1849 P.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
West Bridgewater,	Feb. 16, 1822	Part of Bridgewater. Jan. 26, 1825 bounds between West Bridgewater and North Bridgewater established. May 8, 1838 part of West Bridgewater annexed to Brockton if the act is accepted by Brockton. Nov. 7, 1838 act accepted by Brockton ton. Mar. 1, 1834 act of May 8, 1838 took full effect.
Whitman,	Mar. 5, 1886	Mar. 5, 1886 South Abington authorized to change its name. May 3, 1886 name changed to Whitman.

SUFFOLK COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643.

Boston, .	•	Sept.	7,* 1630	Common land called Tri-mountain, Nov.7,* 1632." ordered that
				the neck of land betwirt Fowder Horne Hill and Pullen Poynte shall belong to Boston." Mar. 4.* 1633 bounds between
				Boston and Roxbury established. May 14,* 1634" Boston shall
				have convenient enlargement at Mount Wooliston," to be
				reported to the next general court. Sept 3,* 1634 "ordered
				that Wynetsemit shall belong to Boston." Sept. 25,* 1634
			_	Mount Wooliston and Rumney Marshe annexed. Mar. 4,* 1635

Nov. 4, 1870 the act accepted by Boston. April 12, 1872 part of West Roxbury (Mount Hope Cemetery) annexed. April 27,

tt shall be used for charitable purposes. Mar. 16, 1886 bounds be-kween Boston and Roxbury established. April 19, 1837 bounds between Boston and Roxbury established. May 3, 1860 part of Roxbury annexed and bounds established. May 2,1, 1855 part of Deer, Hog, Long, and Spectacle Islands granted to Boston. July 8,* 1635 bounds between Boston and Charlestown estab. town and Boston and Dorchester established. Mar. 9,* 1637 Noddle's Island annexed. May 13,* 1640 "Mount Woollaston" established as Braintree. Oct. 7,* 1641 bounds between Boston and Roxbury, at Muddy River, established. Oct 7,* 1641 bounds between Boston and Cambridge established. Nov. 13,* 10,* 1739 part called Winnissimet, Runney Marsh, and Pullen Point (excepting Noddle's Island and Hog Island) established as Chelsea. Mar. 6, 1804 part of Dorchester annexed. Feb. 23, 1822 Boston incorporated as a city. Mar. 4, 1822 act of incorporation accepted by the town. Feb. 22, 1825 bounds between Boston and Brookline established. Mar. 25, 1834 Thompson's Island set off from Dorchester and annexed to Boston while of Dorchester annexed. April 3, 1860 part of Roxbury annexed and bounds established If the act is accepted by both ethes. April 16, 1860 the art accepted by Roxbury. May 8, 1860 the act accepted by Boston. June 1, 1867 Roxbury annexed if the act is accepted by both cities. Sept. 9, 1867 the act accepted by both. Jau. 5, 1868 the act took effect. June 4, 1869 Dorchester annexed if the act is accepted by both places. June 22, 1869 the act accepted by both. Jan. 3, 1870 the act took effect. April 2, 1870 bounds between Boston and West Roxbury established. June 18, 1879 part of Brookline annexed. lished. Mar. 28,* 1636 bounds between Boston and Charles. 1705 part called Muddy River established as Brookline. Jan.

SUFFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
BOSTON — Con	Sept. 7,* 1630	1872 bounds between Boston and Brookline established. May 14, 1873 Charlestown annexed if the act is accepted by both cities. May 24, 1873 Brighton annexed if the act is accepted by both places. May 24, 1873 West Roxbury annexed if the act both places. May 24, 1873 West Roxbury annexed if the act accepted by both places. Of the act of annexation accepted by Boston, Charlestown, Brighton, and West Roxbury book effect. May 2, 1874 bounds between Boston and Newton established. May 2, 1874 bounds between Newton. June 23, 1875 the act accepted by Newton. July 1, 1875 bounds between Boston and Somerville established. April 13, 1874 bounds between Boston and Cambridge established. May 13, 1885 bounds between Boston and Newton established. April 18, 1900 certain land in the Charlestown district ceded to the United States. Mar. 29, 1910 (annexed July 1, 1874 canned July 1, 1874 bounds between Boston and Cambridge established. April 18, 1910 certain land in the Charlestown district ceded to the United States. Mar. 29, 1910 (annexed July 1, 1911) Hyde Park annexed If the act is accepted by both places. Nov. 7, 1911 the act accepted by both,

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Jan. 19,* 1739 Part of Boston called Winnissimet, Runner Marsh, and Pullen Point excepting Noddie's Island and Hog Island, Feb. 22, 1841 part annexed to Saugus. Mar. 19, 1846 part established as North Chelsea. Mar. 13, 1857 Chelsea incorporated as a city. Mar. 23, 1857 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	Part of Chelsea. Mar. 27, 1832 part established as Winthrop. Mar. 24, 1871 name changed to Revere if accepted within ninety days. April 3, 1871 the act accepted.	North Chelsea authorized to change its name. April 3, 1871 name changed to Revere. June 19, 1914 Revere incorporated as a city. Nov. 3, 1914 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	Part of North Chelsea.	WORCESTER COUNTY. INCORPORATED APRIL 2, 1731.	The plantation of Dorchester-Canada. Mar. 6,1767 part included in the new town of Ashly. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Nov. 16, 1792 part annexed to Ashly. Feb. 16, 1815 part of Gardner annexed. Jan. 28, 1824 part of Westminster annexed.	The plantation called Payquage. Oct. 15, 1788 part included in the district of Orange. Oct. 20, 1786 part included in the new town of Gerry. Feb. 26, 1789 part annexed to Royalston. Mar. 7, 1808 part annexed to Royalston. Feb. 28, 1806 part of Gerry
1739	Mar. 19, 1846	1871	Mar. 27, 1852	R CC	Feb. 22, 1765	1762
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Энегѕва,	North Chelsea,	REVERE,	Winthrop,		Ashburnham,	Athol,

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorpora- tion as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Athol-Con	. Mar. 6, 1762	annexed. Feb. 7, 1816 part of Orange annexed. June 11, 1829 certain common lands known as Little Grant annexed. Feb. 5, 1830 part of New Salem annexed. Mar. 16, 1837 part of New Salem annexed.
Auburn,	Feb. 17, 1837	Name changed from Ward. May 24, 1851 part annexed to Millbury. Mar. 27, 1908 bounds between Auburn and Oxford established.
Barre,	Nov. 7, 1776	Name changed from Hutchinson.
Berlin,	Mar. 16, 1784	Parts of Bolton and Marlborough established as the district of Berlin. Feb. 8, 159) part of Lancaster annexed to the district of Berlin. Feb. 15, 1806 bounds between Berlin and Northborough established and part of each fown annexed to the other fown. Feb. 6, 1812 the district of Berlin made the town of Berlin. May 1, 1905 bounds between Berlin and Marlborough; Berlin and Hudson; and Berlin and Chinon established.
Blackstone,	Mar. 25, 1845	Part of Mendon. May 1, 1916, part established as Millville.
Bolton,	June 24,* 1738	Part of Lancaster. Mar. 16, 1784 part included in the new district of Berlin. Feb. 11, 1838 part of Marlborough annexed. Mar. 16, 1838 bounds between Bolton and Marlborough established. Mar. 20, 1868 part annexed to Hudson.

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Mar. 1, 1786 Partof Shrewsbury. Jan. 30, 1808 part included in the new town of West Boylston. Feel. 10, 1820 part annexed to West Boylston. Ston. June 71, 1829 part annexed to West Boylston. May 2, 1905 bounds between Boylston and West Boylston established.	Common land called Quobauge. Nov. 12,* 1718 Brookfield invested with the privileges of a town. Dec. 3,* 1719 bounds established. Sept. 11,* 1730 bounds between Brookfield and Leicester established. Jan. 16,* 1742 part included in the new town of Western. June 10, 1749 bounds between Brookfield and New Braintree established and part of each town amexed to the other town. Mar. 8, 1729 bounds between Brookfield and New Braintree established and part of each town amexed to the other town. Feb. 28, 1812 part annexed to Mar. 8, 1854 part of the other lown. Feb. 28, 1812 part established as North Brookfield. April 15, 1854 part of North Brookfield annexed. Mar. 18, 1910 bounds between Brookfield and West Brookfield established. May 13, 1910 bounds between Brookfield and West Brookfield established.	Part of Oxford established as the district of Charlton. (An act passed Nov. 21, 1754 establishing the town appears to have been considered as void.) June 3, 1757 lands called "The Gore" annexed. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 5, 1789 part annexed to Oxford. June 26, 1792 part annexed to Surubridge. Feb. 23, 1899 part annexed to Oxford. Feb. 15, 1816 part hielded in the new town of Southbridge. Feb. 11, 1907 bounds between Charlton and Oxford established. Feb. 11, 1907 bounds between Charlton and Southbridge established.	May 1, 1905 bounds between Clinton and
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1786	Oct. 15,* 1673	1755	Mar. 14, 1850
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Boylston,	Brookfield, .	Charlton,	on,
Boy	Вгос	Char	Olinton,

CITIES AND TOWNS.	WNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Dana,		Feb. 18, 1801	Parts of Greenwich, Hardwick, and Petersham. Feb. 12, 1803 bounds between Dana and Petersham established. June 14, 1811 bounds between Dana and Greenwich established. Feb. 4, 1842 parts of Hardwick and Petersham annexed. April 10, 1882 bounds between Dana and Petersham established. May 4, 1911 bounds between Dana and Greenwich established.
Donglas,		June 5,* 1746	Name changed from New Sherburn, Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Douglas and Webster established. April 25, 1864 bounds between Douglas and Uxbridge established. May 16, 1967 bounds between Douglas and Sutton established.
Dudley,		Feb. 2, 1732	Part of Oxford and certain common lands. June 25, 1734 part of a gore of common land known as Middlesex Gore annexed. Feb. 15, 1816 part included in the new town of Southbridge. Feb. 23, 1822 part annexed to Southbridge. Mar. 6, 1832 part included in the new town of Webster. Feb. 11, 1907 bounds between Dudley and Southbridge established.
Fітсивика,	•	Feb. 3, 1764	Part of Lunenburg. Mar. 6, 1767 part included in the new town of Ashby. Feb. 25, 1738 certain common lands amnexed. Feb. 27, 1736 part annexed to Westminster. Feb. 16, 1813 part annexed to Westminster. Feb. 16, 1813 part annexed to Westminster.

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Mar. 8, 1872 Futchburg incorporated as a city. April 8, 1872 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	Parts of Ashburnham, Templeton, Westminster, and Winchendon. Mar. 2, 175 part annexed to Winchendon. Feb. 25, 179 part of Winchendon annexed. Feb. 16, 1815 part annexed to Ashburnham. May 24, 1851 part of Winchendon annexed. A pril 17, 1908 hounds between Garduter and Winchendon satishished. A pril 17, 1908 bounds between Garduter and Winchendon established. A pril 17, 1908 bounds between Garduter and Westminster established.	Parts of Athol and Templeton. Feb 2, 1789 bounds between Gerry and Templeton established. Feb. 26, 1789 part annexed to Royarlston. Feb. 28, 1866 part annexed to Athol. Feb. 5, 1814 name changed to Phillipston.	The plantation of Hassanamisco. June 10,* 1737 part of Sutton annexed. Jan. 9,* 1742 parts of Sutton and Shrewsbury annexed. June 4, 1825 certain common lands annexed. Mar. 3, 1826 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Mar. 3, 1842 part of Sutton annexed. Feb. 11, 1997 bounds between Grafton and Worcester established. Feb., 11, 1997 bounds between Grafton and Worcester bury established. Feb., 11, 1997 bounds between Grafton and Shrewsbury established. Feb. 11, 1997 bounds between Grafton and Westborough established.	The plantation called Lambstown. Jan. 31,* 1751 part of Hard. Wick and the precinct of New Braintree made a district. June 9, 1756 bounds between Hardwick and Greenwich established. Feb. 1, 1765 part amexed to Hardwick. Feb. 18, 1801 part in cluded in the new town of Dans. June of 1,181 part of New Braintree amexed. Feb. 7, 183 certain common hands amexed. Feb. 6, 183 certain common hands amexed. Feb. 6, 183 certain common land called Hardwick Gore annexed. Feb. 4, 1842 part annexed to Dana.
	1785	1786	1735	1739
	6	90,	118,*	10,*
	June 27, 1785	Oct. 20, 1786	April 18,* 1735	Jan. 10,* 1739
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	Gardner,	Gerry, .	Grafton,	Hardwick,

red of From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporaled tion as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.	Parts of Groton, Lancaster, and Stow. Feb. 25, 1789 part included in the new district of Boxborough. June 14, 1996 bounds between Harvard and Littleton established. June 14, 1996 bounds between Harvard and Boxborough established.	Part of Worcester called North Worcester. Mar. 27, 1793 bounds between Holden and Paxton established. Feb. 13, 1894 part annexed to Paxton. Jan. 30, 1808 part included in the new town of West Boylston. Mar. 19, 1831 part of Paxton annexed. April 9, 1835 part annexed to Paxton. Mar. 18, 1906 bounds between Holden and Paxton established.	886 Part of Milford.	Part of Rutland established as the district of Hubbardston. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 16, 1810 part annexed to Princeton.	Rutland district. Nov. 7, 1776 name changed to Barre.	Common land called Nashaway. May 14* 1654 granted full liberties of a township. Oct. 11,*1672 bounds established. May 7,* 1673 given privileges of a town. June 5* 1713 additional lands granted to Lancaster. Dec. 2,* 1720 certain bounds established. June 17* 1721 certain bounds established.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	June 29,* 1732	Jan. 9,* 1,41	April 7, 1886	June 13, 1767	June 17, 1774	May 18,* 1653
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CITIES AND TOWNS.		•	•	ston,	on,	ř,
Citie	Harvard,	Holden,	Hopedale,	Hubbardston,	Hutchinson,	Lancaster, .

29 * 1732 part included in the new town of Harvard. June 24,* 1738 part established as Leoninster. Sept. 17, 1762 part annexed to Shrewsbury. Feb. 27, 1758 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Feb. 25, 1759 part of shrewsbury. April 25, 1751 part annexed to Shrewsbury. April 25, 1751 part established as Stering. Feb. 3, 1791 part annexed to Berlin. Mar. 12, 173 belonds between Lancaster and Stering established. Mar. 7, 1857 part annexed to Stering and hounds established. Mar. 7, 1857 part annexed to Stering and hounds established. Mar. 7, 1857 part annexed to Stering and hounds established. Mar. 7, 1867 part annexed to Stering and hounds established. Mar. 7, 1867 part annexed to Stering and bounds established between Lancaster and Leonington established. A pril 21, 1908 bounds between Lancaster and Sterling established.	Common land called Towtaid. June 19,* 1714 bounds established. June 14,* 1722 Leicester granted the privileges of a town. Sept. 11,* 1730 bounds between Leicester and Brooklield established. A pril 12, 1733 part made the district of Spencer. June 2, 1738 part annewed to Worcester. Feb. 12, 1765 part included in the new district of Paxon. April 19, 1733 parish set off from Leicester and other towns established as Ward.	Part of Lancaster. April 13, 1838 part of certain common land called No Town amexed. May 7, 1906 bounds between Leonninster and Lancaster established. May 13, 1915 Leonninster incorporated as a city. Nov. 2, 1915 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	The south part of Turkey IIII. June 30,* 1732 239 acres granted to Lunenburg. April (** 1733 fel acres granted to Lunenburg. Feb. 3, 1764) part established as Fitchburg. Mar. 3, 1846 bounds between Lunenburg and Shirley established. April 25, 1848 bounds between Lunenburg and Shirley established.
	Feb. 15,* 1713	June 23,* 1740	Aug. 1,* 1728
	Feb.	June	Aug.
	•	•	•
	•	•	•
	•	•	•
	٠ ئ	утек	ırg,
	elcester,	EOMINSTER,	anenburg,
	eic	03,	u a

See page 97.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	<u>2</u>	WNS.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded	oned s of or	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorpora- tion as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
				as Established or Incorporated.	shed rated.	
Mendon, .	•	•	•	May 15,* 1667,		The township of Qunshapage. May 20, * 1639 certain lands granted to Mendon. June 29, * 1710 certain lands annexed. June 1, * 174 purchase of land from the Indians in 1691 confirmed. Nov. 22, * 1719 part included in the new town of Rellingham. June
						1.4. L2. Duff established as Unbridge. June 14, 1.73b part included in the new town of Upton. April 19, 1734 bounds between Mendon and Uxbridge established. April 19, 1754 part of Uxbridge annexed. April 1, 1759 part established as Milford. Mar. 25, 1855 part established as Milford. Mar. 25, 1855 part established as Riackstone. Mar. 7, 1872 bounds between Mendon and Bellingham established.
Milford, .	•	•	•	April II,	1780	April 11, 1780 Part of Mendon. Mar. 27, 1835 bounds between Milford, Holliston, and the parts of Holliston and Hopkincan established, and parts of Holliston and Hopkin. April 1, 1889 bounds between Milford and Holliston established. April 7, 1886 part established as Hopedale. May 16, 1907 bounds between Milford and Holliston established. May 16, 1907 bounds between Milford and Hopkingon established. May 16, 1907 bounds between Milford and Hopkingon established. May
Millbury, .	•	•	•	June 11, 1813	1813	Part of Sutton. May 24, 1851 part of Auburn annexed. Feb. 11, 1907 bounds between Millbury and Oxford established. May 16, 1907 bounds between Millbury and Sutton established.
Millville, .	•	٠	•	May 1,	1916	. May 1, 1916 Part of Blackstone.

Jan. 31,*1751 Common land called New Braintree and part of the town of Hardwick setublished as district. April 17,*1751 the district given the name of New Braintree. April 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 10, 1791 bounds between New Braintree and Brookfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 8, 179 bounds between New Braintree and Brookfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. June 10, 1844 part annexed to Jierdwick. April 34, 1911 bounds between New Braintree and Worth Brookfield established. April 24, 1911 bounds between New Braintree and West Brookfield established.	District of New Sherburn incorporated. June 4,* 1746 certain estates set off from New Sherburn to Uxbridge. June 5,* 1746 name changed to Douglas.	Part of Westborough established as the district of North- borough. Apr. 23, 175 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 15, 1806 bounds between Northborough and Berlin established and part of each town annexed to the other town. June 20, 1807 part of Marlborough annexed and bounds estab- lished.	Part of Uxbridge established as the district of Northbridge. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. April 20, 1780 part of Sutton annexed. Feb. 17, 1801 part of Sutton annexed. June 15, 1831 part annexed to Sutton. Mar. 7, 1837 bounds between Northbridge and Sutton established. Mar. 16, 1844 part of Sutton annexed. A pril 30, 1856 bounds between Northbridge and Uxbridge established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 17, 1908 bounds between Northbridge and Uxbridge established.
1751	1745	1766	1772
,1°	14,	24,	14,
Jan.	Mar. 14,* 1745	Jan. 24, 1766	July 14, 1772
•		•	
•	•	•	•
		•	
New Braintree, .	New Sherburn,	Northborough,	ge,
Brah	sherb	boro	brid
iew]	Tew !	orth	Northbridge,
Z	4	Z	2

	First mentioned in Records of	
CITIES AND TOWNS.	the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
North Brookfield,	Feb. 28, 1812	Part of Brookfield. April 15, 1854 part annexed to Brookfield. Mar. 18, 1910 bounds between North Brookfield actubilished. April 24, 1911 bounds between North Brookfield and West Brookfield established. April 24, 1911 bounds between North Brookfield and New Braintree established.
Oakham,	June 7, 1762	Part of Rutland established as the district of Oakham. Aug. 23, I775 the district made a town by general act.
Oxford,	May 31,* 1663	Common land. Dec. 8* 1731 certain lands annexed. Feb. 2,* 1722 part included in the new town of Duddey. Nov. 22,* 1734 eertain lands annexed. Nov. 21, 1754 part established as the district of Charlton. April 10, 1778 a partise of from Oxford and other towns established as Ward. Jun. 5, 1739 part of Charlton annexed. Feb. 18, 1733 part of Sutton annexed. Feb. 18, 1739 part of Sutton annexed. Feb. 18, 1739 part of Sutton annexed. Feb. 18, 1739 part of Sutton annexed. Nar. 5, 1839 part included in the new town of Webser. Mar. 22, 1838 the Oxford Morth Gore annexed. Feb. 11, 1977 bounds between Oxford and Charlton established. Feb. 11, 1975 bounds between Oxford and Auburn established. Mar. 27, 1908 bounds between Oxford and Auburn established.
Paxton,	Feb. 12, 1765	Parts of Leicester and Rutland established as the district of Paxton. July 14, 172 part of Rutland adjudged to belong to the district of Paxton. Augr. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Mar. 27, 1783 bounds between Paxton and

Holden established. Feb. 13, 184 part of Holden annexed. Feb. 20, 1829 bounds between Paxton and Rutand established. Mar. 19, 1831 part annexed to Holden. April 9, 1838 part of Holden annexed. May 24, 1851 part of Rutland annexed. Mar. 13, 1906 bounds between Paxton and Holden established.	The plantation called Nichewoag. Aug. 23, 1756 certain lands annexed. Feb. 18, 1891 part included in the new town of Dana. Feb. 19, 1803 bounds between Petersham and Dana established. Feb. 4, 1842 part annexed to Dana. April 10, 1882 bounds between Petersham and Dana established.	Name changed from Gerry. Mar. 29, 1837 bounds between Phillipston and Royalston established. April 5, 1892 part annexed to Templeton. April 17, 1908 bounds between Phillipston and Templeton established.	Part of Rutland and certain common lands adjacent established as the district of Princeton. April 24, 177 the district and all lands adjacent not belonging to any town or district established as the town. Mar. 6, 1773 all lands which did not belong to Princeton when it was a district are set of a flow were before the passage of the acc of April 24, 1771. Feb. 16, 1810 part for the passage of the acc of April 24, 1771. Feb. 16, 1810 part lands of No Town annexed. April 24, 1878 part of the common lands of No Town annexed. April 22, 1870 part of Westminster annexed.	Common land called Royalshire. June 17, 1780 part annexed to Winehendon. Oct. 15, 1783 part included in the new district of Orange. Feb. 26, 1739 parts of Athol and Gerry annexed. Mar. 7, 1803 part of Athol annexed. Mar. 29, 1837 bounds between Royalston and Phillipston established.
	1754	1814	1759	1765
	120,	ć,	20,	19,
	. April 20, 1754	Feb. 5, 1814	Oct. 20, 1759	Feb. 19,
	•	•	•	•
	•		•	
	•	•	•	
	Petersham, .	Phillipston,	Princeton, .	Royalston, .

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Rutland,	Fcb. 23,* 1714	Common land called Naquag. Dec. 1,* 1715 original grant of Rutland confirmed. June 18,*1722 Rutland granted the privi- leges that other towns enjoy. April 12, 1752 part established as the Rutland district. Oct. 20, 1759 part and certain common lands adjacent established as the district of Princeton. June 7, 1762 part established as the district of Princeton. June 7, 1762 part established as the district of Oakham. Peb. 12, 1765 part included in the new town of Paxton. June 13, 1767 part established as Hubbardston. July 14, 1722 part adjudged to belong to Paxton. Feb. 20, 1829 bounds between Rutland and Paxton established. May 24, 1851 part annexed to Paxton.
Rutland, District of,	. April 12, 1753	Part of Rutland. June 17, 1774 Rutland District established as Hutchinson.
Shrewsbury,	Dec. 6,* 1720	Common land. Aug. 16,* 1722 Shrewsbury is mentioned in the list of fronter towns. Dec. 19,* 1723 Shrewsbury endowed with equal powers with any other town in the province. Jan. 9,* 1722 part annexed of Grafton. Jan. 8, 1762 part annexed for Grafton. Jan. 8, 1762 part annexed to Washorough. Sept. 17, 1762 part of Lancaster annexed. Reb. 27, 1768 part annexed. Mar. 1, 1768 part ester annexed. Mar. 1, 1768 part ester shows a 1748 part annexed to Grafton. Reb. 11, 1807 part ester annexed to Grafton. Feb. 11, 1807 bounds between Shrewsbury and Westborough. Mar. 3, 1829 part annexed to Grafton. Feb. 11, 1807 bounds between Shrewsbury and Grafton established.

Southborough, July 6,*1727 Part of Marlborough, Mar. 7, 1835 bounds between Southborough and Warlborough and Marlborough and Charlton established. Sterling, April 12, 1753 Part of Letecster established as two by general act. Sterling, April 25, 1781 Part of Lancaster stablished. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. April 6, 1899 part and Southbridge established. April 6, 1899 part and Southbridge established. April 6, 1899 part and Southbridge established. Mark 1878 certain farms and both beneved 1878 part and Southbridge established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Southbridge established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Southbridge established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Southbridge established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Southbridge established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Southbridge established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Southbridge established. April 21, 1908 bounds be	Country	, 0,	ana	10ano oj	TI accació		10
	Part of Marlborough. Mar.7,1786 part of Framingham annexed. Mar. 5, 1835 bounds between Southborough and Westborough established. Mar. 24, 1843 part annexed to Marlborough. May 16, 1991 bounds between Southborough and Marlborough established.	Parts of Chariton, Dudley, and Sturbridge. Feb. 23, 1822 part of Dudley annexed. April, 1839 part of Sturbridge annexed. May 4, 1871 bounds between Southbridge and Sturbridge established. Feb. 11, 1907 bounds between Southbridge and Chariton established. Iished. Feb. 11, 1807 bounds between Southbridge and Chariton estableshed. Established.	Part of Leicester established as the district of Spencer. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act.	Part of Lancaster. Mar. 12, 1793 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. Jan. 30, ISBS part included in the new fown of West Boylston. Mar. 7, ISB7 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. April 21, 1908 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established.	Ŏ	<u> </u>	
	1727	1816	1753	1781	1738	1714	
	*,	15,	112,	1 25,	*. 40		
	July	Feb.	Apri	Λpri	June	Oct.	
Southborough, Southbridge, Sterling, Sturbridge, Sturbridge,	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Southbridge, Spencer,	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Southborough, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Sturbridge,	•	•		•	•	•	
Southbrid Southbrid Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge	ugb,	ee,	.	•	• •	•	
South Spenc Spenc Sterli Sturb	bord	brid	er,	88 B	rldg	ď	
	South	South	Spen	Sterli	Sturb	Sutto	

WORCESTER COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Sutton — Con	•	Oct. 28,* 1714	part annexed to Grafton. Jan. 9,* 1742 part annexed to Grafton. Feb. 1,* 1749 certain bounds established. Aug. 30, 1757 certain land annexed. June 39, 1769 bounds between Sutton and Uxbridge established. April 10, 1778 a parish set off from Sutton and other towns established as Ward. April 20, 1789 part annexed to Northbridge. June 5, 1783 a certain gove of land annexed. Feb. 18, 1738 part annexed to Oxford. Feb. 17, 1801 part annexed to Northbridge. June 11, 1813 part established. Amar. 7, 1837 bounds between Sutton and Northbridge established. Mar. 3, 1832 part annexed to Grafton. Mar. 16, 1844 part annexed to Grafton. Mar. 16, 1844 part annexed to Grafton. Mar. 16, 1844 sutton and Mullbury established. May 16, 1907 bounds between Sutton and Millbury established. May 16, 1907 bounds between Sutton and Douglas established.
Templeton,	•	Mar. 6, 1762	The plantation called Narragansett Number Six. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Oct. 20, 1786 part included in the new town of Gerry. Feb. 2, 1789 bounds between Templeton and Gerry established. April 5, 1882 part of Phillipston annexed. April 17, 1908 bounds between Templeton and Phillipston established.
	•	June 14,* 1735	Parts of Hopkinton, Mendon, Sutton, and Uxbridge. Jan. 24, 1763 part annexed to Westborough. Mar. 8, 1808 part of Hop.

Dunta between Uxbritge and Stuton established. April 24, 1772 part established to Mendon. July 14, 1772 part established to Medical established to Northbridge. April 30, 1886 bounds between VXbridge and Northbridge established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 25, 1884 bounds between Subridge and Douglas established. April 17, 1908 bounds between Ween Uxbridge and Northbridge established.	nh.	٠,		*. ೬೪೪ ೪ ೯ ೯	1
Uxbridge and Northbridge established and part of each fown annexed to the other town. April 25, 1864 bounds between Uxbridge and Douglas established. April 17, 1908 bounds between tween Uxbridge and Northbridge established.	The parish set off from Leicester, Oxford, Sutton, and Worcester. Feb. 17, 1837 name changed to Auburn.	Name changed from Western.	Common land and parts of Dudley and Oxford. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Webster and Douglas established.	Part of Mariborough called Chauncy, and other lands. June 5,* 1728 part of Sutton annexed. June 3, 1762 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Jan. 24, 1763 part of Upton annexed. Jan. 24, 1763 part of Upton annexed. Jan. 24, 1759 part established as the district of Northborough. Mar. 2, 1739 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Mar. 5, 1835 bounds between Westborough and Southborough established. Feb. 11, 1907	
•		Mar. 13, 1834			
_ ci	110,	13,	6,	18,	
June 27,* 1727	April 10, 1778	Mar.	Mar. 6, 1832	Nov. 18,* 1717	
•	•	•	•	•	
•			•	•	
•			•	•	
•				gh,	
Uxbridge,	Ward, .	Warren,	Webster,	Westborough,	

WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

CHIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc., according to Records of the State.
Westborough-Con.	Nov. 18,* 1717	bounds between Westborough and Shrewsbury established. Feb. 11, 1907 bounds between Westborough and Grafton estab- lished.
West Boylston,	Jan. 30, 1808	Parts of Boylston, Holden, and Sterling. Feb. 10, 1820 part of Boylston annexed. June 17, 1820 part of Boylston annexed. May 2, 1965 bounds between West Boylston and Boylston established.
West Brookfield,	Mar. 3, 1848	Part of Brookfield. May 13, 1910 bounds between West Brook-field and Brookfield established. April 24, 1911 bounds between West Brookfield and New Braintree established.
Western,	Jan. 16,* 1742	Parts of Brimfield, Brookfield, and Kingsfield (now Palmer). Feb. 8, 1823 part annexed to Ware. Feb. 7, 1831 part annexed to Palmer. Mar. 13, 1834 name changed to Warren.
Westminster,	Oct. 20, 1759	The plantation called Narragansett Number Two established as the district of Westminster. April 26, 1770 the district made a town. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Feb. 27, 1786 part of Fitchburg annexed. Feb. 16, 1813 part of Fitchburg annexed. Feb. 16, 1813 part of Fitchburg annexed to Ashburnam. April 10, 1888 part of the common lands called No Town annexed. April 22, 1870 part annexed to Princeton. April 17, 1905 bounds between Westminster and Gardner established.

June 14, 1764 The plantation called Ipswich-Canada. June 17, 1780 part of Royalston annexed and the bounds of Winchendon extended to embrace all the lands on the north as far as the New Hampshire state line. June 27, 1785 part included in the new fown of Gardner. Mar. 2, 1787 part of activer annexed. Feb. 22, 1784 part annexed. Feb. 22, 1784 part annexed to Gardner. April 17, 1908 bounds between Winchendon and Gardner established.	The plantation called Quansigamond, June 14* 1722 Woreester granted the privileges of a town. Jan. 94* 1741 part called North Woreester established as Holden. April 5.* 1743 certain lands annexed. June 2, 1758 part of Leicester and other towns established as Ward. June 14, 1758 certain common lands sannexed. Mart. 2, 1858 Grafton Gore annexed. Feb. 29, 1848 Woreester incorporated as a city. Mar. 18, 188 act of incorporation accepted by the town. Feb. 11, 1967 bounds between Woreester and Grafton established.
June 14, 1764	Oct. 15,* 1684
•	•
•	
•	•
Winchendon,	Worcester,

[See page 97.]

CITIES IN THE COMMONWEALTH,*

WITH THE DATES OF THEIR INCORPORATION AND THEIR POPULATION.

NAME.	INCORPORATED AS CITY.	POPU- LATION, 1905. (State Census.)	POPU- LATION, 1910. (U. S. Census.)	POPU- LATION, 1915. (State Census.)
Boston,	Feb. 23, 1822	595,380	670,585	745,439
O 1	Mar. 23, 1836	37,627	43,697	37,200
Lowell,	. Apr. 1, 1836	94,889	106,294	107,978
Cambridge, .	. Mar. 17, 1846	97,434	104,839	108,822
New Bedford,	. Mar. 9, 1847	74,362	96,652	109,568
Worcester, .	. Feb. 29, 1848	128,135	145,986	162,697
Lynn,	. Apr. 10, 1850	77,042	89,336	95,803
Newburyport,	. May 24, 1851	14,675	14,949	15,311
Springfield, .	. Apr. 12, 1852	73,540	88,926	102,971
Lawrence, .	. Mar. 21, 1853	70,050	85,892	90,259
Fall River, .	. Apr. 12, 1854	105,762	119,295	124,791
Chelsea, .	. Mar. 13, 1857	37,289	32,452	43,426
Taunton, .	. May 11, 1864	30,967	34,259	36,161
Haverhill, .	. Mar. 10, 1869	37,830	44,115	49,450
Somerville, .	. Apr. 14, 1871	69,272	77,236	86,854
Fitchburg, .	. Mar. 8, 1872	33,021	37,826	39,656
Holyoke, .	. Apr. 7, 1873	49,934	57,730	60,816
Gloucester, .	. Apr. 28, 1873	26,011	24,398	24,478
Newton,	June 2, 1873	36,827	39,806	43,113
Malden, Brockton	. Mar. 31, 1881	38,037	44,404	48,907
Northampton,	. Apr. 9, 1881	47,794	56,878	62,288
Waltham, .	June 23, 1883	19,957	19,431	21,654
Quincy,	June 2, 1884 May 17, 1888	26,282	27,834	30,154
Woburn,	May 17, 1888 May 18, 1888	28,076 14,402	32,642 15,308	40,674
Pittsfield, .	T 7 1000	25,001	32,121	16,410
Chicopee.	A 10 1000	20,191	25,401	39,607 30,138
1.6 11 1 1	May 23, 1890	14,073	14,579	15,250
Medford, .	May 31, 1892	19,686	23,150	30,509
	June 11, 1892	29,111	33,484	37,718
Beverly,	Mar. 23, 1894	15,223	18,650	22,959
	Mar. 22, 1895	22,150	22,019	22,035
Melrose,	Mar. 18, 1899	14,295	15,715	16,880
A 4 4 1 . 7	June 17, 1914	12,702	16,215	18,480
D	June 19, 1914	12,659	18,219	25,178
T	May 13, 1915	14,297	17,580	17,646
D. L. J	May 8, 1916	13.098	15,721	18,625
Methuen	Apr. 17, 1917	8,676	11,448	14,007

^{*} For changes in boundaries from time to time, etc., see preceding tables.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

As established by Chapter 674 of the Acts of 1912, as amended by Chapter 226 of the General Acts of 1916.]

This table is furnished by courtesy of the Director of the Bureau of Statistics.

DISTRICT No. 1.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population, 1915.	CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population, 1915.
Berkshire County. Adams,	13,218 271 973 1,535 1,114 3,858 599 427 6,627	Franklin Co. — Con. Charlemont, Colrain, . Conway, Greenfield, Hawley, . Heath, . Leyden, . Monroe, . Rowe, .	977 1,829 1,220 12,618 427 383 344 296 424
Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington,	514 1,257 1,089 4,481 3,242 358 95	Hampden County. Blandford,	1,484 623 1,344 784
New Ashford, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond,	92 1,030 22,035 442 195 39,607 564	HOLYOKE, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield,	60,816 230 1,104 1,365 199 18,411
Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor, Franklin County.	564 524 1,862 1,901 327 275 1,277 3,981 375	Hampshire County. Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, Southampton, Westhampton, Worthington,	559 660 289 1,427 325 375 950 430 618
Ashfield, Buckland,	994 1,569	Total,	227,783

DISTRICT No. 2.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population, 1915.	CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population, 1915.
Franklin County. Bernardston,	790 2,739 1,168 951 779 7,925 1,782 292 1,278 477 38 1,118 4,555 30,138 1,939 670	Hampden Co. — Con. Springfield, West Springfield, Wilbraham, Hampshire County. Amherst, Belchertown, Easthampton, Enfield, Granby, Hadley, Hatfield, NORTHAMPTON, Pelham, South Hadley, Ware, Williamsburg,	102,971 11,339 2,521 5,558 2,062 9,845 806 8288 2,666 2,630 21,654 499 5,179 9,346 2,118
Ludlow,	6,251	Total,	245,044

DISTRICT No. 3.

Franklin County. New Salem, . Orange, . Hampden County Brimfield, . Holland, . Monson, Palmer, . Wales, . Hampshire County Greenwich, Prescott, . Middlesex County. Ashby Townsend, . Worcester County. Ashburnham.	625 5,379 934 159 5,004 9,468 337 - 426 299 - 922 1,812	Worcester Co. — Con. Barre, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Dudley, FITCHBURG, Gardner, Hardwick, Holden, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leicester, Leicester, Lunenburg, New Braintree, North Brookfield.	3,476 783 2,059 2,213 13,192 4,373 39,656 16,376 3,596 2,514 1,084 2,585 3,322 17,646 453 2,947
Ashburnham, Athol,	2,059 9,783	North Brookfield, Oakham,	2,947 527

DISTRICT No. 3 — Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population, 1915.	CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population,
Worcester Co. — Con. Oxford, Paxton, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Southbridge, Spencer,	3,476 471 727 390 800 862 1,895 14,217 5,994 1,403	Worcester Co. — Con. Sturbridge, Templeton, Warren, Webster, West Boylston, West Brookfield, Westminster, Winchendon, Total,	1,618 4,081 4,268 12,565 1,318 1,288 1,594 5,908

DISTRICT No. 4.

Worcester Auburn, Blackstone,* Douglas, Grafton, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford,.		unty.		3,281 3,679 2,179 6,250 2,663 933 13,684	Worcester Co. Con. Sutton, . Upton, . Uxbridge, . Westborough, . Worcester, . 162,697
Millbury, Millville,* Northbridge, Shrewsbury,	:	•	•	5,295 2,010 9,254 2,794	Middlesex County. Hopkinton, 2,475 Total, 232,905

DISTRICT No. 5.

			1		1				
Essex C	Cour	nty.		7.978	Middlesex Concord,	Co	— Co	n.	6.681
METHUEN,	•	•	•	14,007	Dracut, . Dunstable,			:	4,022 362
Middlesex	: Co	unty.	Į		Groton, .				2,333
				2,151	Hudson,				6,758
			.	2,779	Lincoln,				1,310
Bedford,		•	.	1,365	Littleton,		•	•	1,228
Billerica,	•	•		3,246 326	LOWELL,	•	•	•	107,978 6,770
Boxborough, Burlington,	•	•		751	Maynard, Pepperell,	•	•		2,839
Carlisle	•	•	.	490	Reading,	:	:	.	6,805
Chelmsford,	:	:		5,182	Shirley, .	:	:		2,251
			Į					- 1	

^{*} See note, page 222.

DISTRICT No. 5 - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Popu- lation, 1915.	Cities and Towns.	Population,
Middlesex Co. — Con. Stow, Tewksbury, Tyngsborough, Westford, Wilmington, WOBURN,	1,127 5,265 967 2,843 2,330 16,410	Worcester County. Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Northborough,	865 768 1,104 1,797 221,088

DISTRICT No. 6.

Essex Co	un	ty.		0 740	Essex Co	Con.		1 500
Amesbury,				8,543	Newbury, .			1,590
BEVERLY.			. 1	22,959	NEWBURYPORT,			15,311
T				11,177	Rockport			4,351
T				1,677	Rowley			1,481
Georgetown.		:		2,058	SALEM			37,200
GLOUCESTER.	•	:	:	24,478	Salisbury, .			1,717
Groveland.		•	- 1	2,377	Swampscott, .	•	- 1	7,345
TT114	•	•	.	1.879	Topsfield	•	•	1,173
	•	•	. 1	49,450	Wenham.	•	•	1,068
HAVERHILL, .						•	•	
Ipswich,				6,272	West Newbury,			1,529
Manchester.				2,945				
Marblehead.				7.606	Total, .			216,287
Merrimac,			.	2,101				

DISTRICT No. 7.

Essex Count Boxford, LAWRENCE, LYNN, Lynnfield, Middleton, Nahant, North Andover,	ty.	714 90,259 95,803 1,112 1,308 1,387 5,956	Essex Co. — Co. PEABODY,	:	18,625 10,226 1,292 226,682
North Andover,	•	5,950	Total,	•	220,002

DISTRICT No. 8.

CITIES AND	Town	s.	Population, 1915.	Cities an	рΤ	OWNS	3.	Population, 1915.
Middlesez Arlington, Belmont, CAMBRIDGE, Lexington, MEDFORD, MELROSE,		·. : : : :	14,889 8,081 108,822 5,538 30,509 16,880	Middlesex Stoneham, Wakefield, Watertown, Winchester, Total,	Co -	- Co	n.	7,489 12,781 16,515 10,005 231,509

DISTRICT No. 9.

Middlesex Everett, Malden, Somerville,	:	unty.	37,718 48,907 86,854	Suffolk CHELSEA, REVERE, Winthrop,	Cou	nty.	:	43,426 25,178 12,758
				Total,		•		254,841

DISTRICT No. 10.

Suffolk County. Boston, Ward 1, Ward 2, Ward 3, Ward 4,	23,776 41,904 21,016 18,585	Suffolk Co. — Con. Boston, Ward 5, . Ward 6, . Total,	77,573 37,250 220,104
Ward 3,	21,016		

DISTRICT No 11.

Suffolk County. Boston, Ward 7	35,084 38,317 30,533 27,799	Suffolk Co. — Con. Boston, Ward 16, Ward 22, Ward 23,	25,404 23,812 21,442
Ward 15,	26,225	Total,	228,616

DISTRICT No. 12.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population, 1915.	CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population,
Suffolk County.		Suffolk Co. — Con.	
Boston, Ward 9, . Ward 10, .	. 33,996	BOSTON, Ward 19	22,748
Ward 10, .	. 25,741	Ward 20	22,958
Ward 11, .	. 26,234	Ward 21,	26,499
Ward 12, .	. 29,416		
Ward 17, . Ward 18, .	. 25,853 25,877	Total,	239,322
	DISTRIC	CT No. 13.	' ,
Suffolk County.		Middlesex County.	Ī
Boston, Ward 25, .	. 16,401	Ashland,	2,005
	. 18,381	Framingham,	15,860
Norfolk County.		Holliston,	2,788
Bellingham,	. 1,953	MARLBOROUGH,	15,250
	. 33,490	Natick,	11,119
	. 999	Newton,	43,113
Franklin,	6,440	Sherborn,	1,696
Medfield,	3,648	Sudbury,	1,206
Medway,	2,846	WALTHAM,	30,154
Millis	1,442	Wayland,	2,033
Needham,	6,542	Weston,	2,342
Norfolk,	1,268		1
Plainville,	1,408	Worcester County.	
337 - 11 -	5,490	Southborough,	1,898
	6,439	Southborough,	
Wrentham	2,414	Total,	238,625
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DISTRIC	CT No. 14.	
Bristol County.	1	Norfolk Co Con.	1
Easton,	. 5.064	Westwood,	1.448
Laston,	. 0,002	Weymouth	13,969
Norfolk County.		mog mouth,	10,000
	. 2,164	Plymouth County.	1
Braintree	9,343	Abington,	5,646
a	5,623	BROCKTON	62,288
Dedham,	11.043	East Bridgewater,	3,689
Foxborough,	3,755	Rockland,	7.074
Holbrook,	2,948	West Bridgewater, .	2,741
	8,600	Whitman	7,520
Milton, Norwood,	10,977		1
Quincy,	40,674	Suffolk County.	1
			22,615
	. 4.734	Boston, Ward 24	
Sharon,	4,734 2,468 6,982	Boston, Ward 24, Total,	241,365

DISTRICT No. 15.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population, 1915.	CITIES AND TOWNS.	Population,
Bristol County.		Bristol Co Con.	
ATTLEBORO,	18,480	Seekonk,	2,767
Berkley,	985	Somerset,	3,377
Dighton,	2,499	Swansea,	2,558
FALL RIVER	124,791	TAUNTON,	36,161
Freetown,	1,663	Westport,	3,262
Mansfield,	5,772	• '	
North Attleborough, .	0,200	Plymouth County.	1
Norton	0 507	Lakeville,	1,491
Raynham,	1,810	· ·	ļ
Rehoboth	2,228	Total,	219,829

DISTRICT No. 16.

Barnstable Co	untu.			Nantucket (County.		
Barnstable, .		.	4,995	Nantucket			3,166
Bourne,			2,672		•	- 1	0,200
Brewster, .	:		783			- 1	
Chatham, .			1,667	Norfolk Co	nuntu	- 1	
Dennis	:		1,822	Cohasset, .			2,800
Eastham.		•	545	Conasset, .	•		2,000
Falmouth,	•		3,917				
Harwich, .	•	•	2,179	Plymouth C	Y to.		
Marken, .	•	•	263				9,381
Mashpee, .	•	•		Bridgewater, .		•	
Orleans,	•	•	1,166		•	•	1,701
Provincetown,	•	٠	4,295	Duxbury, .		•	1,921
Sandwich, .	•	•	1,500	Halifax,		•	638
Truro,	•	•	663	Hanover, .		•	2,666
Wellfleet, .	•	•	936				1,796
Yarmouth, .		•	1,415				5,264
							2,290
Bristol Cou	nty.			Kingston, .			2,580
Acushnet, .			2,387	Marion,			1,487
Dartmouth, .			5,330	Marshfield, .			1,725
Fairhaven, .			6,277	Mattapoisett,			1,352
NEW BEDFORD,			109,568	Middleborough	١, .		8,631
				Norwell, .			1,563
Dukes Cour	ıty.			Pembroke			1,337
Chilmark, .	٠.		288	Plymouth, .			12,926
Edgartown, .			1,276	Plympton, .			599
Gay Head			175	Rochester, .			1,160
Gosnold, .	·		155	Scituate		:	2,661
Oak Bluffs, .	:	:	1.245	Wareham, .		:	5,176
Tisbury, .	:	:	1,324		•	•	3,110
West Tisbury.	•	:	441	Total, .			230,104
,	•	•	1 111	10001,	•	•	200,101
			1 1	ł .			1

COUNCILLOR DISTRICTS.

[As established by Chapter 270, General Acts of 1916.]

This table is furnished by courtesy of the Director of the Bureau of Statistics.

- I.—The Cape and Plymouth, the Second and Third Bristol, the Plymouth, and the Norfolk and Plymouth Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 101,270; population, 510,847.
- Cape and Plymouth District. Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet and Yarmouth, in the county of Barnstable; Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Oak Bluffs, Tisbury and West Tisbury, in the county of Dukes; Nantucket, in the county of Nantucket; and Carver, Duxbury, Halifax, Hanson, Kingston, Pembroke, Plymouth and Plympton, in the county of Plymouth.
- Bristol Districts. Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Fall River, Freetown, New Bedford, Somerset, Swansea and Westport.
- Plymouth District. Bridgewater, Brockton, East Bridgewater, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Wareham and West Bridgewater.
- Norfolk and Plymouth District. Cohasset, Quiney and Weymouth, in the county of Norfolk; and Abington, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Marshfield, Norwell, Rockland, Scituate and Whitman, in the county of Plymouth.
- II. The First Bristol, the Norfolk, the Norfolk and Suffolk, and the Eighth and Ninth Suffolk Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 95,021; population, 417,639.
- Bristol District. Attleboro, Berkley, Dighton, Easton, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk and Taunton.
- Norfolk District. Avon, Braintree, Canton, Dedham, Dover, Fox-borough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood and Wrentham.
- Norfolk and Suffolk District. Brookline, in the county of Norfolk; Wards Nos. 25 and 26 of Boston, in the county of Suffolk; and Watertown, in the county of Middlesex.
- Suffolk Districts. Wards Nos. 16, 19, 21, 22, 23 and 24 of Boston.

- III. The Second, Third, Fourth, Sixth and Seventh Suffolk Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 96,264; population, 484,048.
- Suffolk Districts. Wards Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18 and 20 of Boston; and also Wards 1 and 2 of Cambridge, in the county of Middlesex.
- IV. The First and Fifth Suffolk, and the Second, Third and Fourth Middlesex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 103,140; population, 472,713.
- Suffolk Districts. Wards 1, 7 and 8 of Boston, and Chelsea, Revere and Winthrop.
- Middlesex Districts. Belmont, Wards Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of Cambridge, Everett, Malden, Melrose and Somerville.
- V. The First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Essex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 93,381; population, 428,446.
- Essex Districts. Amesbury, Andover, Beverly, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Gloucester, Groveland, Hamilton, Haverhill, Ipswich, Lawrence, Wards Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7 of Lynn, Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimac, Methuen, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, Newburyport, North Andover, Peabody, Rockport, Rowley, Salem, Salisbury, Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham and West Newbury.
- VI. The First, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Middlesex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 95,134; population, 445,063.
- Middlesex Districts. Acton, Arlington, Ashby, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Lowell, Marlborough, Maynard, Medford, Natick, Newton, North Reading, Pepperell, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Wakefield, Waltham, Wayland, Westford, Weston, Wilmington, Winchester and Woburn; and also Ward No. 6 of Lynn and Lynnfield and Saugus, in the county of Essex.
- VII. The First, Second, Third and Fourth Worcester, and the Worcester and Hampden Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 93,214; population, 464,440.
- Worcester Districts. Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Blackstone,* Douglas, Fitchburg, Gardner, Grafton, Hopedale, Leominster, Lunenburg, Mendon, Milford, Millbury, Millville,* Northborough,

^{*} See note, page 222.

- Northbridge, Oxford, Phillipston, Royalston, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Sutton, Templeton, Upton, Uxbridge, Webster, Westborough, Westminster, Winchendon and Worcester; and also Bellingham and Franklin, in the county of Norfolk.
- Worcester and Hampden District. Barre, Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Dudley, Hardwick, Harvard, Holden, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leicester, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Princeton, Rutland, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Warren, West Boylston and West Brookfield, in the county of Worcester; and Brimfield, Hampden, Holland, Ludlow, Monson, Palmer, Wales and Wilbraham, in the county of Hampden.
- VIII. The Berkshire, the Berkshire, Hampshire and Hampden, the Franklin and Hampshire, and the First and Second Hampden Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 98,465; population, 470,114.
- Berkshire District. Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Lanesborough, New Ashford, North Adams, Pittsfield, Savoy, Williamstown and Windsor.
- Berkshire, Hampshire and Hampden District. Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Hinsdale, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Peru, Richmond, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington and West Stockbridge, in the county of Berkshire; Easthampton, Huntington, Northampton, Southampton and Westhampton, in the county of Hampshire; and Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Granville, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, West Springfield and Westfield, in the county of Hampden.
- Franklin and Hampshire District. Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell and Whately, in the county of Franklin; and Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Middlefield, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Ware, Williamsburg and Worthington, in the county of Hampshire.
- Hampden Districts. Chicopee, East Longmeadow, Holyoke, Longmeadow and Springfield.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

[As established by Chapter 270, General Acts of 1916.]

This table is furnished by courtesy of the Director of the Bureau of Statistics.

[Average ratio for the State, legal voters, 19,397+; population, 92,332+.]

- Berkshire District. Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Lanesborough, New Ashford, North Adams, Pittsfield, Savoy, Williamstown and Windsor. Legal voters, 19,630; population, 88,369.
- Berkshire, Hampshire and Hampden District. Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Hinsdale, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Peru, Richmond, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington and West Stockbridge, in the county of Berkshire; Easthampton, Huntington, Northampton, Southampton and Westhampton, in the county of Hampshire; and Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Granville, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, West Springfield and Westfield, in the county of Hampden. Legal voters, 21,111; population, 100,600.
- First Bristol District. Attleboro, Berkley, Dighton, Easton, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk and Taunton. Legal voters, 19,569; population, 87,751.
- Second Bristol District. Fall River, Somerset and Swansea. Legal voters, 21,044; population, 130,726.
- Third Bristol District. Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford and Westport. Legal voters, 20,824; population, 128,487.
- Cape and Plymouth District. Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet and Yarmouth, in the county of Barnstable; Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Oak Bluffs, Tisbury and West Tisbury, in the county of Dukes; Nantucket, in the county of Nantucket; and Carver, Duxbury, Halifax, Hanson, Kingston, Pembroke, Plymouth and Plympton, in the county of Plymouth. Legal voters, 14,429; population, 60,386.

- First Essex District. Wards Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7 of Lynn, Nahant and Swampscott. Legal voters, 20,087; population, 80,657.
- Second Essex District. Beverly, Danvers, Marblehead and Salem. Legal voters, 18,109; population, 78,942.
- Third Essex District. Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Ipswich, Manchester, Newbury, Newburyport, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Topsfield, Wenham and West Newbury. Legal voters, 15,532; population, 65,471.
- Fourth Essex District. Amesbury, Boxford, Georgetown, Groveland, Haverhill, Merrimac, Middleton and Peabody. Legal voters, 19,077; population, 85,176.
- Fifth Essex District.—Andover, Lawrence, Methuen and North Andover. Legal voters, 20,576; population, 118,200.
- Franklin and Hampshire District. Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell and Whately, in the county of Franklin; and Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Enfield, Gosben, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Middlefield, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Ware, Williamsburg and Worthington, in the county of Hampshire. Legal voters, 18,731; population, 83,499.
- First Hampden District. East Longmeadow, Longmeadow and Wards Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of Springfield. Legal voters, 21,102; population, 95,029.
- Second Hampden District. Chicopee, Holyoke and Ward No. 1 of Springfield. Legal voters, 17,891; population, 102,617.
- First Middlesex District. Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Natick, Newton, Sherborn and Weston. Legal voters, 18,443; population, 81,398.
- Second Middlesex District. Belmont and Wards Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of Cambridge. Legal voters, 20,254; population, 92,725.
- Third Middlesex District. Ward No. 3 of Cambridge and Somerville. Legal voters, 21,267; population, 97,944.
- Fourth Middlesex District. Everett, Malden and Melrose. Legal voters, 22,206; population, 103,505.
- Fifth Middlesex District. Concord, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Marlborough, Maynard, Stow, Sudbury, Waltham and Wayland. Legal voters, 16,924; population, 76,827.

- Sixth Middleeex District. Arlington, Medford, Stoneham, Wakefield, Winchester and Woburn. Legal voters, 20,987; population, 92,083.
- Seventh Middlesex District. Acton, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Littleton, Wards Nos. 5 and 9 of Lowell, North Reading, Tewksbury and Wilmington, in the county of Middlesex; and Ward No. 6 of Lynn, Lynnfield and Saugus, in the county of Essex. Legal voters, 17,387; population, 83,726.
- Eighth Middlesex District. Ashby, Chelmsford, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Wards Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 of Lowell, Pepperell, Shirley, Townsend, Tyngsborough and Westford. Legal voters, 21,393; population, 111,029.
- Norfolk District. Avon, Braintree, Canton, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood and Wrentham. Legal voters, 22.439: population, 102.581.
- Norfolk and Plymouth District. Cohasset, Quincy and Weymouth, in the county of Norfolk; and Abington, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Marshfield, Norwell, Rockland, Scituate and Whitman, in the county of Plymouth. Legal voters, 22,929; population, 93,852.
- Norfolk and Suffolk District. Brookline, in the county of Norfolk; Wards Nos. 25 and 26 of Boston, in the county of Suffolk; and Watertown, in the county of Middlesex. Legal voters, 19,156; population, 84,787.
- Plymouth District. Bridgewater, Brockton, East Bridgewater, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Wareham and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 22,044; population, 97,396.
- First Suffolk District. Ward No. 1 of Boston, Chelsea, Revere and Winthrop. Legal voters, 20,911; population, 105,138.
- Second Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 3, 4 and 5 of Boston; and Wards Nos. 1 and 2 of Cambridge, in the county of Middlesex. Legal voters, 20,026; population, 130,262.
- Third Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 9, 10 and 11 of Boston. Legal voters, 18,174; population, 85,971.
- Fourth Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 2, 6 and 12 of Boston. Legal voters, 20,824; population, 108,570.
- Fifth Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 7 and 8 of Boston. Legal voters, 18,502; population, 73,401.

- Sixth Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 13, 14 and 15 of Boston. Legal voters, 19,269; population, 84,557.
- Seventh Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 17, 18 and 20 of Boston. Legal voters, 17,971; population, 74,688.
- Eighth Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 16, 22 and 23 of Boston. Legal voters, 17,444; population, 70,658.
- Ninth Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 19, 21 and 24 of Boston. Legal voters, 16,413; population, 71,862.
- First Worcester District. Wards Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of Worcester. Legal voters, 16,751; population, 76,052.
- Second Worcester District. Wards Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 10 of Worcester. Legal voters, 16,919; population, 86,645.
- Third Worcester District. Ashburnham, Athol, Fitchburg, Gardner, Leominster, Lunenburg, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Westminster and Winchendon. Legal voters, 20,089; population, 99,965.
- Fourth Worcester District. Auburn, Blackstone,* Douglas, Grafton, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Millbury, Millville,* Northborough, Northbridge, Oxford, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Sutton, Upton, Uxbridge, Webster and Westborough, in the county of Worcester; and also Bellingham and Franklin, in the county of Norfolk. Legal voters, 18,929; population, 95,862.
- Worcester and Hampden District. Barre, Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Dudley, Hardwick, Harvard, Holden, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leicester, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Princeton, Rutland, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Warren, West Boylston and West Brookfield, in the county of Worcester; and Brimfield, Hampden, Holland, Ludlow, Monson, Palmer, Wales and Wilbraham, in the county of Hampden. Legal voters, 20,526; population, 105,916.

^{*} See note, page 222.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

[As established under authority of Chapter 270, General Acts of 1916.]

This table is furnished by courtesy of the Director of the Bureau of Statistics.

[Average ratio for the State, legal voters, 4,702+; population, 22,383+.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

THREE REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Barnstable, Bourne, Falmouth, Mashpee and Sandwich. Legal voters, 3,227; population, 13,347. One representative.
- Chatham, Dennis, Harwich and Yarmouth. Legal voters, 2.160; population, 7,083. One representative.
- Brewster, Eastham, Orleans, Provincetown, Truro and Wellfleet. Legal voters, 1,959; population, 8,388. One representative.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

EIGHT REPRESENTATIVES.

- Clarksburg, Florida, North Adams, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward and 6th Ward, and Savoy. Legal voters, 3,190; population, 14,098. One representative.
- Hancock, New Ashford, North Adams, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 7th Ward, and Williamstown. Legal voters, 3,113; population, 14,589. One representative.
- Adams, Cheshire, Hinsdale, Peru and Windsor. Legal voters, 3,141; population, 16,580. One representative.
- Lanesborough and Pittsfield. Legal voters, 9,637; population. 40,696. Three representatives.

- Becket, Dalton, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Otis, Richmond, Tyringham and Washington. Legal voters, 3,463; population, 14,520. One representative.
- Alford, Egremont, Great Barrington, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 3,438; population, 14,226. Oner representative.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

NINETEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Attleboro and North Attleborough. Legal voters, 6,774; population, 27,878. Two representatives.
- Easton, Mansfield and Norton. Legal voters, 3,213; population, 13,423. One representative.
- Taunton, 5th Ward, 7th Ward and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 3,063; population, 17,043. One representative.
- Raynham and Taunton, 2d Ward, 3d Ward and 4th Ward.
 Legal voters, 2,984; population, 13,276. One representative.
- Berkley, Dighton, Rehoboth, Seekonk and Taunton, 1st Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,535; population, 16,131. One representative.
- Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven and Freetown. Legal voters, 3,033; population, 15,657. One representative.
- New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 8,452; population, 54,355. Two representatives.
- New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 8,601; population, 55,213. Three representatives.
- Fall River, 1st Ward and 2d Ward, and Westport. Legal voters, 6,742; population, 39,710. Two representatives.
- Fall River, 3d Ward, 4th Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 5,395; population, 38,990. Two representatives.
- Fall River, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward and 9th Ward, Somerset and Swansea. Legal voters, 9,645; population, 55,288. Three representatives.

DUKES COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

DISTRICT

 Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Oak Bluffs, Tisbury and West Tisbury. Legal voters, 1,220; population, 4,904. One representative.

ESSEX COUNTY.

THIRTY-ONE REPRESENTATIVES.

- Amesbury, Merrimac and Salisbury. Legal voters, 3,235; population, 12,361. One representative.
- Haverhill, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,521; population, 9,346. One representative.
- Haverhill, 4th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,887; population, 15,058. One representative.
- Boxford, Georgetown, Groveland and Haverhill, 5th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 6,166; population, 30,195. Two representatives.
- Lawrence, 1st Ward and 2d Ward, and Methuen. Legal voters,
 7,333; population, 44,992. Two representatives.
- Lawrence, 3d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 4,187; population, 26,873. One representative.
- Lawrence, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,913; population, 16,166.
 One representative.
- Lawrence, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,103; population, 16,235.
 One representative.
- Andover, Middleton and North Andover. Legal voters, 3,368; population, 15.242. One representative.
- Danvers, Hamilton, Topsfield and Wenham. Legal voters, 3,460; population, 15,297. One representative.
- Peabody. Legal voters, 3,423; population, 18,625. One representative.
- Lynn, 2d Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 6,029; population, 26.555. Two representatives.
- Lynn, 1st Ward, 6th Ward and 7th Ward, Lynnfield and Saugus. Legal voters, 9,078; population, 43,458. Three representatives.
- 14. Lynn, 3d Ward and 4th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 10,243; population, 38,515. Three representatives.
- Salem, 3d Ward, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 2,530; population, 11,565. One representative.
- Marblehead. Legal voters, 2,206; population, 7,606. One representative.
- 17. Salem, 1st Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,563; population, 13,433. One representative.
- Salem, 2d Ward, 4th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 4,899; population, 19,547. One representative.
- Beverly, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,702; population, 17,135. One representative.

- Beverly, 4th Ward and 6th Ward, Essex and Manchester.
 Legal voters, 2,643; population, 10,446. One representative.
- Gloucester, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 3,794; population, 14,897. One representative.
- Gloucester, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 7th Ward, and Rockport.
 Legal voters, 3,096; population, 13,932. One representative.
- 23. Ipswich, Newbury, Newburyport, 6th Ward, Rowley and West Newbury. Legal voters, 3,008; population, 13,222. One representative.
- 24. Newburyport, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,058; population, 12,961. One representative.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Hawley, Heath, Monroe, Rowe, Shelburne and Whately. Legal voters, 2,696; population, 10,721. One representative.
- Greenfield. Legal voters, 3,226; population, 12,618. One representative.
- Bernardston, Deerfield, Gill, Leverett, Leyden, Montague and Sunderland. Legal voters, 2,982; population, 14,806. One representative.
- Erving, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Shutesbury, Warwick and Wendell. Legal voters, 2,647; population, 10,111. One representative.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

FIFTHEN REPRESENTATIVES.

- Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer and Wales. Legal voters, 2,820; population, 15,902. One representative.
- Agawam, Blandford, Chester, East Longmeadow, Granville, Hampden, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, West Springfield and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 6,715; population, 34,706. Two representatives.
- Springfield, 1st Ward and 2d Ward. Legal voters, 6,153; population, 31,507. Two representatives.

- Springfield, 3d Ward, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 7,322; population, 31,284. Two representatives.
- Springfield, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 3,215; population, 13,313.
 One representative.
- Springfield, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,595; population, 9,922.
 One representative.
- Springfield, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 3,579; population, 16,945.
 One representative.
- Chicopee. Legal voters, 4,339; population, 30,138. One representative.
- Holyoke, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 3,610; population, 27,812. One representative.
- Holyoke, 3d Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,897; population, 19,143. One representative.
- Holyoke, 5th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,467; population, 13,861. One representative.
- 12. Westfield. Legal voters, 3,516; population, 18,411. One representative.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Northampton. Legal voters, 4,279; population, 21,654. One representative.
- Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg and Worthington. Legal voters, 3,512; population, 17,596. One representative.
- Amherst, Hadley, Hatfield and South Hadley. Legal voters, 3,187; population, 16,033. One representative.
- Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Pelham, Prescott and Ware. Legal voters, 2,746; population, 14,266. One representative.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

FORTY-EIGHT REPRESENTATIVES.

- Cambridge, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,587; population, 24,178. One representative.
- Cambridge, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward and 7th Ward Legal voters, 9,713; population, 45,685. Three representatives.

- Cambridge, 8th Ward, 9th Ward, 10th Ward and 11th Ward. Legal voters, 8,737; population, 38,959. Three representatives.
- 4. Newton. Legal voters, 9,284; population, 43,113. Three representatives.
- Waltham. Legal voters, 6,594; population, 30,154. Two representatives.
- [6.— Natick. Legal voters, 2,816; population, 11,119. One representative.
- 7.— Framingham. Legal voters, 3,581; population, 15,860. One representative.
- [8.— Ashland, Holliston, Hopkinton and Sherborn. Legal voters, 2.202; population, 8,964. One representative.
- 9. Marlborough. Legal voters, 3,756; population, 15,250. One representative.
- Boxborough, Hudson, Maynard and Stow. Legal voters, 2,886; population, 14,981. One representative.
- Acton, Bedford, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Littleton, Tyngsborough and Westford. Legal voters, 3,193; population, 14,226.
 One representative.
- Ashby, Ayer, Dunstable, Groton, Pepperell, Shirley and Townsend. Legal voters, 3,265; population, 13,298. One representative.
- Concord, Lincoln, Sudbury, Wayland and Weston. Legal voters, 3,081; population, 13,572. One representative.
- Lowell, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 9th Ward. Legal voters, 6,591; population, 33,947. Two representatives.
- Lowell, 3d Ward, 6th Ward, 7th Ward and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 10,273; population, 54,588. Three representatives.
- Lowell, 4th Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,383; population, 19,443. One representative.
- Billerica, Burlington, Dracut, North Reading, Tewksbury and Wilmington. Legal voters, 3,180; population, 16,906. One representative.
- Reading, Stoneham and Woburn. Legal voters, 7,278; population, 30,704. Two representatives.
- Wakefield. Legal voters, 2,895; population, 12,781. One representative.
- Everett. Legal voters, 7,963; population, 37,718. Two representatives.
- Malden. Legal voters, 10,145; population, 48,907. Three representatives.
- Melrose. Legal voters, 4,098; population, 16,880. One representative.

- Somerville, 1st Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 9,412; population, 40,648. Three representatives.
- 24. Somerville, 2d Ward, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 10,107; population, 46,206. Three representatives.
- Medford, 3d Ward, and Winchester. Legal voters, 2,902; population, 13,039. One representative.
- Medford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 6,293; population, 27,475.
 Two representatives.
- Arlington. Legal voters, 3,364; population, 14,889. One representative.
- Belmont and Lexington. Legal voters, 3,057; population, 13,619. One representative.
- 29. Watertown. Legal voters, 3,396; population, 16,515. One representative.

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

DISTRICT

Nantucket. Legal voters, 861; population, 3,166. One representative.

NORFOLK COUNTY.*

THIRTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

- Dedham and Needham. Legal voters, 3,654; population, 17,585. One representative.
- Brookline. Legal voters, 7,565; population, 33,490. Two representatives.
- Quincy. Legal voters, 8,614; population, 40,674. Three representatives.
- Canton, Milton and Westwood. Legal voters, 3,419; population, 15,671. One representative.
- 5. Weymouth. Legal voters, 3,603; population, 13,969. One representative.
- Avon, Braintree and Holbrook. Legal voters, 3,512; population, 14,455. One representative.
- Randolph, Sharon and Stoughton. Legal voters, 3,427; population, 14,184. One representative.

^{*} Excluding the town of Cohasset, which is included in districts of Plymouth County.

- Norwood and Walpole. Legal voters, 3,441; population, 16,467. One representative.
- Dover, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Norfolk and Wellesley.
 Legal voters, 3,278; population, 16,642. One representative.
- Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, Plainville and Wrentham.
 Legal voters, 3,452; population, 15,970. One representative.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.*

TWELVE REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Plymouth. Legal voters, 2,505; population, 12,926. One representative.
- Duxbury, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke and Scituate. Legal voters, 2,638; population, 9,207. One representative.
- Cohasset,* Hingham and Hull. Legal voters, 2,682; population, 10,354. One representative.
- Hanover, Hanson and Rockland. Legal voters, 3,143; population, 11,536. One representative.
- Abington and Whitman. Legal voters, 3,624; population, 13,166. One representative.
- Carver, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Rochester and Wareham. Legal voters, 2,633; population, 12,367. One representative.
- Halifax, Kingston, Middleborough and Plympton. Legal voters, 2.933: population, 12.448. One representative.
- Bridgewater, East Bridgewater and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,904; population, 15,811. One representative.
- Brockton, 3d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 4,043; population, 16,180. One representative.
- Brockton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 6,236; population, 25,674. Two representatives.
- Brockton, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 4,417; population, 20,434. One representative.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

FIFTY-FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.

- Boston, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 5,363; population, 23,776.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 5,835; population, 41,904.
 Two representatives.

Including the town of Cohasset in Norfolk County.

- Boston, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 4,854; population, 21,016.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 5,387; population, 18,585.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 7,946; population, 77,573.
 Three representatives.
- Boston, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 8,618; population, 37,250.
 Three representatives.
- Boston, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 10,714; population, 35,084.
 Three representatives.
- Boston, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 7,788; population, 38,317.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 9th Ward. Legal voters, 6,151; population, 33,996.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 10th Ward. Legal voters, 6,056; population, 25,741.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 11th Ward. Legal voters, 5,967; population, 26,234.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 12th Ward. Legal voters, 6,371; population, 29,416.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 13th Ward. Legal voters, 7,266; population, 30,533.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 14th Ward. Legal voters, 6,012; population, 27,799.
 Two representatives.
- Boston, 15th Ward. Legal voters, 5,991; population, 26,225.
 Two representatives.
- 16. Boston, 16th Ward. Legal voters, 6,182; population, 25,404. Two representatives.
- Boston, 17th Ward. Legal voters, 6,105; population, 25,853.
 Two representatives.
- 18. Boston, 18th Ward. Legal voters, 6,034; population, 25,877.
 Two representatives.

 19. Boston, 19th Ward and 20th Ward. Legal voters, 11,510;
- population, 45,706. Three representatives.

 20. Chelsea, 4th Ward and 5th Ward, and Revere, 4th Ward.
- 20. Chelsea, 4th Ward and 5th Ward, and Revere, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 4,126; population, 18,656. One representative.
- 21. Winthrop. Legal voters, 3,445; population, 12,758. One representative.
- Boston, 22d Ward and 23d Ward. Legal voters, 11,262; population, 45,254. Three representatives.
- Chelsea, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,929; population, 30,268. One representative.

- Boston, 21st Ward and 24th Ward. Legal voters, 10,735; population, 49,114. Three representatives.
- Boston, 25th Ward. Legal voters, 4,282; population, 16,401.
 One representative.
- Boston, 26th Ward. Legal voters, 3,913; population, 18,381.
 One representative.
- Revere, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 4,048; population, 19,680. One representative.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

TWENTY-SEVEN REPRESENTATIVES.

- Athol, Barre, Dana, Petersham and Phillipston. Legal voters, 3,251; population, 15,088. One representative.
- Gardner, Hubbardston, Royalston, Rutland, Templeton and Winchendon. Legal voters, 6,092; population, 30,206. Two representatives.
- Hardwick, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Spencer and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 3,277; population, 14,805. One representative.
- Brookfield, Charlton, Leicester, Paxton, Sturbridge and Warren. Legal voters, 3,052; population, 13,951. One representative.
- Dudley and Southbridge. Legal voters, 3,120; population, 18,590. One representative.
- Auburn, Oxford and Webster. Legal voters, 3,473; population, 19,322. One representative.
- Douglas, Millbury, Millville,* Sutton and Uxbridge. Legal voters, 3,434; population, 17,234. One representative.
- Blackstone,* Hopedale, Mendon and Northbridge. Legal voters, 3,351; population, 16,529. One representative.
- Grafton, Milford, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton and Westborough. Legal voters, 6,461; population, 32,587. Two representatives.
- Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Harvard, Holden, Lancaster, Northborough, Princeton, Sterling and West Boylston. Legal voters, 5,866; population, 27,129. Two representatives.
- Ashburnham, Fitchburg, 1st Ward, Leominster and Westminster. Legal voters, 6,054; population, 27,472. Two representatives.

^{*} Town of Millville set off from town of Blackstone since taking of the 1915 Decennial Census.

- Fitchburg, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward and 6th Ward, and Lunenburg. Legal voters, 6,349; population, 35.093. Two representatives.
- Worcester, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 3,342; population, 14,243.
 One representative.
- Worcester, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 3,308; population, 16,836.
 One representative.
- Worcester, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,653; population, 24,345.
 One representative.
- Worcester, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 3,342; population, 18,927.
 One representative.
- Worcester, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,175; population, 21,727.
 One representative.
- Worcester, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,205; population, 15,344.
 One representative.
- Worcester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,414; population, 13,758.
 One representative.
- Worcester, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 3,415; population, 12,371.
 One representative.
- Worcester, 9th Ward. Legal voters, 3,542; population, 12,852.
 One representative.
- Worcester, 10th Ward. Legal voters, 3,274; population, 12,294.
 One representative.

CITIES AND TOWNS ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE

Congressional, Councillor, Senatorial and Representative Districts of Each and the County in which Each is situated.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	N8.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative. (The District shows the County.)
Abington, Actor, Actor, Actor, Actor, Actor, Actor, Agams, Agawan, Alford, Anhesbury, Anhest, Andover, Ashby Ashby Ashby Ashby Athol, Avington, Athol, Anheron, Arthol, Anheron, Arthol, Anheron, Arthol, Anheron, Arthol, Art		42510 L 60208881585444		Norfolk and Plymouth, 7th Middlesex, 3d Bristol, Berkshire, Berkshire, Hampden, Hampden, Hampden, Franklin and Hampshire, 5th Essex, 6th Middlesex, 6th Middlesex, 8th Worcester, 8th Worc	5th Plymouth. 11th Middleser. 3d Berkshire. d Ch Berkshire. d Gth Berkshire. lat Essex. 2th Middleser. 1th Worcester. 1th Worcester. 1th Middleser. 1th Middleser. 1th Middleser. 1th Middleser. 1th Middleser. 1th Middleser. 1th Worcester. 1th Worcester. 1th Worcester. 1th Widdleser.
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lst Barnstable. lst Worcester. fth Middlesex. 4th Hampshire. 10th Norfolk. 28th Middlesex. 5th Bristol. 10th Worcester. 3d Franklin. 19th Essex, Wards 1, 2, 3, 5. 20th Essex, Wards 4, 6. 17th Middlesex. 2d Hampden. 10th Worcester. 2d Hampden. 10th Worcester. 1st to 18th Suffolk, Wards 1 to 18, 19th Suffolk, Wards 19, 20. 22d Shiffolk, Wards 19, 20. 22d Shiffolk, Wards 22, 23. 25th Suffolk, Ward 26.	# 2d District, Wards 16, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26. ** 3d District, Wards 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 11, 14, 15, 17, 18, 20. ** # 4th District, Wards 1, 7, 8. # Norfolk and Suffolk District, Wards 25, 26.
Cape and Plymouth, Berkshire, Hampden, Berkshire, Hampden, Hampden, Tth Middlesex, 2d Middlesex, 2d Middlesex, 2d Middlesex, 2d Middlesex, Yorester and Hampden, Franklin and Hampshire, Tranklin and Hampshire, An Berkshire, Th Middlesex, Th Middlesex, Th Middlesex, Th Stanklin and Hampden, Stanklin and Hampden, Stanklin and Hampden, Stanklin and Hampden, The Middlesex, The Middl	
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16 18 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	District, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, District, Wards 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23, District, Wards 9, 10, 11, 12, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 District, Wards 25, 26.
	District, District, District, District, District, District, District, V
Barnstable, Becket, . Becket, . Bedford, Bellingham, Bellingham, Berkley, Berrardston, Berrardston, Berrardston, Berrardston, Berrardston, Berrardston, Bellerica, Blackstone, Blandford, Bolton, . Boston,	* 10th Dist † 11th Dist † 12th Dist § 13th Dist 14th Dist

Representative.	Cape and Plymouth,
Coun- cillor.	100721117 1 70883 4 839187119 1 411187187119
Con- gres- sional.	16 14 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Bourne,

3d Berkshire. 2d Hampden.	2d Hampshire. 8th Hampden.	1st Dukes County.	1st Berksnire. 10th Worcester.	3d Plymouth.¶	lst Franklin. 13th Middlesex.	1st Franklin. 2d Hampshire.		5th Berkshire.	10th Essex.	6th Bristol.	1st Norfolk.	3d Franklin.	5th Bristol.	7th Worcester.	9th Norfolk.	17th Middlesex.	5th Worcester.	12th Middlesex.	2d Plymouth.	8th Plymouth.	
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Berkshire, Berkshire, Hampshire Hanneden.	Franklin and Hampshire,	Cape and Plymouth,	Worcester and Hampden.	Norfolk and Plymouth, .	Franklin and Hampshire, 5th Middlesex	Franklin and Hampshire,		Berkshire, Womooften ond Hemmdon	2d Essex.	3d Bristol,	Norfolk,	Franklin and Hampshire,	1st Bristol.	4th Worcester,	Norfolk,	8th Middlesex,	Worcester and Hampden,	8th Middlesex,	Cape and Plymouth, .	Plymouth,	
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Chesbire, . Chester, .	Chesterfield, .	Chilmark,	Clinton.	Cohasset,	Colrain,	Conway,	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Dalton,	Danvers.	Dartmouth, .	Dedham,	Deerfield,	Dighton.	Douglas,	Dover, .	Dracut,	Dudley, .	Dunstable, .	Duxbury, .	East Bridgewater,	

§ 2d Middlesex District, Wards 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11. || 3d Middlesex, Ward 3. If Cohasset is in the county of Norfolk. † 4th District, Wards 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11. ‡ 2d Suffolk District, Wards 1, 2. * 3d District, Wards 1, 2.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative. (The District shows the County.)
East Longmeadow, . Eastham, . Easthampton, .	291	& ⊢ ⊗	ist Hampden, Cape and Plymouth, Berkshire, Hampshire and	2d Hampden. 3d Barnstable. 2d Hampshire.
Easton,	14 16 1	2110	Hampden. 1st Bristol. Cape and Plymouth. Berkshire, Hampshire and	
Enfield,	8899	∞∞104	Hampden. Franklin and Hampshire, Franklin and Hampshire, 3d Essex, 4th Middlesex,	4th Hampshire, 4th Franklin. 20th Essex. 20th Middlesex.
Fairhaven, F'ALL RIVER,	16	H H	3d Bristol,	6th Bristol. 9th Bristol, Wards 1, 2. 10th Bristol, Wards 3, 4, 5.
Falmouth, FITCHBURG,	16	1 2	Cape and Plymouth,	11th Bristol, Wards 6, 7, 8, 9. 1st Barnstable, Ward 1.
Florida, . Foxborough, . Framingham, . Franklin, .	11 13 15	14058	Berkshire, Norfolk, 1st Middleex, 4th Worcester, 3d Bristol.	1 12th Wordster, Wards Z, S, 4, 5, 0. 1 st Berkshire, 10th Norfolk, 7th Middlesex, 6th Norfolk, 6th Bristo.
Gardner, Gay Head,	3 16	12	3d Worcester, Cape and Plymouth,	2d Worcester. 1st Dukes County.

4th Essex. 3d Franklin. 22st Essex, Wards 3, 4, 5, 6, 8. 22st Essex, Wards 1, 2, 7. 2d Hampshire. 1st Dukes County. 9th Worcester. 4th Hampshire. 2d Hampden. 6th Berkshire. 2d Franklin.	12th Middlesex. 4th Essex. 3d Hampshire. 7th Plymouth. 10th Essex. 2d Barkshire. 4th Plymouth. 4th Plymouth. 3d Worcester. 10th Worcester. 2d Barnstable. 3d Hampshire. 2d Barnstable. 3d Hampshire. 2d Essex, Wards 1, 2, 3. 3d Essex, Wards 4, 6, 4th Essex, Wards 4, 6, 4th Essex, Wards 5, 7, 1st Franklin.
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4th Essex, Franklin and Hampshire, 3d Essex, Franklin and Hampshire, 4th Worcester, Franklin and Hampshire, Berkshire, Hampshire Hampden, Hampden, Hampden, Franklin and Hampshire Hampden, Franklin and Hampshire Hampden,	Standard and transparre, Sth Middlesex, 4th Essex, Cape and Plymouth, Sabsex, Worcester and Hampden, Berkshire, Rapmouth, Cape and Plymouth, Cape and Plymouth, Worcester and Hampden, Franklin and Hampden, Franklin and Hampden, Franklin and Hampshire, Ath Essex,
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s,	
Georgetown, Gill, Gorosser, Golosser, Gosben, Gosben, Grafton, Granby, Granby, Granbly, Great Barrington, Greenfield, Greenwich,	Grotenwan, Groteland, Hadley, Hailitx, Hamilton, Hampden, Hampden, Hanson, Hanson, Hanson, Harson, Hartwick, Hartwick, Hartwick, Hartwick, Hatfield,

CITIES AND TOWNS.	owns.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative. (The District shows the County.)
Heath, Hingham, . Hinsdale, .	• • •	1 16	818	Franklin and Hampshire, Norfolk and Plymouth, . Berkshire, Hampshire and	1st Franklin. 3d Plymouth. 3d Berkshire.
Holbrook, Holden, Holland,		14 3 13 13	6442	Norfolk, Worcester and Hampden, Worcester and Hampden, Ist Middlesex,	6th Norfolk. 10th Worcester. 1st Hampden. 8th Middlesex. 8th Hampden.
HOLYOKE,	•	н	00	2d Hampden,	10th Hampden, Wards 3, 2, 3, 11th Hampden, Wards 3, 6, 11th Hampden, Wards 7, 7
Hopedale, .	• •	44	6 7	4th Worcester,	8th Worester.
Hubbardston, Hudson, Hull, Huntington		3 16	⊳ 9⊓8	Worcester and Hampden, 5th Middlesex, Norfolk and Plymouth, Berkshire. Hampshire and	2d Worester. 10th Middlesex. 3d Plymouth. 2d Hampshire.
Ipswich,		. 9	, 13		23d Essex.
Kingston,	•	16	-	Cape and Plymouth,	7th Plymouth.
Lakeville, Lancaster, Lanesborough,	• • •	133	841	Plymouth, Worcester and Hampden, Berkshire,	6th Plymouth. 10th Worcester. 4th Berkshire.

5th Essex, Wards 1, 2. 6th Essex, Wards 3, 4. 7th Essex, Ward 5.	8th Essex, Ward 6. 5th Berkshire.	4th Woreester. 5th Berkshire.	11th Worcester. 3d Franklin. 28th Middlesex.	3d Franklin. 13th Middlesex. 11th Middlesex. 2d Hampden.	14th Middlesex, Wards 1, 2, 9. 15th Middlesex, Wards 3, 6, 7, 8.	12th Worcester.	12th Essex, Wards 2, 5. 13th Essex, Wards 1, 6, 7. 14th Essex, Wards 3, 4.	21st Middlesex. 20th Essex. 2d Bristol.	§ 1st Essex District, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7. 6th District, Ward 6. 7th Middlesex, Ward 6.
	and (and	• • •					• • • •	Distri t, Wa
5th Essex,	Berkshire, Hampshire	Worcester and Hampden, Berkshire, Hampshire	Administration of the state of	Franklin and Hampshire, 5th Middlesex, 1st Hampden,	7th Middlesex,* 8th Middlesex,†	Worcester and Hampden, 3d Worcester,	1st Essex,§	4th Middlesex,	7th Middlesex District, Wards 5, 9. § 1st Essex District, Wars 8th Middlesex District, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8. 6th District, Ward 6. 5th District, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7. ¶ 7th Middlesex, Ward 6.
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LAWRENCE,	Lee, .	Leicester, Lenox, .	Leominster, Leverett, Lexington,	Leyden, Lincoln, L ttleton, Longmeadow	Lowell,	Ludlow, Lunenburg,	Lrnn, .	Lynnneld, Marchester, Mansfield,	* 7th Mide † 8th Mide ‡ 5th Dist

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Congressional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative. (The District shows the County.)
Marblehead, Marion, Marshaeld, Marshaeld, Matshaeld, Mattapoisett, Maymard, Medfield, Medway, Medway, Merrumac, Merrumac, Merrumac, Middleborough, Middleborough, Middlefield, Midllon, Milliville, Millon, Milliville, Millon, Monson, Monson, Monson, Monson,	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	ら1011102 ら 24755185772728 7 8	2d Essex, Plymouth, Sol Middlesex, Cape and Plymouth, Sin Middlesex, Norfolk, Sol Middlesex, Norfolk, Sol Middlesex, 4th Middlesex, 4th Middlesex, Ath Bissex, Plymouth, Pranklin and Hampshire, 4th Worcester, Ath Worc	16th Essex. 6th Plymouth. 9th Middlesex. 2d Plymouth. 1st Barnstable. 6th Plymouth. 10th Niddlesex, Ward 3. 25th Middlesex, Ward 3. 25th Middlesex, Wards 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 6, 7. 9th Norfolk. 22d Middlesex. 22d Middlesex. 22d Middlesex. 22d Middlesex. 22d Middlesex. 22d Middlesex. 24th Worcester. 24th W
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2d Hampden.	6th Berkshire.	14th Desce	1st Nantucket	ALCO LACABOLICANO	oth Madesex.	2d Berkshire.	7th Bristol, Wards 1, 2, 3.	3d Woreester.	6th Berkshire.		4th Franklin.	23d Essex.	23d Essex, Ward 6.	4th Middlesex.	9th Norfolk.	1st Berkshire, Wards 3, 4, 5, 6.	Oth Force	1st Bristol	3d Worcester.	17th Middlesex.	1st Hampshire.		10th Worcester.	8th Worcester.	2d Bristol.	
and	and		•	•	•		~		and				~	٠,	•	~	_	•			and		•	•		
Berkshire, Hampshire	Berkshire, Hampshire Hampden.	1ot Posor	Cane and Plymouth	1 - Mail all	Norfalls	Berkshire,	3d Bristol,	Woreester and Hamnden.	Berkshire, Hampshire	Hampden.	Franklin and Hampshire,	3d Essex,	3d Essex,	1st Middlesex.	Norfolk,	Berkshire,	A+h Heson	1st Bristol	Worcester and Hampden.	7th Middlesex.	Berkshire, Hampshire	Hampden.	4th Worcester,	4th Worcester, Franklin and Hamnshire	1st Bristol.	
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Montgomery,	Mount Washington, .	Nahant	Nantucket.	Notiol-	Natick, .	New Ashford,	NEW BEDFORD, .	New Braintree.	New Marlborough, .		New Salem,	Newbury,	NEWBURYPORT, .	Newton,	Norfolk,	NORTH ADAMS, .	North Andorer	North Attleborough.	North Brookfield.	North Reading,	NORTHAMPTON,		Northborough,	Northbridge, Northfield	Norton,	_

		Con-			Donascontactions
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Towns.	gres- sional.	cillor.	Senatorial.	(The District shows the County.)
Norwell, Norwood,		16 14	-167	Norfolk and Plymouth, . Norfolk,	2d Plymouth. 8th Norfolk.
Oak Bluffs, Oakham,		16 3	-120	Cape and Plymouth, Worcester and Hampden, .	1st Dukes County. 3d Worcester.
Orleans, Orleans, Otis,		16 1	0∞	Cape and Plymouth,	
Oxford, .		ಣ	7	4th Worcester,	6th Worcester.
Palmer,		രാന	7-1	Worcester and Hampden,	1st Hampden.
PEABODY,		0.~0	- ro oc	4th Essex, Franklin and Hampshire.	11th Essex.
Penbroke, Pepperell,		1 <u>6</u>	9-1-0	Plymouth,	
Peru, . Petersham.		- 8	∞ r-	Berkshire, Hampshire and Hampden. Worcester and Hampden.	3d Berkshire.
Phillipston,		· ~ -	.r.«	3d Worcester, Berkshire	1st Worcester.
Plainfield,			, oo c	Franklin and Hampshire,	2d Hampshire.
Plymouth,		192	3	Cape and Plymouth.	1st Plymouth, 7th Plymouth.
Princeton		9000	1001	Franklin and Hampshire,	4th Hampshire. 10th Wordstar
Provincetown,	٠.	16	.,	Cape and Plymouth,	3d Barnstable.

3d Norfolk.	7th Norfolk. 4th Bristol. 18th Middlesex. 5th Bristol.	20th Suffolk, Ward 4. 27th Suffolk, Wards 1, 2, 3, 5. 5th Berkshire.	6th Plymouth. 4th Plymouth. 22d Essex. 1st Franklin.	25d Essex. 2d Worester. 2d Hampden. 2d Woreester.	15th Essex, Ward 3, 17th Essex, Wards 1, 5, 18th Essex, Wards 2, 4, 6, 1st Essex, 6th Berkshire.	1st Barnstable. 13th Essex. 13th Essex. 2d Plymouth. 5th Bristol. 7th Norfolk.
•		and		and .	} and	
Norfolk and Plymouth, .	Norfolk,	Hampsbire	Plymouth. Norfolk and Plymouth. 3d Essex, Franklin and Hampshire,	3d Essex, 3d Worcester, Berkshire, Hampshire Hampden, Worcester and Hampden,	2d Essex, 3d Essex, Berkshire, Hampshire	Champoten. Cape and Plymouth, 7th Middlesex, Berkshire, Norfolk and Plymouth, 1st Bristol, Norfolk,
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Quincr,	Randolph, Raynham, Reading, Rehoboth,	Revere,	Rochester, Rockland, Rockport, Rowe,	Kowiey, Royalston, Russell, . Rutland,	Salisbury, Sandisfield,	Sandwich, Saugus, . Savoy, . Scituate, Seekonk, Sharon, .

Representative. (The District shows the County.)	6th Berkshire. Sta Franklin. Sta Middlesex. 12th Middlesex. 9th Worcester. 4th Franklin. 11th Birstol. 23d Middlesex, Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 24th Middlesex, Wards 2, 6, 7. 24th Middlesex, Wards 2, 6, 7. 2d Hampshire. 9th Worcester. 5th Worcester. 3d Worcester. 3d Hampden. 3d Worcester. 3d Hampden, Wards 1, 2, 4th Hampden, Ward 4, 6th Hampden, Ward 5, 7th Hampden, Ward 5, 7th Hampden, Ward 5, 7th Hampden, Ward 6, 10th Worcester. 6th Bartshire. 18th Middlesex.
Senatorial.	Berkshire, Hampshire and Frankin and Hampshire, 1st Middlesex, 1st Middlesex, 4th Worcester, Franklin and Hampshire, 2d Bristol, 3d Middlesex, Franklin and Hampshire, Berkshire, Hampshire, and Hampden, 1st Hampden, 1st Hampden, 1st Hampden, Hampshire, Noriolk, Noriolk,
Coun- cillor.	∞ ∞∞∞ν∞ν 4 ∞∞ νν∞ ν ∞ ν∞ ΦΩ
Con- gres- sional.	
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Sheffield, Shelburne, Sherborn, Shirley, Shrewbury, Shrewbury, Shrewbury, Shuewbury, Sourestri, Sourestri, South Hadley, Southborough, Southbridge, Southbridge, Southbridge, Southbridge, Southbridge, Southbridge, Southbridge, Spencer, Sp

10th Middlesex. 4th Worcester. 13th Middlesex. 3d Franklin. 7th Worcester. 15th Essex. 11th Bristol.	3d Bristol, Wards 5, 7, 8. 4th Bristol, Wards 2, 3, 4. 5th Bristol, Wards 1, 6, 2d Worcester. 17th Middlesex. 18t Dukes County. 2d Hampden.	10th Essex. 12th Middlesex. 3d Barnstable. 11th Middlesex. 5th Berkshire.	9th Worcester. 7th Worcester.	19th Middlesex. 1st Hampden. Sth Norfolk. 5th Middlesex. 4th Hampshire. 6th Plymouth.
	} and	and	• •	
5th Middlesex, Worcester and Hampden, 5th Middlesex, Franklin and Hampshire, 4th Worcester, 1st Essex, 2d Bristol,	x, x, Hampshire	Hampden. Ad Essex, Sth Middlesex, Cape and Plymouth, 8th Middlesex, Hampshire 11	4th Worcester, 4th Worcester,	6th Middlesex, Worcester and Hampden, Norfolk, 5th Middlesex, Franklin and Hampshire, Plymouth,
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Stow, Sturbridge, Sudbury, Sunderland, Sutton, Swampscott, Swamsea,	TAUNTON, Templeton, Tewksbury, Tisbury, Tolland,	Topsfield, Townsend, Truro, Tyngsborough, Tyringham,	Upton, . Uxbridge,	Wakefield, Wales, Walpole, Waltham, Ware, Wareham,

† 2d Hampden District, Ward 1. ∞ i 2 ູ້ * 1st Hampden District, Wards 2, 3, 4,

Representative. (The District shows the County.)	4th Worcester. 4th Franklin. 5th Berkshire. 29th Middlesex. 13th Middlesex. 6th Norrolk. 3d Barnstable. 4th Franklin. 10th Essex. 10th Worcester. Sh Pymouth. 3d Worcester. 13th Pymouth. 3d Worcester. 13th Berkshire. 1st Dukes County. 9th Worcester. 1st Dukes County. 9th Worcester. 12th Hampden. 12th Hampden. 12th Hampden. 13th Middlesex. 13th Middlesex.
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Senatorial.	Worcester and Hampden, Franklin and Hampshire, Berkshire, Hampshire, Brishire, Hampshire, Hampshire, Hampden, Sorfolk, Gape and Plymouth, Franklin and Hampshire, Worcester and Hampden, Worcester and Hampden, Worcester and Hampden, Berkshire, Hampden, Berkshire, Hampshire Hampden, St. Middlesex, Berkshire, Hampshire Hampden, Berkshire, Hampshire Hampden, St. Middlesex, Berkshire, Hampshire Hampden, Berkshire, Hampshire, Hampden, Berkshire, Hampshire, Hampshire, Hampden, Berkshire, Hampden, Berkshire, Hampshire, Hampshire, Berkshire, Berkshire, Hampshire, Berkshire, Hampshire, Hampshire, Berkshire, Hampshire, Berkshire, Hampshire, Hampshire, Berkshire, Hampshire, Hampshire, Hampshire, Berkshire, Hampshire,
Coun- cillor.	
Con- gres- sional.	യാവെ തയ്യയ്ത്യാരയിച്ചുകാരു പ ത്ഷപ രാപ യൂട്
NS.	
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Warren, Warwick, Washington, Washington, Watertown, Washind, Walland, Welster, Wellfleet, Wendell, West Boylston, West Boylston, West Bridgewater, West Bridgewater, West Springfield, West Stockbridge,

9th Bristol. 5th Norfolk. 5th Norfolk. 1st Franklin. 2d Hampouth. 2d Hampshire. 2d Berkshire. 17th Middlesex. 3d Berkshire. 2st Worcester. 2st Suffolk. 18th Middlesex. 3d Berkshire. 18th Middlesex. 3d Berkshire. 3th Suffolk. 3th Suffolk. 3th Suffolk.		22d Wordester, ward 10. 2d Hampshire. 10th Norfolk.	2d Barnstable.
			.
3d Bristol, Norfolk, Norfolk and Plymouth, Franklin and Hampshire, Norfolk and Plymouth, Norfolk and Plymouth, Franklin and Hampelen, Franklin and Hampshire, Franklin and Hampshire, Granklin and Hampshire, Franklin and Hampshire, Franklin and Hampshire, Grankline, Ad Worcester, Ght Middlesex, Berkshire, Hist Suffolk, 1st Suffolk,	lst Worcester,* 2d Worcester,†	Franklin and Hampshire. Norfolk,	Cape and Plymouth, .
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Westport, Westwood, Weymouth, Whately, Whitman, Wilbrahan, Williamsburg,	Worcester , .	Worthington, . Wrentham, .	Yarmouth, .

† 2d Worcester District, Wards 1, 2, * 1st Worcester District, Wards 5, 6,

VALUATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

[Established by Chapter 288 of the General Acts of 1917.*]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

CITIES A	ND	Tow	'NS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ'g Polls at One-tenth of a Mill Each.
Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, Yarmouth,			:	1,428 615 214 533 597 153 1,171 647 81 385 1,074 305 467	\$9,769,125 7,807,787 1,365,083 2,121,535 1,695,920 591,825 17,447,384 1,933,772 371,517 2,713,816 1,675,366 574,139 918,043 2,872,830	\$1 76 1 35 25 40 34 11 3 00 38 07 1 58 56 31 11 18
Totals,				8,225	\$61,196,619	\$10 92

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Becket,	373,582 128,073	05 17 23 09
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^{*} Under section 100 of chapter 13 of the Revised Laws, the Tax Commissioner is required to report every three years to the General Court a basis of apportionment of State and county taxes. The previous apportionment was made in 1916. Another report will be due in 1919. The present apportionment was made in 1917, to meet conditions existing by reason of a change in the method of distribution of the corporation tax, See chapter 299 of the General Acts of 1916.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ'g Polls at One-tenth of a Mill Each.
Dalton, Egremont, Florida, Great Barrington, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Ashford, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis, Peru, Pritsfield, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor,	180 109 1,906 152 382 309 1,385 1,027 119 28 27 313 5,264 137 63 11,560 174 196 157 530 563 89 77	\$7,255,949 659,134 588,134 8,253,194 508,796 897,493 871,456 3,861,382 10,735,439 445,484 176,447 85,632 1,009,949 18,665,650 355,687 211,494 45,346,204 847,474 495,564 253,041 1,530,311 1,530,311 1,530,311 1,530,311 1,6168,784 470,494 470,494 378,635 694,605 6,259,014	\$1 31 13 11 1 55 10 19 17 78 1 87 09 03 02 20 3 61 07 04 8 64 16 10 06 31 1 07 09 07 15 14
Totals,	31,509	\$129,419,073	\$24 53

BRISTOL COUNTY.

			- 1			
Acushnet, .			.	559	\$1,532,093	\$0 31
ATTLEBORO, .			. 1	5,550	23,685,989	4 46
Berkley, .				266	658,432	14
Dartmouth, .		•		1,196	6,781,087	1 24
Dighton, .	•	•		662		
	•	•	•		2,048,025	40
Easton,				1,513	11,553,503	2 06
Fairhaven, .			.	1,537	5,047,337	99
FALL RIVER,				33.550	118.692.070	22 94
Freetown, .				537	1,364,837	28
Mansfield, .			. 1	1,702	5,586,871	1 09
NEW BEDFORE	D, .		.	31,024	128,140,755	24 25
North Attlebo	rough.		1	2,763	10.761.425	2 05
Norton,				777	1,910,315	39
					,	

BRISTOL COUNTY - Concluded.

		DR.			COUNTI	— Conciuaea.	
CITIES	AND	Tow	'NS.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ'g Polls at One-tenth of a Mill Each.
Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, TAUNTON, Westport,		:			478 635 758 873 651 10,122 813	\$1,201,951 1,167,804 2,091,570 2,027,632 2,221,104 31,373,636 2,855,835	\$0 25 26 42 42 43 6 19 55
Totals,	•	•	•	•	90,900	\$500,102,211	\$03 IZ
•		cou	NTY	0	F DUKE	s COUNTY.	
Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Oak Bluffs, Tisbury, West Tisbury	: : : : y,	:			112 381 52 51 321 387 116	\$436,290 1,594,446 47,075 857,163 2,080,668 2,292,778 761,457 \$8,069,877	\$0 08 30 01 15 38 42 14 \$1 48
			Е	SSI	EX COUN	NTY.	
Amesbury, Andover, BEVERLY, BOXford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, GLOUCESTER Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERHILL, Ipswich, LAWRENCE, LYNN, LYNN, LYNN, Karblehead, Marchester, Marblehead, Merrimac,					2,550 2,038 6,805 200 2,951 539 559 7,452 620 517 14,673 1,363 20,608 3,63 8,75 2,234 600	\$7,978,768 10,890,810 50,226,574 1,596,189 9,473,287 1,483,565 1,480,828 28,316,943 1,461,145 7,278,311 49,291,244 6,263,590 96,639,557 100,496,260 1,461,411 22,557,130 11,967,840 1,568,918	\$1 57 2 00 8 97 28 1 86 30 30 5 42 30 1 25 9 60 1 17 18 01 19 41 28 3 81 2 20

ESSEX COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES A	.ND	Tow	NS.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Polls at One-tenth of a Mill Each
Methuen, Middleton.	•				3,637 331	\$11,286,390 1,025,235	\$2 23 20
Nahant.	:	:	:	:	468	10,748,512	1 82
Newbury,					479	2,467,223	46
NEWBURYPOI					4,131	13,877,098	2 70
North Andov	er,				1,500	7,329,923	1 36
PEABODY,					4,875	17,584,307	3 39
Rockport,					1,351	4,349,897	85
Rowley, .	•		•		381	2,457,740	44
SALEM, .	٠	•			10,063	47,759,021	8 89
Salisbury,	•	•	•	•	551	1,828,004	36
Saugus, .	•	•	٠	•	2,777	7,468,095	1 51
Swampscott,	•	•	•	•	1,979	17,972,061	3 16
Γopsfield, Wenham.	•	•	•	•	343	4,851,015	83
Wennam, West Newbur	•	•	•	•	306 447	3,962,426	68
ii cor Tiem Dat	у,	•	•	•	447	1,291,823	26
Totals,					126,784	\$566,691,149	\$106 19

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Ashfield, 272 \$1,033,730 \$0 20 Bernardston, 207 689,934 13 Buckland, 477 2,238,211 42 Charlemont, 320 666,987 14 Colrain, 519 1,097,924 23 Conway, 333 972,426 19 Deerfield, 762 2,851,505 55 Erving, 368 1,557,380 29 Gill, 270 554,012 12 Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 308 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe, 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 128 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 00 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19 Warwick, 122 515,525 10						1	1	
Bernardston, 207 689,934 13 Buckland, 477 2,238,211 42 Charlemont, 320 666,987 14 Colrain, 519 1,097,924 23 Conway, 333 972,426 19 Deerfield, 762 2,851,505 55 Erving, 368 1,557,380 29 Gill, 270 554,012 12 Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 3 8 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Levenett, 222 449,885 10 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe, 81 424,463 08 Mortague, 2,125 6,465,022 12 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35						272	\$1,033,730	\$0 20
Buckland, 477 2,238,211 42 Charlemont, 320 666,987 14 Colrain, 519 1,097,924 23 Conway, 333 972,426 19 Deerfield, 762 2,851,505 55 Erving, 368 1,557,380 29 Gill, 270 554,012 12 Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 308 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 31,278 07 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08						207	689,934	
Charlemont, 320 666,987 14 Colrain, 519 1,097,924 23 Conway, 333 972,426 19 Deerfield, 762 2,851,505 55 Erving, 368 1,557,380 29 Gill, 270 554,012 12 Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 3 08 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Morroce, 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 31,278 04 Rowe, 124 31,278 04 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>477</td><td>2.238,211</td><td>42</td></td<>						477	2.238,211	42
Colrain, 519 1,097,924 23 Conway, 333 972,426 19 Deerfield, 762 2,851,505 55 Erving, 368 1,557,380 29 Gill, 270 554,012 12 Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 3 8 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe, 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 128 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shurderland, 378 918,640 19	Charlemont,					320	666,987	
Conway, 333 972/426 19 Deerfield, 762 2,851,505 55 Erving, 368 1,557,380 29 Gill, 270 554,012 12 Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 3 08 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe, 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 31,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Colrain					519	1.097.924	
Deerfield, 762 2,851,505 55 Erving, 368 1,557,380 29 Gill, 270 554,012 12 Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 3 8 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe, 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 128 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Conway,						972,426	
Erving, 368 1,557,380 29 Gill, 270 554,012 12 Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 38 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe, 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 03 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Deerfield.							
Gill, 270 554,012 12 Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 3 08 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe, 81 242,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 35,1278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Erving.			•				
Greenfield, 3,953 16,273,495 3 08 Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe. 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Gill.	Ċ		٠			554 012	
Hawley, 107 279,741 06 Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe, 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutdesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19		Ċ	·				16 273 495	
Heath, 116 352,114 07 Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 223,847 06 Monroe, 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 128 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19		•	•	•				
Leverett, 222 449,885 10 Leyden, 93 283,847 06 Monroe, 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 95 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19		•	•	•			359 114	
Leyden, 93 283 847 06 Monroe. 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 128 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19		•	•	•			440 885	
Monroe. 81 424,463 08 Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 331,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Levden	•	•	•				
Montague, 2,125 6,465,022 1 28 New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19		•		•				
New Salem, 174 461,161 09 Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 104 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Montogue	•		•				
Northfield, 438 1,845,890 35 Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Morr Solom	•	•	٠	•			
Orange, 1,671 5,266,375 1 04 Rowe, 124 351,278 40 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	New Balein,	٠	•	٠	•			
Rowe, 124 351,278 07 Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Ozones	٠	•	•	•			
Shelburne, 442 2,131,645 40 Shutesbury, 90 423,293 08 Sunderland, 378 918,640 19	Orange, .	٠	•	٠				
Shutesbury . . 90 423,293 08 Sunderland . . 378 918,640 19		٠	•	٠				
Sunderland,		٠	•	٠				
		٠	•					
Warwick, 122 515,525 10		٠						
	Warwick,					122	515,525	10

FRANKLIN COUNTY - Concluded.

Cities a	ND	Tov	VNS.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Polls at One-tenth of a Mill Each
Wendell, Whately,	:	:	:		130 303	\$814,521 895,109	\$0 15 18
Totals,					14,097	\$49,814,113	\$9 65
			H	AMP	DEN CO	UNTY.	
Agawam,					1,245	\$3,612,508	\$ 0 72
Blandford,					187	822,745	15
Brimfield,					267	879,358	17
Chester, .					407	1,002,957	21
Сикорее,				.	7,956	23,963,169	4 75
East Longme	ado	w.			530	1,567,572	31
Granville,					219	673,552	13
Hampden,					176	555,490	11
Holland.	:			- 1	45	151,842	03
HOLYOKE,	•	•	•	.	15,984	73,312,523	13 70
Longmeadow,	•	•	•		507	3,904,730	70
Ludlow, .		•	•		1,533	5,919,262	1 13
Monson,	•	•	•	.	1,118	2,777,589	57
Montgomery,	•	•	•		71	201,383	04
Palmer, .		•	•	.	2,698	6,192,247	1 29
Russell, .	•	•	•		335	2,695,605	48
Southwick,	•	•	•		347	1,039,489	21
		•	•	.	31,442	206,649,539	37 25
Springfield, Tolland.		•	•		51,442		06
	•	•	•		107	312,262	07
Wales,	.1.4	•				342,751	
West Springfie	ara,				3,165	11,453,142	2 21 2 90
Westfield,	•	•	•	- 1	4,717	14,718,820	
Wilbraham,	•	•	•	.	700	2,290,201	45
Totals,					73,815	\$365,038,736	\$67 64
			на	MPS	HIRE CO	OUNTY.	
Amherst,					1,748	\$7,929,938	\$1 48
Belchertown,				.	573	1,117,862	24
Chesterfield,					171	428,430	09
Cummington,					193	429,891	09
					2,617	9,240,330	1 79
Easthampton							
Easthampton Enfield, .	•	:	:	:	247	898,020	17

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND	Tow	ns.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,00 includ'g Pol at One-tent of a Mill Earl		
Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Norrhampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, South Hadley, Ware, Westhampton, Ware, Williamsburg, Worthington,				227 131 790 758 465 89 5,190 148 110 104 1,386 251 2,327 104 627 184	\$857,223 318,224 2,446,017 2,282,500 903,747 272,672 21,552,520 514,726 244,097 278,178 3,997,064 687,564 6,652,635 342,211 1,415,794 481,542	\$0 16 07 48 45 20 05 4 08 10 05 06 80 14 1 33 07 30		
Totals, .			.	18,523	\$63,575,741	\$12 35		

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

		682	\$2,975,316	\$0 56
		4,063	19,934,504	3 70
		270	1,182,723	22
		583	1,605,118	32
		844	2,555,147	51
		402		41
				2 47
			5,995,726	1 08
			321,762	06
			1,037,672	19
				27 21
				15
				99
				1 87
			2,902,411	58
			677,638	12
				6 92
,				3 79
				95
				45
				42
				1 07
				2 01
		334	5,509,565	94
			. 4,063 270 583 844 402 2,313 911 98 231 231 228,558 1,522 1,337 1,695 987 114 10,478 4,450 652 789 2,108 1,759	. 4,063 19,934,504 270 1,182,723 . 583 1,605,118 844 2,555,147 402 2,220,881 . 2,313 13,545,492 . 911 5,995,726 . 98 321,762 . 231 1,037,672 . 28,858 147,368,200 . 152 28,556 147,368,200 . 152 35,654 . 1,337 5,197,399 . 1,695 10,284,862 . 987 2,902,411 . 114 677,638 . 10,478 35,599,819 . 4,450 20,294,972 . 652 5,339,715 . 790 2,268,356 . 789 2,268,356 . 789 2,268,356 . 789 2,268,356 . 789 2,268,356 . 1,759 11,114,581

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES A	ND	Tow	ns.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Poll at One-tenth of a Mill Each
Littleton,					345	\$1,417,459	\$0 27
LOWELL.				.	25,984	100,946,930	19 26
MALDEN.				. 1	14,019	47,461,453	9 24
MARLBOROUGI	Η.				4,678	12,291,521	2 50
	•			.	2,108	4,900,544	1 02
MEDFORD.				.	8,831	33,157,118	6 36
MELROSE.				.	4,850	20,994,803	3 95
Natick, .					3,354	10,080,236	2 00
NEWTON.					11,658	97,251,107	17 22
North Réadin	g,				321	1,134,539	22
Pepperell,				.	911	2,709,443	54
Reading,				.	2,043	8,756,806	1 65
Sherborn,					378	2,845,626	51
Shirley, .				1	621	1,683,773	34
SOMERVILLE,				.	24,749	81,718,557	15 96
Stoneham,				.	2,230	6,381,712	1 28
Stow, .				.	330	1,566,632	29
Sudbury,					353	1,704,271	32
Tewksbury,				.	612	2,121,808	41
Townsend,					555	1,567,786	31
Γ yngsborough	ı,				287	870,941	17
Wakefield,					3,780	13,354,144	2 58
Waltham,					8,286	34,312,676	6 49
Watertown,					4,586	23,952,231	4 41
Wayland,					621	3,546,581	65
Westford,					812	3,165,759	60
Weston, .					652	10,593,813	1 81
Wilmington,					667	2,428,921	47
Winchester,			•		2,615	20,147,523	3 59
Woburn,	٠	•	•		4,809	15,643,716	3 06
Totals,					200,945	\$874,788,030	\$164 47
			NA	NTU	CKET C	OUNTY.	
Nantucket,					984	\$4,880,737	\$0 90
			N	ORF	OLK CO	UNTY.	4
					642	\$1,193,683	\$0 26
Avon, . Bellingham,	•				523	1,190,933	25

NORFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES .	AND	Tov	vns.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Polls at One-tenth of a Mill Each
Brookline,					8,321	\$173,947,538	\$29 54
Canton, .					1,355	8,405,511	1 52
Cohasset,				.	838	11,131,387	1 92
Dedham,					2,812	17,512,940	3 17
Dover, .					278	9,325,177	1 57
Foxborough,					1,038	3,109,922	62
Franklin,				.	1,745	5,807,897	1 13
Holbrook,				.	786	2,127,132	43
Medfield,				.	608	2,569,789	48
Medway,				.	881	1,999,940	42
Millis, .					452	1,745,535	33
Milton, .					2,275	36,879,571	6 31
Needham,				.	1,808	10,044,703	1 84
Norfolk,				.	404	1,372,419	27
Norwood,				.	3,296	19,438,084	3 54
Plainville,				.	423	1,117,249	23
QUINCY, .				.	12,252	46,020,016	8 82
Randolph,				.	1,215	3,692,917	73
Sharon,					706	4,212,393	77
Stoughton,					2,156	4,876,769	1 02
Walpole,				.	1,628	8,842,644	1 62
Wellesley,				.	1,732	22,003,975	3 80
Westwood,				. 1	386	5,008,223	87
Weymouth,				.	3,884	14,172,571	2 73
Wrentham,			•		489	1,747,860	34
Totals,					55,498	\$429,878,827	\$76 50

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Abington,			.	1,797	\$4,752,410	\$0 96
Bridgewater,			.	2,007	4,871,376	1 00
BROCKTON,			.	19,077	64,989,541	12 63
Carver, .				402	2.314.174	42
Duxbury,			.	585	4,397,590	78
East Bridgew	ate	r, .	.	1,064	3.634.419	71
Halifax, .				220	711,472	14
Hanover,				817	2,715,228	53
Hanson,				574	1,898,683	37
Hingham,				1,552	9,376,383	1 70
Hull, .				480	10,004,166	1 70
Kingston,				700	2,005,555	40
Lakeville,				386	1,477,964	28
Marion, .				537	7,934,700	1 36

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Concluded.

	1 11 1		111		Y — Conciuaea	
CITIES AND	Tov	VNS.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Poll at One-tent of a Mill Each
Marshfield, .				538	\$2,899,673	\$0 53
Mattapoisett,	•	•		369	2,934,833	52
Middleborough,	•	•	•	2,467	5,994,047	1 24
Norwell	•	:		496	1,542,822	30
Pembroke	Ĭ.			402	1,422,358	27
Plymouth, .				3,480	16,299,578	3 04
Plympton, .		· ·		163	544,661	11
Rochester	· ·	i.		377	1,120,636	22
Rockland	Ĭ.			2,162	6,390,945	1 27
Scituate, .	i.		i.	847	6,453,994	1 15
Wareham, .	Ċ			1,558	7,248,524	1 35
West Bridgewate	er.	·		806	1,988,631	41
Whitman, .			i.	2,307	6,224,970	1 26
Totals, .				46,170	\$182,149,333	\$34 65
CHELSEA, REVERE, Winthrop,	:	:	:	11,241 6,929 3,801 232,054	33,540,732 24,280,332 17,559,809 \$1,877,586,402	\$333 0 9
Totals, .	•		•	202,004	91,077,000,402	\$000 00
	·	WO:	RCE	STER C	OUNTY.	
Ashburnham.				580	\$1,623,719	\$0 3 3
Athol,				2,727	7,523,915	1 51
Auburn, .				867	1,997,225	42
Barre,				1,101	3,100,040	62
Berlin,				235	810,343	16
Blackstone, .				1,504	2,641,363	59
Bolton,				219	850,293	16
Boylston, .				234	670,157	13
Brookfield, .				591	1,677,372	34
Charlton, .				612	1,674,393	34
Clinton,				3,499	10,690,308	2 11
Dana,				183	539,271	11
Douglas, .				605	1,857,546	37
Dudley,	•			1,052	3,096,018	62
Fitchburg, .				11,827	46,223,657	8 81

WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

Cities a	ND	Tow	'ns.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ'g Polls at One-tenth of a Mill Each
Gardner.					4,662	\$14, 0 36,298	\$2 78
Grafton.					1,425	4,377,002	86
Hardwick,		÷	·		971	6,077,267	1 10
Harvard.					324	2,351,084	42
Holden, .					684	2,240,598	44
Hopedale,					855	12,455,482	2 14
Hubbardston.					319	900,734	18
Lancaster,					609	13,561,182	2 30
Leicester,					958	2,963,671	58
LEOMINSTER,					5,162	15,376,342	3 05
Lunenburg,					457	1,823,890	35
Mendon,					280	857,527	17
Milford, .					3,981	10,978,778	2 21
Millbury,					1,283	4,077,673	80
Millville,*					_	.	-
New Braintre					143	526,097	10
North Brookf		, .			821	2,332,644	47
Northborough					567	2,137,631	41
Northbridge,				.	2,806	8,608,731	1 70
Oakham,					165	460,292	09
Oxford, .					955	2,889,059	57
Paxton,	•	•	•		117	506,610	10
Petersham,	•	•	•	•	207	1,266,722	23
Phillipston,	•	•	•		106	434,919	08
Princeton,	•	٠	•	•	262	1,591,915	29
Royalston,	•	•	•	•	233	911,177	17
Rutland,	•	•	•		406	1,041,016	21
Shrewsbury,	•	•	•		769	3,368,780	63 65
Southborough	,	•	•	•	547	3,593,448	1 89
Southbridge,	•	•	•		$\frac{4,146}{1,740}$	8,912,369 4,378,972	90
Spencer, Sterling,	•	•	•	•	424	1,582,116	30
Sturbridge,	•	•	•	•	475	1,046,450	22
Sutton, .	•	•	•	•	691	1,665,149	34
Templeton,	•	•	•	•	1,148	2,312,160	50
Upton, .	•	•	•	•	551	1,455,192	30
Uxbridge,	•	•	•	•	1,360	5,074,569	97
Warren, .	•	•	•	•	1,214	2,996,360	62
Webster,	•	•	•	•	3,229	11,374,725	2 20
West Boylston		•	•	•	384	1,216,511	24
West Brookfie		:	:		394	1,223,492	24
Westborough,	,	:	•		1,223	3,777,486	75
Westminster.		:	:	:	398	1,203,624	24
Winchendon,		:	:		1,763	4,931,259	99
Worcester,	•	•			46,846	202,541,153	38 11
Totals,	••				121,896	\$462,413,776	\$88 51

^{*} Millville incorporated May 1, 1916.

RECAPITULATION.

Со	UNT	ies.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of includ' at One of a Mil	g Polls tenth
Barnstable,				8,225	\$61,196,619	\$10	92
Berkshire,				31,509	129,419,073	24	5 3
Bristol, .				95,966	360,702,271	69	12
Dukes, .				1,420	8,069,877	1	48
Essex, .				126,784	566,691,149	106	19
Franklin,				14,097	49,814,113	9	65
Hampden,				73,815	365,038,736	67	64
Hampshire,				18,523	63,575,741	12	35
Middlesex,				200,945	874,788,030	164	47
Nantucket,				984	4,880,737		90
Norfolk,				55,498	429,878,827	76	50
Plymouth,				46,170	182,149,333	34	6 5
Suffolk, .				232,054	1,877,586,402	333	0 9
Worcester,				121,896	462,413,776	88	51
Totals,				1,027,886	\$5,436,204,684	\$1,000	00

A LIST

OF THE COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS IN THE COMMONWEALTH, WITH THE CENSUS OF INHABITANTS IN 1910 AND 1915, AND OF LEGAL VOTERS IN 1915, REVISED AND CORRECTED BY THE BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

ALSO, A LIST OF REGISTERED VOTERS IN 1917, PREPARED BY THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

					Popul	ATION.	Legal	Regis-
COUNT		, CIT			U. S. Census 1910	State Census 1915	Voters 1915	tered Voters 1917
BAR	NST	ABL	Е.					
Barnstable	, .				4,676	4,995	1,311	1,277
Bourne,					2,474	2,672	624	633
Brewster,					631	783	237	243
Chatham,		•			1,564	1,667	534	503
Dennis,	•			•	1,919	1,822	582	520
Eastham,	•				518	545	151	140
Falmouth,	•	•	•	•	3,144	3,917	834	773
Harwich,	•	•	•	•	2,115	2,179	603	582
Mashpee,	•	•		•	270	263	81	74
Orleans,	•	•	•	•	1,077	1,166	345	344
Provinceto	wn,	•	•	•	4,369	4,295	788	720
Sandwich,	•	•	•	•	1,688	1,500	377	376
Truro, .	•	•	•	•	655	663	147	126
Wellfleet,	•	•	•	•	1,022	936	291	276
Yarmouth,	•	•	•	٠	1,420	1,415	441	365
Totals,	•	•	•		27,542	28,818	7,346	6,952
	RKS	HIRE	·.					
Adams,		•		•	13,026	13,218	2,310	2,268
Alford,	•	•	•	•	275	271	71	62
Becket,	•	•	•	•	959	973	265	211
Cheshire,	•	•		•	1,508	1,535	350	399
Clarksburg	,	•	•	•	1,207	1,114	249	196
Dalton,	•	•	•	•	3,568	3,858	913	845
Egremont,	٠	•	•	•	605	599	160	151
Florida,	٠.	•	•	•	395	427	86	58
Great Barr	ıngt	on,	•	•	5,926	6,627	1,471	1,416
Hancock,	•	•	•	•	465	514	137	106
Hinsdale,	•	•	•		1,116	1,257	306	244

	Popul.	ATION.	T I	Regis-
COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS.	U. S. Census 1910	State Census 1915	Legal Voters 1915	tered Voters 1917
BERKSHIRE - Con.				
Lanesborough,	947	1,089	318	221
Lee,	4,106	4,481	1,039	1,071
Lenox,	3,060	3,242	717	716
Monterey	388	358	92	85
Mount Washington,	110	95	22	24
New Ashford,	92	92	26	24
New Marlborough,	1,124	1,030	297	214
NORTH ADAMS,	22,019	22,035	4,654	3,947
Otis, · · · ·	494	442 195	122 58	105 48
Peru,	$\frac{237}{32,121}$	39,607	9,319	8,146
PITTSFIELD,	650	564	145	136
Sandisfield,	566	564	137	122
Savoy,	503	524	127	104
Sheffield,	1,817	1,862	487	354
Stockbridge,	1,933	1,901	502	454
Tyringham,	382	327	90	81
Washington,	277	275	80	67
West Stockbridge,	1,271	1,277	291	265
Williamstown,	3,708	3,981	1,024	813
Windsor,	404	375	117	88
Totals,	105,259	114,709	25,982	23,041
BRISTOL.	4 000	2 22 2	100	20.5
Acushnet,	1,692	2,387	438	295
ATTLEBORO,	16,215	18,480	4,390	3,304
Berkley, · · ·	999 4.378	985 5,330	1,005	212 867
Dartmouth,	2,235	2,499	487	411
Dighton,	5,139	5,064	1,284	1,162
Fairhaven,	5,122	6.277	1,200	1,009
FALL RIVER,	119,295	6,277 124,791	19,853	16,832
FALL RIVÉR,	1,471	1,663	390	299
Mansfield,	5,183	5,772	1,358	1,153
NEW BEDFORD	96,652	109,568	17,053	15,518
North Attleborough,	9,562	9,398	2,384	1,945
Norton,	2,544	2,587	571	491
Raynham,	1,725	1,810	384	273
Rehoboth,	2,001	2,228 2,767	494	347
Decrous,	2,397	2,767	606	452
Somerset, · · ·	2,798	3,377	653 538	566
Swansea, · · ·	1,978 $34,259$	2,558 36,161	7,370	416 6,610
TAUNTON,	2,928	3,262	7,570	588
Westport,	2,020	0,202	190	300
Totals,	318,573	346,964	61,437	52,750

			Dones		1	
			POPUL	ATION.	Legal	Regis-
COUNTIES,			U.S.	State	Voters	tered
AND TOV	VIND.		Census	Census		Voters
			1910	1915	1915	1917
				i		
DUKES CO	UNTY.		202	900	00	00
Chilmark, .		•	282 1,191	288 1,276	96 334	98 297
Edgartown, Gay Head, .		•	1,191	1,276	55	46
Gosnold, .		:	152	155	45	33
Oak Bluffs, .		•	1,084	1,245	271	$\frac{33}{273}$
Tisbury, .	: :	÷	1,196	1,324	307	280
West Tisbury,	: :	•	437	441	112	91
		•				
Totals, .	•	•	4,504	4,904	1,220	1,118
ESSEX	٤.					
Amesbury, .			9,894	8,543	2,167	1,976
Andover, .		•	7,301	7,978	1,731	1,633
BEVERLY, .		•	18,650	22,959	5,195	4,519
Boxford, .		•	718	714	190	159
Danvers, .		•	9,407	11,177	2,517	2,217
Essex,		•	1,621	1,677	489 565	403 465
Georgetown, GLOUCESTER,		•	1,958 24,398	2,058 24,478	5,857	4,999
Groveland,		•	2,253	2,377	608	570
Hamilton, .		•	1,749	1,879	399	377
HAVERHILL,	•	:	44,115	49,450	11,211	9,214
Ipswich,	: :		5,777	6,272	1,091	1,015
LAWRENCE,			85,892	90.259	14,813	13,163
LYNN,			89,336	95,803	22,455	18,048
Lynnfield, .			911	1,112	327	384
Manchester,			2,673	2,945	661	673
Marblehead,			7,338	7,606	2,206	1,996
Merrimac, .			2,202	2,101	585	503
Methuen, .			11,448	14,007	2,723	2,462
Middleton, .			1,129	1,308	328	301
Nahant,		•	1,184	1,387	376	461
Newbury, .		•	1,482	1,590	442	386
NEWBURYPORT,		•	14,949	15,311	3,726	3,485
North Andover,		•	5,529	5,956	1,309	1,365
PEABODY, .		•	15,721	18,625	3,423	3,408
Rockport, . Rowley, .		•	4,211	4,351	1,033 384	903
SALEM, .		:	1,368 43,697	$1,481 \\ 37,200$	8,191	308 7,787
Salisbury, .	: :		1,658	1,717	483	455
Saugus, .	: :	:	8.047	10,226	2,192	1,851
Swampscott,		٠:	6,204	7,345	1,801	1,681
Topsfield,	: :	:	1,174	1,173	275	325
Wenham, .		:	1,010	1,068	269	239
West Newbury,			1,473	1,529	423	365
Totals, .			436,477	463,662	100,445	88,096

			Popul	ATION.	Legal	Regis
COUNTIES, CIT AND TOWNS	ies ·		U. S. Census 1910	State Census 1915	Voters 1915	tered Voter 1917
En laver va		i				
FRANKLIN.			959	994	283	219
Bernardston.	·		741	790	196	175
Buckland,	•	٠,	1,573	1,569	451	218
Charlemont,	•		1.001	977	278	21
Colrain,	•	•	1,741	1,829	416	358
Conway,	•	•	1,230	1 220	309	26:
Deerfield,	•	•	2,209	1,220 2,739	535	523
	•	•	1.148	1,168	283	23
Erving,	•	•	942	951	242	155
ill,	•	•		12,618	3,226	3,08
Freénfield,	•	•	10,427 424	427	96	69
lawley,	•	•		383	112	9
Ieath,	•	•	346			15
Leverétt,	٠	•	728	779	206	
Leyden,	•	•	363	344	86	8
Ionroe,	•	•	246	296	54	3
Iontague,	•		6,866	7,925	1,563	1,36
New Salem,	•	•	639	625	183	124
Vorthfield,	•	•	1,642	1,782	426	37
Orange,		•	5,282	5,379	1,454	1,30
Rowe,		.	456	424	103	7
Shelburne,		- 1	1,498	1,484	415	373
hutesbury, .		- 1	267	292	69	3
underland, .			1,047	1,278	154	15
Varwick,			477	477	118	9
Vendell,			502	388	114	9.
Vhately,	•	•	846	1,118	179	170
Totals,			43,600	48,256	11,551	10,03
HAMPDEN.						
Agawam,	•	•	3,501	4,555	902	720
Blandford,	•		717	623	188	13
Brimfield,		.	866	934	234	17
Chester,	•		1,377	1,344	334	25
CHICOPEE,	•		25,401	30,138	4,339	4,23
East Longmeadow,			1,553	1,939	365	31
Franville	•		781	784	210	18
Iampden,			645	670	175	13
ionana,			145	159	45	3
HOLYOKE,			57,730	60,816	10,974	9,56
Longmeadow,			1,084	1,782	451	44
Ludlow,		.	4,948	6,251	672	59:
foncon'			4,758	5,004	945	79:
Jontgomery,			217	230	65	5
Palmer,			8,610	9,468	1,482	1,37
Russell,			965	1,104	239	240
Southwick,		- 1	1,020	1,365	321	27

COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS. HAMPDEN — Con.	U. S. Census 1910	State Census 1913	Legal Voters	Regis- tered Voters
			1915	1917
SPRINGFIELD,	88,926	102,971	22,864	19,883
Tolland	180	199	51	47
Wales,	345	337	114	98
West Springfield,	9,224	11,339	2,389	2,015
mostucia,	16,044	18,411	3,516	2,951
Wilbraham,	2,332	2,521	353	270
Totals,	231,369	262,944	51,228	44,804
HAMPSHIRE.				
Amherst,	5,112	5,558	1,391	1,239
Belchertown,	2,054	2,062	493	439
Chesterfield,	536	559	160	136
Cummington,	637	660	182	161
Easthampton,	8,524	9,845	1,527	2,273
Enfield,	874	806	210	196
Goshen,	279	289	81 174	75
Granby,	$\frac{761}{452}$	828 426	133	137 123
Greenwich,		2,666	394	352
Hadley,	1,999		343	
Hatfield,	1,986 $1,473$	2,630	397	328 335
Huntington,	354	1,427 325	66	61
NORTHAMPTON,	19,431	21,654	4,279	3,818
	467	499	132	117
	406	375	109	100
Plainfield,	320	299	88	79
South Hadley,	4,894	5,179	1,059	954
South Hadley,	870	950	225	188
Ware,	8,774	9,346	1,516	1,323
	423	430	116	85
Westnampton,	2,132	2,118	468	425
Worthington,	569	618	181	123
Totals,	63,327	69,549	13,724	13,067
MIDDLESEX.				
Acton	2,136	2,151	547	469
Arlington,	11,187	14,889	3,364	3,186
Ashby,	885	922	253	203
Ashland,	1,682	2,005	505	438
Ayer,	2,797	2,779	709	599
Bedford,	1,231	1,365	344	327
Belmont,	5,542	8,081	1,804	1,616
Billerica,	2,789	3,246	817	931
Boxborough,	317	326	86	81
Burlington,	591	751	196	155

	Popul	ATION.	Legal	Regis-
COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS.	U. S. Census 1910	State Census 1915	Voters 1915	tered Voters 1917
Mannana Con	İ			
MIDDLESEX — Con. CAMBRIDGE,	104,839	108,822	22,037	16,371
Carlisle,	551	490	139	119
Chelmsford,	5,010	5.182	1,121	1,042
Concord,	6,421	6,681	1,294	1,175
Dracut,	3,461	4,022	812	720
Dunstable,	408	362	107	93
EVERETT,	33,484	37,718	7,963	6,298
Framingham,	12,948	15,860	3,581	3,225
Groton,	2,155	2,333	596	498
Holliston,	2,711	2,788	708	644
Hopkinton,	2,452	2,475	685	577
Hudson,	6,743	6,758	1,473	1,359
	4,918	5,538	1,253	1,216
Lexington,	1.175	1,310	332	294
Lincoln,	1,173	1,310	302	259
Littleton,		107.050		
LOWELL,	106,294	107,978	20,247	16,415
MALDEN,	44,404	48,907	10,145	8,005
Marlborough,	14,579	15,250	3,756	3,450
Maynard,	6,390	6,770	1,072	1,071
MEDFORD,	23,150	30,509	7,048	6,882
MELROSE,	15,715	16,880	4,098	3,623
Natick,	9,866	11,119	2,816	2,606
NEWTON,	39,806	43,113	9,284	7,998
North Reading,	1,059	1,292	363	275
Pepperell,	2,953	2,839	738	606
Reading,	5,818	6,805	1,745	1,632
Sherborn,	1,428	1,696	304	284
Shirley,	2,139	2,251	362	334
SOMERVILLE,	2,139 77,236	86,854	19,519	13,826
Stoneham,	7,090	7,489	1,878	1,642
Stow,	1,115	1,127	255	228
Sudbury,	1,120	1,206	325	252
rewksbury,	3,750	5,265	498	394
	1,761	1,812	500	398
Fownsend,		967	224	204
Wakefield,	44 404	12,781	2,895	2,536
WALTHAM,	27,834	30,154	6,594	5,704
Watertown,	10 000	16,515	3,396	3,019
Wayland,	9,900	2.033	570	517
Westford,	0.051	2,843	516	447
Weston,	2,106	2,342	560	515
	3 050	2,330	494	474
	0,000	10,005	2,147	2,087
		16,410	3,655	3,468
WOBURN,	10,000	10,410		<u>-</u>
Totals,	669,915	733,624	157,032	130,782

		Popul	ATION.		Regis-
COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS.	,	U.S. Census 1910	State Census 1915	Legal Voters	tered Voters 1917
NANTUCKET. Nantucket,		2,962	3,166	861	909
NORFOLK.					
Avon,	•	2,013	2,164	559	492
Bellingham,	•	1,696	1,953	412	324
Braintree,	•	8,066 27,792	9,343	2,181 7,565	1,876
Brookline,	•	24,792	33,490	7,565	6,053
Canton,	•	4,797	5,623	1,135	1,067
Cohasset,	•	2,585	2,800	666	745
Dedham,	•	9,284	11,043	2,334	2,375
Dover,	٠.	798	999	224	211
Foxborough,	•	3,863	3,755	894	720
Franklin,		5,641	6,440	1,332	1,075
Holbrook,		2,816	2,948	772	684
Medfield,		3,466	3,648	479	421
Medway,		2,696	2,846	671	614
Millis,		1,399	1,442	332	335
Milton,		7,924	8,600	1,967	1,890
Needham,		5,026	6,542	1,320	1,271
Norfolk,		960	1,268	304	298
Norwood,		8.014	10,977	2,271	1,861
Plainville,		1.385	1,408	377	308
QUINCY,	·	32,642	40,674	8,614	7,304
Randolph,	•	4,301	4,734	1,209	1.031
Sharon,		2,310	2,468	579	512
Stoughton,		6,316	6,982	1,639	1,450
Walpole,	•	4,892	5,490	1,170	
Wellesley,	٠,	5,413		1,170	1,069
	•	1.266	6,439	1,268	1,157
			1,448	317	296
		12,895	13,969	3,603	3,101
Wrentham,	•	1,743	2,414	437	369
Totals,	٠	187,506	201,907	44,631	38,909
PLYMOUTH.					
Abington,		5,455	5,646	1,522	1,306
Bridgewater,		7,688	9,381	1,361	1.095
Brockton,		56,878	62,288 1,701	14,696	12,828
Carver.		1,663	1,701	296	202
Duxbury,		1,688	1,921	546	457
East Bridgewater		3,363	3,689	928	746
Halifax,		550	638	130	94
Hanover,		2,326	2.666	677	572
Hanson,		1,854	1,796	468	394
Hingham,	· ·	4,965	5,264	1,371	1,198
Hull,	:	2,103	2,290	645	417
Kingston,	•	2,445	2,580	545	456
	•	2,110	2,000	010	300

	Popul	ATION.	Legal	Regis-
COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS.	U. S. Census	State Census	Voters	tered Voters
	1910	1915	1915	1917
PLYMOUTH - Con.		1		Ì
Lakeville,	1,141	1,491	409	246
Marion	1,460	1,487	327	275
Marchfield	1,738	1,725	515	472
Mattapoisett, · · ·	1,233	1,352	295	287
Middleborough,		8,631	2,107	1,744
	1,410	1,563	478	386
Pembroke,	1,336	1,337	361	276
Plymouth,		12,926	2,505	2,188
Plympton,	561	599	151 254	125 172
Plympton,	1,090	1,160 7,074	1,998	1,911
Rockland,		2.661	738	770
Scituate, · · ·	4,102	5,176	1,052	971
Warenam, · · · ·		2 741	615	538
West Bridgewater,		2,741 7,520	2,102	1,689
Wareham,	1,202		<u>-</u> -	- -
Totals, · · ·	144,337	157,303	37,092	.31,815
SUFFOLK.	1			
Boston,* · · ·	670,585	745,439	160,342	116,908
	32,452	43,426	7,042	5,822
	18,219	25,178	5,061	4,479
Winthrop, · · ·	10,132	12,758	3,445	2,624
Totals,	731,388	826,801	175,890	129,833
WORCESTER.				
Ashburnham,	2,107	2,059	479	399
Athol,	8,536	9,783	2,243	2,081
Ashburnnam, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin,	2,420	3,281	639	646
Barre, · · ·	2,957	3,476	537	438
Berlin, .	904	865	246	207
Blackstone,	5,648	5,689 768	1,124 205	611 167
Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Charlton, Dana,	. 764 714	783	193	172
Boylston,	2,204	2,059	528	484
Brookneid, .	2,032	2,213	525	405
Charlton,	13,075	13,192	2,610	2,490
Chinton, · · ·		712	175	149
Dana,	2,152	2,179	411	365
Duglas,	4,267	4,373	662	523
FITCHBURG,	37,826	39,656	7,231	6,880
Gardner,	. 14,699	16,376	3,015	2,715
Grafton,	5,705	6,250	1,120	968
Grafton, Hardwick,	3,524	3,596	494	434
Danal Douglas, Dudley, FITCHBURG, Gardner, Grafton, Hardwick, Haryard,	. 1.034	1,104	269	259
Holden,	2,147	2,514	541	476

^{*} Hyde Park annexed in 1911.

	Popul	ATION.	Legal	Regis-
COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS.	U. S. Census 1910	State Census 1915	Voters 1915	tered Voters 1917
WORCESTER - Con.				
Hopedale,	2,188	2,663	723	546
Hubbardston,	1,073	1,084	277	246
Lancaster	2,464	2,585	486	427
Lancaster, Leicester,	3,237	3,322	740	705
LEOMINSTER,	17,580	17,646	3,956	8,429
Lunenburg,	1,393	1,610	401	312
Mendon,	880	933	253	204
Milford,	13,055	13,684	2,654	2,465
Millbury,	4,740	5,295	1,107	942
Millville.	_	· -		394
New Braintree,	464	453	109	89
North Brookfield,	3,075	2,947	697	640
Northborough,	1,713	1,797	466	408
Northbridge,	8,807	9,254	1,673	1,372
Oakham,	552	527	145	133
Oakham, Oxford, Paxton,	3,361	3,476	745	668
Paxton,	416	471	107	89
Petersham,	757	727	199	168
Phillipston,	426	390	97	87
11mocion,	818 792	800	206	163
Royalston,	1,743	862	202	167
	1,745	1,895	469	155
Shrewsbury,	1,745	2,794 1,898	641 466	513 406
Southbridge,	12,592	14,217	2,458	2,286
	6,740	5,994	1,488	1,371
Sterling,	1,359	1,403	339	324
Sturbridge,	1,957	1,618	404	355
Sutton,	3,078	2,829	486	386
Templeton,	3,756	4,081	812	645
Templéton,	2,071	2,036	491	412
Uxbridge	4,671	4,921	1,008	960
Warren,	4,188	4,268	748	632
Webster,	11,509	12,565	2,089	1,878
West Boylston,	1,270	1,318	305	263
Webster,	1,327	1,288	344	317
Westborough,	5,446	5,925	1,089	955
Westminster,	1,353	1,594	336	289
Winchendon,	5,678	5,908	1,317	1,221
WORCESTER,	145,986	162,697	33,670	27,692
Totals,	399,657	430,703	87,450	80,583

RECAPITULATION.

COUNTIES. Ci		Number	Popul	LATION.	Legal	Regis-	
		Cities and Towns.	U. S. Census 1910	State Census 1915	Voters 1915	tered Voters 1917	
Barnstable,			15	27,542	28,818	7,346	6,952
Berkshire,			32	105,259	114,709	25,982	23,041
Bristol, .			20	318,573	346,964	61,437	52,750
Dukes Coun	ty,		7	4,504	4,904	1,220	1,118
Essex, .			34	436,477	463,662	100,445	88,096
Franklin,			26	43,600	48,256	11,551	10,038
Hampden,			23	231,369	262,944	51,228	44,804
Hampshire,			23	63,327	69,549	13,724	13,067
Middlesex,			54	669,915	733,624	157,032	130,782
Nantucket,			1	2,962	3,166	861	909
Norfolk,*			28	187,506	201,907	44,631	38,909
Plymouth,			27	144,337	157,303	37,092	31,815
Suffolk,*			4	731,388	826,801	175,890	129,833
Worcester,			60	399,657	430,703	87,450	80,583
Totals,			354	3,366,416	3,693,310	775,889	652,697

^{*} Town of Hyde Park annexed to Boston in 1911.

GOVERNORS AND LIEUT.-GOVERNORS.

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1620 Nov. 11, John Carver. 1621 April, William Bradford. 1633 Jan. 1, Edward Winslow. 1634 Mar. 27, Thomas Prence. 1635 Mar. 3, William Bradford. 1636 Mar. 1, Edward Winslow. 1637 Mar. 7, William Bradford. 1638 June 5, Thomas Prence. 1639 June 3, William Bradford. 1644 June 5, Edward Winslow. 1645 June 4, William Bradford. 1657 June 3, Thomas Prence. 1673 June 3, Josiah Winslow. 1680 Dec. 18. Thomas Hinckley.*

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1680 Thomas Hinckley.†
1681 James Cudworth.

| 1682 William Bradford, to 1686 | 1689 William Bradford, to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS BAY COLONY.

1629 Mar. 4, Matthew Cradock.‡
1629 Apr. 30, John Endicott.‡
1629 Oct. 20, John Winthrop.‡
1634 May 14, Thomas Dudley.
1635 May 6, John Haynes.
1636 May 25, Henry Vane.
1637 May 17, John Winthrop.
1640 May 13, Thomas Dudley.
1641 June 2, Richard Bellingham.
1642 May 18, John Winthrop.
1644 May 29, John Endicott.
1645 May 14, Thomas Dudley.

1646 May 6, John Winthrop.
1649 May 2, John Endicott.
1650 May 22, Thomas Dudley.
1651 May 7, John Endicott.
1654 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1655 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1663 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1672 Dec. 12, John Leverett (act'g).
1673 May 7, John Leverett.
1679 May 28, Simon Bradstreet, to

May 20, 1686.

^{*} Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the union of the colonies in 1692, except during the administration of Andros.

[†] Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor pro tem. being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.

[‡] A patent of King James I., dated Nov. 3, 1620, created the Council for New England and granted it the territory in North America from

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS BAY COLONY.

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1650 John Endicott,
                                                              . to 1651
1629 Thomas Goffe,* to Oct. 20, 1629
1629 Thomas Dudley, .
                              1634
                                    1651 Thomas Dudley. .
                                                                  1653
                                    1653 Richard Bellingham.
1634 Roger Ludlow,
                              1635
                                                                  1654
1635 Richard Bellingham,
                              1636
                                    1654 John Endicott,
                                                                  1655
                                                                  1665
1636 John Winthrop, .
                              1637
                                    1655 Richard Bellingham,
                                                                  1671
1637 Thomas Dudley, .
                              1640
                                    1665 Francis Willoughby, .
                                                                  1673
1640 Richard Bellingham,
                              1641
                                    1671 John Leverett,
                              1644
                                    1673 Sam'l Symonds, to Oct.,
                                                                  1678
1641 John Endicott,
1644 John Winthrop, .
                              1646
                                    1678 Oct., Simon Bradstreet,
                                                                  1679
1646 Thomas Dudley, .
                              1650 1679 Thomas Danforth,
                                                                  1686
```

40° to 48° N. latitude and from sea to sea, to be known thereafter as New England in America. By instrument of March 19, 1628, the Council for New England granted to Sir Henry Rosewell and others the territory afterwards confirmed by royal Charter to the "Governor and Company of the Mattachusetts Bay in Newe England." This Charter, which passed the seals March 4, 1629, designated Matthew Cradock as the first Governor of the Company and Thomas Goffe as the first Deputy-Governor. Both had held similar offices from the grantees under the instrument of March 19, 1628. On May 13, 1629, the same persons were rechosen by the Company; but they never came to New England. On Oct. 20, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor of the Company and John Humfrey Deputy-Governor. Humfrey having declined the service. Thomas Dudley was chosen in his stead.

John Endicott had been sent over in 1628, with a small band, as the agent of the grantees under the instrument of March 19, 1628. While Cradock was Governor of the Company, a commission, dated April 30, 1629, was sent out to Endicott at Salem appointing him "Governor of London's Plantation in the Mattachusetts Bay in New England." In the exercise of this commission he was subordinate to the "Governor and Company" in London, by whom he was deputed, and who, from time to time, sent him elaborate instructions for his conduct. Cradock and Endicott were thus chief governor and local governor, respectively, from April 30, 1629, or, rather, from the time when Endicott's commission reached Salem, a few weeks later, until Oct. 20, 1629; and Winthrop and Endicott were chief and local governors, respectively, from that date until the arrival of Winthrop at Salem with the Charter, June 12, 1630, when Endicott's powers merged in the general authority of Winthrop.

* Thomas Goffe, the first Deputy-Governor, never came to New England. John Humfrey was elected, but did not serve.

THE INTER-CHARTER PERIOD.

On May 25, 1686, Joseph Dudley became President of New England under a commission of King James II., and had jurisdiction over the royal dominions in New England. This office he held till December 20, the same year, when Sir Edmund Andros became Governor of New England, appointed by King James II. On April 18, 1689, Governor Andros was deposed by a revolution of the people.

AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

Simon Bradstreet was Governor from June 7, 1689, to May 16, 1692; and Thomas Danforth was Deputy-Governor during the same time.

APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF THE PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY.

1692 May 16, Sir William Phips.
1694 Dec. 4, William Stoughton.*
1699 May 26, Richard Coote.†
1700 July 17, William Stoughton.
1701 July 7, The Council.
1702 June 11, Joseph Dudley.
1715 Feb. 4, The Council.
1715 Mar. 21, Joseph Dudley.
1715 Nov. 9, William Tailer.‡
1716 Oct. 5, Samuel Shute.
1723 Jan. 1, William Dummer.
1728 July 19, William Burnet.
1729 Sept. 7, William Dummer.

1730 Aug. 10, Jonathan Belcher. 1741 Aug. 14, William Shirley. 1749 Sept. 11, Spencer Phips. 1753 Aug. 7, William Shirley. 1756 Sept. 25, Spencer Phips. 1757 April 4. The Council.

1730 June 11, William Tailer.

1757 Aug. 3, Thomas Pownal. 1760 June 3, Thomas Hutchinson.

1760 Aug. 2, Francis Bernard. 1769 Aug. 2, Thomas Hutchinson.

1771 Mar. 14, Thomas Hutchinson. 1774 May 17, Thomas Gage.

- Those whose names are printed in italics were Acting Governors.
- † Richard Coote, Earl of Bellomont.
- ‡ On November 9, 1715, Elizeus Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having been commissioned on March 17, 1715, but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in April, 1716.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS OF THE PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY.

1692 Wm. Stoughton, to July, 1701	1730 William Tailer.
	1732 Spencer Phips.
1706 Jan., vacancy to Oct., . 1711	1758 Thomas Hutchinson.
1711 William Tailer.	1771 Andrew Oliver.
1716 William Dummer.	1774 Thomas Oliver.

UNTIL THE CONSTITUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress. | 1775 July, The Council.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

GOVERNORS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 John Hancock, to	1785	1861 John A. Andrew, to	1866
1785 James Bowdoin,	1787	1866 Alexander H. Bullock,	1869
1787 John Hancock, Oct. 8,.	1793	1869 William Claffin,	1872
1794 Samuel Adams,	1797	1872 William B. Washburn,*	1874
1797 Increase Sumner, June 7,	1799	1875 William Gaston,	1878
1800 Caleb Strong,	1807	1876 Alexander H. Rice,	1879
1807 Jas. Sullivan, Dec. 10,	1808	1879 Thomas Talbot,	1880
1809 Christopher Gore, .	1810	1880 John Davis Long,	1883
1810 Elbridge Gerry.	1812	1883 Benjamin F. Butler,	1884
1812 Caleb Strong.	1816	1884 George D. Robinson, .	1887
1816 John Brooks,	1823	1887 Oliver Ames,	1890
1823 Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6.	1825	1890 John Q. A. Brackett,	1891
1825 Levi Lincoln,	1834	1891 William E. Russell.	1894
1834 John Davis, March 1,	1835	1894 Frederic T. Greenhalge,†	1896
1836 Edward Everett,	1840	1897 Roger Wolcott,	1900
1840 Marcus Morton.	1841	1900 W. Murray Crane,	1903
1841 John Davis,	1843	1903 John L. Bates,	1905
1843 Marcus Morton,	1844	1905 William L. Douglas, .	1906
1844 George N. Briggs,	1851	1906 Curtis Guild, Jr.,	1909
1851 George S. Boutwell,	1853	1909 Eben S. Draper.	1911
1853 John H. Clifford,	1854	1911 Eugene N. Foss,	1914
1854 Emory Washburn.	1855	1914 David I. Walsh,	1916
1855 Henry J. Gardner,	1858	1916 Samuel W. McCall.	
1858 Nathaniel P. Banks,	1861		

[•] Resigned May 1, 1874. Chosen U.S. Senator April 17, 1874.

[†] Mr. Greenhalge died March 5, 1896.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHU-SETTS.

1780 Thos. Cushing, to Feb. 28,* 1788	1862 John Nesmith, to Sept.,	1862
1788 Benjamin Lincoln, . 1789	1863 Joel Hayden,	1866
1789 Samuel Adams, 1794	1866 William Claffin,	1869
1794 Moses Gill, May 20,† . 1800	1869 Joseph Tucker,	1873
1801 Sam'l Phillips, Feb. 10, 1802	1873 Thomas Talbot,§	1875
1802 Edward H. Robbins, . 1806	1875 Horatio G. Knight, .	1879
1807 Levi Lincoln, 1809	1879 John D. Long,	1880
1809 David Cobb, 1810	1880 Byron Weston,	1883
1810 William Gray, 1812	1883 Oliver Ames,	1887
1812 William Phillips, 1823	1887 John Q. A. Brackett, .	1890
1823 Levi Lincoln, Feb., . 1824	1890 William H. Haile, .	1893
1824 Marcus Morton, July, . 1825	1893 Roger Wolcott,	1897
1826 Thomas L. Winthrop, . 1833	1897 W. Murray Crane, .	1900
1833 Samuel T. Armstrong, . 1836	1900 John L. Bates,	1903
1836 George Hull, 1843	1903 Curtis Guild, Jr.,	1906
1843 Henry H. Childs, 1844	1906 Eben S. Draper,	1909
1844 John Reed, 1851	1909 Louis A. Frothingham,	1912
1851 Henry W. Cushman, . 1853	1912 Robert Luce,	1913
1853 Elisha Huntington, . 1854	1913 David I. Walsh,	1914
1854 William C. Plunkett, . 1855	1914 Edward P. Barry, .	1915
1855 Simon Brown, 1856	1915 Grafton D. Cushing, .	1916
1856 Henry W. Benchley, . 1858	1916 Calvin Coolidge,	
1858 Eliphalet Trask, 1861		
1861 John Z. Goodrich, Mar. 29, 1861		

[•] The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in italics were Acting Governors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

[†] Mr. Gill died on the 20th of May, 1800, and the Commonwealth, for the only time under the Constitution, was without a Governor and Lieutenant-Governor. The Council, Hon. Thomas Dawes, President, officiated till the 30th of the month, when Caleb Strong was inaugurated Governor.

[‡] General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.

[§] Acting Governor from May 1, 1874.

^{||} Acting Governor from March 5, 1896.

UNITED STATES SENATORS

FROM MASSACHUSETTS,

From 1789.

Tristram Dalton 1789-91 Caleb S	trong, 1789-96
George Cabot, 1791-96 Theodor	e Sedgwick, . 1796–99
Benjamin Goodhue, . 1796-1800 Samuel	Dexter, 1799–1800
Jonathan Mason, . 1800-03 Dwight	Foster, 1800-03
John Quincy Adams, . 1803-08 Timothy	Pickering, 1803-11
James Lloyd, Jr., 1808-13 Joseph J	Bradley Varnum, 1811-17
Christopher Gore, 1813-16 Harrison	Gray Otis, . 1817-22
Eli Porter Ashmun, . 1316-18 James I	loyd, 1822-26
Prentiss Mellen, 1818-20 Nathan	iel Silsbee, 1826–35
Elijah Hunt Mills, 1820-27 John Da	avis, 1835-41
Daniel Webster, 1827-41 Isaac Cl	hapman Bates, . 1841–45
Rufus Choate, 1841–45 John Da	avis, 1845-53
Daniel Webster, 1845-50 Edward	Everett, 1853-54
Robert Charles Winthrop, 1850-51 Julius I	Rockwell, 1854–55
Robert Rantoul, Jr., . 1851 Henry	Wilson,* 1855-73
Charles Sumner,† 1851–74 George	S. Boutwell, 1873-77
William B. Washburn, . 1874-75 George	Frisbie Hoar,‡ . 1877–1904
Henry Laurens Dawes, . 1875-93 Winthro	p Murray Crane, 1904-13
Henry Cabot Lodge, \$. 1893- John Wi	ngate Weeks,§ . 1913-

[•] Mr. Wilson was elected Vice-President in 1872; George S. Boutwell chosen to fill vacancy.

[†] Charles Sumner died March 11, 1874; William B. Washburn chosen to fill vacancy April 17, 1874.

[‡] Mr. Hoar died Sept. 30, 1904, and Mr. Crane was appointed by Governor Bates Oct. 12, 1904.

 $[\]S$ Mr. Lodge's term will expire March 4, 1923, and Mr. Weeks', March 4, 1919.

SECRETARIES.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Secretary of the Commonwealth, since 1780.

John Avery,	1780-1806	Amasa Walker, .	1851-53
Jonathan L. Austin,	1806-08	Ephraim M. Wright,	1853-56
William Tudor, .	1803-10	Francis DeWitt, .	1856-58
Benjamin Homans,	1810-12	Oliver Warner, .	1858-76
Alden Bradford, .	1812-24	Henry B. Peirce, .	1876-91
Edward D. Bangs,	1824-36	William M. Olin,*	1891-1911
John P. Bigelow, .	1836-43	Albert P. Langtry,*	1911-13
John A. Bolles, .	1843-44	Frank J. Donabue,	1913-15
John G. Palfrey, .	1844-48	Albert P. Langtry,	1915-
William B. Calhoun,	1848-51		

[•] Secretary Olin died April 15, 1911, and Mr. Langtry was elected to fill the vacancy April 26, 1911.

TREASURERS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Treasurer and Receiver-General, since 1780.

Henry Gardner, .		1780-83	Ebenezer Bradbury,		1849-51
Thomas Ivers, .		1783-87	Charles B. Hall, .		1851-53
Alexander Hodgdon	, .	1787-92	Jacob H. Loud, .		1853-55
Thomas Davis, .		1792-97	Thomas J. Marsh,		1855-56
Peleg Coffin, .		*1797-1S01	Moses Tenney, Jr.,		1856-61
Jonathan Jackson,		1802-06	Henry K. Oliver, .		1861-66
Thompson J. Skinn	er, .	1806-08	Jacob H. Loud, .		1866-71
Josiah Dwight, .		1808-10	Charles Adams, Jr.,		1871-76
Thomas Harris, .		1810-11	Charles Endicott,.		1876-81
Jonathan L. Austin		1811 -12	Daniel A. Gleason,		1881-86
John T. Apthorp,		1812-17	Alanson W. Beard,		1886-89
Daniel Sargent, .		1817-22	George A. Marden,		1889-94
Nahum Mitchell, .		1322-27	Henry M. Phillips,†		1894-95
Joseph Sewall, .		1827-32	Edward P. Shaw,†		1895-1900
Hezekiah Barnard,		1832-37	Edward S. Bradford,		1900-05
David Wilder, .		1837-42	Arthur B. Chapin,‡		1905-09
Thomas Russell, .		1842-43	Elmer A. Stevens,		1909-14
John Mills,		1843-44	Frederick W. Mansfield	,	1914-15
Thomas Russell, .		1844-45	Charles L. Burrill,		1915-
Joseph Barrett, .		1845-49			

^{*} Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the treasury on the resignation of Mr. Coffin, May 25, 1802.

[†] Mr. Phillips resigned April 12, 1895, and Mr. Shaw was elected to fill the vacancy April 25, 1895.

[‡] Mr. Chapin resigned April 1, 1909, and Mr. Stevens was elected to fill the vacancy April 7, 1909.

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL — SOLICITORS-GENERAL.

[This table was prepared by Mr. A. C. Goodell, Jr., and contributed by him to the Massachusetts Historical Society's proceedings for June, 1895.]

TABLE OF ATTORNEYS-GENERAL BEFORE THE CONSTITUTION.

		CHOSEN	7.		APPOINTED.
Under the Presid	lenc	y of Jose	eph Du	dley	:
Benjamin Bullivant,	•	•	•	•	Date uncertain, but before July 1, 1686; sworn in July 26.
Under Sir Edmu	$\mathbf{n}\mathbf{d}$	Andros:			
Giles Masters, .	•	•	• •	•	"To frame indictments, arraign and prosecute felons." April 30, 1687. He died "Kings Attor-
James Graham, .	•	•		•	ney," Feb. 29, 1688. Date uncertain, but as early as Aug. 25, 1687, he was "settled in Boston and made attorney-general."
James Graham, .	•	•		•	Reappointed (2d commission) June 20, 1688.
During the inter	-cha	arter per	iod:		
Anthony Checkley,		June 14	1689.		
Under the Provi	nce	Charter	:		
Anthony Checkley,					. Oct. 28, 1692.
Paul Dudley, .					July 6, 1702.
Paul Dudley, .		June 8	3, 1716.		
Paul Dudley, .		June 19	3, 1717.		

	CHOSEN.	APPOINTED.
Paul Dudley,	June 25, 1718.	
John Valentine,	Nov. 22, 1718.	
John Valentine,	June 24, 1719.	
Thomas Newton,† .	June 19, 1720.	
(Vacancy; John Read	chosen, but nega	atived by Governor Shute.)
John Overing,	June 29, 1722.	
John Read,	June 20, 1723.	
(Vacancy; John Read	d chosen, but not	consented to.)
John Read,	June 28, 1725.	
John Read,	June 21, 1726.	
John Read,	June 28, 1727.	
	June 19, 1728.	
(Addington Davenpor	t, Jr., chosen June	e 12, but declined.)
John Overing,		June 26, 1729.
Edmund Trowbridge, .		June 29, 1749.
Edmund Trowbridge, .		May 14, 1762.
(Made Justice of the	Superior Court of	Judicature, March 25, 1767.)
Jeremiah Gridley,: .		March 25, 1767.
Jonathan Sewall,		Nov. 18, 1767.
(Vacancy from Septem	aber, 1774, to June	e 12, 1777.)
		Accepted Aug. 26.
Robert Treat Paine, .	June 19, 1778 (sv	worn).
Robert Treat Paine, .	Feb. 5, 1779.	
Robert Treat Paine, .	Jan. 4, 1780.	
		•
Speci	AL ATTORNEY-GE	NERAL, ETC.
Jonathan Sewall,		March 25, 1767.
sometime committee.	• • •	
SOLI	CITORS-GENE	RAL, ETC.
Jonathan Sewall,		June 24, 1767.
(Vacancy from Nov. 1	8, 1767, to March	•
Samuel Quincy, \$		March 14, 1771.

[•] Resigned Nov. 22, 1718.

[†] Died May 28, 1721.

Died Sept. 10, 1767, and was buried on the 12th.

[§] A refugee, 1774-75.

TABLE OF ATTORNEYS-GENERAL SINCE THE CONSTITUTION.

Robert Treat Paine, .	1780-90	Charles R. Train,	1872-79
James Sullivan,	1790-1807	George Marston,	1879-83
Barnabas Bidwell,	1807-10	Edgar J. Sherman,:	1883-87
Perez Morton,	1810-32	Andrew J. Waterman,	1887-91
James T. Austin, .	1832-43	Albert E. Pillsbury, .	1891-94
John Henry Clifford, .	1 849- 5 3	Hosea M. Knowlton,	1894-1902
Rufus Choate,	1853-54	Herbert Parker,	1902-06
John Henry Clifford, .	1854-58	Dana Malone, .	1906-11
Stephen Henry Phillips,	1858-61	James M. Swift,	1911-14
Dwight Foster,	1861-64	Thomas J. Boynton,	1914-15
Chester I. Reed, †	1864-67	Henry C. Attwill,	1915-
Charles Allen,	1867-72		

The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843 and re-established in 1849.

[†] Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

[‡] Resigned Oct. 1, 1887. The vacancy was filled by the appointment of Andrew J. Waterman.

AUDITORS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of AUDITOR OF ACCOUNTS or AUDITOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

[Established by Act of 1849. Name changed by Act of 1908.]

David Wilder, Jr., .	1849-54	Julius L. Clarke,† .		1876-79
Joseph Mitchell		Charles R. Ladd, .		1879-91
Stephen N. Gifford, .	1855-56	William D. T. Trefry,		1891-92
Chandler R. Ransom,	1856-58	John W. Kimball, .	18	892-1901
Charles White,	1858-61	Henry E. Turner, : .		1901-11
Levi Reed,*	1861-65	John E. White,t .		1911-14
Julius L. Clarke, .	1865-66	Frank H. Pope,		1914-15
Henry S. Briggs, .	1866-70	Alonzo B. Cook, .		1915-
Charles Endicott, .	1870-76			

SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Secretary of the STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann,	1837-48	John W. Dickinson,	1877-94
Barnas Sears,	1848 - 55	Frank A. Hill,§ .	1894-1903
George S. Boutwell,	1855-61	George H. Martin,	1904-09
Joseph White,	1861-77		

^{*} Resigned Dec. 20, 1865.

ished by chapter 457 of the Acts of 1909.

[†] Mr. Clarke resigned, and Mr. Ladd was appointed in his place May 5, 1879.

[†] Mr. Turner died June 29, 1911, and Mr. White was elected to fill the

¹ Mr. 1911bi died Subserveller, 1915, and Mr. Caleb B. Tillingbast was appointed acting secretary May 19, 1903, and served until March 1, 1904, when Mr. Martin, who was elected Feb. 4, 1904, entered upon his duties.

|| The office of secretary of the State Board of Education was abolized by About 1875 of the Act of 1909.

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE,

Since 1780.

The first General Court, under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston on Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1780, and was finally prorogued (having held three sessions) May 19, 1781. From this time until 1832 the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May, and the General Court held two, and frequently three, sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday in January.

SENATE.

PRESIDENTS.

Thomas Cushing, res'n'd,* 1780-81 Samuel Phillips,	1795-96
Jeremiah Powell, Samuel Phillips,	1796-97
Jeremiah Powell, res'n'd,* 1781-82 Samuel Phillips,	1797-98
Samuel Adams, \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1798-99
Samuel Adams, 1782-83 Samuel Phillips,	1799-1800
Samuel Adams, 1783-84 Samuel Phillips,	1800-01
Samuel Adams, . 1784-85 Samuel Phillips, res'n'd, †	1801-02
Samuel Adams, resign'd,* 1785-86 David Cobb,	1801-02
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . 1103-00 David Cobb,	1802-03
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . 1786-87 David Cobb,	1803-04
Samuel Adams, 1787-88 David Cobb,	1804-05
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . 1788-89 Harrison Gray Otis, .	1805-06
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . 1789-90 John Bacon,	1806-07
Samuel Phillips, 1790-91 Samuel Dana,	1807-08
Samuel Phillips, 1791-92 Harrison Gray Otis, .	1808-09
Samuel Phillips, 1792-93 Harrison Gray Otis, .	1809-10
Samuel Phillips, 1793-94 Harrison Gray Otis, .	1810-11
Samuel Phillips, 1794-95 Samuel Dana,	1811 -12

^{*} Resigned to serve in Governor's Council.

[†] Resigned to serve as Lieutenant-Governor.

Samuel Dana, 18	81 2-1 3	Marshall P. Wilder, .		_	1850
•	313-14	Henry Wilson,		-	1851
	14-15	Henry Wilson,			1852
* /	315-16	Charles H. Warren.			1853
	316-17	Charles Edward Cook			1854
- /	317-18	Henry W. Benchley, .			1855
• '	318-19	Elihu C. Baker,			1856
* '	319-20	Charles W. Upham, .			1857
	820-21	Charles W. Upham, .			1858
	321-22	Charles A. Phelps.			1859
• '	322-23	Charles A. Phelps,			1860
	323-24	William Claffin,			1861
,	324-25	John H. Clifford,			1862
	825-26	Jonathan E. Field, .			1863
	326-27	Jonathan E. Field,			1864
John Mills, 18	327-28	Jonathan E. Field, .			1865
Sherman Leland, 18	328-29	Joseph A. Pond,			1866
Samuel Lathrop, 18	829-30	Joseph A. Pond,			1867
Compol Lathron mediantel		George O. Brastow, .			1868
James Fowler,	830-31	Robert C. Pitman, resign	ed,	*)	1869
Leverett Saltonstall,	1831	George O. Brastow, .		١.	1869
William Thorndike,	1832	Horace H. Coolidge, .			1870
Benjamin T. Pickman,	1833	Horace H. Coolidge, .			1871
Benjamin T. Pickman,	1834	Horace H. Coolidge, .			1872
Benjamin T. Pickman, died,	11000	George B. Loring,			1873
George Bliss,	1000	George B. Loring,			1874
Horace Mann,	1836	George B. Loring,			1875
Horace Mann,	1837	George B. Loring,			1876
Myron Lawrence,	1838	John B. D. Cogswell, .			1877
Myron Lawrence,	1839	John B. D. Cogswell, .			1878
Daniel P. King,	1840	John B. D. Cogswell, .			1879
Daniel P. King,	1841	Robert R. Bishop,			1880
Josiah Quincy, Jr.,	1842	Robert R. Bishop,			1881
Phineas W. Leland, resigned,	1 1819	Robert R. Bishop,			1882
Frederick Robinson,	1049	George Glover Crocker,		•	1883
	1844	George A. Bruce,		•	
Levi Lincoln,	1845	Albert E. Pillsbury, .			1885
William B. Calhoun,		Albert E. Pillsbury, .		•	1886
William B. Calhoun,		Halsey J. Boardman, .		•	1887
Zeno Scudder,		Halsey J. Boardman, .		•	1888
Joseph Bell,	1849	Harris C. Hartwell, .		•	1889

^{*} Appointed Justice of Superior Court.

Organiza	tion of	the Legislature.	275
Henry H. Sprague, .	. 1890	William F. Dana,	. 1905
Henry H. Sprague, .	. 1891	William F. Dana,	. 1906
Alfred S. Pinkerton, .	. 1892	William D. Chapple, .	. 1907
Alfred S. Pinkerton, .	. 1893	William D. Chapple, .	. 1908
William M. Butler, .	. 1894	Allen T. Treadway, .	. 1909
William M. Butler, .	. 1895	Allen T. Treadway, .	. 1910
George P. Lawrence, .	. 1896	Allen T. Treadway, .	. 1911
George P. Lawrence, .	. 1897	Levi H. Greenwood, .	. 1912
George E. Smith,	. 1898	Levi H. Greenwood, .	. 1913
George E. Smith,	. 1899	Calvin Coolidge,	. 1914
George E. Smith,	. 1900	Calvin Coolidge,	. 1915
Rufus A. Soule,	. 1901	Henry G. Wells,	. 1916
Rufus A. Soule,	. 1902	Henry G. Wells,	. 1917
George R. Jones,	. 1903	Henry G. Wells,	. 1918
George R. Jones,	. 1904		
	CLE	RKS.	
William Baker, Jr.,	1780-84	Charles Calhoun	1830-42
Samuel Cooper,	1785-95	Lewis Josselyn	1843
Edward McLane,	1796-99	Charles Calhoun,	1844-50
Edward Payne Hayman,	1800	Chauncy L. Knapp, .	1851
George Elliot Vaughan,	1801-02	Francis H. Underwood,	1852
Wendell Davis,	1803-05	Charles Calhoun	1853-54
John D. Dunbar,	1806-07	Peter L. Cox,	1855-57
Nathaniel Coffin	1808-10	Stephen N. Gifford.* .	1858-86
Marcus Morton,	1811-12	E. Herbert Clapp	1886-88
Samuel F. McCleary, .	1813-21	Henry D. Coolidge, .	1889-
Samuel F. Lyman, .	1822	3.7	
Paul Willard,	1823-29		

^{*} Died April 18, 1886.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SPEAKERS.

	BILLA	L L A S ·	
Caleb Davis,	1780-81	Timothy Bigelow, .	1817-18
Caleb Davis, resigned, .	1781-82	Timothy Bigelow, .	1818-19
Nathaniel Gorham, .	. 1782	Timothy Bigelow, .	1819-20
Nathaniel Gorham, .	1782-83	Elijah H. Mills, resigned,	1820-21
Tristram Dalton,	1783-84	Josiah Quincy,	. 1821
Samuel Allyne Otis, .	1784-85	Josiah Quincy, resigned,	1821-22
Nathaniel Gorham, .	1785-86	Luther Lawrence, .	. 1822
Artemas Ward,	1786-87	Levi Lincoln,	1822-23
James Warren,	1787-88	William C. Jarvis, .	1823-24
Theodore Sedgwick, .	1788-89	William C. Jarvis, .	1824-25
David Cobb	1789-90	Timothy Fuller,	1825-26
David Cobb,	1790-91	William C. Jarvis, .	1826-27
David Cobb	1791-92	William C. Jarvis, .	1827-28
David Cobb	1792-93	William B. Calhoun, .	1828-29
Edward H. Robbins, .	1793-94	William B. Calhoun, .	1829-30
Edward H. Robbins, .	1794-95	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1830
Edward H. Robbins, .	1795-96	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1831
Edward H. Robbins, .	1796-97	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1832
Edward H. Robbins, .	1797-98	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1833
Edward H. Robbins, .	1798-99	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1834
Edward H. Robbins, .	1799-1800	Julius Rockwell,	. 1835
Edward H. Robbins, .	1800-01	Julius Rockwell,	. 1836
Edward H. Robbins, .	1801-02	Julius Rockwell,	. 1837
John Coffin Jones, .	1802-03	Robert C. Winthrop, .	. 1838
Harrison Gray Otis, .	1803-04	Robert C. Winthrop, .	. 1839
Harrison Gray Otis, .	1804-05	Robert C. Winthrop, .	. 1840
Timothy Bigelow, .	1805-06	George Ashmun,	. 1841
Perez Morton,	1806-07	Thomas Kinnicut, .	. 1842
Perez Morton,	1807-08	Daniel P. King,	. 1843
Timothy Bigelow, .	1808-09	Thomas Kinnicut, resigne	d, 1844
Timothy Bigelow, .	1809-10	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	. 1844
Perez Morton, resigned,	1810-11	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	. 1845
Joseph Story,	. 1811	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	. 1846
Joseph Story, resigned,	1811-12	Ebenezer Bradbury, .	. 1847
Eleazer W. Ripley, .	. 1812	Francis B. Crowninshield,	. 1848
Timothy Bigelow, .	1812-13	Francis B. Crowninshield,	
Timothy Bigelow, .	1813-14		. 1850
Timothy Bigelow, .	1814-15		. 1851
Timothy Bigelow, .	1815-16		. 1852
Timothy Bigelow, .	1816-17	George Bliss,	. 1853

Organ	ızaı	ion	ı oj	tne Legislature.		211
Otis P. Lord, .			1854	Charles J. Noyes,		1887
Daniel C. Eddy, .			1855	Charles J. Noyes,		1888
Charles A. Phelps,			1856	William E. Barrett,		1889
Charles A. Phelps,			1857	William E. Barrett,		1890
Julius Rockwell, .			1858	William E. Barrett,		1891
Charles Hale, .			1859	William E. Barrett,		$\boldsymbol{1892}$
John A. Goodwin,			1860	William E. Barrett,		1893
John A. Goodwin,			1861	George v. L. Meyer,		1894
Alexander H. Bullock,			1862	George v. L. Meyer,		1895
Alexander H. Bullock,			1863	George v. L. Meyer,		1896
Alexander H. Bullock,			1864	John L. Bates, .		1897
Alexander H. Bullock,			1865	John L. Bates, .		1898
James M. Stone, .			1866			1899
James M. Stone, .			1867	James J. Myers, .		1900
Harvey Jewell, .			1868	James J. Myers, .		1901
Harvey Jewell, .			1869	James J. Myers, .		1902
Harvey Jewell, .			1870	James J. Myers, .		1903
Harvey Jewell, .			1871	Louis A. Frothingham,		1904
John E. Şanford, .			1872	Louis A. Frothingham,		1905
John E. Sanford, .			1873	John N. Cole, .		1906
John E. Sanford, .			1874	John N. Cole,		1907
John E. Sanford, .			1875	John N. Cole,		1908
John D. Long, .			1876	Joseph Walker,		1909
John D. Long, .			1877	Joseph Walker,		1910
John D. Long, .			1878			1911
Levi C. Wade, .			1879	Grafton D. Cushing,		1912
Charles J. Noyes,			1880			1913
Charles J. Noyes,			1881	Grafton D. Cushing, .		1914

1882

. 1884

1885

1886

Channing H. Cox,

Channing H. Cox.

Channing H. Cox,

. 1883 Channing H. Cox,

1915

1916

1917

1918

Charles J. Noves.

George A. Marden,

George A. Marden,

John Q. A. Brackett,

John Q. A. Brackett,

Organization of the Legislature

CLERKS.

Andrew Henshaw, .	1780-81	William Stowe,	. 1854
George Richards Minot,	1782-91	Henry A. Marsh,	. 1855
Henry Warren,	1792-1802	William E. P. Haskell, .	. 1856
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	1803-05	William Stowe,	1857-61
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1806-07	William S Robinson, .	1862-72
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	1808-09	Charles H. Taylor, .	. 1873
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1810-11	George A. Marden, .	1874-82
Benjamin Pollard,	1812-21	Edward A. McLaughlin,	1883-95
Pelham W. Warren, .	1822-31	George T. Sleeper,	. 1896
Luther S. Cushing, .	1832-43	James W. Kimball, .	1897-
Charles W. Storey, .	1844-50		
Lewis Josselyn,	1851-52		
William Schouler,	. 1853		

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS.*

Benjamin Stevens,	1835~59	Charles G. Davis,†	1901-03
John Morrissey, .	1859-74	David T. Remington,	1904-09
Oreb F. Mitchell, .	1875-85	Thomas F. Pedrick,	1910-
John G. B. Adams,†	1886-1900		

^{*} The office of Sergeant-at-Arms was established by law in 1835. Previously to that time Jacob Kuhn was Messenger to the General Court from 1786. William Baker preceded him from the first session under the Constitution in 1780-81, he having also served in a similar position for many years previously thereto.

[†] Mr. Adams died Oct. 19, 1900. Mr. Davis was appointed Acting Sergeant-at-Arms Oct. 24, 1900.

Table showing the Length of the Sessions of the Legislature and the Number of Representatives in Each Year since 1832.

		YE	AR.			Time of Meeting.	Prorogi	ued.	Length of Session (Days).	No. of Reps
832,						January 4	March	24	80	528
833,						2		28	86	574
834,						1	April	2	92	570
835,						7		8	92	615
836.						6		16	102	619
837.						4		20	107	635
838,						3		25	113	480
839.		·				3 2		10	99	521
840.	•	•			:	1	March	24	84	521
841.	•	•		:		6		18	72	397
842.	•	•	•		•	5		3	58	336
843.	•	•		•	•	4		24	80	352
844.	•	•	•	•	•	3		16	74	321
	•	•	•	•	•	1		26	85	271
845,	•	•	•	•	•	1 7	A23	16	100	264
846,	•					7	April			
847,						6		16	111	255
848,*						5 3	May	10	127	272
849,						3		2	120	263

There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the statutes: one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1848, to choose electors of President and Vice-President: one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors. Representatives and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the general statutes; one of fourteen days in 1860, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth; one of ten days in 1861, to consider the duty of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent on the Rebellion; one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men; one of thirty days in 1872, to consider what legislation was necessary by reason of the great fire in Boston, November 9 and 10; one of ten days in 1881 and one of seven days in 1901, to act upon the report of a loint special committee to revise the statutes; and one of three days in 1916, to legislate for Massachusetts soldiers called to the Mexican border and to provide for the reapportionment of Suffolk County into representative districts.

		YE	AR.			Time of Meeting.	Prorog	ued.	Length of Session (Days).	No. o Reps
850,						January 2	May	3	122	297
851,						1		24	146	396
852,		•		•		7		22	137	402
853,						5		25	142	288
854,						4	April	29	116	310
855,						3	May	21	138	380
856,						1	June	6	158	329
857,*						7	May	30	144	357
858,						6	March	27	81	240
859,*						5	April	6	92	240
860,*						4		4	92	240
861,*						2		11	100	240
862,						1		30	120	240
863,*						7		29	113	240
864,						6	May	14	130	240
865,						4		17	137	240
866,						3		30	147	240
867,						2	June	1	150	240
868.						• 1		12	164	240
869.						6		24	170	240
870.						5		23	170	240
871,						4	Mav	31	148	240
872.						3		7	126	240
873.						1	June	12	163	240
874.						7		30	175	240
875.		·				6	May	19	134	240
876.				-		5 3	April	28	115	240
877.	:	:			·	3	May	17	135	240
878.	:	:	·	:	·	2	1	17	136	240
879.		:		·	·	1	April	30	120	240
880,	:	·		:		7		24	109	240
881,*					·	5	May	13	129	. 240
882.				:		4		27	144	240
883.	:	:	:	:	:		July	27	206	240
884.	:	·		·	·	3 2 7	June	4	155	240
885.	:	:	:	:	:	7	0 423	19	164	240
886.	:	:	:	:	:	ė		30	176	240
887.	•	•	:		÷	5		16	163	240
888.	:	:	:	:	:	4	May	29	147	240
889.	:	:	:	:	Ċ	2	June	7	157	240
890.	•	•		•		ĩ	July	2	183	240
891,	•	:	:	:	•	7	June	11	156	240
892.	•				•	6	0 4110	17	163	240
893.	٠	•	•	•	•	4		9	157	240
894.	•	•	•	•	•	3	July	2	181	240
895.	٠	•	•	•	٠	2	June	5	155	240
896.	•					i	- June	·	100	240

^{*} See note on page 279.

	YE	AR.		Time of Meeting.	Ргогод	gued.	Length of Session (Days).	No. o Reps
1897.				January 6	June	12	158	240
1898				5		23	170	240
1899.				4		3	151	240
1900.				4 3 2	July	17	196	240
1901.*				2	June	19	169	240
1902,				1		28	179	240
1903,				7		26	171	240
1904,				6		9	156	240
1905,				4 3	May	26	143	240
1906,				3	June	29	178	240
1907,				2		28	178	240
1908.				1		13	165	240
1909,				6		19	165	240
1910,				5		15	162	240
1911.				4 3	July	28	206	240
1912,				3	June	13	163	240
1913,				1		20	171	240
1914,				7	July	7	182	240
1915				6 5	June	4	150	240
l916,•				5		2	150	240
1917.				3	May	26	144	240

[•] See note on page 279.

APPOINTED.

JUDICIARY.

Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of
Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.*

CHIEF JUSTICES. LEFT THE BENCH.

DIED. 1701.

AI I OII	AIDD.	LEL	I IIII DE	11011.	D'ALGED!
1692.	William Stoughton,		. 1701.	Resigned.	1701.
1701.	Wait Winthrop,.		. 1701.	Resigned.	1717.
1702.	Isaac Addington,		. 1703.	Resigned.	1715.
1708.	Wait Winthrop,.		. 1717.		1717.
1718.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1728.	Resigned.	1730.
1729.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1745.		1745.
1745.	Paul Dudley, .		. 1751.		1751.
1752.	Stephen Sewall, .		. 1760.		1760.
1761.	Thomas Hutchinson,		. 1769.	Acting Governor.	1780.
1769.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1771.	Resigned.	1781.
1772.	Peter Oliver, .		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1791.
		JU	STICE	is.	
1692.	Thomas Danforth,		. 1699.		1699.
1692.	Wait Winthrop, .		. 1701.	Resigned.	1717.
1692.	John Richards, .		. 1694.		1694.
1692.	Samuel Sewall, .			(Appointed C. J., 1718.)	1730.
1695.	Elisha Cooke, .		. 1702.	Removed.	1715.
1700.	John Walley, .		. 1712.		1712.
1701.	John Saffin, .		. 1702.	Removed.	1710.
1702.	John Hathorne, .		. 1712.	Resigned.	1717.
1702.	John Leverett, .		. 1708.	Resigned.	1724.
1708.	Jonathan Curwin,		. 1715.	Resigned.	1718.
1712.	Benjamin Lynde,			(Appointed C. J., 1729.)	1745.
1712.	Nathaniel Thomas,		. 1718.	Resigned.	1718.
1715.	Addington Davenpor	t,	. 1736.		1736.
1718.	Paul Dudley, .			(Appointed C. J., 1745.)	1751.
1718.	Edmund Quincy,		. 1737.		1737.
1728.	John Cushing, .		. 1733.	Removed.	1737.
1733.	Jonathan Remington	,	. 1745.		1745.
1736.	Richard Saltonstall,		. 1756.		1756.
1737.	Thomas Greaves,		. 1738.	Resigned.	1747.
1739.	Stephen Sewall, .			(Appointed C. J., 1752.)	1760.

^{*} The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

APPOIN	TED.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1745.	Nathaniel Hubbard,		. 1746.	Resigned.	1748.
1745.	Benjamin Lynde,			(Appointed C. J., 1769.)	1781.
1747.	John Cushing, .		. 1771.	Resigned.	1778.
1752.	Chambers Russell,		. 1766.		1766.
1756.	Peter Oliver, .			(Appointed C. J., 1772.)	1791.
1767.	Edmund Trowbridge	е,	. 1775.	Resigned.	1793.
1771.	Foster Hutchinson,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1799.
1772.	Nathaniel Ropes,		. 1774.		1774.
1772.	William Cushing,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1810.
1774.	William Browne,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1802.

Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts since the Revolution.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOI	STED.	LEFT THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1775.	John Adams, .	1776.	Resigned.*	1826.
1777.	William Cushing,	1789.	Resigned.	1810.
1790.	Nathaniel Peaslee Sa	rgent, 1791.		1791.
1791.	Francis Dana, .	. 1806.	Resigned.	1811.
1806.	Theophilus Parsons	, . 1813.		1813.
1814.	Samuel Sewall, .	1814.		1814.
1814.	Isaac Parker, .	1830.		1830.
1830.	Lemuel Shaw, .	. 1860.	Resigned.	1861.
1860.	George Tyler Bigelo	w, . 1868.	Resigned.	1878.
1868.	Reuben Atwater Cha	pman, 1873.	•	1873.
1873.	Horace Gray, :	1882.		1902.
1882.	Marcus Morton, .	1890.	Resigned.	1891.
1890.	Walbridge Abner Fi	eld, . 1899.		1899.
1899.	Oliver Wendell Holn	nes,§ . 1902.		
1902.	Marcus Perrin Kno	wlton, 1911.	Resigned.	
1911.	Arthur Prentice Rug	g.		

^{*} Mr. Adams never took his seat on the bench.

[†] Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

[‡] Chief Justice Gray vacated his office by accepting an appointment as one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

[§] Chief Justice Holmes vacated his office by accepting an appointment as one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

JUSTICES.

		*		
APPOI		LEFT THE BE		DIED.
1775.	William Cushing,	•	(Appointed C. J., 1777.)	1810.
1775.	Nathaniel Peaslee Sa		(Appointed C. J., 1790.)	1791.
1775.	William Reed, .	1776.	Superseded.	1780.
1776.	Jedediah Foster,	1779.		1779.
1776.	James Sullivan, .	1782.	Resigned.	1808.
1777.	David Sewall, .	1789.	Resigned.*	1825.
1782.	Increase Sumner,	1797.	Elected Governor.	1799.
1785.	Francis Dana, .		(Appointed C. J., 1791.)	1811.
1790.	Robert Treat Paine,	1804.	Resigned.	1814.
1790.	Nathan Cushing,	1800.	Resigned.	1812.
1792.	Thomas Dawes,.	1802.	Resigned.	1825.
1797.	Theophilus Bradbur	ry, . 1803.	Removed.†	1803.
1800.	Samuel Sewall, .		(Appointed C. J., 1814.)	1814.
1801.	Simeon Strong, .	1805.		1805.
1801.	George Thacher,	1824.	Resigned.	1824.
1802.	Theodore Sedgwick,	, 1813.		1813.
1806.	Isaac Parker, .		(Appointed C. J., 1814.)	1830.
1813.	Charles Jackson,	1823.	Resigned.	1855.
1814.	Daniel Dewey, .	1815.		1815.
1814.	Samuel Putnam,	1842.	Resigned.	1853.
1815.	Samuel Sumner Wil	de, . 1850.	Resigned.	1855.
1824.	Levi Lincoln, .	1825.	Elected Governor.	1868.
1825.	Marcus Morton, .	1840.	Elected Governor.	1864.
1837.	Charles Augustus D	ewey, 1866.		1866.
1842.	Samuel Hubbard,	1847.		1847.
1848.	Charles Edward For	bes, . 1848.	Resigned.	1881.
1848.	Theron Metcalf, .	1865.	Resigned.	1875.
1848.	Richard Fletcher,	1853.	Resigned.	1869.
1850.	George Tyler Bigelo	w, .	(Appointed C. J., 1860.)	1878.
1852.	Caleb Cushing, .	1853.	Resigned.‡	1879.
1853.	Benj. Franklin Thon	nas, . 1859.	Resigned.	1878.
1853.	Pliny Merrick, .		Resigned.	1867.
1859.	Ebenezer Rockwood	Hoar, 1869.	Resigned.t	1895.
1860.	Reuben Atwater Cha	,	(Appointed C. J., 1868.)	1873.

^{*} Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

[†] Mr. Justice Bradbury was removed on account of physical disability.

[†] Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States.

APPOI	NTED.	LEFT THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1864.	Horace Gray, Jr.,		(Appointed C. J., 1873.)	1902.
1865.	James Denison Colt,	1866.	Resigned.	1881.
1866.	Dwight Foster, .	1869.	Resigned.	1884.
1866.	John Wells, .	1875.		1875.
1868.	James Denison Colt,	1881.		1881.
1869.	Seth Ames,	1881.	Resigned.	1881.
1869.	Marcus Morton, .		(Appeinted C. J., 1882.)	1891.
1873.	Wm. Crowninshield End	licott, 1882.	Resigned.	1900.
1873.	Charles Devens, Jr.,	1877.	Resigned.*	1891.
1875.	Otis Phillips Lord,	. 1882.	Resigned.	1884.
1877.	Augustus Lord Soule	, . 1881.	Resigned.	1887.
1881.	Walbridge Abner Fie	eld, .	(Appointed C. J., 1890.)	1899.
1881.	Charles Devens,*	1891.		1891.
1881.	William Allen, .	. 1891.		1891.
1882.	Charles Allen,	. 1898.	Resigned.	1913.
1882.	Waldo Colburn, .	1885.		1885.
1882.	Oliver Wendell Holm	ies, .	(Appointed C. J., 1899.)	
1885.	William Sewall Gard	ner, . 1887.	Resigned.	1888.
1887.	Marcus Perrin Knowl	ton,.	(Appointed C. J., 1902.)	
1890.	James Madison Morto	on, . 1913.	Resigned.	
1891.	John Lathrop,	. 1906.	Resigned.	1910.
1891.	James Madison Barke	er, . 1905.		1905.
1898.	John Wilkes Hammo	nd, . 1914.	Resigned.	
1899.	William Caleb Loring	g.		
1902.	Henry King Braley.			
1905.	Henry Newton Sheld	on, . 1915.	Resigned.	
1906.	Arthur Prentice Rugg	3, .	(Appointed C. J, 1911.)	
1911.	Charles Ambrose De	Courcy.		
1913.	John Crawford Crosb	y.		
1914.	Edward Peter Pierce			
1915.	James Bernard Carro	11.		

^{*} Mr. Justice Devens resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States, and was reappointed to the Supreme Bench in 1881.

Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, from its Establishment in 1820 until its Abolition in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.		LEFT THE BENCH.		DIED.
1820.	Artemas Ward, .	183	9. Resigned.	1847.
1839.	John Mason William	s, . 184	4. Resigned.	1868.
1844.	Daniel Wells, .	185	1.	1854.
1854.	Edward Mellen,.	185	9.	1875.
		JUSTI	CES.	
1820.	Solomon Strong,	184	2. Resigned.	1850.
1820.	John Mason Willian	as, .	(Appointed C. J., 1839.)	1868.
1820.	Samuel Howe, .	182	8.	1828.
1828.	David Cummins,	184	4. Resigned.	1855.
1839.	Charles Henry Warr	ren, . 184	4. Resigned.	1874.
1842.	Charles Allen, .	184	4. Resigned.	1869.
1843.	Pliny Merrick, .	184	8. Resigned.	1867.
1844.	Joshua Holyoke Wa	rd, . 184	8.	1848.
1844.	Emory Washburn,	184	7. Resigned	1877.
1844.	Luther Stearns Cush	ing, . 184	8. Resigned.	1856.
1845.	Harrison Gray Otis	Colby, 184	7. Resigned.	1853.
1847.	Charles Edward For	bes, . 184	8. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1881.
1847.	Edward Mellen, .		(Appointed C. J., 1854.)	1875.
1848.	George Tyler Bigelo	w, . 185	0. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1878.
1848.	Jonathan Cogswell P	erkins,185	9.	1877.
1848.	Horatio Byington,	185	6.	1856.
1848.	Thomas Hopkinson,	184	9. Resigned.	1856.
1849.	Ebenezer Rockwood	Hoar, 185	5. Resigned.	1895.
1850.	Pliny Merrick, .	185	3. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1867.
1851.	Henry Walker Bish	op, . 185	9.	1871.

1861.

1890.

1888.

1895

1853. George Nixon Briggs, . 1859.

1854. George Partridge Sanger, . 1859.

1855. Henry Morris, . . . 1859.

1856. David Aiken, . . . 1859.

DIED.

1891.

DIED.

1873.

Justices of the Superior Court for the County of Suffolk, from its Establishment in 1855 until its Abolition in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES. LEFT THE BENCH.

APPOINTED.

APPOINTED.

1858. Marcus Morton,†

1855.	Albert Hobart Nelson, . 1857.	1858.
1858.	Charles Allen,* 1859.	1869.
	JUSTICES.	
1855.	Josiah Gardner Abbott, . 1858.	1891.
1855.	Charles Phelps Huntington, 1859.	1868.
1855.	Stephen Gordon Nash, . 1859.	1894.

Justices of the Superior Court since its Establishment in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES. LEFT THE BENCH.

1859.	Charles Allen, .		. 1867.	Resigned.	1869.
1867.	Seth Ames,		. 1869.	App'd to Sup. Jnd. C't.	1881.
1869.	Lincoln Flagg Bright	am,	. 1890.	Resigned.	1895.
1890.	Albert Mason, .		. 1905.		1905.
1905.	John Adams Aiken.				
		JU	STICE	s.	
1859.	Julius Rockwell,.		. 1886.	Resigned.	1888.
1859.	Otis Phillips Lord,		. 1875.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1884.
1859.	Marcus Morton, .		. 1869.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1891.
1859.	Seth Ames,			(Appointed C. J., 1867.)	1881.
1859.	Ezra Wilkinson, .		. 1882.		1882.
1859.	Henry Vose,		. 1869.		1869.
1859.	Thomas Russell, .		. 1867.	Resigned.	1887.
1859.	John Phelps Putnam	١, .	. 1882.	9	1882.
	Lincoln Flagg Bright	,		(Appointed C. J., 1869.)	1895.

^{*} In 1859 Charles Allen became the first Chief Justice of the Superior Court of the Commonwealth.

1867. Chester Isham Reed, . . . 1871. Resigned.

[†] In 1859 Marcus Morton became one of the Associate Justices of the Superior Court of the Commonwealth.

APPOINTED. LEFT THE BENCH. DIE.					
1867.	Charles Devens, Jr., 1873.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1891.		
	Henry Austin Scudder, . 1872.	Resigned.	1895.		
1869. 1869.	Francis Henshaw Dewey, . 1881.	Resigned.	1887.		
1869.	Robert Carter Pitman, . 1891.	resigned.	1891.		
1871.	John William Bacon, 1888.		1888.		
1872.	William Allen, 1881.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1891.		
1873.	Peleg Emory Aldrich, . 1895.	inpp a to suproduce to	1895.		
1875.	Waldo Colburn, 1882.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1885.		
1875.	William Sewall Gardner, . 1885.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1888.		
1881.	Hamilton Barclay Staples, . 1891.	mpp a so supro aut o m	1891.		
1381.	Marcus Perrin Knowlton, . 1887.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.			
1882.	Caleb Blodgett, 1900.	Resigned.	1901.		
1882.	Albert Mason,	(Appointed C. J., 1890.)	1905.		
1882.	James Madison Barker, . 1891.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1905.		
1885.	Charles Perkins Thompson, 1894.		1894.		
1886.	John Wilkes Hammond, . 1898.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.			
1886.	Justin Dewey, 1900.	Epp a to suppose a	1900.		
1887.	Edgar Jay Sherman, 1911.	Retired.	1914.		
1888.	John Lathrop, 1891.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1910.		
1888.	James Robert Dunbar, . 1898.	Resigned.	1915.		
1888.	Robert Roberts Bishop, . 1909.		1909.		
1890.	Daniel Webster Bond, . 1911.		1911.		
1891.	Henry King Braley, 1902.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.			
1891.	John Hopkins, 1902.		1902.		
1891.	Elisha Burr Maynard, . 1906.		1906.		
1891.	Franklin Goodridge Fessenden.				
1892.	John William Corcoran, . 1893.	Resigned.	1904.		
1892.	James Bailey Richardson, . 1911.		1911.		
1893.	Charles Sumner Lilley, . 1900.	Resigned.			
1894.	Henry Newton Sheldon, . 1905.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.			
1895.	Francis Almon Gaskill, . 1909.		1909.		
1896.	John Henry Hardy, 1917.		1917.		
1896.	Henry Wardwell, 1898.	Resigned.			
1898.	William Burnham Stevens, 1917.	Resigned.			
1898.	Charles Upham Bell, 1917.	Resigned.			
1898.	John Adams Aiken,	(Appointed C. J., 1905.)			
1900.	Frederick Lawton.				
1900.	Edward Peter Pierce, 1914.	App'd to Sup. Jud C't.			
1900.	Jabez Fox.				
1902.	Charles Ambrose DeCourcy, 1911.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.			
1902.	Robert Orr Harris, 1911.	Resigned.			
1902.	Lemuel LeBaron Holmes, . 1907.		1907.		

APPOI	NTED. LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
	William Cushing Wait.	
1902.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1912.
	Lloyd Everett White.	
	Loranus Eaton Hitchcock.	
	John Crawford Crosby 1913. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1905.	John Joseph Flaherty, . 1906.	1906.
1906.	William Franklin Dana.	
1906.		
1907.	•	
1907.	George Augustus Sanderson.	
1907.	Robert Fulton Raymond.	
1909.	Marcus Morton.	
1909.	3	
1911.	Joseph Francis Quinn.	
1911.	John Dwyer McLaughlin.	
1911.	Walter Perley Hall.	
1911.	Hugo Adelard Dubuque.	
1911.	John Bernard Ratigan, . 1915.	1915.
1911.	3.	
1911.	Nathan Dexter Pratt, 1914.	1914.
1911.	Frederic Hathaway Chase.	
1911.	Richard William Irwin.	
1914.	William Hamilton.	
1914.		
1914.	James Bernard Carroll, . 1915. App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1915.	James Henry Sisk.	
1915.	Philip Joseph O'Connell.	
1917.	Webster Thayer.	
1917.	Charles Edward Shattuck.	
1917.	Franklin Tweed Hammond.	

PRESENT ORGANIZATION OF THE COURTS.

[Corrected to Dec. 10, 1917.]

[All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior.]

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

[Revised Laws, Chapter 156.]

Arthur Prentice Rugg of Worcester, Chief Justice.

Justices.

William Caleb Loring of Boston.

Henry King Braley of Boston.

Charles Ambrose DeCourcy of
Lawrence.

John Crawford Crosby of Pittsfield. Edward Peter Pierce of Brookline. James Bernard Carroll of Spring-

Clarence H. Cooper of Boston, 1919, Clerk for the Commonwealth. John F. Cronin of Boston, 1922, Clerk for the County of Suffolk. John H. Flynn, Boston, 1920, Assist. Clerk for the County of Suffolk. Henry W. Swift of Boston, Reporter of Decisions.

Robert Herter. Messenger of the Court.

field.

SUPERIOR COURT.

[Revised Laws, Chapter 157.]

John Adams Aiken of Greenfield, Chief Justice.

Justices.

Greenfield.
Frederick Lawton of Boston.
Jabez Fox of Cambridge.
William Cushing Wait of Medford.
Lloyd Everett White of Taunton.
Loranus Eaton Hitchcock of Cambridge.

Franklin Goodridge Fessenden of

William Franklin Dana of Newton. John Freeman Brown of Milton. Henry Amasa King of Springfield. George Augustus Sanderson of Ayer.

Robert Fulton Raymond of Newton.

Marcus Morton of Newton.

Charles Francis Jenney of Boston. Joseph Francis Quinn of Salem. John Dwyer McLaughlin of Bos-

ton. Walter Perley Hall of Fitchburg.

Hugo Adelard Dubuque of Fall River.

Patrick Michael Keating of Boston. Frederic Hathaway Chase of Boston.

Richard William Irwin of Northampton. William Hamilton of Springfield. Christopher Theodore Callahan of Holyoke.

James Henry Sisk of Lynn,

Philip Joseph O'Connell of Worcester.

Webster Thayer of Worcester. Charles Edward Shattuck of Bos-

Franklin Tweed Hammond of Cambridge.

Charles F. Dolan, Messenger of the Court.

PROBATE COURTS AND COURTS OF INSOLVENCY.

[Revised Laws, Chapters 162-164.]

There is a Probate Court and a Court of Insolvency in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the judge of probate and insolvency appointed for the county; but the judges of the several counties may, in cases of necessity or convenience, interchange services and perform each other's duties.

The names of the judges, registers and assistant registers may be found among the list of County Officers.

LAND COURT.

[Revised Laws, Chapter 128.]

Ju^Jge, Charles Thornton Davis of Brookline. Associate Judge, Joseph J. Corbett of Boston. Recorder, Clarence C. Smith of Newton, 1918. Room 408, Suffolk County Courthouse.

BOSTON JUVENILE COURT.

[Acts of 1906, Chapter 489.]

Justice, Frederick P. Cabot. Special Justices, Frank Leveroni, Philip Rubenstein. Clerk, Charles W. M. Williams, 1920. Room 127, Suffolk County Courthouse.

POLICE, DISTRICT AND MUNICIPAL COURTS.

[Revised Laws, Chapter 160.]

Police Courts.

Brockton (jurisdiction in Brockton, Bridgewater, East Bridgewater and West Bridgewater). — Justice, Warren A. Reed. Special Justices, Charles Carroll King, Herbert C. Thorndike. Clerk, Timothy J. Meade, 1919.

Chelsea (jurisdiction in Chelsea and Revere). — Justice, Albert D. Bosson. Special Justices, Samuel R. Cutler, George M. Stearns. Clerk, Joseph M. Curley, 1922.

Chicopee. — Justice, John P. Kirby. Special Justices, Joseph F. Carmody, John T. Moriarty. Clerk, Harry Robertson Elder, 1921.

FITCHBURG (jurisdiction in Fitchburg, Ashburnham and Lunenburg).
— Justice, Thomas F. Gallagher. Special Justices, James H. McMahon,
Alvah M. Levy. Clerk, Peter F. Ward, 1922.

Holyoke. — Justice, Edward W. Chapin. Special Justices, John Hildreth, Robert A. Allyn. Clerk, Thomas J. Tierney, 1921.

Lee (jurisdiction in Lee, Otis, Stockbridge and Tyringham, and concurrent jurisdiction in Lenox, Becket and Sandisfield). — Justice, Bart Bossidy. Special Justices, James O'Brien, Albert Clark. Clerk, John T. Wilson, 1920.

Lowell (jurisdiction in Lowell, Tewksbury, Billerica, Dracut, Chelmsford, Dunstable and Tyngsborough). — Justice, Thomas J. Enright. Special Justices, John J. Pickman, Frederic A. Fisher. Clerk, James F. Savage, 1920. Assistant Clerk, Edward W. Trull.

Marlborough (jurisdiction in Marlborough and Hudson). — Justice, James W. McDonald. Special Justices, Edgar Weeks, Raoul Beaudreau. Clerk, James F. J. Otterson, 1921.

Newburyport (jurisdiction in Newburyport, Newbury and Rowley, and concurrent jurisdiction in Salisbury and West Newbury).—

Justice, Thomas C. Simpson. Special Justices, Horace I. Bartlett, Nathaniel N. Jones. Clerk, Edward H. Rowell, 1920.

Newton. — Justice, William F. Bacon. Special Justices, Frank M. Copeland, W. Lord Allen. Clerk, Francis W. Sprague, 2d, 1918.

Somerville. — Justice, L. Roger Wentworth. Special Justices, John Haskell Butler, Michael F. Farrell. Clerk, Daniel H. Bradley, 1922.

Springfield (jurisdiction in Springfield, Agawam, Longmeadow, East Longmeadow, Hampden, Ludlow and West Springfield). — Justice, Wallace R. Heady. Special Justices, Edwin F. Lyford, Thomas C. Malley. Clerk, George Leonard, 1919. WILLIAMSTOWN (jurisdiction in Williamstown and New Ashford). — Justice, Sanborn G. Tenney. Special Justices, William Cook Hart, Byron J. Rees. Clerk, Michael L. Monahan, 1921.

DISTRICT COURTS.

East Boston (court held at East Boston; jurisdiction in Winthrop and the district and territory included in Wards 1 and 2 of the city of Boston as such wards existed March 1, 1886). — Justice, Joseph H. Barnes. Special Justices, Charles J. Brown, Joseph J. Murley. Clerk, William C. Maguire, 1919.

FIRST BARNSTABLE (court held at Barnstable and Bourne; jurisdiction in Barnstable, Bourne, Yarmouth, Sandwich, Falmouth and Mashpee).

— Justice, Frederick C. Swift. Special Justices, Edward S. Ellis, Collen C. Campbell. Clerk, Thomas Otis, 1922.

SECOND BARNSTABLE (court held at Harwich and Provincetown; jurisdiction in Provincetown, Truro, Wellfieet, Eastham, Orleans, Brewster, Chatham, Harwich and Dennis). — Justice, Walter Welsh. Special Justices, Charles Bassett, Samuel W. McCaslin. Clerk, Charles N. Rogers, 1922.

CENTRAL BERKSHIRE (court held at Pittsfield; jurisdiction in Pittsfield, Hancock, Lanesborough, Peru, Hinsdale, Dalton, Washington and Richmond, and concurrent jurisdiction in Lenox and Becket). — Justice, Charles L. Hibbard. Special Justices, Hiram B. Wellington, James Fallon. Clerk, Thomas F. Conlin, 1922.

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at North Adams; jurisdiction in North Adams, Clarksburg and Florida). — Justice, Carlton T. Phelps. Special Justices, John E. Magenis, William F. Barrington. Clerk, William A. O'Hearn, 1919.

SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Great Barrington; jurisdiction in Sheffield, Great Barrington, Egremont, Alford, Mount Washington, Monterey, West Stockbridge and New Marlborough, and concurrent jurisdiction in Sandisfield). — Justice, Walter B. Sanford. Special Justices, Herbert C. Joyner, Charles Giddings. Clerk, Dennis C. Killeen, 1921.

FOURTH BERKSHIRE (court held at Adams; jurisdiction in Adams, Cheshire, Savoy and Windsor). — Justice, Fred R. Shaw. Special Justices, Henry L. Harrington, William S. Morton. Clerk, Walter J. Donovan, 1920.

FIRST BRISTOL (court held at Taunton; jurisdiction in Taunton, Rehoboth, Berkley, Dighton, Seekonk, Easton and Raynham). — Justice, Frederick E. Austin. Special Justices, William S. Woods, Louis Swig. Clerk, Frank P. Lincoln, 1918.

Second Bristol (court held at Fall River; jurisdiction in Fall River, Freetown, Somerset and Swansea). — Justice, Edward F. Hanify. Special Justices, Benjamin Cook, Jr., Henry F. Nickerson. Clerk, Michael J. Orpen, 1919.

THER BRISTOL (court held at New Bedford; jurisdiction in New Bedford, Fairhaven, Acushnet, Dartmouth and Westport). — Justice, Frank A. Milliken. Special Justices, Albert E. Clarke, James P. Doran, George N. Gardiner. Clerk, Walter R. Mitchell, 1918.

[The second and third district courts of Bristol have concurrent jurisdiction in Westport and Freetown.]

FOURTH BRISTOL (court held at Attleboro; jurisdiction in Attleboro, North Attleborough, Mansfield and Norton). — Justice, Frederick B. Byram. Special Justices, Charles C. Hagerty, Philip E. Brady. Clerk, Edwin F. Thayer, 1918.

Dukes County (court held at Oak Bluffs, Edgartown and Tisbury; jurisdiction in Edgartown, Oak Bluffs, Tisbury, West Tisbury, Chilmark, Gay Head and Gosnold).— Justice, Edmund G. Eldridge. Special Justices, Beriah T. Hillman, Abner L. Braley.

First Essex (court held at Salem; jurisdiction in Salem, Beverly, Danvers, Hamilton, Manchester, Middleton, Topsfield and Wenham).

— Justice, George B. Sears. Special Justices, Edward C. Battis, Dennis W. Quill. Clerk, Morgan J. McSweeney, 1922.

SECOND ESSEX (court held at Amesbury; jurisdiction in Amesbury and Merrimac, and concurrent jurisdiction in Salisbury).— Justice, Charles I. Pettingell. Special Justices, M. Perry Sargent, Jacob T. Choate. Clerk, Fred A. Brown, 1921.

Third Essex (court held at Ipswich; jurisdiction in Ipswich).—

Justice, George H. W. Hayes. Special Justices, Albert F. Welsh, Harry E. Jackson. Clerk, George A. Schofield, 1919.

NORTHERN ESSEX (court held at Haverhill; jurisdiction in Haverhill, Groveland, Georgetown and Boxford, and concurrent jurisdiction in West Newbury). — Justice, John J. Winn. Special Justices, Otis J. Carlton, Daniel J. Cavan. Clerk, A. Franklin Priest, 1921.

EASTERN ESSEX (court held at Gloucester; jurisdiction in Gloucester, Rockport and Essex). — Justice, Summer D. York. Special Justices, Lincoln S. Simonds, William W. French. Clerk, Simeon B. Hotchkiss, 1920.

SOUTHERN ESSEX (court held at Lynn; jurisdiction in Lynn, Swampscott, Saugus, Marblehead and Nahant). — Justice, Henry T. Lummus. Special Justices, Elisha M. Stevens, Edward B. O'Brien, Philip A. Kiely. Clerk, J. Joseph Doherty, 1921. LAWRENCE (court held at Lawrence; jurisdiction in Lawrence, Andover, North Andover and Methuen). — Justice, Jeremiah J. Mahoney. Special Justices, Wilbur E. Rowell, Frederic N. Chandler. Clerk, Nathaniel E. Rankin, 1921.

PEABODY (court held at Peabody; jurisdiction in Peabody and Lynn-field). — Justice, Benjamin G. Hall. Special Justices, Horace P. Farnham, William H. Fay. Clerk, John Connor, 1922.

Franklin (court held at Greenfield, Turner's Falls and Shelburne Falls; jurisdiction in Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, Northfield, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland and Whately). — Justice, Henry J. Field. Special Justices, Samuel D. Conant, James J. Leary. Clerk, William S. Allen, 1921.

EASTERN FRANKLIN (court held at Orange; jurisdiction in Orange, Erving, Warwick, Wendell and New Salem). — Justice, Elisha S. Hall. Special Justices, Willard Putnam, Hartley R. Walker. Clerk, Israel Newton, 1919.

EASTERN HAMPDEN (court held at Palmer; jurisdiction in Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland, Wales and Wilbraham). — Justice, Thomas W. Kenefick. Special Justices, David F. Dillon, John P. Herlihy. Clerk, Arthur E. Fitch, 1921.

WESTERN HAMPDEN (court held at Westfield and Chester; jurisdiction in Westfield, Chester, Granville, Southwick, Russell, Blandford, Tolland and Montgomery). — Justice, Willis S. Kellogg. Special Justices, Robert C. Parker, Joseph Buell Ely. Clerk, Cornelius M. English, 1919.

Hampshire (court held at Northampton, Amherst, Cummington, Belchertown, Huntington and Easthampton; jurisdiction in Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Goshen, Granby, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, South Hadley, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg and Worthington). — Justice, John B. O'Donnell. Special Justices, John W. Mason, John L. Lyman. Clerk, John A. Crosier, 1919.

EASTERN HAMPSHIRE (court held at Ware; jurisdiction in Ware, Enfield, Greenwich and Prescott). — Justice, Henry C. Davis. Special Justices, George D. Storrs, Hubert M. Coney. Clerk, J. Gardner Lincoln, 1918.

CENTRAL MIDDLESEX (court held at Concord; jurisdiction in Acton, Bedford, Carlisle, Concord, Lincoln, Maynard, Stow and Lexington). — Justice, Prescott Keyes. Special Justices, Elihu G. Loomis, Howard A. Wilson. Clerk, Edward F. Loughlin, 1920.

FIRST NORTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Ayer; jurisdiction in Ayer, Groton, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Shirley, Westford, Littleton and Boxborough). — Justice, Warren H. Atwood. Special Justices, Charles F. Worcester, John M. Maloney. Clerk, D. Chester Parsons, 1922.

FIRST EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Malden; jurisdiction in Wakefield, Melrose, Malden, Everett and Medford). — Justice, Charles M. Bruce. Special Justices, E. Leroy Sweetser, Thomas P. Riley. Clerk, Wilfred B. Tyler, 1919.

SECOND EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Waltham; jurisdiction in Watertown, Weston and Waltham). — Justice, Samuel P. Abbott. Special Justices, Michael J. Connolly, Joseph C. Hannon. Clerk, William J. Bannan, 1921.

THIRD EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Cambridge; jurisdiction in Cambridge, Arlington and Belmont). — Justice, Charles Almy. Special Justices, Arthur P. Stone, Robert Walcott. Clerk, William A. Forbes, 1920.

FOURTH EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Woburn; jurisdiction in Woburn, Winchester, Burlington, Wilmington, Stoneham, Reading and North Reading). — Justice, Edward F. Johnson. Special Justices, George S. Littlefield, John G. Maguire. Clerk, Arthur E. Gage, 1918.

FIRST SOUTHERN MIDDLESEN (court held at Framingham; jurisdiction in Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Sherborn, Sudbury and Wayland). — Justice, Willis A. Kingsbury. Special Justices, Walter Adams, Edward L. McManus. Clerk, John P. Driscoll, 1920.

NATICK.—Justice, Henry C. Mulligan. Special Justices, Michael F. Kennedy, Forrest N. Adams. Clerk, William O. Cutler, 1922.

NORTHERN NORFOLK (court held at Dedham; jurisdiction in Dedham, Dover, Norwood, Westwood, Medfield, Needham and Wellesley).

— Justice, Emery Grover. Special Justices, Harrison A. Plympton, James A. Halloran. Clerk, Clifford B. Sanborn, 1922.

East Norfolk (court held at Quincy; jurisdiction in Randolph, Braintree, Cohasset, Weymouth, Quincy, Holbrook and Milton). — Justice, Albert E. Avery. Special Justices, E. Granville Pratt, Louis A. Cook. Clerk, Lawrence W. Lyons, 1920.

SOUTHERN NORFOLK (court held at Stoughton and Canton; jurisdiction in Stoughton, Canton, Avon and Sharon). — Justice, Oscar A. Marden. Special Justices, Henry F. Buswell, Gerald A. Healy. Clerk, Michael F. Ward, 1922.

WESTERN NORFOLK (court held at Franklin and Walpole; jurisdiction in Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, Medway, Millis, Norfolk, Walpole, Wrentham and Plainville). — Justice, Orestes T. Doe. Special Justices, Henry E. Ruggles, Cornelius E. Hale. Clerk, Harry L. Howard, 1918.

SECOND PLYMOUTH (court held at Abington and Hingham; jurisdiction in Abington, Whitman, Rockland, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Scituate, Norwell and Hanson). — Justice, George W. Kelley. Special Justices, Charles H. Edson, Edward B. Pratt. Clerk, Herbert L. Pratt, 1921.

THIRD PLYMOUTH (court held at Plymouth; jurisdiction in Plymouth, Halifax, Kingston, Plympton, Pembroke, Duxbury and Marshfield).—

Justice, Harry B. Davis. Special Justices, Morton Collingwood, John P. Vahey. Clerk, John E. Miles, 1922.

FOURTH PLYMOUTH (court held at Middleborough and Wareham; jurisdiction in Middleborough, Wareham, Carver, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett and Rochester). — Justice, Nathan Washburn. Special Justices, Dennis D. Sullivan, Bert J. Allan. Clerk, Luke F. Kelly, 1922.

Central Worcester (court held at Worcester; jurisdiction in Worcester, Millbury, Sutton, Auburn, Leieester, Paxton, West Boylston, Holden, Shrewsbury, Rutland, Barre, Princeton and Oakham). — Justice, Samuel Utley. Special Justices, Winfred H. Whiting, J. Otis Sibley, Jacob Asher. Clerk, Henry Y. Simpson, 1918.

FIRST NORTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Athol and Gardner; jurisdiction in Athol, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Gardner, Hubbardston, Dana and Westminster). — Justice, George R. Warfield. Special Justices, Edgar V. Wilson, A. Foster Hamilton. Clerk, Charles B. Boyce, 1919.

FIRST EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Westborough and Grafton; jurisdiction in Southborough, Westborough, Grafton and Northborough). — Justice, William E. Fowler. Special Justices, John W. Slattery, John B. Scott. Clerk, Francis X. Reilly, 1919.

SECOND EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Clinton; jurisdiction in Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Harvard, Lancaster and Sterling).

— Justice, Jonathan Smith. Special Justices, Charles Mayberry, Allan G. Buttrick. Clerk, William S. Duncan, 1918.

FIRST SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Southbridge and Webster; jurisdiction in Sturbridge, Southbridge, Charlton, Dudley, Oxford and Webster). — Justice, Henry J. Clark. Special Justices, Victor W. Lamoreux, John M. Cochran. Clerk, Frederick H. Berger, 1918.

SECOND SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Blackstone and Uxbridge; jurisdiction in Blackstone, Uxbridge, Douglas and Northbridge). — Justice, Francis N. Thayer. Special Justices, Francis P. Brady, Francis W. McCooey. Clerk, Wesley C. Webster, 1921.

THIRD SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Milford; jurisdiction in Milford, Mendon, Upton and Hopedale). — Justice, Clifford A. Cook. Special Justices, Chester F. Williams, John C. Lynch. Clerk, William G. Pond, 1920.

Western Worcester (court held at East Brookfield; jurisdiction in Spencer, Brookfield, North Brookfield, West Brookfield, Warren, Hardwick and New Braintree). — Justice, Henry E. Cottle. Special Justices, L. Emerson Barnes, Jere R. Kane. Clerk, Arthur F. Butterworth. 1922.

LEOMINSTER. — Justice, Franklin Freeman. Special Justices, Ralph W. Robbins, John H. Coburn. Clerk, J. Ward Healey, 1920.

WINCHENDON. — Justice, Frank B. Spalter. Special Justices, Arthur F. Evans, Sidney W. Armstrong. Clerk, Elliot S. Tucker, 1921.

MUNICIPAL COURTS.

Boston. — Chief Justice, Wilfred Bolster. Associate Justices, John H. Burke, George L. Wentworth, James P. Parmenter, William Sullivan, Michael J. Murray, John Duff, Michael J. Creed, Thomas H. Dowd. Special Justices, John A. Bennett, Abraham K. Cohen, John G. Brackett, Joseph A. Sheehan.

Clerk for Civil Business, William F. Donovan, Boston, 1921. Assistants, Warren C. Travis, Clesson S. Curtice, Volney D. Caldwell, Michael F. Hart, Arthur W. Ashenden, James F. Tobin, Louis B. Torrey. Room 314, Suffolk County Courthouse.

Clerk for Criminal Business, Edward J. Lord, Boston, 1921. Assistants, Sidney P. Brown, Harvey B. Hudson, Henry R. Blackmer, Richard J. Lord, Charles T. Willock, James G. Milward, Francis S. A. Hanley. Room 111, Suffolk County Courthouse.

BRIGHTON DISTRICT. — Justice, Thomas H. Connolly. Special Justices, Robert W. Frost, Harry C. Fabyan. Clerk, Daniel F. Cunningham, 1920.

CHARLESTOWN DISTRICT. — Justice, Charles S. Sullivan. Special Justices, Willis W. Stover, Joseph E. Donovan. Clerk, Mark E. Smith, 1922.

DORCHESTER DISTRICT. — Justice, Joseph R. Churchill. Special Justices, Michael H. Sullivan, William F. Merritt. Clerk, Frank J. Tuttle, 1922.

ROXBURY DISTRICT. — Justice, Albert F. Hayden. Special Justices, Joseph N. Palmer, Timothy J. Ahern. Clerk, Maurice J. O'Connell, 1918.

SOUTH BOSTON DISTRICT. — Justice, Edward L. Logan. Special Justices, Josiah S. Dean, William J. Day. Clerk, Adrian B. Smith, 1922.

West Roxbury District. — Justice, John Perrins, Jr. Special Justices, Henry Austin, J. Albert Brackett. Clerk, Edward W. Brewer, 1922.

BROOKLINE. — Justice, Charles F. Perkins. Special Justices, Philip S. Parker, Daniel A. Rollins. Clerk, Harold C. Haskell, 1922.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

[Elected by the several Districts for the term of three years, ending January, 1920.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT (Middlesex County). — Nathan A. Tufts, Waltham. Deputy, Frederick W. Fosdick, Medford. First Assistant, George Stanley Harvey, Medford. Second Assistant, Samuel Hoar, Concord.

EASTERN DISTRICT (Essex County). — Louis S. Cox, Lawrence. First Assistant, Daniel C. Manning, Peabody. Second Assistant, C. Frank Hathaway, Swampscott.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT (Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes and Nantucket Counties).—Joseph T. Kenney, New Bedford. First Assistant, Frank B. Fox, Taunton. Second Assistant, Charles P. Ryan, Fall River.

SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT (Norfolk and Plymouth Counties).—Frederick G. Katzmann, Walpole. First Assistant, William F. Kane, Brockton. Second Assistant, George E. Adams, Quincy.

MIDDLE DISTRICT (Worcester County). — Edward T. Esty, Worcester. Assistant, George R. Stobbs, Worcester.

Western District (Hampden and Berkshire Counties). — Joseph B. Ely, Westfield. Assistant, William T. Dillon, Holyoke.

NORTHWESTERN DISTRICT (Hampshire and Franklin Counties). — John H. Schoonmaker, Ware.

SUFFOLK DISTRICT. — Joseph C. Pelletier, Boston. Assistants, Abraham C. Webber, Boston; Daniel V. McIsaac, Boston; Daniel J. Gallagher, Boston. Deputy Assistants, Henry P. Fielding, Ralph H. Hallett, Daniel M. Lyons. Room 218, Suffolk County Courthouse.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

- County Treasurers are elected by the people of the several counties, except Suffolk and Nantucket (which see), for terms of three years, Registers of Deeds (for counties and county districts) and Sheriffs, for terms of five years. The current term of County Treasurers expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1919; that of Sheriffs expires in January, 1921; and that of Registers of Deeds expires in January, 1922.
- Registers of Probate and Insolvency and Clerks of Courts are elected for terms of five years. The current term of the former expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1919; that of the latter in 1922.
- County Commissioners are elected, one annually for each county (Revere and Winthrop voting with Middlesex), except Suffolk and Nantucket (which see), severally for terms of three years; and, except in the counties of Suffolk and Nantucket, two Associate Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term of Associate Commissioners ending in January, 1920.
- By the provisions of the Revised Laws (for amended form, see chapter 70 of the General Acts of 1916), the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to appoint in each county a certain number of Masters in Chancery, who shall hold office for the term of five years, unless sooner removed by the Governor and Council. Under the provisions of chapter 187, Acts of 1906, Masters in Chancery have jurisdiction and the right to act in any and every county.
- By the provisions of section 6 of chapter 161 of the Revised Laws, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required, from time to time, to designate and commission a suitable number of Justices of the Peace as Trial Justices in the several counties. By the provisions of section 7 of chapter 161 of the Revised Laws, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless, during that period, he ceases to hold a commission as Justice of the Peace, or unless such designation and commission as Trial Justice are revoked.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY - Incorporated 1685.

Shire Town, BARNSTABLE.

•					
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — R Register of Probate and Insolvency — Assistant Register — Mary G. Hinck Sheriff — Henry M. Percival, Orlean Clerk of Courts — Alfred Crocker, Be Assistant Clerk of Courts — Ruth C. County Treasurer — Edward L. Chas Register of Deeds — John A. Holway County Commissioners: —	Cla ley, s. arns Sno se (rendon Barns table. ow, Ba Hyann	A. Fre table. rnstable is), Bar	eman, Char	
Benjamin F. Bourne, Barnstable,		Torm	evnires	Tonnors	1919
		46	expires	sanuary,	
Joshua A. Nickerson, Chatham,	•				1920
Frank G. Thacher, Barnstable,			**	44	1921
Associate Commissioners —					
Elisha H. Bearse (Harwichpor	t).				
Harwich,		Term	expires	January.	1920
Jonathan F. Snow, Provincetown,		44	44	44	1920
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•				1920
Masters in Chancery —					
Robert S. Hartstone, Falmouth,		Term	expires	January,	1921
Samuel W. McCaslin, Wellfleet,		44	44	44	1921
Charles Sumner Morrill, Barnstab		44	66	November,	
Onarios Duminot Morrini, Dariustati	10,			riovember,	1041

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.

Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Edward T. Slocum, Pittsfield.

Special Judge of Probate and Insolvency — William A. Burns, Pittsfield.

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Arthur M. Robinson, North Adams.

Assistant Register — Alice M. Hoyt, Pittsfield.

Sheriff — John Nicholson, Pittsfield.

Clerk of Courts - Irving H. Gamwell, Pittsfield.

County Treasurer - Henry A. Brewster, Pittsfield.

Registers of Deeds -

Northern District, Arthur W. Safford, Adams.

Middle District, Henry M. Pitt, Pittsfield.

Southern District, Malcolm Douglas, Great Barrington.

County Commissioners —

canny commissions.					
John H. C. Church, Great Barring	ton,	\mathbf{Term}	expires	January,	1919
John A. Bond, North Adams,		**	44	**	1920
William H. Sherrill, Richmond.		4.6	44	**	1921

BERKSHIRE COUN	TY.	— Co	ncluded		
Associate Commissioners — Robert S. Tillotson, Lenox, John Henderson, Clarksburg, Masters in Chanccry — J. Arthur Baker, Pittsfield, Michael Flynn, 2d, Stockbridge,	•	**	expires expires	January, " May, February,	1920 1920 1922 1923
BRISTOL COUNTY -	– Inc	orpor	ated 16	85.	
Shire Towns, TAUNTON	AND	New	Верго	RD.	
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — At Register of Probate and Insolvency — C Assistant Register — Florence A. Prat Sheriff — Edwin H. Evans, Taunton. Clerk of Courts — Simeon Borden, Fal Assistant Clerk — Edwin L. Barney, ; County Treasurer — Edgar L. Crossm Registers of Deeds — Northern District, Enos D. Willia Assistant Register for Northern Dis Southern District, Albert B. Collir Assistant Register for Southern Di Bedford.	Guilfo t, Ta Il Riv Jr., N nan, ' ms, ' strict ns, N	ord Caunto ver. New F Faunt Faunt Way	Hathan. Bedford con. con. de E. I	way, Fall F Dupee, Tau	nton.
		C-11 T):		
Fall River District, William C. G. Assistant Register for Fall River River.				L. Rankin,	Fall
County Commissioners — John I. Bryant, Fairhaven, Frank M. Chaee, Fall River, Richard E. Warner, Taunton, Associate Commissioners — Arthur M. Reed, Westport,	:	 Γerm	**	January, " January,	1919 1920 1921 1920
Cyril R. Read, Seekonk, Masters in Chancery — Louis Swig, Taunton, Edwin F. Thayer, Attleboro, James H. Leedham, Jr., Attleboro, Louis Shabshelowitz, Fall River, David Silverstein, Fall River,		rerm	expires	March, October, June, December, January,	1920 1918 1920 1921 1922 1923
David Silverstein, Pan Hiver,	•			,	_0_0

DUKES COUNTY — Incorporated 1695.

Shire Town, EDGARTOWN.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Everett Allen Davis, West Tisbury.

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Beriah T. Hillman, Edgartown.

Sheriff — Walter H. Renear, Tisbury.

Clerk of Courts - Arthur W. Davis, Edgartown.

County Treasurer - Herbert N. Hinckley, Tisbury.

Register of Deeds — Gerald A. Pease, Edgartown.

County Commissioners —

Frederick W. Smith, Oak Bluffs,		Term	expires	January,	1919
Gilbert L. Smith, Tisbury, .		**	4.6	44	1920
George L. Donaldson, West Tisbury	7,	44	44	**	1921
Associate Commissioners —					
Linus S. Jeffers, Gay Head, .		\mathbf{Term}	expires	January,	1920
Chester E. Pease, Edgartown,		**	44	44	1920
Master in Chancery —					

Abner L. Braley, Edgartown, . Term expires September, 1919 ESSEX COUNTY — Incorporated 1643.

Shire Towns, SALEM, LAWRENCE AND NEWBURYPORT.

Judges of Probate and Insolvency —

Harry R. Dow, North Andover.

Alden P. White, Salem.

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Horace H. Atherton, Jr., Saugus.

Assistant Register — Ezra D. Hines, Danvers.

Second Assistant Register — Clarence W. Brown, Danvers.

Sheriff — Samuel A. Johnson, Salem.

Clerk of Courts — Archie N. Frost, Lawrence.

First Assistant Clerk — Ezra L. Woodbury, Salem.

Second Assistant Clerk — James P. Hale, Salem.

Third Assistant Clerk — George R. Lord, Salem.

Fourth Assistant Clerk — Hollis L. Cameron, Beverly.

County Treasurer - David I. Robinson, Gloucester.

Registers of Deeds -

Northern District, Moses Marshall, Lawrence.

Assistant Register for No. District, Jennie M. Marston, Lawrence.

Southern District, Willard J. Hale, Newburyport.

Assistant Register for Southern District, Robert W. Osgood, Salem.

County Commissioners —				
James C. Poor, North Andover, .	Term	expires	January,	1919
John M. Grosvenor, Jr., Swampscott,	44	4.6	"	1920
Moody Kimball Newburymort	44	44	44	1021

Associate Commissioners -

William B. Avery, Charlemont,

Eugene B. Blake, Greenfield,

Allen C. Burnham, Montague, Associate Commissioners —

Harry W. Fay, New Salem, .

Frederick H. Smith, Ashfield,

William A. Davenport, Greenfield, . Term expires July,

Master in Chancery -

ESSEX COUNTY - Concluded.

Associate Commissioners					
Charles Leighton, Lynn, .			expires	January,	1920
Horace M. Sargent, Haverhill,		**	44	**	1920
Masters in Chancery —					
Timothy A. O'Leary, Lynn, .		Term	expires	September,	1918
Hollis L. Cameron, Beverly, .		44	**	February,	1920
John H. Sheedy, Salem, .		**	**	June,	1920
Benjamin C. Ames, Lawrence,		44	**	**	1920
Frederick W. Ryan, Lynn, .		**	**	December,	1920
Brad D. Harvey, Haverhill, .		44	**	August,	1921
Horace P. Farnham, Peabody,		44	**	December,	1921
William A. Kelley, Lynn, .		**	**	March,	1922
E. Howard Perley, Salem, .		"	**	June,	1922
Carleton H. Parsons, Gloucester,		**	**	December,	1922
Trial Justices - Albion G. Peirce, M.	etl	uen;	Colver J	. Stone, And	over;
Newton P. Frye, North Ando					
William E. Ludden, Saugus;					
William H. Fay, Peabody.				·	
		_			
FRANKLIN COUNTY	_	- Incor	porated	1811.	
Shire Town, G	RE	ENFIE	LD.		
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - F	rai	ncis N	. Thom	pson, Green	field.
Special Judge of Probate and Insolven					
field.	- 0			•	
Register of Probate and Insolvency —	Jo	hn C.	Lee, Gr	eenfield.	
Assistant Register — Ellen K. O'Keel					
Sheriff — James B. Bridges, Deerfield					
Clerk of Courts — Clifton L. Field, C		enfield			
County Treasurer — Eugene A. New					
Register of Deeds — John D. Bouker,					
County Commissioners —	, ~	50-11			
Country Continues of the co					

1919

1920 1921

1920

1920

1919

Term expires January,

Term expires January,

HAMPDEN COUNTY -- Incorporated 1812.

Shire Town, Springfield

Shire Town, Springfield.	
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Charles L. Long, Springfield.	
Special Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Charles H. Beckwith, Spring-	
field.	
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Frank G. Hodskins, Longmeadow.	
Assistant Register — Nora A. Fernald, Springfield.	
Sheriff — Embury P. Clark, Springfield.	
Clerk of Courts - Robert O. Morris, Springfield.	
Assistant Clerk — Charles M. Calhoun, Springfield.	
Second Assistant Clerk — Andrew B. Phillips, Springfield.	
County Treasurer — Fred A. Bearse, Springfield.	
Register of Deeds — James R. Wells, Springfield.	
Assistant Register — Lydia M. Tanner, Springfield.	
County Commissioners —	
Charles C. Spellman, Springfield, . Term expires January, 1919	
George W. Bray, Chicopee, " " 1920	
William II Empire Worlfold # # # 1001	

Charles C. Spellman, Springheid,		1 erm	expires	January,	1919
George W. Bray, Chicopee, .		6.6	4.4	**	1920
William H. Ensign, Westfield,		44	44	4.5	1921
Associate Commissioners —					
John H. Sickman, Holyoke, .		Term	expires	January,	1920
Arthur A. Sibley, West Springfield	, .	4.4	44	44	1920
Masters in Chancery —					
Thomas H. Kirkland, Springfield,		Term	expires	October,	1918
Henry Lasker, Springfield, .		44	44	July,	1920
Trial Justice - George A. Birnie, Lu	dlo	w.			

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1662.

Shire Town, NORTHAMPTON.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — William G. Bassett, Northampton.
Special Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Henry P. Field, Northampton.
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Hubbard M. Abbott, Northampton.
Assistant Register — Alice C. Rice, Northampton.
Sheriff — Maurice Fitzgerald, Northampton.
Clerk of Courts — Haynes H. Chilson, Northampton.
County Treasurer — Edwin H. Banister, Northampton.
Register of Deeds — Charles H. Chase, Northampton.

County Commissioners -		•		
N. Seelye Hitchcock, Easthampton,	Term	expires	January,	1919
Clarence E. Hodgkins, Northampton,	**	44	44	1920
Frank M. Sibley, Ware,	**	44	44	1921

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

Alfred F. Larose, South Hadley, . "Masters in Chancery —	m expires January, 1920 " " 1920
N. Seelye Hitchcock, Easthampton, Ter Walter L. Stevens, Northampton, . "	m expires January, 1920 " June, 1922
MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Inc	orporated 1643.
Shire Towns, CAMBRIDGE (EAST)	AND LOWELL.
Judges of Probate and Insolvency — Charles J. McIntire, Cambridge. George F. Lawton, Cambridge. Register of Probate and Insolvency — Frederi Assistant Register — Charles N. Harris, Win Second Assistant Register — Nellie H. Philbr Third Assistant Register — Arthur C. Coker, Sheriff — John R. Fairbairn, Cambridge. Clerk of Courts — William C. Dillingham, M First Assistant Clerk — Ralph N. Smith, Arl Second Assistant Clerk — Roger H. Hurd, W Third Assistant Clerk — Frederick L. Putnat Fourth Assistant Clerk — John R. McKinnot County Treasurer — Joseph O. Hayden, Som Registers of Deeds — Northern District, William C. Purcell, Le	chester. ick, Cambridge. Somerville. falden. ington. inchester. m, Melrose. l., Waltham. erville.
Southern District, Thomas Leighton, Car	mbridge.
Assistant Register for Southern District, bridge.	Albert T. Guthein, Cam-
County Commissioners* —	
,	rm expires January, 1919
Erson B. Barlow, Lowell,	
Walter C. Wardwell, Cambridge, .	" " 1921
Associate Commissioners —	
	rm expires January, 1920
H. Harding Hale, Hudson,	1920

^{*} The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends over Revere and Winthrop, in the county of Suffolk.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

Masters in Chancery —				
Lloyd Makepeace, Malden,	Term	expires	June,	1918
Samuel W. Forest, Melrose,	**	**	September,	1918
Percy A. Bridgham, Somerville, .	**	**	December,	1918
P. Sarsfield Cunniff, Watertown, .	"	**	September,	1919
George S. Harvey, Malden,	44	4.0	January,	1920
John J. Flynn, Waltham,	4.	**	October,	1920
Edwin P. Fitzgerald, Somerville, .	**	**	December,	1920
Haven G. Hill, Lowell,	**	**	January,	1921
Gilbert A. A. Pevey, Cambridge, .	**	**	May,	1922
Stanley A. Dearborn, Wakefield, .	41	**	August,	1922
William V. Thompson, Cambridge,	44	**	November,	1922
William F. Curtin, Lowell,	**	44	February,	1923
Trial Justices - George L. Hemenway,	Hopl	cinton;	Michael F.	Ken-
nedy, Natick; Fred E. Morris,	Huds	on; Fo	rrest N. Ac	lams,
Natick.				

NANTUCKET COUNTY — Incorporated 1695.

Shire Town, NANTUCKET.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Henry Riddell.

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Robert Mack.

Sheriff - Josiah F. Barrett.

Clerk of Courts - John C. Jones.

County Treasurer - G. Howard Winslow.

Register of Deeds - Lauriston Bunker.

Trial Justice - Reginald T. FitzRandolph.

Master in Chancery -

Samuel Max Leveen, . . . Term expires October, 1919

NOTE. — The Selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the powers and perform the duties of County Commissioners. The Treasurer of the town is also County Treasurer.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1793.

Shire Town, DEDHAM.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James H. Flint, Weymouth.

Register of Probate and Insolvency - J. Raphael McCoole, Dedham.

Assistant Register — Thomas V. Nash, Weymouth.

Sheriff — Samuel H. Capen, Dedham.

Clerk of Courts - Louis A. Cook, Weymouth.

Assistant Clerk - Robert B. Worthington, Dedham.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

NORFOLK COUN'	ΓY	- Con	cluded.		
County Treasurer — Henry D. Hump Register of Deeds — Walter W. Cham Assistant Register — Charles E. Houg	ber	s, Ded	ham.		
County Commissioners —					
Evan F. Richardson, Millis, .		Term		January,	1919
Everett M. Bowker, Brookline,		**	**	"	1920
John F. Merrill, Quincy, .		**	**	**	1921
Associate Commissioners —					
Arthur B. Hayward, Braintree,		Term	expires	January,	1920
Frank G. Allen, Norwood, .		**	**	44	1920
Masters in Chancery —					
Edward W. Baker, Brookline,		Term	expires	April,	1920
George G. Darling, Dedham,		**	44	October.	1920
Frank H. Stevens, Wellesley,		**	44	April,	1921
Frank A. Tirrell, Quincy, .		"	**	January,	1922
Frederick D. Nichols, Weymouth,		64	"	March.	1922
Meyer J. Sawyer, Brookline,		44	"	August,	1922
PLYMOUTH COUNTY Shire Town, I				1685.	
Dittie I own, 1	. LI	MOUTH	•		
Shirle Touri, I Register of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbu County Commissioners —	Sw , P lyn	d E. C mner A lymout nouth. orwell.	hamber . Chapi h.		
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — L. Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbu	Sw , P lyn	d E. Commer A lymouth outh. Plymo	hamber . Chaps h. uth.		
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbut County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate,	Sw , P lyn	d E. Commer A lymouth outh. Plymo	hamber . Chaps h. uth.	nan, Plymo	outh.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbur County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, .	Sw , P lyn	d E. Comner A lymouth outh. orwell. Plymo	chamber. Chapi h. uth.	nan, Plymo January,	1919
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl. County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbut County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, . Jere B. Howard, Brockton, .	Sw , P lyn	d E. Comner A lymouth outh. Plymo	chamber. Chapi h. uth.	nan, Plymo January,	1919 1920
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl. County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbut County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, . Jere B. Howard, Brockton, Associate Commissioners —	Sur., P. Ne Ne Ne	d E. C mner A lymouth outh. orwell. Plymo Term	chamber . Chaprich. uth. expires	January,	1919 1920
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — L. Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbu: County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, Jere B. Howard, Brockton, Associate Commissioners — William L. Sprague, Marshfield,	Sw , P lyn	d E. C mner A lymouth outh. orwell. Plymo Term	chamber . Chaprich. uth. expires	nan, Plymo January,	1919 1920 1921
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl. County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbut County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, . Jere B. Howard, Brockton, . Associate Commissioners — William L. Sprague, Marshfield, L. Frank Hammond, Norwell,	Sur., P. Ne Ne Ne	d E. Comner A lymouthouth. orwell. Plymo Term " "	chamber . Chaprich. uth. expires	January,	1919 1920 1921
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbut County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, . Jere B. Howard, Brockton, . Associate Commissioners — William L. Sprague, Marshfield, L. Frank Hammond, Norwell, Masters in Chancery —	oye Sw , P lyn Norn,	d E. Comner A lymouthouth. orwell. Plymo Term " "	chamber . Chaprich. uth. expires	January,	1919 1920 1921
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl. County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbur County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, . Jere B. Howard, Brockton, . Associate Commissioners — William L. Sprague, Marshfield, L. Frank Hammond, Norwell, Masters in Chancery — Herbert E. Thorndike, East Bridg	oye Sw , P lyn Norn,	d E. C mner A lymouth. orwell. Plymo Term "	chamber. Chapped. Cha	January, " Jauuary, " Jauuary, "	1919 1920 1921 1920 1920
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl. County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbut County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, Jere B. Howard, Brockton, Associate Commissioners — William L. Sprague, Marshfield, L. Frank Hammond, Norwell, Masters in Chancery — Herbert E. Thorndike, East Bridgwater,	oye Sw , P lyn Norn,	d E. C mner A lymouth. orwell. Plymo Term "	chamber. Chapped. Cha	January, " January, " March,	1919 1920 1921 1920 1920
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — L. Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbu: County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, Jere B. Howard, Brockton, Associate Commissioners — William L. Sprague, Marshfield, L. Frank Hammond, Norwell, Masters in Chancery — Herbert E. Thorndike, East Bridg water, Frank M. Reynolds, Hull,	oye Sw , P lyn Norn,	d E. C mner A lymouth outh. orwell. Plymo Term " " Term "	chamber. Chapped. Cha	January, " January, " March, November	1919 1920 1921 1920 1920
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Le Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbut County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, . Jere B. Howard, Brockton, . Associate Commissioners — William L. Sprague, Marshfield, L. Frank Hammond, Norwell, Masters in Chancery — Herbert E. Thorndike, East Bridg water, . Frank M. Reynolds, Hull, . John B. Mahar, Rockland, .	oye Sw , P lyn Norn,	d E. C mner A lymouth outh. brwell. Plymo Term " Term "	chamber. Chapped. Cha	January, Jauuary, March, November March,	1919 1920 1921 1920 1920 1919 , 1919 1920
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — L. Register of Probate and Insolvency — Sheriff — Henry S. Porter, Plymouth Clerk of Courts — Edward E. Hobart Assistant Clerk — Edgar W. Swift, Pl County Treasurer — Horace T. Fogg, Register of Deeds — John B. Washbu: County Commissioners — Frederick T. Bailey, Scituate, Charles S. Beal, Rockland, Jere B. Howard, Brockton, Associate Commissioners — William L. Sprague, Marshfield, L. Frank Hammond, Norwell, Masters in Chancery — Herbert E. Thorndike, East Bridg water, Frank M. Reynolds, Hull,	oye Sw , P lyn Norn,	d E. C mner A lymouth outh. orwell. Plymo Term " Term "	chamber. Chapride. Chaprid	January, " January, " March, November	1919 1920 1921 1920 1920

SUFFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1643.

Judges of Probate and Insolvency -

Robert Grant, Boston.

Arthur E. Burr, Boston.

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Arthur W. Dolan, Boston.

First Assistant Register — John R. Nichols, Boston.

Second Assistant Register — Clara L. Power, Boston.

Sheriff — John A. Keliher, Boston.

Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court - John F. Cronin, Boston.

Assistant Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court — John H. Flynn, Boston,

Clerk of Superior Court (Civil Session) - Francis A. Campbell, Boston. Clerk of Superior Court (Criminal Session) - John P. Manning, Boston.

County Treasurer — Charles H. Slattery, Boston.*

County Auditor - J. Alfred Mitchell, Boston, †

Register of Deeds - William T. A. Fitzgerald, Boston.

Assistant Register - Stephen A. Jennings, Boston.

M

ĺ	isters in Chancery —						
	Arthur M. Brown, Boston,			Term	expires	July,	1918
	Thomas D. Lavelle, Boston,			**	44	December,	1918
	David W. Murray, Boston,			"	"	June,	1919
	Herbert A. Kenny, Boston,			44	44	44	1919
	Abraham C. Berman, Boston	,		"	44	41	1919
	David E. Crawford, Boston,			44	**	December,	1920
	Albert Herschel de Propper, E	Boston	,	**	**	January,	1921
	Joseph Michelman, Boston,			**	4.6	April,	1921
	Albert R. MacKusick, Boston	n,		**	64	November,	1921
	Maurice Tobey, Chelsea,			**	**	February,	1922
	Vincent Brogna, Boston,			44	**	**	1922
	Elihu D. Stone, Boston,			44	**	May,	1922

NOTE. - In the city of Boston the City Council and in the city of Chelsea the aldermen have, within their respective cities, most of the powers and duties usually exercised by County Commissioners.

WORCESTER COUNTY - Incorporated 1731.

Shire Towns, Worcester and Fitchburg.

Judges of Probate and Insolvency -

William T. Forbes, Worcester.

Frederick H. Chamberlain, Worcester.

Register of Probate and Insolvency — Harry H. Atwood, Worcester. Assistant Register - Leon E. Felton, Worcester.

^{*} Treasurer of the city of Boston. † Auditor of the city of Boston.

WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

Sheriff — Albert F. Richardson, Worcester. Clerk of Courts — Theodore S. Johnson, Worce First Assistant Clerk — Henry W. Aiken, Mill Second Assistant Clerk — William S. B. Hopki Third Assistant Clerk — Chester S. Bavis, W. County Treasurer — Edgar L. Ramsdell, Worc Registers of Deeds — Worcester District, Daniel Kent, Worcester	lbury. cins, Worcester. orcester. orcester. orcester.
Assistant Register for Worcester Distric	ict, Lottle E. Hubbard,
Worcester.	. 11
Northern District, David H. Merriam, Fit	tchburg.
County Commissioners —	
Arthur C. Moore, Southbridge, . Tern	m expires January, 1919
George W. Cook, Barre, "	" " 1920
Warren Goodale, Clinton, "	" " 1921
Associate Commissioners —	
Thomas C. Sheldon, Fitchburg, . Term	m expires January, 1920
George F. Birch, Milford, "	" " 1920
Masters in Chancery —	
	m expires April, 1918
Charles R. Johnson, Worcester, . "	
Louis O. Rieutord, Southbridge, . "	•
	· · ·
Fred W. Cronin, Worcester,	
Charles S. Webster, Worcester, . "	" June, 1921

Trial Justices - Dennis Healy, Hardwick; John L. Smith, Barre.

Joseph H. Doyle, Milford, .

1921 November, 1922

STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

[Corrected to Dec. 31, 1917.]

President, His Excellency Samuel W. McCall, Ex Officio.
First Vice-President, John Bursley, West Barnstable.
Second Vice-President, Harry A. Ford, Dalton.
Secretary, Wilfrid Wheeler, Concord. Room 136, State House.
First Clerk, R. Edwards Annin, Jr., Concord, Rm. 136, State House.

Members ex Officio.

His Excellency Samuel W. McCall, Governor.
Kenyon L. Butterfield, President Massachusetts Agricultural College.
Lester H. Howard, Commissioner of Animal Industry.
Frank W. Rane, State Forester.
Wilfrid Wheeler, Sccretary of the Board.

Members appointed by the Governor and Council.

Edward E. Chapman of Ludlow,		Term	expires	1918
Frank P. Newkirk of Easthampton,		**	**	1919
Henry M. Howard of West Newton,		**	**	1920

Members chosen by the Incorporated Societies.

intermedia di circa della di circa di c			
Amesbury and Salisbury, A. Willis Bartlett of Salis-	_		
bury,	Term	expire	s 1920
Barnstable County, John Bursley of Barnstable			
(P. O., West Barnstable),	**	**	1918
Blackstone Valley, Jacob A. Williams of Northbridge,	**	44	1920
Deerfield Valley, Stephen W. Hawkes of Charlemont,	**	**	1919
Eastern Hampden, O. E. Bradway of Monson, .		"	1920
Essex, Geo. L. Averill of Andover,	"	**	1919
Franklin County, George E. Taylor, Jr., of Shel-			
burne,	**	**	1918
Hampshire, Howard A. Parsons of Amherst (P. O.			
North Amherst),	**	**	1918
Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, Clarence E.			
Hodgkins of Northampton,	**	**	1920
Highland, Harry A. Ford of Dalton	**	**	1919

Hillside, Milton S. Howes of Cummington (P. O.			
Swift River),	Term	expires	1919
Hingham, Urban S. Bates of Hingham,	**	**	1920
Hoosac Valley, Nathan B. Flood of North Adams,	**	**	1920
Housatonic, Fred M. Ford of Sheffield,	**	**	1920
Lenox Horticultural, Alfred H. Wingett of Lenox,	"	"	1919
Marshfield, Walter H. Faunce of Kingston,	**	**	1920
Martha's Vineyard, James F. Adams of West Tisbury,	**	**	1918
Massachusetts Horticultural, Samuel J. Goddard			
of Framingham,	**	**	1920
Massachusetts Society for Promoting Agriculture,			
N. I. Bowditch of Framingham,	**	1.44	1920
Middlesex North, George W. Trull of Tewksbury			
(P. O., Lowell, R. F. D.),	44	44	1919
Nantucket, Charles E. Burgess of Nantucket,	44	**	1920
Oxford, John F. Freeland of Sutton,	44	**	1918
Plymouth County, Ernest Leach of Bridgewater, .	44	**	1919
Quannapowitt, Calvert H. Playdon of Reading, .	"	**	1918
Union, Edwin F. Goodwin, Chester (P. O., Hunt-			
ington),	**	"	1920
Westport, Charles R. Tallman, Westport (P. O.,			
South Westport),	"	"	1920
West Taunton, Charles I. King of Taunton,	44	**	1919
Weymouth, Howard H. Joy of Weymouth (P. O.,			
South Weymouth),	**	**	1920
Worcester, Charles H. Ellsworth of Worcester, .	**	**	1919
Worcester North, H. D. Clark of Fitchburg, .	**	**	1920
Worcester Northwest, Albert Ellsworth of Athol, .	**	**	1918
Worcester South, William E. Patrick of Warren, .	44	**	1918
Worcester County West, L. H. Ruggles of Hardwick,	**	**	1919

Member Chosen by the Massachusetts Federation of County Leagues and Farm Bureaus.

L. L. Richardson of Leominster. . . . Term expires 1918

DAIRY BUREAU.

Omer E. Bradway, Monson, 1918; George W. Trull, Tewksbury, 1919; George E. Taylor, Jr., Shelburne, 1920. Executive Officer, Wilfrid Wheeler, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture. General Agent, P. M. Harwood, Barre. Room 136, State House.

STATE NURSERY INSPECTOR.

R. Harold Allen, Fall River.

STATE ORNITHOLOGIST.

Edward Howe Forbush, Westborough.

STATE INSPECTOR OF APIARIES.

Burton N. Gates, Ph.D., Amherst.

SPECIALISTS.

Chemist, Dr. J. B. Lindsey, Amherst. Entomologist, Dr. H. T. Fernald, Amherst. Botanist, Prof. A. Vincent Osmun, Amherst. Pomologist, Prof. F. C. Sears, Amherst. Veterinarian, Prof. James B. Paige, Amherst. Engineer, William Wheeler, Concord. Agricultural Club Work, Prof. George L. Farley, Amherst.

BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, ETC.

[Governor's appointees corrected to Dec. 31, 1917.]

ADMINISTRATION, SUPERVISOR OF.

Charles E. Burbank, East Bridgewater, 1919. First Deputy, Thomas W. White, Newton. Second Deputy, Carl A. Raymond, Melrose. Secretary, Charles F. W. Archer, Salem. Room 307, State House.

AGRICULTURE, STATE BOARD OF. See page 311.

ANIMAL INDUSTRY, DEPARTMENT OF.

Commissioner, Lester H. Howard, Boston, 1918. Agents, Edward A. Cahill, Winchester; Charles J. Dailey, Arlington Heights; Frank C. Field, Charlestown; Eugene L. Hannon, Pittsfield; John W. Hitchings, East Saugus; Newell D. Johnson, Waltham; Frank C. Marion, Somerville; Mark L. Miner, Greenfield; Henry E. Paige, Amherst; Charles H. Paquin, Worcester; Harrie W. Peirce, Medford; John H. Roberts, Northampton; William H. Shannon, Boston; Richard N. Shaw, Boston; Frank P. Sturges, Melrose; William T. White, Newtonville; Harold N. Eames, Wilmington; C. C. Donelson, Boston; Edward C. Campbell, Boston. Room 138, State House.

Armory Commissioners.

Adjutant-General Jesse F. Stevens (*Chairman*), Quincy (Wollaston); Lieutenant-Colonel William B. Emery, Newton; George Howland Cox, Cambridge.

ART COMMISSION FOR THE COMMONWEALTH.

BALLOT LAW COMMISSION, STATE, AND STATE BOARD OF VOTING MACHINE EXAMINERS.

Charles F. Campbell, Worcester, 1917; Francis W. Estey (Secretary), Boston, 1918; Henry V. Cunningham (Chairman), Boston (73 Tremont Street, Room 635), 1919.

BANK COMMISSIONER.

Augustus L. Thorndike, Brewster, 1918. Deputy and Chief of Trust Company Division, Charles W. Levi, Newton Center. Chief of Savings Bank Division, William O. Lovell, Malden. Chief of Co-operative Bank Division, Oreb M. Tucker, West Somerville. Examiners, Ralph D. Sutherland; William A. Hammond, Roy A. Hovey, William D. McRae, W. Harold Otis, Francis C. Stacey, Andrew N. Dorr, Albert J. Carter. Special Examiner, Walter S. Bosworth. Chief Clerk, Herbert F. Taylor, Boston. Room 124, State House.

BAR EXAMINERS, BOARD OF.

Hollis R. Bailey (Chairman), Cambridge; George S. Taft (Secretary), Worcester; Henry W. Bragg, Boston; L. Elmer Wood, Fall River; John F. Noxon, Pittsfield.

BLIND, MASSACHUSETTS COMMISSION FOR THE.

James P. Munroe (Chairman), Boston, 1917; Edward E. Allen, Watertown, 1918; Annette P. Rogers, Boston, 1919; Agnes O'R. Taff, Brookline, 1920; Walter Bradlee Snow (Secretary), Watertown, 1921; General Superintendent, Charles B. Hayes. Central Office and Salesroom, 3 Park Street, Room 5.

Boiler Rules, Board of. See page 331.

BOSTON, FINANCE COMMISSION FOR THE CITY OF.

Charles L. Carr, Boston, 1917; James P. Magenis, Dedham, 1918; John R. Murphy (Chairman), Boston, 1919; James M. Morrison, Boston, 1920; John F. Moors, Boston, 1921. Consulting Engineer, Guy C. Emerson, Boston. Counsel, John C. L. Dowling, Boston. 73 Tremont Street, Room 413.

BOSTON, LICENSING BOARD FOR THE CITY OF.

Josiah S. Dean, Boston, 1918; William M. Prest, Boston, 1920; Fletcher Ranney (*Chairman*), Boston, 1922. Secretary, Louis Epple, Boston. 1 Beacon Street, 8th floor.

Boston, Commissioners of Pilots for the Port of.

Frederick C. Bailey, Kingston, 1918; Richard Banfield, Boston, 1920. Secretary, Nehemiah B. Kelley, Boston. 177 Milk Street. Room 716 (Chamber of Commerce).

BOSTON, POLICE COMMISSIONER FOR THE CITY OF.

Stephen O'Meara, Boston, 1921. Secretary, James H. Devlin, Jr., Boston. 29 Pemberton Square.

BOSTON TRANSIT COMMISSION.

Horace G. Allen, Boston, 1918. David A. Ellis, Boston, 1918. On the Part of the City of Boston. — George F. Swain (Chairman), Josiah Quincy, James B. Noyes, 1918. Chief Engineer, Edmund S. Davis, Boston. Secretary, B. Leighton Beal, Boston. 15 Beacon Street, 8th floor.

BRISTOL COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, TRUSTEES OF THE.

Allen P. Keith, New Bedford, 1918; Daniel T. Devoll, New Bedford, 1919; Joseph K. Milliken, Dighton, 1920; Algernon H. Barney, Swansea, 1921; and the County Commissioners.

CHARITY, STATE BOARD OF.

Leontine Lincoln (Chairman), Fall River, 1918; Charles H. Adams, Melrose, 1918; Mary A. Barr, Boston, 1919; Robert M. Merrick, Boston, 1920; Katharine H. Leonard, Springfield, 1920; Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston, 1921; Charles R. Johnson, Worcester, 1921; Abraham C. Ratshesky, Boston, 1922; B. Preston Clark, Cohasset, 1922. Secretary, Robert W. Kelso. Room 38, State House.

Superintendent of State Adult Poor, Frank W. Goodhue. Room 30, State House.

Superintendent of State Minor Wards, James E. Fee. Room 43, State House.

CHATTEL LOAN COMPANY, DIRECTOR OF THE.

Harry J. Fagan, Boston.

CHELSEA, BOARD OF EXCISE FOR.

Daniel J. Mullane, Chelsea, 1918; Alton E. Briggs, Chelsea, 1919; Samuel H. Robie (*Chairman*), Chelsea, 1920. *Clerk*, William H. Hodgkins, City Hall, Chelsea.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Elmer L. Curtiss (*Chairman*), Hingham, 1918; Harvey N. Shepard, Boston, 1919; Courtney Crocker, Boston, 1920. *Chief Examiner*, Joseph J. Reilly. *Secretary*, John C. Gilbert, Room 150, State House. *Registrar of Labor*, William H. Hawley, Room 16, State House.

COLLATERAL LOAN COMPANY, DIRECTOR OF THE. John F. Moors, Boston, 1918.

CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION, STATE BOARD OF.

Charles G. Wood, Concord, 1917; Willard Howland (*Chairman*), Chelsea, 1918; Frank M. Bump, Raynham, 1919. Secretary, Bernard F. Supple, Boston. Room 128, State House.

CORPORATIONS, COMMISSIONER OF.

William D. T. Trefry, Marblehead, 1920. Room 235, State House.

COUNTY ACCOUNTS, CONTROLLER OF.

Frank L. Dean, Worcester, 1919. Deputy Controllers, William H. Wing, Malden; Irving Taylor, Somerville; James C. Emerson, Somerville; Herbert E. Fairfield, Somerville. Room 312H, State House.

DENTAL EXAMINERS, BOARD OF.

Joseph N. Carriere, Fitchburg, 1918; George H. Payne (Secretary), Boston, 1919; Carl R. Lindstrom, Southborough, 1920; C. Wesley Hale (Chairman), Springfield, 1921; Thomas J. Barrett, Worcester, 1922.

DISTRICT POLICE. See page 328.

EDUCATION, BOARD OF.

A. Lincoln Filene, Boston, 1918; Margaret Slattery, Malden, 1918; Samuel L. Powers, Newton, 1918; Frederick P. Fish (Chairman), Brookline, 1919; Frederick W. Hamilton, Cambridge, 1919; Ella Lyman Cabot, Boston, 1919; Thomas B. Fitzpatrick, Brookline, 1920; Paul H. Hanus, Cambridge, 1920; Sarah Louise Arnold, Brookline, 1920.

Commissioner of Education, Payson Smith, Boston. Deputy Commissioner (Elementary and High Schools), Frank W. Wright. Agents, Burr F. Jones, Clarence D. Kingsley, Walter I. Hamilton. Deputy Commissioner (Vocational Schools), Robert O. Small. Agents, Charles R. Allen, Chester L. Pepper, Rufus W. Stimson, Louisa I. Pryor, Caroline E. Nourse. Director of Extension Service, James A. Moyer. Agents, Joseph W. L. Hale, Robert H. Spahr, Herbert A. Dallas, Charles W. Hobbs. Director of Art Education, James Frederick Hopkins. Business Agent, Edward C. Baldwin. Room 217, State House.

ELECTRICIANS, STATE EXAMINERS OF.

John A. O'Keefe (Fire Prevention Commissioner for the Metropolitan District) (Chairman); Payson Smith (Commissioner of Education); Elmer L. Curtiss (Chairman of the Civil Service Commission), Clerk, Francis A. Williams, Boston, 1919. Room 372, State House.

EMBALMING, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Peter H. Savage, Lowell, 1918; Frederick L. Briggs (Secretary), Boston (232 Huntington Avenue), 1919; William H. McManus (Chairman), Brookline, 1920.

ESSEX COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, TRUSTEES OF THE.

George W. Cressy, Salem, 1918; Henry W. Pelton, Lynnfield, 1919; George C. Thurlow, West Newbury, 1921; Justin E. Varney, Lawrence, 1920; and the County Commissioners.

EXPOSITION BUILDING COMMISSION.

Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture; John K. M. L. Far-quhar, Boston; Edward P. Butts, Springfield.

FALL RIVER. BOARD OF POLICE FOR THE CITY OF.

Isaie Laplante, Fall River, 1918; Frederick W. Lawson (*Chairman*), Fall River, 1919; John T. Swift, Fall River, 1920. *Clerk*, John R. Rostron.

FALL RIVER, THE BRADFORD DURFEE TEXTILE SCHOOL OF.

Charles B. Chase, Fall River, 1918; Robert Place, Fall River, 1920.

FIRE INSURANCE RATES, BOARD OF APPEAL FOR.

Frank H. Hardison (Insurance Commissioner) (*Chairman*); Judd Dewey, Boston, 1918; Alfred E. Green, Duxbury, 1918.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF FUND, COMMISSIONERS OF THE.

George F. Harwood (Chairman), Lynn, 1918; Fred W. Jenness, Lowell, 1919; John Grady, Boston, 1920. Appointed by the State Firemen's Association. — Albert M. Laskey, Boston, 1918; Edward S. Hosmer, Lowell, 1919. Secretary, D. Arthur Burt, 294 Washington Street, Room 626.

FIRE PREVENTION COMMISSIONER FOR THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.

John A. O'Keefe, Lynn, 1920. Deputy, Michael A. Murphy, Boston, 1920. Secretary, Harry E. Lake, North Wilmington, 1920. 1 Beacon Street, Room 925.

FISHERIES AND GAME, BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ON.

William C. Adams (Chairman), Newtonville, 1918; Arthur L. Millett, Gloucester, 1921; George H. Graham, Springfield, 1921. Clerk, W. Raymond Collins, Melrose. Chief Deputy Commissioner, Orrin C. Bourne, Melrose. Room 321, State House.

FOOD CONSERVATION, DIRECTOR OF.

Henry B. Endicott, Dedham.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY COMMISSIONERS, BOARD OF.

Frank H. Howes, Newton, 1918; Hiller C. Wellman, Springfield, 1919; Charles F. D. Belden (*Chairman*, Boston Public Library), Cambridge, 1920; Anna M. Bancroft, Hopedale, 1921; Elizabeth P. Sohier, Beverly, 1922. Room 517, State House.

GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT COMMISSIONERS, BOARD OF.

Alonzo R. Weed (*Chairman*), Newton, 1918; Solomon Lewenberg, Boston, 1919; Morris Schaff, Cambridge, 1920; *Clerk*, Robert G. Tobey, Boston, 15 Ashburton Place, Room 603.

Gas Inspectors, Charles D. Jenkins, Boston, 1918; Leslie R. Moore, Concord, 1918; J. Alvord Rose, Concord, 1918. 32 Hawley Street.

Smoke Inspector, Warren A. Edson, Boston. First Deputy, Lewis J. Lyman, Medford. Second Deputy, Charles O. Farrar. 15 Ashburton Place, Room 603.

GENERAL INSURANCE GUARANTY FUND, TRUSTEES OF THE.

George Wigglesworth, Milton, 1918; George L. Paine, Whitman, 1919; James F. Jackson, Brookline, 1920; Warren A. Reed (President), Brockton, 1921; J. Russel Marble, Worcester, 1922; Charles C. Hitchcock, Ware, 1923; Frank J. Hale, Newton, 1924; Clerk, Alice H. Grady, Room 503, State House.

State Actuary, Ervin R. Hurst. Room 507, State House. State Medical Director, Malcolm Seymour, M.D. Room 504, State House.

GENERAL LAWS, COMMISSIONERS FOR CONSOLIDATING AND ARRANGING THE.

James M. Swift, Fall River; M. Sumner Coggan, Malden; James A. Lowell, Newton; Secretary, George P. Drury, Waltham. Room 466, State House.

GREYLOCK RESERVATION COMMISSION.

William H. Sperry (*Treasurer*), North Adams, 1919; Francis W. Rockwell (*Chairman*), Pittsfield, 1920; Arthur B. Daniels (*Secretary*), Adams, 1922.

HEALTH, STATE DEPARTMENT OF.

Commissioner of Health, Allan J. McLaughlin, Brookline, 1919. Public Health Council, The Commissioner (Chairman); Joseph E. Lamoureux, Lowell, 1918; David L. Edsall, Milton, 1918; William J. Gallivan, Boston, 1919; John T. Wheelwright, Boston, 1919; George C. Whipple, Cambridge, 1920; William T. Sedgwick, Boston, 1920. Secretary to the Commissioner, Frances L. McCloskey. Room 546, State House.

Director and Chief Engineer of Division of Sanitary Engineering, X. Henry Goodnough, Boston. Director of Division of Communicable Diseases, Eugene R. Kelley, Boston. Director and Chemist of Division of Water and Sewerage Laboratories, Harry W. Clark, Andover. Director, and Pathologist of Division of Bacteriologic Laboratories, Milton J. Rosenau, Brookline. Director and Analyst of Division of Food and Drugs, Hermann C. Lythgoe, Newton. Director of Division of Hygiene, Lyman A. Jones, Swampscott.

District Health Officers, Adam S. MacKnight, Fall River; Merrill E. Champion, Quincy (Wollaston); Arthur A. Brown, Swampscott; Charles E. Simpson, Lowell; William W. Walcott,* Natick; George T. O'Donnell, Waltham; Francis A. Finnegan, Ayer; John S. Hitchcock, Northampton; Howard A. Streeter, Pittsfield.

HIGHWAY COMMISSION, MASSACHUSETTS.

James W. Synan, Pittsfield, 1918; William D. Sohier (Chairman), Beverly, 1919; Frank D. Kemp, Springfield, 1920. Chief Engineer, Arthur W. Dean, Winchester. Secretary, Frank I. Bieler, Boston. East Wing, State House.

HOMESTEAD COMMISSION.

Charles F. Gettemy (Director of the Bureau of Statistics) (Chairman); Augustus L. Thorndike (Bank Commissioner); Kenyon L. Butterfield (President of the Massachusetts Agricultural College); George C. Whipple, Cambridge (State Department of Health); Arthur C. Comey, Cambridge, 1918; Warren D. Foster, Boston, 1918; Eva W. White, Boston, 1919; Henry Sterling (Secretary), Medford, 1920; Cornelius A. Parker, Boston, 1920. Room 314, State House.

^{*} Leave of absence, military service.

Immigration, Massachusetts Bureau of.

Carroll W. Doten, Cambridge, 1918; Pasquale Galassi, Brookline, 1919; Henry Chmielinski, Brookline, 1920; Edith Prescott Wolcott, Milton, 1921; Bernard J. Rothwell (*Chairman*), Needham, 1922. *Executive Secretary*, Edward V. Hickey. Room 109, State House.

INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENT BOARD.

Joseph A. Parks, Fall River, 1918; Thomas F. Boyle, Boston, 1919; David T. Dickinson, Cambridge, 1920; Frank J. Donahue, Boston, 1920; Chester E. Gleason, Pittsfield, 1921; William W. Kennard (Chairman), Somerville, 1922; John H. Cogswell, Lynn, 1922. Sccretary, Robert E. Grandfield, Boston. Room 272, State House.

Insurance Commissioner.

Frank H. Hardison, Wellesley Hills, 1919. First Deputy, — — of — — . Second Deputy, William O. Richardson, Stoneham. Third Deputy, Edmund S. Cogswell, Wenham. Chief Examiner, Arthur E. Linnell. Examiner, Daniel P. Walsh. Actuary, George W. Smith. Assistant Actuary, Roy A. Wheeler, Boston. Room 243, State House. Workmen's Compensation Bureau, Third Deputy, Edmund S. Cogswell. Inspector, Hosea Harden. Room 508, Pemberton Building.

LABOR AND INDUSTRIES, STATE BOARD OF.

John F. Tobin, Quincy, 1918; Alfred W. Donovan (Chairman), Rockland, 1919; Alfred H. Quessy, Fitchburg, 1920; Samuel Ross, New Bedford, 1921; Mary H. Dewey, Cambridge, 1922. Commissioner of Labor, Edwin Mulready, Rockland. Deputy Commissioner (Labor), John P. Meade, Brockton. Deputy Commissioner (Medical), Thomas F. Harrington, Boston. Counsel, Edward F. Wallace, Revere. 1 Beacon Street, 6th floor.

Inspectors, John T. Atsatt, Lawrence E. Bradbury, Frederick S. Brown, Elmer I. Christenson, Margaret F. Collins, John R. Dexter, Mary A. F. Donovan, Frederic J. Foley, Andrew M. Goff, Edward Grant, Mary E. Halley, John D. Hassett, Alfred W. Kimball, John J. McDonough, Francis L. V. Murphy, Mary A. Nason, Mary K. O'Sullivan, Walter D. Riordan, Samuel M. Schmidt, Anna K. Tapley, Arthur J. Vaughan.

Special War Committee, Edwin Mulready (Chairman), Rockland; William M. Butler, New Bedford; Howard Coonley, South Boston; George Wrenn, Springfield; Mary E. Meehan, Boston.

LOAN AGENCIES, SUPERVISOR OF.

Frank H. Pope, Leominster, 1918. Room 421, State House.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL.

John T. Donehue, Lowell, 1918; Frederick A. Flather, Lowell, 1920.

LUMBER, SURVEYOR-GENERAL OF.

Charles H. Crane, Revere, 1920. 88 Broad Street, Room 306.

LYNN, TRUSTEES OF THE INDEPENDENT SHOEMAKING SCHOOL OF THE CITY OF.

Albert M. Creighton, 1918; William O. Atwill, 1918; Albion Bartlett, 1919; Charles E. Wilson, 1919; Charles F. Cotter, 1920; James P. Phelan, 1920; Arthur W. Pinkham (*Chairman*), 1921; Peter Lawrence Agnew, 1921; and the mayor.

MEDICINE, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Nathaniel R. Perkins, Boston, 1918; Walter P. Bowers (Secretary), Clinton, 1919; Samuel H. Calderwood (Chairman), Boston, 1920; Augustus L. Chase, Randolph, 1921; Michael F. Fallon, Worcester, 1922; Charles H. Cook, Natick, 1923; Matthew T. Mayes, Springfield, 1924. 1 Beacon Street, Room 501.

MENTAL DISEASES, COMMISSION ON.

Director, George M. Kline, Danvers, 1921. Associate Members, Charles G. Dewey, Boston, 1918; Henry M. Pollock, Boston, 1919; John B. Tivnan, Salem, 1920; Elmer A. Stevens, Somerville, 1922. Room 36, State House.

METROPOLITAN PARK COMMISSION.

Edwin U. Curtis, Boston, 1918; Charles J. Barton, Melrose, 1919; Everett C. Benton, Belmont, 1920; Ellerton P. Whitney, Milton, 1921; William B. de las Casas (Chairman), Malden, 1922. Chief Engineer, John R. Rablin, Milton. Secretary, George Lyman Rogers, Brookline. 18 Tremont Street. Room 318.

METROPOLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD.

Thomas E. Dwyer, Wakefield, 1918; Edward A. McLaughlin, Boston, 1919; Henry P. Walcott (Chairman), Cambridge, 1920. Chief Engineer of Water Works, William E. Foss, Boston. Chief Engineer of Sewerage Works, Frederick D. Smith, Malden. Secretary, William N. Davenport, Newton. 1 Ashburton Place.

MINIMUM WAGE COMMISSION.

Arthur N. Holcombe, Cambridge, 1917; Edwin N. Bartlett (*Chairman*), North Oxford, 1918; Mabel Gillespie, Concord, 1919. *Secretary*, Ellen Nathalie Matthews. 1 Beacon Street. Room 911.

MOUNT EVERETT RESERVATION COMMISSION.

A. Chalkley Collins (*Treasurer*), Great Barrington, 1918; Herbert C. Joyner (*Chairman*), Great Barrington, 1920; Peter J. Tyer (*Secretary*), Lee (Lenoxdale), 1922.

NAUTICAL SCHOOL, COMMISSIONERS OF THE MASSACHUSETTS.

Francis T. Bowles (*Chairman*), Barnstable, 1918; Clarence E. Perkins, Winthrop, 1919; William E. McKay, Milton, 1920. *Secretary*, William H. Dimick, Boston. 2A Park Street, Room S.

NEW BEDFORD TEXTILE SCHOOL.

Abbott P. Smith, New Bedford, 1919; William E. Hatch, New Bedford, 1920.

NORFOLK COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, TRUSTEES OF THE.

Charles L. Merritt, Weymouth, 1918; Guy A. Ham, Milton, 1919; Ernest H. Gilbert, Stoughton, 1920; Patrick O'Loughlin, Brookline, 1921, and the County Commissioners.

NURSES, BOARD OF REGISTRATION OF.

Mary M. Riddle (*Chairman*), Newton, 1918; Samuel G. Underhill, Lynn, 1919; Mary E. Shields, Yarmouthport, 1920; Lucia L. Jaquith, Worcester, 1921; Walter P. Bowers (of the Board of Registration in Medicine) (*Secretary*), Clinton. 1 Beacon Street, Room 501.

OPTOMETRY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Bernard H. Whitney (*Chairman*), Dedham, 1918; John J. Brennan, Woreester, 1919; Matthew J. Fowler, Haverhill, 1920; Mathias W. Conrow, Springfield, 1921; Howard C. Doane (*Secretary*), Boston, 1922. Room 312M, State House.

PAROLE, BOARD OF, OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BUREAU OF PRISONS.

Richard J. McCormick, Haverhill, 1918; Frank A. Brooks (Chairman), Williamsburg, 1919; Parker D. Morris, Boston, 1920.

PHARMACY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

William S. Briry, Melrose, 1918; John J. Tobin (Secretary), Boston, 1919; John F. Hayes (President), Fitchburg, 1920; Leon C. Ellis, Lynn, 1921; Percy N. Hall, Westfield, 1922. Room 22, State House.

PILGRIM TERCENTENARY COMMISSION.

Louis K. Liggett (*Chairman*), Boston; Frank W. Stearns, Newton; Arthur Lord, Plymouth; George H. Lyman, Boston. *Secretary*, William Carroll Hill, Milton. 141 Milk Street, Room 350, Boston.

PLUMBERS, STATE EXAMINERS OF.

David Craig (Clerk), Peabody (68 Broad Street, Boston), 1918; Charles R. Felton, Brockton, 1919; James C. Coffey (Chairman), Worcester, 1920.

PRISONS, MASSACHUSETTS BUREAU OF.

Director of Prisons, Cyrus B. Adams, Boston, 1919. Deputies, Thomas C. O'Brien, Boston; Edward C. R. Bagley, Boston. Advisory Prison Board, Nathan Pinanski, Boston, 1918; Esther M. Andrews, Brookline, 1919; Arthur D. Hill (Chairman), Boston, 1920; J. Edward Barry, Cambridge, 1921; Ellen W. Gray, Boston, 1922. Room 24, State House.

PROBATION, COMMISSION ON.

Robert O. Harris (Chairman), East Bridgewater; William Sullivan, Brookline; John Perrins, Jr., Boston; Charles M. Davenport, Boston; Edwin Mulready, Rockland. Secretary and Deputy Commissioner, Herbert C. Parsons, Brookline. Room 174, Suffolk County Courthouse.

PUBLIC RECORDS, COMMISSIONER OF.

Henry E. Woods, Boston, 1919. Clerk, Edward S. Sears, Winthrop. Room 185, State House.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Frederick J. Macleod (Chairman), Cambridge, 1918; John F. Meaney, Blackstone, 1919; Charles A. Russell, Gloucester, 1920; Everett E. Stone, Springfield, 1921; Joseph B. Eastman, Winchester, 1922. Secretary, Andrew A. Highlands, Brookline. Executive Secretary, Charles E. Mann, Malden. Assistant Secretary, Allan Brooks, Harvard. 1 Beacon Street, 7th floor.

Accountants, Justin W. Lester, Edwin H. Fenno, Ernest W. Wright. Chief of Rate and Tariff Department, C. Peter Clark. Chief of Telephone and Telegraph Department, William H. O'Brien. Inspectors, James M. Cushing, Michael J. Conley, Timothy F. Desmond, Engineers, Henry W. Hayes, Lewis E. Moore, William J. Keefe, Minor S. Jameson.

Chief of Inspection Department, George W. Bishop. Inspectors, Lewellyn H. McLain, Henry W. Seward, John H. Parant, John W. Ogden, Michael J. Scully, Arthur W. Hodges, Charles E. Montgomery, Philip Scott, Timothy A. Connor, James E. Rich, Thomas Laffey, Timothy J. Lynch.

RETIREMENT, BOARD OF.

Charles L. Burrill (Treasurer of the Commonwealth) (Chairman); Carl A. Raymond, Melrose, 1918; John E. Fish, Canton, 1920. Secretary, Lloyd A. Foye, Lynn. Room 116, State House.

SALEM AND BEVERLY WATER SUPPLY BOARD.

Nathan Matthews (*Chairman*), Boston, 1919; Director of the Division of Public Works of the City of Salem; Commissioner of Public Works of the City of Beverly.

STATE AID AND PENSIONS, COMMISSIONER OF.

Richard R. Flynn, Winthrop, 1918. Deputy, James F. Ward, Waltham, 1919. Room 123, State House.

STATE FOREST COMMISSION.

Frank W. Rane (State Forester); Harvey N. Shepard (*Chairman*), Boston, 1920; Elisha M. Whitney, Winchendon, 1923. *Secretary*, Charles O. Bailey, Newbury. Room 408, State House.

STATE FORESTER.

Frank W. Rane, Newton (Waban). Assistants, Harold O. Cook, Maxwell C. Hutchins, Charles O. Bailey, George A. Smith, Paul D. Kneeland, J. R. Simmons, ————. Room 408, State House.

STATE HOUSE COMMISSION.

Albert P. Langtry (Secretary of the Commonwealth), Springfield; Charles L. Burrill (Treasurer of the Commonwealth), Boston; Thomas F. Pedrick (Sergeant-at-Arms of the General Court) (Chairman), Lynn. Clerk, Adelbert M. Mossman, Hudson. Room 200, State House.

STATE LIBRARY, TRUSTEES OF THE.

The President of the Senate; the Speaker of the House of Representatives; Charles T. Copeland, Cambridge, 1918; Robert L. O'Brien (Chairman), Brookline, 1919; Nathan Matthews, Boston, 1920. State Librarian, Lawrence B. Evans, Medford. Assistant Librarian, Annie G. Hopkins, Boston. Room 341, State House.

STATISTICS, BUREAU OF.

Director, Charles F. Gettemy, Boston, 1918. Deputy Director, William G. Grundy, Boston, Room 256, State House.

TAX COMMISSIONER.

William D. T. Trefry, Marblehead, 1920. Deputy, John W. Locke, Newton. Second Deputy, Robert G. Patten, Amesbury. Assistants, Albert B. Fales, Somerville; George S. Hatch, Medford; Edward A. Doherty, Cambridge. Supervisors of Assessors, Charles W. Dow, Brockton; Joseph St. Martin, Holyoke; Clarence H. Tonks, Malden. First Clerk, Edward D. Endicott, Canton. Room 234, State House.

Income Tax Deputy, Henry H. Bond. Room 143, State House.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT BOARD.

Frank H. Hardison (Insurance Commissioner) (Chairman); Augustus L. Thorndike (Bank Commissioner); Payson Smith (Commissioner of Education); Robert Luce, Waltham, 1918; Harry Smalley, Fall River, 1918; Ellen L. Stillings, Lowell, 1919; Walter V. McDuffee, Springfield, 1920. Secretary, Clayton L. Lent, Boston (West Roxbury). Room 315, State House.

Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, Board of Commissioners for the Promotion of.

Hollis R. Bailey (*Chairman*), Cambridge, 1919; Samuel Williston, Cambridge, 1919; Joseph F. O'Connell, Boston, 1919.

VETERINARY MEDICINE, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Elmer Warren Babson (Secretary), Gloucester, 1918; Langdon Frothingham (Chairman), Boston, 1919; Thomas E. Maloney, Fall River, 1920; Lester H. Howard, Boston, 1921; George P. Penniman, Worcester, 1922.

WACHUSETT MOUNTAIN STATE RESERVATION COMMISSION.

Theodore L. Harlow (Secretary), Gardner, 1919; Frank C. Smith, Jr., Worcester, 1921; John T. Burnett, Southborough, 1923. Superintendent, Everett W. Needham, Princeton.

WAR RECORDS, COMMISSIONER ON.

The Adjutant-General. Room 259, State House.

WATERWAYS AND PUBLIC LANDS, COMMISSION ON.

Jesse B. Baxter, Milton, 1918; John N. Cole (*Chairman*), Andover, 1919; William S. McNary, Boston, 1920. *Clerk*, Frederick N. Wales, Newtonville. Room 473. State House.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, COMMISSIONER OF.

Thure Hanson, Worcester, 1919. Inspectors, Lorenzo D. F. Marston, Philias J. Tetrault, John J. Cummings, Walter W. Gleason, Clifford W. Shippee. Room 194, State House.

WRECKS AND SHIPWRECKED GOODS, COMMISSIONERS OF.

A. Brooks Anderson, Scituate; Wendell L. Hinckley, Yarmouth; Thomas H. G. Douglass, Gloucester; William McKay, Newburyport; E. Parker Welch, Scituate; James B. Steele, Eastham; William H. Sawyer, Gloucester; John Killen, Nantucket; Charles W. Snow, Truro.

MASSACHUSETTS DISTRICT POLICE.

[Corrected to Dec. 31, 1917.]

JOHN H. PLUNKETT, CHIEF. Room 20, State House.

George C. Neal, Deputy Chief, Detective Dept. Room 1, State House.

JEREMIAH J. CAREY, Deputy Chief, Building Inspection Dept. Room 2, State House.

George A. Luck, Deputy Chief, Boiler Inspection Dept. Room 3, State House.

WILLIAM H. PROCTOR, Captain Steamer "Lexington." Room 1A, State House.

Charles F. Rice, Chief Fire Inspector. Room 1B, State House.

DETECTIVE DEPARTMENT. Detectives.

NAME.		Assigned.	Office.
Barrett, Michael J., .		Tramp officer and special duty.	Boston.
Bligh, Thomas E., .		Hampden and Berkshire Counties.	Pittsfield.
Bradford, Ernest S., .		Barnstable County, .	Hyannis.
Daly, Joseph V.,		Franklin and Hampshire Counties.	Northampton.
Dexter, Thomas A., .		Dukes and Nantucket Counties.	Edgartown.
Eustace, Thomas F.,		Middlesex County	Cambridge.
Grady, James J., .		Steamer "Lotis" and spe-	Boston.
Griffin, Richard J., .		Essex County,	Lawrence.
Hardiman, Frank P.,		Suffolk County,	Boston.
Keating, Arthur E., .		Special duty,	Boston.
		Bristol County,	Taunton,
Molt, Robert E., .		Worcester County, .	Worcester.
Scott, John H.,	•	Norfolk and Plymouth Counties.	Braintree.
Smith, Silas P., .		Middlesex County, .	Cambridge.
Wells, Arthur G., .		Essex County,	Lynn.

DETECTIVE DEPARTMENT — Concluded. Fire Inspectors.

NAME.	Assigned.	Office.
Anderson, James, Fleming, Michael F. Hale, Frank G., Horrigan, Edward F., Manning, David J., McCarthy, Edward J., Murphy, Timothy C., Murray, William F., Murtagh, Edward H., Nelligan, Maurice P., Sherlock, Edward J., Thompson, Thomas A.,	Hampden and Berkshire Counties. Special duty, Middlesex County, Special duty, Berkshire County, Worcester County, Bristol, Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket Counties. Essex County, Plymouth and Norfolk Counties. Franklin and Hampshire Counties. Suffolk County, Part of Suffolk and Middlesex Counties	Springfield. Boston. Boston. Springfield. Worcester. Taunton. Lynn. Boston. Northampton. Boston. Boston.

Building Inspection Department. Building Inspectors.

Atkinson, Harry, .	District No. 7, .		Boston.
Beyer, Richard S., .	District No. 4, .		Boston.
Cairns, William H.,	District No. 11, .		Fall River.
Casey, John F.,	District No. 13, .		Worcester.
Cheney, Ansel J.,	District No. 1, .		Salem.
Cleveland, Ernest E.,	District No. 15, .		Springfield.
Cliffe, Sydney H., .	District No. 17, .		North Adams.
Cobb. Joseph F	District No. 2, .	.	Salem.
Isele, Ambrose W., .	District No. 6, .		Boston.
Lewis, Elmer,	District No. 5, .		Boston.
McDonald, Angus H.,	District No. 3, .		Lowell.
McKeever, William J.,	District No. 9,		Boston.
Penniman, Walter A.,	District No. 14, .	.	Worcester.
Pope, Lemuel,	Supervisor of plans,		Boston.
Roach, Arthur F., .	District No. 16, .		Springfield.
Ryan, Everett E., .	District No. 8, .		Boston.
Saunders, Frank W.,	District No. 12, .		Fall River.
Terry, John J.,	District No. 10,		Boston.

Boiler Inspection Department.

Boiler Inspectors.

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Name.	Assigned.	Office.
Allen, Merrill W Bragdon, Percy B., Bushek, Henry, Evans, James W., Ferguson, Charles, Forbush, Franklin L., Harlow, Willis A., Hinckley, Frank C., Kearney, John B., Lovering, Arthur F., Mackintosh, George D., Masterson, Edward F., Mitchell, Herbert E., Moran, Edward, Mores, Edward A., Morton, Harry E., Richardson, George E., Sanborn, Freeman H., Simm, Wilbert E., Skoglund, Charles, Waterman, Benjamin S.,	District No. 13, Districts Nos. 11 and 12, Special duty, District No. 10, District Vo. 10, District Vo. 10, District No. 21, District No. 21, District No. 17, District No. 16, District No. 16, District No. 16, District No. 16, District No. 14, District No. 14, District No. 14, District No. 18, District No. 18, District No. 18, District No. 18, District No. 15, District No. 15, District No. 5, District No. 20, District No. 20,	Worcester. Fall River. Boston. Boston. Boston. North Adams. Boston. Springfield. Boston. Northampton. Boston. Salem. Worcester. Boston. Lowell. Boston. Lowell. Boston. Lowell.

Expert Assistant, Walter L. Wedger. Room 1.

First Clerk, Frederick W. Macer. Second Clerk, Etta F. Reynolds. Room 20.

Stenographer to Chief, Bernard H. O'Donnell. Room 20.

Branch Office Stenographers: James Nolan, Salem; Mary Dunn, Lowell; Gustaf E. R. Berger, Worcester; John E. Harrington, Fall River; Lemuel J. Young, Springfield; Arthur F. McAuley, North Adams.

DETECTIVE DEPARTMENT. — Clerk, Etta M. Kennedy. Stenographers, John I. Adams, Frank K. Hahn, Irving Bertman.

Building Inspection Department. — Stenographers, Andrew J. McLane, Henry A. Plett.

Boiler Inspection Department. — Stenographers, Jacob W. Powell, John W. Carney, Manassah I. Gorsky.

STOREKEEPER, Charles F. Miller.

Branch Offices. — Salem, 12 Kinsman Block; Lowell, 71 Central Block; Worcester, 476 Main Street; Fall River, Hudner Building; Springfield, 21 Besse Place; North Adams, Kimbell Block; Pittsfield, Courthouse; Northampton, Masonic Building.

BOARD OF BOILER RULES.

George A. Luck (Deputy Chief of the Boiler Inspection Department of the District Police), Chairman; Robert J. Dunkle, Boston (representing boiler-insurance interests), 1918; Henry H. Lynch, Brookline (representing boiler-manufacturing interests), 1918; Edward D. Mullane, Boston (representing operating engineers), 1918; Frederick A. Wallace, Andover (representing boiler-using interests), 1919. Room 246, State House.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

[The general management of the several normal schools is vested by statute in the Board of Education, and all money appropriated for their maintenance is expended under its direction.

- At Framingham (for women only) Opened at Lexington, July, 1839; transferred to West Newton, September, 1844; removed to Framingham, 1853. Principal James Chalmers.
- At Westfield Opened at Barre, September, 1839; suspended, 1841; reopened at Westfield, September, 1844. Principal Clarence A. Brodeur.
- At Bridgewater Opened September, 1840. Principal Arthur C. Boyden.
- At Salem Opened September, 1854. Principal J. Asbury Pitman.
- At Worcester Opened September, 1874. Principal William B. Aspinwall.
- At Fitchburg Opened September, 1885. Principal John G. Thompson.
- At North Adams Opened February, 1897. Principal Frank F. Murdock.
- At Barnstable (Hyannis) Opened September, 1897. Principal William A. Baldwin.
 - At Lowell Opened October, 1897. Principal John J. Mahoney.

STATE NORMAL ART SCHOOL.

At Boston — Opened November, 1873. Principal Emeritus — George H. Bartlett. James Frederick Hopkins, Director of Art Education in Massachusetts.

INSTITUTIONS UNDER THE GENERAL SUPERVISION OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITY.

TRUSTEES OF MASSACHUSETTS TRAINING SCHOOLS.

Matthew Luce, Cohasset, 1918; Mary Josephine Bleakie, Brookline, 1918; Amy Ethel Taylor, Lexington, 1919; John F. Scully, Brockton, 1919; Carl Dreyfus (*Chairman*), Boston, 1920; Charles M. Davenport, Boston, 1920; James W. McDonald, Marlborough, 1921; Lewis M. Palmer, Framingham, 1922; James J. Sheehan, Peabody, 1922.

Secretary, F. Leslie Hayford, Room 312 E, State House.

Lyman School for Boys. — At Westborough. Superintendent — Charles A. Keeler.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. — At Lancaster. Superintendent — Amy F. Everall.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS. — At Shirley.

Superintendent — George P. Campbell.

Superintendent of Boys' Parole Department — Walter A. Wheeler, Westborough.

Superintendent of Girls' Parole Department — Edith N. Burleigh, Room 159, State House.

STATE INFIRMARY AND STATE FARM.

Trustees — Mary E. Cogan, Stoneham, 1918; Francis W. Anthony, Haverhill, 1919; Leonard Huntress, Lowell, 1919; Walter F. Dearborn, Cambridge, 1919; Galen L. Stone, Brookline, 1920; Nellie E. Talbot (Secretary), Brookline, 1920; Dennis D. Sullivan, Middleborough, 1920.

STATE INFIRMARY. — At Tewksbury.

Superintendent and Resident Physician - John H. Nichols, M.D.

STATE FARM. - At Bridgewater.

Superintendent - Hollis M. Blackstone.

MASSACHUSETTS HOSPITAL SCHOOL.

AT CANTON.

[For the care and education of crippled and deformed children.]

Trustees — William F. Fitzgerald, Brookline, 1918; Edward H. Bradford (Chairman), Boston, 1919; Alfred S. Pinkerton, Worcester, 1920; Leonard W. Ross (Secretary), Boston (Mattapan), 1921; Walter C. Baylies, Taunton, 1922.

Superintendent - John E. Fish, M.D.

TRUSTEES OF HOSPITALS FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Albert C. Getchell, Worcester, 1918; Charles J. Downey, Springfield, 1919; Sylvia B. Knowlton, Marion, 1920; George A. Dunn, Gardner, 1921; Daniel L. Prendergast, Brookline, 1921; Arthur K. Stone (*Chairman*), Boston, 1922; Simon Swig, Boston, 1922.

Secretary - John B. Hawes, 2d, M.D., Room 465, State House.

RUTLAND STATE SANATORIUM.

Superintendent - Ernest B. Emerson, M.D.

NORTH READING STATE SANATORIUM.

Superintendent - Carl C. MacCorison, M.D.

LAKEVILLE STATE SANATORIUM.

Superintendent - Sumner Coolidge, M.D.

WESTFIELD STATE SANATORIUM.

Superintendent - Henry D. Chadwick, M.D.

NORFOLK STATE HOSPITAL.

AT PONDVILLE.

[For the care and treatment of inebriates and drug habitues.]

Trustees — Frank L. Locke (Secretary), Malden, 1918; Robert A. Woods, Boston, 1919; W. Rodman Peabody (Chairman), Boston, 1920; Philip R. Allen, East Walpole, 1921; Otho L. Schofield, Wellesley, 1922; Edwin Mulready, Rockland, 1923; Lombard Williams, Dedham, 1924.

Superintendent - Irwin H. Neff, M.D.

INSTITUTIONS UNDER THE GENERAL SUPERVISION OF THE COMMISSION ON MENTAL DISEASES.

INSANE HOSPITALS.

The government of each is vested in a board of seven Trustees, two of which shall be women, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year: -

WORCESTER STATE HOSPITAL.

Ellen N. 1918.

Georgie A. Bacon (Chairman), Worcester, 1919.

William J. Delahanty, Worcester, 1920.

Sheehan, Worcester, Edward F. Fletcher, Worcester. 1921.

Amos B. Chase, Lynn, 1922. John G. Perman, Worcester, 1923. Donald Gordon (Clerk), Lincoln, 1924.

Superintendent — Ernest V. Scribner, M.D.

TAUNTON STATE HOSPITAL.

tary), East Boston, 1918. Margaret C. Smith. Taunton.

1919.

Philip E. Brady, Attleboro, 1920. Arthur B. Reed, North Abington, 1921.

Elizabeth C. M. Gifford (Secre- | Charles C. Cain, Jr. (Chairman). Taunton, 1922.

Simeon Borden, Fall River, 1923. Julius Berkowitz, New Bedford, 1924.

Superintendent — Arthur V. Goss, M.D.

NORTHAMPTON STATE HOSPITAL.

Emily N. Newton, Holyoke, 1918. Caroline A. Yale, Northampton, 1919.

Luke Corcoran, Springfield, 1920. John McQuaid, Pittsfield, 1921.

Henry L. Williams (Chairman). Northampton, 1922.

Charles S. Shattuck, Hatfield. 1923.

Joseph W. Stevens (Secretary). Greenfield, 1924.

Superintendent — John A. Houston, M.D.

DANVERS STATE HOSPITAL.

William Howe Merrill, Lawrence, 1918.

Annie M. Kilham, Beverly, 1919. Samuel Cole (Secretary), Beverly, 1920.

Francis H. Caskin, Jr., Danvers, 1921.

Mary Ward Nichols. Danvers (Hathorne), 1922.

S. Herbert Wilkins (Chairman), Salem, 1923.

James F. Ingraham, Jr., Peabody, 1924.

Superintendent - John B. Macdonald, M.D.

WESTBOROUGH STATE HOSPITAL.

ough, 1918.

Walter F. Mahoney, Westborough, 1919.

Sewall C. Brackett, Boston, 1920. N. Emmons Paine (Chairman), West Newton, 1921.

John J. Shaughnessy, Marlbor- | Emily Young O'Brien, Brookline, 1922.

Flora L. Mason (Secretary), Taunton, 1923.

Thomas F. Dolan, Newton, 1924.

Superintendent - H. O. Spalding, M.D.

MEDFIELD STATE HOSPITAL.

Fanny E. Long, Newton, 1918. George O. Clark, Boston, 1919.

Albert Evans (Secretary), Boston,

Nellie Barker Palmer, Framingham, 1921.

Walter Rapp (Chairman), Brockton, 1922.

J. C. Joseph Flamand, Cambridge,

Christian Lantz, Salem, 1924.

Superintendent — Elisha H. Cohoon, M.D.

MONSON STATE HOSPITAL.

AT PALMER.

Trustees — Michael I. Shea (Chairman), Chicopee Falls, 1918; George A. Moore, Palmer, 1919; George D. Storrs, Ware, 1920; J. Ubalde Paquin, New Bedford, 1921; Mary E. Donahue, Melrose Hlds., 1922; Mary B. Townsley, Springfield, 1923; William Jameson (Secretary), Chicopee, 1924.

Superintendent — Everett Flood, M.D.

GARDNER STATE COLONY.

AT GARDNER.

Trustees — Edmund A. Whitman (Chairman), Cambridge, 1918; Owen A. Hoban, Gardner, 1919; George N. Harwood, Barre, 1920; Alice M. Spring, Fitchburg, 1921; Thomas H. Shea, Fitchburg, 1922; Amie H. Coes (Secretary), Worcester, 1923; Herbert B. Howard, Boston, 1924.

Superintendent - Charles E. Thompson, M.D.

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

AT WALTHAM.

Trustees — Edward W. Emerson, Concord, 1918; Frank H. Stewart, Newton, 1919; Lucia L. Jaquith, Worcester, 1920; Frederick H. Nash, Newton (Auburndale), 1921; Francis J. Barnes, Cambridge, 1922; Thomas N. Carver, Cambridge, 1923; ————, 1924. Secretary, Charles E. Ware, Fitchburg.

Superintendent - Walter E. Fernald, M.D.

WRENTHAM STATE SCHOOL.

AT WRENTHAM.

Trustees — Sarah Lawrence, Boston, 1918; Albert L. Harwood (Chairman), Newton, 1919; Herbert C. Parsons, Brookline, 1920; Patrick J. Lynch, Beverly, 1921; Mary Stewart Scott, Brookline, 1922; Ellerton James (Secretary), Nahant, 1923; George W. Gay, Newton, 1924. Superintendent — George L. Wallace, M.D.

BOSTON STATE HOSPITAL.

AT BOSTON.

Trustees — William F. Whittemore, Boston, 1918; Katherine G. Devine, Boston, 1919; Hyman B. Swig, Boston, 1920; Helen B. Hopkins, Boston, 1921; Henry Lefavour (Chairman), Boston, 1922; John F. Fennessey, Boston, 1923; John A. Kiggen, Boston, 1924.

Superintendent — James V. May, M.D.

FOXBOROUGH STATE HOSPITAL.

AT FOXBOROUGH.

Trustees — Minna R. Mulligan, Natick, 1918; Edward C. Donnelly, Dedham, 1919; Thomas J. Scanlan, Boston, 1920; Henry T. Shaefer (Chairman), Boston, 1921; Isaac Heller, Boston, 1922; Maxime Lepine, Lowell, 1923; Barbara Galpin, Somerville, 1924.

Superintendent - Albert C. Thomas, M.D.

GRAFTON STATE HOSPITAL.

AT GRAFTON.

Trustees — Peter O. Shea, Worcester, 1918; Henry J. Perreault, Worcester, 1919; Leander F. Herrick, Worcester, 1920; Margaret A. Cashman, Newburyport, 1921; John P. Bowditch, Framingham, 1922; Charlotte R. F. Ladd, Sturbridge, 1923; Roger W. Cutler, Needham, 1924.

Acting Superintendent - Hiram L. Horsman, M.D.

INSTITUTIONS UNDER THE GENERAL SUPERVISION OF THE DIRECTOR OF PRISONS.

[The Director has the government of the institutions named below, and appoints the warden and superintendent in each place.]

STATE PRISON.

AT BOSTON (CHARLESTOWN P. O.).

Warden — Nathan D. Allen, Boston. Deputy Warden — William Hendry. Clerk — Edward A. Darling. Physician and Surgeon — Joseph I. McLaughlin, M.D. Chaplain — Rev. Michael J. Murphy.

Agent for Discharged Prisoners — George E. Cornwall. Room 24, State House.

MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.

AT CONCORD (CONCORD JUNCTION P. O.).

Superintendent — Percy W. Allen. Deputy Superintendent — Charles T. Judge. Clerk — Charles W. Wales. Physician — Guy G. Fernald, M.D. Chaplain — Rev. Robert Walker.

REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN.

AT SHERBORN (FRAMINGHAM P. O.).

Superintendent — Mrs. Jessie D. Hodder, Sherborn. Deputy Superintendent — Tess L. McKernon. Clerk — Florence L. Brooks. Physician — Elizabeth A. Sullivan, M.D. Chaplain — Perle Wilkinson.

Agent for Discharged Female Prisoners — Elizabeth A .Quirk. Room 9, State House.

PRISON CAMP AND HOSPITAL.

AT RUTLAND (WEST RUTLAND P. O.).

Superintendent — Elmer E. Shattuck. Deputy Superintendent — Willard J. Turner. Clerk — Philip C. Scott. Physician — William E. Chamberlain, M.D.

VARIOUS INSTITUTIONS.

MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL.

AT BOSTON.

[By chapter 46 of the Acts of 1864, four Trustees appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — Philip L. Saltonstall, Milton, 1918; Joseph H. O'Neil, Boston, 1918; Pauline Revere Thayer, Boston, 1918; William Endicott, Boston, 1918.

Administrator — Frederic A. Washburn, M.D.

PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

AT WATERTOWN.

[By chapter 96 of the Acts of 1864, four Trustees appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — Paul Revere Frothingham, Boston, 1918; William L. Richardson, Boston, 1918; Annette P. Rogers, Boston, 1918; Thomas B. Fitzpatrick, Brookline, 1918.

Director - Edward E. Allen.

MASSACHUSETTS CHARITABLE EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

AT BOSTON.

[By chapter 28 of the Resolves of 1872, two Trustees appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — William D. Sohier, Beverly; John Lawrence, Groton. Superintendent — Frederic A. Washburn, M.D.

SOLDIERS' HOME IN MASSACHUSETTS.

AT CHELSEA.

[By chapter 282 of the Acts of 1889, three Trustees appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — Harry T. Knight, Winthrop, 1918; Thomas R. Mathews, Quincy, 1919; Daniel E. Denny, Worcester, 1920.

Commandant - Richard R. Foster.

MASSACHUSETTS HOMŒOPATHIC HOSPITAL.

AT BOSTON.

[By chapter 358 of the Acts of 1890, five Trustees appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — Elwyn G. Preston, Woburn, 1918; Charles E. Rogerson, Milton, 1919; Henry L. Houghton, Boston, 1919; N. Emmons Paine, Newton, 1920; George D. Bliss, Boston, 1920. Superintendent — Henry M. Pollock, M.D.

THE HOSPITAL COTTAGES FOR CHILDREN.

AT BALDWINVILLE.

[By chapter 407 of the Acts of 1892, five Trustees appointed by the Governor. See R. L. 87, §§ 124-126.]

Trustees — Arthur H. Lowe, Fitchburg, 1918; Edith H. Sears, Boston, 1919; Jenness K. Dexter, Springfield, 1920; George B. Dewson, Cohasset, 1921; Herbert S. Morley (President), Templeton (Baldwinville), 1922. Clerk, Robert N. Wallis, Fitchburg.

Superintendent — Harold C. Arey, M.D.

PETER BENT BRIGHAM HOSPITAL.

AT BOSTON.

[By chapter 370 of the Acts of 1909, two Trustees appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — John P. Reynolds, Boston, 1918; Irvin McDowell Garfield, Boston, 1921.

Superintendent — Herbert B. Howard, M.D.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

[See chapter 24, Revised Laws.]
[Corrected to Dec. 31, 1917.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

No. 1. — Harwich, Dennis, Yarmouth, Brewster, Chatham, Orleans and Eastham,

No. 2. — Barnstable, Bourne, Sandwich,
Mashpee and Falmouth,

No. 3. — Provincetown, Truro and Wellfleet,

Clarence P. Curley,
Provincetown, 1919.

Associate. - No. 2, Ernest F. Curry, Bourne, 1923.

BERRSHIRE COUNTY. Adams, Williamstown, No. 1. — North Orland J. Brown. Clarksburg, Adams, Florida, Sa-North Adams, 1924. voy, New Ashford and Cheshire, No. 2. - Pittsfield, Lanesborough, Windsor, Henry Colt, Dalton, Hinsdale, Peru Pittsfield, 1922. Hancock, No. 3. - Richmond, Lenox, Washington, Dorvil M. Wilcox. Becket, Lee, Stockbridge, Tyring-Lee, 1923, ham and Otis, No. 4. - West Stockbridge, Alford, Great Barrington, Monterey, Sandis- John B. Beebe, field, New Marlborough, Sheffield, Gt. Barrington, 1918, Egremont and Mt. Washington,

Associates. — No. 1, Harry B. Holmes, Adams, 1923. No. 2, John G. Flynn, Pittsfield, 1919. No. 3, John J. Hassett, Lee, 1924. No. 4, Clifford H. Chapin, Great Barrington, 1918.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

No. 1. — Attleboro, North Attleborough, Seekonk, Norton, Mansfield and Rehoboth,	Attleboro, 1918.
No. 2. — Taunton, Raynham, Easton, Berk-	Charles A. Atwood,
ley and Dighton,	Taunton, 1919.
No. 3 Fall River, Somerset, Swansea,	Thomas F. Gunning,
Freetown and Westport,	Fall River, 1919.
No. 4 New Bedford, Dartmouth, Fair-	Garry de N. Hough,
haven and Acushnet,	

Associates. — No. 1, Frederick V. Murphy, Attleboro, 1919. No. 2, Andrew J. McGraw, Taunton, 1919. No. 3, John H. Gifford, Fall River, 1920. No. 4, Daniel P. O'Brien, New Bedford, 1919.

DUKES COUNTY.

No. 1. — Edgartown and Oak Bluffs,*. No. 2. — Tisbury, West Tisbury and Gosnold,	∫ Edward P. Worth,
	Edgartown, 1920.
No 9 Tishuan West Tishuan and Corneld	Samuel T. Davis,
No. 2. — Tisbury, West Tisbury and Goshold,	Tisbury, 1918.
No. 3. — Chilmark and Gay Head,	Vacancy.
Associate No. 1, Orland S. Mayhew,	Tisbury, 1921.

E---- C----

Daniel J. Finegan, Gloucester, 1921.
George G. Bailey,
Ipswich, 1918.
Randolph C. Hurd,
Newburyport, 1920.
John F. Croston, Haverhill, 1919.
George W. Dow,
Lawrence, 1923.
Richmond B. Root,
Georgetown, 1919.

^{*} Name of Cottage City changed to Oak Bluffs by act of the General Court, January 25, 1907.

ESSEX COUNTY -- Concluded.

No. 7 Beverly, Wenham and Manches-	George A. Stickney,
ter,	Beverly, 1921.
No. 8. — Peabody, Danvers, Middleton and	Horace K. Foster,
Lynnfield,	Peabody, 1923.
No. 9 Lynn, Saugus, Nahant and	Joseph G. Pinkham,
Swampscott,	Lynn, 1919.
No. 10 Solom and Marblohood	Frank S. Atwood,
No. 10. — Salem and Marbienead,	Salem, 1923.

Associates. — No. 1, Scott W. Morring, Gloucester, 1923. No. 2, John G. Corcoran, Hamilton, 1924. No. 3, Daniel D. Murphy, Amesbury, 1920. No. 4, Francis W. Anthony, Haverhill, 1919. No. 5, Victor A. Reed, Lawrence, 1923. No. 7, Harry E. Sears, Beverly, 1921. No. 8, S. Chase Tucker, Peabody, 1919. No. 9, Loring Grimes, Swampscott, 1924. No. 10, James E. Simpson, Salem, 1923.

FRANKLIN COUNTY. Northern District. — Orange, Warwick, New Stanton J. Ten Broeck, Salem and Wendell, . . . Orange, 1920.

Eastern District. — Bernardston, Erving,	
Gill, Greenfield, Leverett, Mon-	George P. Twitchell,
tague, Northfield, Shutesbury	Greenfield, 1923.
and Sunderland,	
Western District. — Ashfield, Buckland,	
Charlemont, Colrain, Conway,	Francis J. Canedy.
Deerfield, Hawley, Heath, Ley-	Shelburne, 1919.
den, Monroe, Rowe, Shelburne	Sheiburne, 1919.
and Whately,	

Associates. — Northern, Francis E. Johnson, Erving, 1920. Eastern, Norman P. Wood, Northfield, 1923. Western, George R. Fessenden, Ashfield, 1920.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

No. 1 Brimfield, Holla	nd, Pal	mer, M	noanol (Jacob P. Schneider,
and Wales,	•]	Palmer, 1924.
No. 2. — Springfield, Ag				
meadow, L	ongmea	dow,	West	Edward J. Mahoney,
Springfield,	Wilbr	aham	and	Springfield, 1921.
Hampden, .				
No. 3. — Holyoke,				Frank A. Woods, Holyoke, 1923
10. 5. — Holyoke, .	•	•	•	Holyoke, 1923

HAMPDEN COUNTY - Concluded.

No. 4. — Blandford,	Chester,	Granville,	Edma	
Montgome	ery, Russell,	Southwick,	} Edwa	
Tolland a	nd Westfield	d,		Westfield, 1920.
No. 5. — Chicopee an	d Ludlow,		$\left\{ egin{array}{l} { m John} \end{array} ight.$	H. C. Gallagher, Chicopee, 1918.

Associates. - No. 1, Charles W. Jackson, Monson, 1924. No. 2, Sylvester E. Ryan, Springfield, 1921. No. 3, Stanley C. Cox, Holyoke, 1923. No. 4, Robert D. Hildreth, Westfield, 1921. No. 5, Louis E. Mannix, Chicopee, 1918.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.		
No. 1. — Northampton, Chesterfield, Cum- mington, Goshen, Hatfield, Plainfield and Williamsburg, Northampton, 1924.		
No. 2. — Easthampton, Huntington, Middle- field, Southampton, Westhamp- ton and Worthington, Easthampton, 1923.		
No. 3. — Amherst, Granby, Hadley, Pelham Herbert G. Rockwell,		
and South Hadley, Amherst, 1921.		
No. 4 Belchertown, Enfield, Greenwich, Worthington W. Miner,		
Prescott and Ware, Ware, 1922.		
Associates No. 1, William P. Stutson, Cummington, 1919. No. 2,		

No. 4. — Belchertown, Enfield, Greenwich, Worthington W. Miner, Prescott and Ware, Ware, 1922.				
Associates. — No. 1, William P. Stutson, Cummington, 1919. No. 2, Charles H. Mace, Huntington, 1919. No. 3, Henry E. Doonan, South Hadley, 1918. No. 4, Willard B. Segur, Enfield, 1924.				
MIDDLESEX COUNTY.				
No. 1. — Cambridge, Belmont and Arlington, No. 2. — Malden, Somerville, Everett and Medford, Somerville, 1921. No. 3. — Melrose, Stoneham, Wakefield, Wilmington, Reading and North Reading, Melrose, 1918.				
No. 4. — Woburn, Winchester, Lexington William H. Keleher, and Burlington, Woburn, 1918.				
No. 5. — Lowell, Dracut, Tewksbury, Billerica, Chelmsford and Tyngsborough, Lowell, 1924.				
No. 6. — Concord, Carlisle, Bedford, Lincoln, Henry J. Walcott, Littleton, Acton and Boxborough, Concord, 1917.				

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

No. 7. — Newton, Waltham, Watertown George L. West,
and Weston, Newton, 1919.
No. 8. — Framingham, Wayland, Natick, Lewis M. Palmer,
Sherborn, Holliston, Hopkinton So Framingham 1923
and Ashland,)
No. 9. — Marlborough, Hudson, Maynard, John E. McGrath,
Stow and Sudbury, Hudson, 1921. No. 10. — Ayer, Groton, Westford, Dun-
etable Pennerell Shirley Town Frank S. Bulkeley,
send and Ashby, Ayer, 1918.
,
Associates. — No. 2, William H. McBain, Malden, 1921. No. 3, Paul
H. Provandie, Melrose, 1922. No. 4, Charles F. McCarthy, Winchester, 1920. No. 5, Marshall L. Alling, Lowell, 1920. No. 6, Henry H.
Braley, Concord, 1924. No. 7, T. Morton Gallagher, Newton, 1919.
No. 8, George A. Bancroft, Natick, 1920. No. 9, John J. Kelly, Marl-
borough, 1921. No. 10, Herbert B. Priest, Ayer, 1922.
borough, 1021 100 10, 12010010 21 211000, 12, 01, 10221
NANTUCKET COUNTY.
John S. Grouard,
One District, Nantucket, 1922.
One District,
One District, Nantucket, 1922.
One District,
One District, Nantucket, 1922. Norfolk County.
One District, Nantucket, 1922.
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Andrew H. Hodgdon, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Dedham, 1919.
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Andrew H. Hodgdon, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Dedham, 1919. No. 2. — Cohasset,
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Andrew H. Hodgdon, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Oliver H. Howe, Cohasset, 1922. No. 2. — Oniney Milton and Bandolph Frederick E. Jones,
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Dedham, 1919. No. 2. — Cohasset, Oliver H. Howe, Cohasset, 1922. No. 3. — Quincy, Milton and Randolph, Frederick E. Jones, Quincy, 1920.
Nantucket, 1922. Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Dedham, 1919. No. 2. — Cohasset, Cohasset, Cohasset, 1922. No. 3. — Quincy, Milton and Randolph, Rederick E. Jones, Quincy, 1920. No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Hol- John C. Fraser,
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Oliver H. Howe, Cohasset, 1922. No. 2. — Cohasset, Cohasset, Cohasset, 1922. No. 3. — Quincy, Milton and Randolph, No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Holbrook, Weymouth, 1921.
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Dedham, 1919. No. 2. — Cohasset, Cohasset, Cohasset, 1922. No. 3. — Quincy, Milton and Randolph, No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Holbrook, Shook, Weymouth, 1921. No. 5. — Avon, Stoughton, Carton, Walpole William O. Faxon,
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Oliver H. Hodgdon, Dedham, 1919. No. 2. — Cohasset, Cohasset, Cohasset, 1922. No. 3. — Quincy, Milton and Randolph, No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Holprook, Stoughton, Canton, Walpole and Sharon, Stoughton, 1922.
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Oliver H. Howe, Cohasset, 1922. No. 2. — Cohasset, Cohasset, Cohasset, 1922. No. 3. — Quincy, Milton and Randolph, No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Holbrook, Cohasset, 1922. No. 5. — Avon, Stoughton, Carton, Walpole and Sharon, Stoughton, 1922. No. 6. — Franklin, Foxborough, Plainville Francis A. Bragg,
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Oliver H. Howe, Cohasset, 1922. No. 2. — Cohasset, Cohasset, Cohasset, 1922. No. 3. — Quincy, Milton and Randolph, No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Holprook, Stoughton, Canton, Walpole and Sharon, Stoughton, Plainville and Wrentham, Stoughton, 1922. No. 6. — Franklin, Foxborough, Plainville and Wrentham, Foxborough, 1918.
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Oliver H. Howe, Cohasset, 1922. No. 2. — Cohasset, Cohasset, Cohasset, 1922. No. 3. — Quincy, Milton and Randolph, No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Holbrook, Stoughton, Canton, Walpole and Sharon, Stoughton, Canton, Walpole and Wrentham, Stoughton, 1922. No. 6. — Franklin, Foxborough, Plainville and Wrentham, Foxborough, 1918. No. 7. — Medway, Medfield, Millis, Norfolk Norman P. Quint,
Norfolk County. No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, Westwood, Norwood and Dover, Oliver H. Howe, Cohasset, 1922. No. 2. — Cohasset, Cohasset, Cohasset, 1922. No. 3. — Quincy, Milton and Randolph, No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Holprook, Stoughton, Canton, Walpole and Sharon, Stoughton, Plainville and Wrentham, Stoughton, 1922. No. 6. — Franklin, Foxborough, Plainville and Wrentham, Foxborough, 1918.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

Associates. — No. 1, John W. Pratt, Dedham, 1920. No. 3, George V. Higgins, Randolph, 1921. No. 5, Edward H. Ewing, Stoughton, 1919. No. 6, Ambrose J. Gallison, Franklin, 1918. No. 7, Ernest L. Hill, Millis, 1924. No. 8, William C. Mackie, Brookline, 1920.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

No. 1. — Brockton, West Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, Bridgewater and Whitman,	A. Elliot Paine, Brockton, 1919.
No. 2 Abington, Rockland, Hanover,	
Hanson, Norwell and Pembroke,	Rockland, 1921.
No. 3 Plymouth, Halifax, Kingston,	Edgar D. Hill,
Plympton and Duxbury,	Plymouth, 1920.
No. 4. — Middleborough, Wareham, Matta- poisett, Carver, Rochester, Lake- ville and Marion,	Charles E. Morse, Wareham, 1924.
No. 5 Hingham, Hull, Scituate and	John A. Peterson,
Marshfield.	Hingham, 1924.

Associates. — No. 1, John J. McNamara, Brockton, 1919. No. 2, J. Frank Curtin, Abington, 1921. No. 3, Nathaniel K. Noyes, Duxbury, 1919. No. 4, A. Vincent Smith, Middleborough, 1921. No. 5, Charles W. Bartlett, Marshfield, 1919.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston, Chelsea, Revere and Winthrop, *

George B. Magrath,
Boston, 1922.

Timothy Leary,
Boston, 1924.

Associates. — Oscar Richardson, Boston, 1920; William H. Watters, Boston, 1924.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

***************************************	•
No. 1. — Athol, Dana, Petersham, Phillips-	James F. Cuddy,
ton and Royalston,	Athol, 1918.
ton and Royalston,	Edward A. Sawyer,
don,	Gardner, 1924.
No. 3. — Fitchburg, Ashburnham, Leomin- ster, Lunenburg, Princeton and Westminster,	George P. Norton, Fitchburg, 1923

WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

No. 4. — Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Harvard, Lancaster and Ster-	George L. Tobey, Clinton, 1920.
ling,	Chilon, 1920.
No. 5 Grafton, Northborough, South-	Charles S. Knight,
borough and Westborough, .	Westborough, 1923.
No. 6 Hopedale, Mendon, Milford and	William J. Clarke,
Upton,	Milford, 1919.
No. 7 Blackstone, Douglas, Northbridge	William L. Johnson,
and Uxbridge,	Uxbridge, 1919.
No. 8 Charlton, Dudley, Oxford, South-	Albert J. McCrea,
bridge, Sturbridge and Webster,	Southbridge, 1924.
No. 9 Brookfield, North Brookfield, Spen-	Charles A. DeLand,
cer, Warren and West Brookfield,	Warren, 1920.
No. 10. — Barre, Hubbardston, Hardwick, New Braintree, Oakham and Rutland,	William E. Chamberlain, Rutland, 1919.
No. 11. — Worcester, Auburn, Holden, Leicester, Millbury, Paxton, Shrewsbury, Sutton and West Boylston,	Frederick H. Baker, Worcester, 1923.

Associates. — No. 1, Alphonso V. Bowker, Athol, 1923. No. 2, Albert F. Lowell, Gardner, 1924. No. 3, Appleton H. Pierce, Leominster, 1924. No. 4, James J. Goodwin, Clinton, 1920. No. 5, John Lowell Bacon, Jr., Southborough, 1923. No. 6, George F. Curley, Milford, 1920. No. 7, W. Edward Balmer, Northbridge (Whitinsville), 1920. No. 8, J. R. Woodward, Oxford, 1919. No. 9, James C. Austin, Spencer, 1920. No. 10, Homer Z. Leach, Hardwick, 1924. No. 11, Ernest L. Hunt, Worcester, 1922.

COLLEGES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

(Corrected to December, 1917.)

HARVARD COLLEGE.

(Cambridge.)

[Founded 1636.]

CORPORATION.

ABBOTT LAWRENCE LOWELL, President.

Fellows.

Henry P. Walcott.

Robert Bacon. William Lawrence.

Henry L. Higginson. Thomas N. Perkins.

Charles F. Adams, Treasurer.

F. W. Hunnewell, Secretary to the Corporation.

Roger Pierce, Secretary to the Corporation.

BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

Members ex Officio.

Abbott Lawrence Lowell, President of the University. Charles F. Adams, Treasurer of the University.

Elective Members.

[Term of office expires June, 1918.]

Augustus Everett Willson.
Louis Adams Frothingham.

Owen Wister. Frederic Adrian Delano.

Thomas William Lamont.

[Term of office expires June, 1919.]

George Herbert Palmer.

Frederick Cheever Shattuck.

William Roscoe Thayer. Langdon Parker Marvin.

Frederick Perry Fish.

[Term of office expires June, 1920.]

William Cameron Forbes.

Thomas Williams Slocum.

Evert Jansen Wendell.*

John White Hallowell.

Edgar Conway Felton.

^{*} Deceased.

HARVARD COLLEGE - Concluded.

[Term of office expires, June, 1921.]

Robert Grant.

Robert Frederick Herrick.

William DeWitt Hyde.*

William Sydney Thayer.

Dwight Filley Davis.

[Term of office expires June, 1922.]

William Thomas. Howard Elliott. John Pierpont Morgan.

Eliot Wadsworth.

Francis Lee Higginson, Jr.

Leonard Wood.

[Term of office expires June, 1923.]
Franklin Delano Roosevelt.

Francis Joseph Swayze.

Jerome Davis Greene.

Winthrop H. Wade, Secretary of the Board of Overseers.

WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

(Williamstown.)

[Chartered 1793.]

CORPORATION.

HARRY A. GARFIELD, President.

Trustees.

Francis L. Stetson.
Eugene Delano.
Bentley W. Warren.
Clark Williams.
Harry P. Dewey.
Winthrop Murray Crane.
Henry Lefavour.
Alfred C. Chapin.

Bliss Perry.
Charles S. Holt.
Solomon B. Griffin.
Frederick B. Jennings.
Francis H. Dewey.
William P. Sidley.
Charles Thaddeus Terry.

hapin. Edward M. Lewis. Willard E. Hoyt, Secretary and Treasurer.

^{*} Deceased.

AMHERST COLLEGE.

(Amherst.)

[Incorporated Feb. 21, 1825.]

CORPORATION.

GEORGE A. PLIMPTON, President.

Trustees.

Alexander Meiklejohn. Williston Walker. Charles M. Pratt. Charles H. Allen. Arthur C. James. John W. Simpson. Cornelius H. Patton.

Arthur C. Bounds.

Talcott Williams.
Robert A. Woods.
John T. Stone.
George A. Hall.
Frank W. Stearns.
Dwight W. Morrow.
Arthur P. Rugg.

Arthur L. Gillett.

Harry W. Kidder, Treasurer.

MOUNT HOLYOKE COLLEGE.

(South Hadley.)

[Founded 1837.]

MARY EMMA WOOLLEY, President of the Faculty.

Trustees.

Joseph A. Skinner, President.

Howell Cheney.

Henry A. Stimson. Sarah P. Eastman.

Edward W. Chapin. Robert L. Williston.

Arthur B. Chapin. Alfred R. Kimball.

William H. Button.

Charles Bulkley Hubbell.

Henry B. Day.

Mrs. Mary Gage Peterson.

Lucy Cope Shelmire,

Mary Dudley Willcox, Vivian Blanche Small, Francis Parsons. Arthur E. Childs. Frank B. Towne.

Edward B. Reed.

Charles R. Gillett. Mrs. Richard M. Hoe. William Horace Day.

Rockwell Harmon Potter.

Alexander Meiklejohn.

Chosen by the Alumnæ.

Mary E. Woolley, Ex Officio.

TUFTS COLLEGE.

(Medford.)

[Incorporated March 20, 1850.]

HERMON CAREY BUMPUS, President.

Trustees.

Austin B. Fletcher, President.

J. Coleman Adams.
Byron Groce.
Hosea W. Parker.
Walter E. Parker.
William W. Spaulding.
Sumner Robinson.
John W. Hammond.
J. Frank Wellington.
Arthur E. Mason.
Robert R. Andrews.
J. Atthur Jacobs.

Rosewell B. Lawrence.

Charles Neal Barney.

Arthur W. Peirce.

Lloyd E. White.
John A. Cousens.
Ira Rich Kent.
William D. T. Trefry.
William W. McClench.
Charles H. Darling.
Robert C. Brown.
Milton G. Starrett.
Walter H. Belcher.
Guy M. Winslow.
Hermon C. Bumpus.
George Alec Harwood.
Harold Edward Sweet.

Austin B. Fletcher.

William W. McClench, Vice-President. Arthur E. Mason, Treasurer. Edmund W. Kellogg, Secretary and Assistant Treasurer.

MIDDLESEX COLLEGE OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY,

(Cambridge.)

[Founded March 4, 1846. Incorporated April 4, 1850.]

Trustees.

JOHN PERRINS, President.
ROY J. BOYNTON, Secretary.
CHARLES HOWARD BANGS, Treasurer.
JOHN H. SMITH. Registrar.

Frederick G. Phillimore. Roger S. York. George Edward Perkins.
John Bergeson.

Frederick W. Stuart.

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF PHARMACY.

(70 St. Botolph Street, Boston.)

[Founded 1823. Incorporated 1852.]

Trustees.

C. HERBERT PACKARD, President.

WILLIAM H. GLOVER, FRANK PIPER, Vice-Presidents.

LYMAN W. GRIFFIN, Secretary. John G. Godding, Treasurer.

HENRY A. ESTABROOK, Auditor.

Irving P. Gammon. Frederick W. Archer. William S. Briry. Charles A. Stover.

Frederick W. Archer. William R. Acheson.

Carlton B. Wheeler. Charles W. Freeman.

Adolph H. Ackermann.
R. Albro Newton.

Dean.

Theodore J. Bradley.

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY.

(Cambridge.)

[Incorporated April 10, 1861.]

MEMBERS OF THE CORPORATION.

RICHARD C. MACLAURIN, President.

JAMES P. MUNROE, Secretary.

FRANCIS R. HART, Treasurer.

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Francis H. Williams.
Hiram F. Mills.
Samuel M. Felton.
Desmond FitzGerald.
Charles W. Hubbard.
Thomas L. Livermore.
George Wigglesworth.
John R. Freeman.
William H. Lincoln.

A. Lawrence Lowell.
James P. Munroe.
William L. Putnam.
Elihu Thomson.
Elliot C. Lee.
James P. Stearns.
Frederick P. Fish.
Charles A. Stone.
Francis R. Hart.
T. Coleman duPont.

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY-Concluded.

Arthur F. Estabrook. John M. Longvear. Ernest W. Bowditch. Everett Morss. Theodore N. Vail. William Endicott.

W. Cameron Forbes.

A. Farwell Bemis. Howard Elliott. Edwin S. Webster. Pierre S. duPont. Frank A. Vanderlin. Otto H. Kahn.

Term Members.

[Term expires March, 1918.]

Cass Gilbert. Charles Hayden. Charles T. Main.

[Term expires March, 1919.] Frederic H. Fav. Franklin W. Hobbs. Gerard Swope.

[Term expires March, 1920.]

James W. Rollins. William H. King.

Jasper Whiting. [Term expires March, 1921.]

Henry J. Horn. Samuel J. Mixter. Harry J. Carlson.

[Term expires March, 1922.]

Elisha Lee. Edward W. Rollins. Willis R. Whitney.

On the Part of the Commonwealth.

His Excellency the Governor.

The Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court.

The Commissioner of Education.

BOSTON COLLEGE.

(761 Harrison Avenue, Boston.) [Incorporated April 1, 1863.]

Trustees.

CHARLES W. LYONS, President. JAMES F. MELLYN, Treasurer. CHARLES E. LANE, Secretary.

George A. Keelan. Michael Jessup. Edward S. Brock.

John S. Keating. William Devlin. Thomas P. O'Donnell.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

(Amherst.)

[Incorporated April 29, 1863.]

KENYON L. BUTTERFIELD, President.

Trustees.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1918.]

Charles H. Preston. Frank A. Hosmer.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1919.]

Davis R. Dewey. John F. Gannon.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1920.]

Arthur G. Pollard. George H. Ellis.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1921.]

Elmer D. Howe. Edmund Mortimer.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1922.]

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1924.]

Nathaniel I. Bowditch. William Wheeler.

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[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1923.]
James F. Bacon. Charle

Charles A. Gleason.

Frank Gerrett.

Harold L. Frost.

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Wilfrid Wheeler, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture.

Payson Smith, Commissioner of Education.

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Vice-President — Charles A. Gleason, Springfield.

Secretary — Wilfrid Wheeler, Concord.

Treasurer — Fred C. Kenney, Amherst.

Auditor — Charles A. Gleason, Springfield.

COLLEGE OF THE HOLY CROSS.

(Worcester.)

[Founded 1843. Incorporated March 24, 1865.]

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Board of Trustees.

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Thomas F. McLoughlin. Albert R. Peters.

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WORCESTER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE.

(Worcester.)

[Incorporated May 10, 1865.]

CORPORATION.

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On the Part of the State Board of Education. George I. Alden.

Mayor of the City of Worcester Ex Officio.

BOSTON UNIVERSITY.

(Boston.)

[Incorporated May 26, 1869.]

LEMUEL HERBERT MURLIN, President.
Office, 688 Boylston Street.

WILLIAM M. WARREN, Dean of College of Liberal Arts. LAURESS J. BIRNEY, Dean of School of Theology. HOMER ALBERS, Dean of School of Law. JOHN P. SUTHERLAND, Dean of School of Medicine.

ARTHUR W. WEYSSE, Chairman of the Committee of Graduate School. EVERETT W. LORD, Dean of College of Business Administration.

ALEXANDER H. RICE, Chairman of Summer Session.

CORPORATION.

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Dillon Bronson. Willis P. Odell.
Edward T. Burrowes. Willard T. Perrin.

William M. Butler. William W. Potter.
Isabel P. Cushman. Roswell R. Robinson.

E. C. E. Dorion. Arthur P. Rugg.
Austin B. Fletcher. George S. Smith.
H. Clifford Gallagher. Edward Ray Speare.
Henry C. Graton. John A. Sullivan.

John W. Hamilton. William I. Ward. Lee C. Hascall. Alonzo R. Weed. William I. Haven. George F. Willett. Ernest G. Howes. Daniel G. Wing.

Edwin H. Hughes. Henry A. Wyman.
Frank W. Kimball.

WELLESLEY COLLEGE.

(Wellesley.)

[Incorporated March 17, 1870.]

ELLEN F. PENDLETON. President.

CORPORATION.

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Sarah Lawrence, Secretary.

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Lilian Horsford Farlow.

Edwin Hale Abbot.

Louise McCoy North. Sarah E. Whitin.

Andrew Fiske.

George Edwin Horr.

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Anna R. Brown Lindsay.

William Blodget. Caroline Hazard.

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Eugene V. R. Thayer.

Galen L. Stone. Paul Henry Hanus.

Candace Catherine Stimson.

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SMITH COLLEGE.

(Northampton.)

[Incorporated March 3, 1871.]

WILLIAM ALLAN NEILSON, President.

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Samuel W. McCall. William Allan Neilson. H. Clifford Gallagher. Thomas W. Lamont. Thomas F. Davies. Ruth B. Baldwin.

Susan Fuller Albright. Marguerite Milton Wells. Ellen Tucker Emerson.

Charles N. Clark, Treasurer.

RADCLIFFE COLLEGE.

(Cambridge.)

[Incorporated Aug. 16, 1882.]

Associates.

LE BARON RUSSELL BRIGGS, President.

BERTHA MAY BOODY, Dean.

ELRA HENRY BAKER, Treasurer.

HORATIO STEVENS WHITE, Acting Chairman of the Academic Board.

Mary Lowell Barton. Alice Mary Longfellow.

Mary Lowell Barton.
Alice Hale Burrage.
William Elwood Byerly.

Ella Lyman Cabot. Frederick Pickering Cabot. George Henry Chase.

Sarah Maria Dean. Lilian Horsford Farlow.

Frederick Perry Fish. George Shannon Forbes.

Chester Noyes Greenough.
Caroline Louise Humphrey.

Ellen Francis Mason.
Fanny Peabody Mason.
John Farwell Moors.
Frances Parkman.
Fred Norris Robinson.

Katharine Maria Thompson. Joseph Bangs Warner.

George Grafton Wilson. Anna Wellington Wolbach.

Sarah Yerxa.

CLARK UNIVERSITY.

(Worcester.)

[Incorporated March 31, 1887.]

G. STANLEY HALL, President.

CORPORATION.

Board of Trustees.

A. George Bullock, President. Francis H. Dewey, Vice-President.

Francis H. Dewey, Treasurer.

G. Stanley Hall, Secretary (not a member).

Orlando W. Norcross.
Arthur F. Estabrook.
Herbert Parker.

Austin S. Garver. Arthur P. Rugg. Charles H. Thurber.

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF OSTEOPATHY.

(15 Craigie Street, Cambridge.)

[Established 1897. Incorporated 1898.]

Trustees.

FRANCIS L. BEAL, President. HARRY R. BOLAN, Secretary. DALE E. BROWN, Treasurer. LINCOLN R. BOLAN, Registrar. WILLIAM G. BROOKS, Dean. WILFORD H. WALLACE.

SIMMONS COLLEGE.

(300 The Fenway, Boston.) [Incorporated May 24, 1899.]

HENRY LEFAVOUR, President.

CORPORATION.

Henry Lefavour, President. John W. Bartol, Clerk. Robert Treat Paine, 2d, Treasurer.

George H. Ellis. Alice G. Higgins. Mary M. Kehew. Horatio A. Lamb. Guy Lowell. Frances R. Morse. Marion McG. Noyes.
James Hardy Ropes.
Henry Buckland Sawyer.
William T. Sedgwick.
Joseph B. Warner.
Mary E. Williams.

CLARK COLLEGE.

(Worcester.)

[Founded 1902.]

EDMUND C. SANFORD, President.

Board of Trustees.

A. George Bullock, President. Francis H. Dewey, Vice-President. Francis H. Dewey, Treasurer.

G. Stanley Hall, Secretary (not a member).
Orlando W. Norcross.
Austin S. Garver.

Arthur F. Estabrook.

brook. Arthur P. Rugg.
Charles H. Thurber.

JACKSON COLLEGE.

(Medford.)

[Chartered 1910.]

HERMON CAREY BUMPUS, President.

Trustees.

Austin Barclay Fletcher, President. Austin Barclay Fletcher.

John Coleman Adams.

Byron Groce.

Hosea Washington Parker.

Walter Edward Parker. William Waldemar Spaulding.

Sumner Robinson.

John Wilkes Hammond.

J. Frank Wellington.

Arthur Ellery Mason. Robert Robbins Andrews.

James Arthur Jacobs.

Rosewell Bigelow Lawrence.

Arthur Winslow Peirce. Charles Neal Barney.

Lloyd Everett White.

Fred Gowing. John A. Cousens.

Ira Rich Kent.

William D. T. Trefry.

William W. McClench. Charles H. Darling.

Robert C. Brown.

Milton G. Starrett.

Walter H. Belcher.

Guy M. Winslow.

Hermon C. Bumpus. George Alec Harwood.

WHEATON COLLEGE.

(Norton.)

[Founded 1834. Chartered 1912.]

Samuel Valentine Cole, President. IDA JOSEPHINE EVERETT. Dean.

Trustees.

Samuel Valentine Cole. President.

James W. Hervey. Jeannie W. Lincoln.

Annie M. Kilham.

Kate Upson Clark.

Frederick H. Page.

Edwin U. Curtis. George T. Smart. Willard L. Sperry.

James F. Jackson.

NORTHEASTERN COLLEGE.

(316 Huntington Avenue, Boston.)
[Incorporated 1916.]

FRANK PALMER SPEARE, President.

Trustees.

Arthur Stoddard Johnson, President. Francis P. Luce, Secretary. Lewis A. Crossett, Treasurer.

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William C. Chick.
George W. Coleman.
Albert H. Curtis.
H. Bradlee Fenno.
Henry G. Lord.
Francis P. Luce.
Geo. W. Mehaffey.
Fred T. Field.
J. Grafton Minot.

W. B. Mossman.
Wm. E. Murdock.
W. H. Newhall.
Silas Peirce.
Chas. W. Perkins.
Thos. H. Russell.
Sabin P. Sanger.
Frank P. Speare.
S. G. Wellington.

POST OFFICES IN MASSACHUSETTS,

WITH THE CITIES, TOWNS AND COUNTIES IN WHICH THEY ARE SITUATED.

[Corrected to Jan. 1, 1918.]

[The spelling of the names of post offices is that established by the Post-office Department.]

POST OFFICES.			CITIES AND	TOWN	s.	COUNTIES.
Abington, .			Abington,			Plymouth.
Accord,			Hingham,			Plymouth.
Acoaxet,			Westport.			Bristol.
Acton,			Acton, .			Middlesex.
Acushnet			Acushnet.			Bristol.
Adams			Adams, .			Berkshire.
Adamsdale, .			North Attlebe	rough	1.	Bristol.
Agawam, .						Hampden.
Alandar			Mount Washi	ngton		Berkshire.
Allerton,			Hull			Plymouth.
Allston,			Boston.		•	Suffolk.
Amesbury			Amesbury.	•		Essex.
Amherst			Amherst.			Hampshire.
Andover,			Andover.			Essex.
Annisquam, .			Gloucester,			Essex.
Arlington, .			Arlington,			Middlesex.
Arlington Height	ts.		Arlington,			Middlesex.
Asbury Grove, .	•		Hamilton,			Essex.
Ashburnham			Ashburnham,			Worcester.
Ashby			Ashby, .			Middlesex.
Ashfield,			Ashfield.			Franklin.
Ashland,			Ashland,			Middlesex.
Ashley Falls, .			Sheffield.			Berkshire.
Assinippi, .			Hanover.			Plymouth.
Assonet,			Freetown,			Bristol.
Athol,		•	Athol, .			Worcester.

POST OFFICES				CITIES AND				COUNTIES.
Athol Center,				Athol, . Quincy, Attleboro,				Worcester.
Atlantia				Quincy,				Norfolk.
Atlantic, . Attleboro, Attleboro Falls, Auburn, . Auburndale,				Attleboro.				Bristol.
Attleboro Falls.				Attleboro, North Attlebo	oroug	h.		Bristol
Auburn				Auburn.				Worcester.
Auburndale.								Middlesex.
Avon.			:	Avon.				Norfolk.
Avon, . Ayer, .				Aver.				Middlesex.
Ayer, Ayers Village,		:	•	Avon, . Ayer, . Haverhill,			Ĭ.	Essex.
injerb (inage)	•	•	•				•	
Back Bay,				Boston, . Salem, . Templeton,				Suffolk.
Bakers Island,				Salem.	-			Essex.
Baldwinsville,				Templeton.				Worcester.
Dalland Wale				Andover.				Essex.
Baneroft.			:	Middlefield			Ĭ	Hampshire.
Bancroft, Bardwells Ferry		•	:	Shelburne.		Ī		Franklin.
Barnstahle	•	•	•	Shelburne, Barnstable, Barre, . Barre, . Norton, Swampscott, Backet	•	•	•	Barnstable.
Barnstable, Barre, Barre Plains,	•	•	:	Barre	•	•	:	
Barre Plains	•	•	:	Barre	•	•	:	Worcester.
Barroweville	•	•	:	Norton	•	•	:	
Barrowsville, Beachbluff,	•	•		Swampsoott	•	•	:	Essex.
Booleot	•	•	٠	Booket	•	•	:	
Becket, Becket Center,	•	•	•	Booket, .	•	•	•	Berkshire.
Bedford, . Beechwood,		•	•	Swampscott, Becket, Becket, Bedford, Cohasset, Belchertown, Bellingham, Belmont,	•	•	•	Middlesex.
Deart	•	•	٠	Calarra	•	•	•	Norfolk.
Determood,	•	•		Conasset,	•	•	•	Hampshire.
Delenertown,	•	•	•	Delchertown,	•	•	•	
Bellingham,	•	•	٠	Bellingham,	•	•	•	Middlesex.
Beimont, .	•	•	•		•	•		
Berksnire,	•	•	٠	Lanesporough	l,	•	•	
Bernn,	•	•	٠	Berlin, .	•	•	٠	
Bernardston,	•	•	•	Bernardston,	•	•	•	
Beechwood, Belchertown, Bellingham, Bellingham, Belmont, Berkshire, Berlin, Bernardston, Beverly, Beverly Farms, Billerica, Bisbees, Blackinton, Blackstone,	•	•	٠	Berlin, . Bernardston, Beverly,	•	•	•	Essex.
Beverly Farms,		•	•	Beverly,	•	•	٠	Essex.
Billerica, .	•	•	•	Billerica,	•	•	•	Middlesex.
Bisbees, .	•	•	٠	Chesterfield,	•	•	•	
Blackinton,	•	•	٠	Williamstown	•	•		
Blackstone,	•		٠	Blackstone,	•	•	•	Worcester.
Blandford,	•	•	•	Blandford,	•	•		Hampden.
Blandford, Blandings Store) ,		٠	ZZ di ACOLI,	•	•	•	Middlesex.
Bolton, . Bondsville,	•	•		Bolton, .	•	•	•	Worcester.
Bondsville,	•		٠	Palmer,	•	•		Hampden.
Boston, .	•	•		Boston, .	•	•	•	
Bourne, .		•		Bourne,		•	•	Barnstable.
Boston, . Bourne, . Bournedale, Boxford, . Boylston Cente Bradford, Bradstreet,				Bolton, . Palmer, Boston, . Bourne, Bourne, Boxford, Boylston, Haverhill,		•	•	Barnstable.
Boxford, .				Boxford,	•		•	Essex.
Boylston Cente	г,		•	Boylston,	:	•		Worcester.
Bradford,		•		Haverhill,				Essex.
Bradstreet,				Hatfield,				Hampshire.
Braggville,				Holliston,	•			Middlesex.

POST OFFICES.				CITIES AND	TOWN	s.		COUNTIES.
Braintree				Braintree.				Norfolk.
Brant Rock, .		:	:	Marshfield,	•	•	:	Plymouth.
T		•	:	_		•	•	Barnstable.
Bridgewater, .		•	:	Brewster, Bridgewater,	•	:	•	Plymouth.
Brier,		•		Savoy, .	•	•	:	Berkshire.
		•	•	Boston		•	:	Suffolk.
Brighton, . Brightwood, .		•	•	Boston, . Springfield,	:	•	:	Hampden.
Brimfield		•	•	Brimfield.	•	•	•	Hampden.
		•	•	Brockton,	•	•	•	Plymouth.
Brockton, .		•	•	Brookfield,	•	•	•	Worcester.
Brookfield, .		•	•		•	•	•	Norfolk.
Brookline, .		•	٠	Brookline,	•	•	•	Norfolk.
Brookville, .	,	•	•	Holbrook,	•	•	•	Plymouth
Bryantville, .		•	•	Pembroke,	•	•	•	Franklin.
Buckland, .		•	٠	Buckland,	•	•	•	
Bumkin,* .		•	٠	Hull, .	•		•	Plymouth.
Burrage,	•	•	•	Hanson,	•	•	٠	Plymouth.
Buzzards Bay, .	,		٠	Bourne,	•	•		Barnstable
Byfield,	,			Newbury,	•		•	Essex.
Cambridge, .				Cambridge,	•			Middlesex.
Cambridgeport,				Cambridge,				Middlesex.
Campello, .				Brockton,				Plymouth.
Campello, Camp Merrill,	,			Pittsfield,				Berkshire.
Canton,	,			Canton,				Norfolk.
Canton, Carlisle,	,			Canton, Carlisle,				Middlesex.
Carver,				Carver, .				Plymouth.
Caryville,				Bellingham,				Norfolk.
Cataumet.				Bourne,				Barnstable.
Center Marshfie	ld.			Marshfield,				Plymouth.
Centerville.				Barnstable,				Barnstable.
Central Village.				Westport.				Bristol.
Charlemont,				Charlemont,				Franklin.
Charles River.				Needham,				Norfolk.
Charlestown,				Boston, .	Ĭ			Suffolk.
Charlton,		:	:	Q1 1.				Worcester.
Charlton City,		•	:	Charlton,				Worcester.
Charlton Depot		:	÷	Charlton,	:	:	:	Worcester.
Chartley,	•	:	:	Norton,	•	•		Bristol.
Chatham,	•	:	:	Chatham,	•	•	:	Barnstable.
Chatham Port,	•	•	:	Chatham,	•	•	:	Barnstable.
Chelmsford,		:		Chatham, Chelmsford,	•	•	:	Middlesex.
Chelsea, .	•	•	٠	Chalcas		•	:	
Cherry Valley,	•	•	٠	Loiceston	•	•		Worcester.
Cheshire,	•	•	٠	Chashire	•	•	:	
Cheshire, Chester, Chesterfield.	•	•	٠	Leicester, Cheshire, Chester.	•	•		1
Charterfall	•	•	•	Chester, Chesterfield,		•	•	Hampshire.
Chestnut Hill,	•	•	٠		•			
	•	•	٠	Newton,	•	•	•	
Chicopee,	•	•	٠	Chicopee,	•	•	•	Hampden.
Chicopee Falls,		•	•	Chicopee,	•	•	•	Hampden.

[•] On Bumkin Island, in Hull Bay.

POST OFFICES				CITIES AND	TOWN	18.		COUNTIES.
Chilmark.				Chilmark,				Dukes.
	•	5	:	Norfolk.	•	:	:	Norfolk.
Clifford	•	•	•	Norfolk, New Bedford,	•	•	•	Bristol.
Clifford, . Clifton, . Cliftondale,	•	:	:	Marblehead,		:	:	Essex.
Cliftondala	•	•	:	Saugus, .	•	•	:	Essex.
Clinton Clinton	•	:		Clinton,	•	•	•	Worcester.
Clinton, . Cochesett,	•	:	•	West Bridgew	•	•	•	Plymouth.
Cochituate,	•	•	•	Wayland,		•	•	Middlesex.
	•	•	•	Wayland,	•	•	•	
Cohasset,	•	•	•	Cohasset,	•	•	٠	Norfolk.
Coldbrookspring		•	•	Oakham,	•	•	٠	Worcester.
Coldspring,	•	•	•	Westford,	•	•	•	Middlesex.
	•	•	•	Colrain,	•	•	•	Franklin.
Collinsville,	•	•	•	Dracut,	•	•	•	Middlesex.
Concord, .		•	•	Concord,	•	•		Middlesex.
Concord Junctio		•		Concord, Concord, Conway,	•			Middlesex.
Conway, Cooleyville,				Conway,	•			Franklin.
Cooleyville,				New Salem,				Franklin.
Coolidge Corner	r,			Brookline,				Norfolk.
Copley Square,				Boston, .	•			Suffolk.
Cordaville,				Southborough				Worcester.
Cotuit				Barnstable.				Barnstable.
Craigville.				Barnstable.				Barnstable.
Cotuit, Craigville, Cummaquid,								Barnstable.
Cummington,				Cummington,				Hampshire.
Cushing.	•	•	:	a		•	•	Essex.
Cushing, . Cushman, Cuttyhunk,	•	:	:	Amherst	•	•	:	Hampshire.
Cuttybunk	•	:	:	Amherst, Gosnold,	•	•	:	Dukes.
Cyrus, .	•			Heath,	•	:	:	Franklin.
Cyrus, .	•	•	•	meath, .	•	•	•	Plankinie
Dalton, .				Dalton, .				Berkshire.
Dana, .				Dana,				Worcester.
Danvers, . Dartmouth,				Danvers,				Essex.
Dartmouth.				Dartmouth,				Bristol.
Davis.				Rowe, . Dedham, Deerfield,				Franklin.
Dedham				Dedham.				Norfolk.
Deerfield.				Deerfield.		-		Franklin.
Davis, Dedham, Deerfield, Deer Island,				Boston,				Suffolk.
Dennis, .	•		:	Dennis.			·	Barnstable.
Dennis Port,	•	:	:	Dennis, .	•	:	:	Barnstable.
Dorrona	•	:	:	Dennis, . Harvard,	•	•	•	Worcester.
Dighton, . Dodge, . Dodgeville,	•			Dighton,	•	•	•	Bristol.
Dadge	•	•	•	Charlton,	•	•	:	Worcester.
Dodgerille	•	•	•	Attleboro.	•	•		Bristol.
Dougeville,	•	•	•		•	•	•	Suffolk.
Dorchester, Dorchester Cent		•	•	Boston, .	•	•	•	
Dorchester Cen	ter,	•	•	Boston, .	•	•	•	Suffolk.
Douglass,	•	•	•	Douglas,	•	•		
Dover	•		•	Dover, .	•	•		Norfolk.
Dracut, .	•	•	•			•	•	
Drury, .	•	•	•	Florida,	•	•	•	Berkshire.

POST OFFICES.			CITIES AND	TOWN	8.		COUNTIES.
Dudley,			Dudley,				Worcester.
Dunstable, .			Dunstable,				Middlesex.
Duxbury, .			Duxbury,				Plymouth.
Dwight,			Belchertown,	•			Hampshire.
East Billerica, .			Billerica,			•	Middlesex.
East Boston, .					•	•	Suffolk.
East Boxford, .	•		Boxford,	•			Essex.
East Brewster, .			Brewster,	•		•	Barnstable.
East Bridgewater,		•	East Bridgewa	ater,	•	•	Plymouth.
East Brimfield,	•		Brimfield,	•	•	•	Hampden.
East Brookfield,	•	•		•	•	•	Worcester.
East Cambridge,	•	•	Cambridge,	•	•	•	Middlesex.
East Carver, .	•	٠		•	•	٠	Plymouth.
East Dedham, .				•	•	•	Norfolk.
East Deerfield,	•	•		•	•	•	Franklin.
East Dennis, .	•	•	Dennis, .	•	•	•	Barnstable.
East Douglass,	•	٠		•	•	•	Worcester.
East Falmouth,	•	•		•	•	•	Barnstable.
East Foxboro, .	•	•	Foxborough,		•	•	Norfolk.
East Freetown,	•	•	Freetown,		•	•	Bristol.
Eastham,	•	٠		•	•	٠	Barnstable.
Easthampton, .	•	٠	Easthampton,	1	•	•	Hampshire.
East Harwich, .	•	•	Harwich,		•	•	Barnstable.
East Haverhill,	•	٠	Haverhill,		•	٠	Essex.
East Holliston,	•	٠		•	•	•	Middlesex.
East Lee,	•	٠		٠,	•	٠	Berkshire.
East Long Meadow,	•	٠	East Longmes	adow,		•	Hampden.
East Lynn,	•	•	Lynn, .	•	•	•	Essex.
East Mansfield,	•	٠	Mansfield,	•	•	٠	Bristol. Norfolk.
East Milton, .	•	٠	Milton, .	•	•	٠	Norfolk.
East Norfolk,	•	•	Norfolk,	•	•	•	Franklin.
East Northfield,	•	٠	Northfield,	•	•	•	
East Norton, .	•	٠	Norton,	•	•	•	Bristol. Bristol.
Easton,		•	Easton, .	•	•	•	Bristol.
Eastondale, .	•	٠	Easton, .	•	•	•	Barnstable.
East Orleans, .	•	•	Orleans,	•	•	•	Berkshire.
East Otis,	•	٠	Otis, . Pembroke,	•	•	•	Plymouth.
East Pembroke,	•	٠		•	•	•	Middlesex.
East Pepperell,	•	•		•	•	•	Worcester.
East Princeton,	•	٠	Princeton,	•	•	•	Barnstable.
East Sandwich,	•	٠		•	•	•	Essex.
East Saugus, . East Taunton, .	•	٠		•	•	٠	Bristol.
	•	•	Taunton,	•	•	•	Worcester.
East Templeton, East Walpole,	•	٠	Templeton,		•	٠	Norfolk.
East Wareham,	•		Walpole, Wareham,	•	•	•	
East Warenam, East Weymouth,	•	•	Weymouth,	•	•	•	Norfolk.
East Whately.	•		TX71 - 4 - 1	•	•	•	77 1-12
Last Whately			whately.				rrankun.

POST OFFICES	١.			CITIES AND	TOWN	R.		COUNTIES.
East Windsor,				Windson				Berkshire.
T 1	:		:	Edgartown,	•		:	Dukes.
		:	:	Scituate.	:	•	:	Plymouth.
Ellis.		:		Dedham,	•	:	:	Norfolk.
	:	:	:	East Bridgewa	ater.		:	Plymouth.
TO-Gald			:	Enfield.		:	:	Hampshire.
Enfield, . Erving, .		:	:	Enfield, Erving, .		:	:	Franklin.
Essex.		:	:	Essex, .		:	:	Essex.
			:	Boston.				Suffolk.
Everett, .	:	:	:	Boston, . Everett,	:	:	:	Middlesex.
2.01000, .	•	•	•	2, 0, 0, 0,	•	•	•	2.274.377.
Fairhaven,				Fairhaven,				Bristol.
								Bristol.
Falmouth,								Barnstable.
Falmouth Heig	hts.	:		Falmouth, Falmouth,			:	Barnstable.
		:	:	Erving.	•	:	:	Franklin.
Farley, . Farnams,	:	:	:	Erving, . Cheshire,		:	:	Berkshire.
Farnumsville,	•	:	:	Grafton,	•	:	:	Worcester.
Fayville, .	•	•	:	Southborough	•	:	:	Worcester.
Feeding Hills,	•	:	:	Agawam,		:	:	Hampden.
Farmay		:	•	Roston	•	:	:	Suffolk.
Fenway, . Fisherville,			•	Grafton	•		:	Worcester.
		:	•	Boston, . Grafton, Sturbridge,	•	:		Worcester.
	•		•	Fitchburg,	•	:	•	Worcester.
Flint, .			•	Fall River,	•	:	•	Bristol.
Florence	•	•	•	Northampton	•		•	Hampshire.
Florence, . Forestdale,		•	•			•	•	Barnstable.
Forge Village,	•		•		•	•	•	Middlesex.
Fort Andrews,	•	•	٠	Westford,	•	•	•	Plymouth.
Fort Standish.*		•	٠	Hull, . Boston, . Boston, . Boston, .	•	•	•	~ ~ 11
		•	•	Boston, .	•	•	٠	Suffolk.
Fort Strong,†		•	•	Boston, .	•	•	•	Suffolk.
Fort Warren,‡		•	•	Boston, .	•	•	•	
Foxboro, . Framingham,	•	•	•	Foxborough,	•	•	•	Norfolk.
Framingham,	•	•	•	Framingham,		•	•	Middlesex.
Framingham C	enter,		•	Framingham,			•	Middlesex.
Franklin,		•	•	Franklin,	•	•	•	Norfolk.
Franklin Park,		•	•	Revere, . Hardwick,	•	•	•	Suffolk.
Furnace, .	•	•	•	Hardwick,	•	•	•	Worcester.
Gardner, .				Gardner,				Worcester.
Gardner, . Gay Head,								Dukes.
Georgetown,				Georgetown.				Essex.
Gilbertville,				Hardwick,				Worcester.
Gleasondale,				Stow, .				Middlesex.
Glendale,				Hardwick, Stow, . Stockbridge,				Berkshire.

[•] On Lovell's Island, a military reservation in Boston lower harbor.

[†] On Long Island in Boston Harbor.

[‡] On George's Island, a military reservation in Boston lower harbor.

POST OFFICES.			CITIES AND TO	wns.		COUNTIES.
Globe Village, .			Southbridge, .			Worcester.
Gloucester	:	·	Gloucester, .			Essex.
Goshen,	:					Hampshire.
Grafton	:	:	Goshen, . Grafton, .	·	:	Worcester.
Granton, Granby, Graniteville, .		•	Grafton, . Granby, . Westford, .	·	:	Hampshire.
Graniteville	:	•	Westford	•	:	Middlesex.
Granville, .	•	•	Granville, .	•	:	Hampden.
Granville Center,	•	٠	Granville, .	•	:	Hampden.
Great Barrington,	•	•	Great Barringto	, ·	:	Berkshire.
Greenbush	•	•	Scituate	ц, .		Plymouth.
Greendele	•	•	Worcester, .	•	•	Worcester.
Greendale, . Greenfield, .	•	•	Greenfield, .	•	•	Franklin.
Green Harbor, .	•	•		•	•	Plymouth.
	•	•	Marshfield, . Greenwich	•	٠	Hampshire.
Greenwich, . Greenwich Village,	•	•		•	٠	
		•	Greenwich, .		•	Middlesex.
Greenwood, .	•	•	Wakefield, .	•	•	
Griswoldville, .	•	•	Colrain, . Groton, .	•	•	
Groton,	•	•	Groton, .	•	•	Middlesex.
Grove Hall,	•	•	Boston, Groveland, .	•	•	
Groveland, .	•	•	Groveland, .	•	•	Essex.
** 11						
Hadley, Halifax,			Hadley, .	•		Hampshire.
Halifax,	•		Halifax, .	•	•	Plymouth.
Halifax,			Hamilton, .	•	•	Essex.
			Hampden, .	•	٠	
Hancock, .			Hancock, .			
Hanover, .			Hanover			Plymouth.
Hanover Center,			Hanover, .			
Hanover Street,			Boston,			
Hanson,			Hanson, .			Plymouth.
Harding,			Medfield, .			Norfolk.
Hanson,			Hanover, Boston, Hanson, Medfield, Hardwick,			Worcester.
Hartsville.			New Marlborou	gh		Berkshire.
Harvard,			Harvard, .			Worcester.
Harwich,			Harwich, .			Barnstable.
Harwich Port, .			Harwich, .			Barnstable.
Hatchville		i.	Falmouth, .			Barnstable.
Hatfield,	÷	:	Hatfield, .	:	:	Hampshire.
Hathorne, .	÷		Danvers, .			Essex.
Haverhill,	•	:	Haverhill, .	•	:	Essex.
Hawley	:	:	Hawley	•	:	- 111
Hawley, . Hayden Row, .	•		Hawley, . Hopkinton, .	•	:	Middlesex.
Haydenville,	•	:	Williamsburg,	•	:	
Heath	•		Heath,	•	:	
Heath, Hebronville,	• '	•	Attleberg	•		
Highland, .	•	•	Attleboro, . Springfield, .	•	•	
	•	•	Springfield, .	•	•	
Hillsboro, . Hingham, .	•	٠	***	•	•	
Hingham Conte-	•	•	Uingham, .	•	٠	
Hingham Center,	•	•	Hingham, .	•	•	Plymouth.

				CITIES AND T				COUNTIES.
POST OFFICES	٥.			TT: 1 1				
Hinsdale,	•	•	٠	Hinsdale, .			•	Berkshire. Norfolk.
Holbrook,	•	•	٠	Holbrook, .			•	Worcester.
Holden, . Holliston,	•	•	•	Holden, .		•	•	Middlesex.
Holliston,	•	•	•	** ' '			•	Hampden.
Holyoke, . Hoosac Tunnel	•		•	Holyoke, . Florida, . Hopedale, . Hopkinton, .		•	•	Hampden. Berkshire.
Hoosac Tunnel	,		•	Florida, .		•	•	
Hopedale,	•	•	•	Hopedale,		•	•	Worcester.
Hopkinton, Horseneck Bea	:	•	•			•	•	Middlesex.
Horseneck Bea	ch,		٠			•	•	Bristol.
Housatonic,		•	•				•	Berkshire.
Hubbardston,		•	٠				•	Worcester.
Hudson, .	•	•	•				•	Middlesex.
Hull, Humarock, Huntington,			٠	Hull,		•	•	Plymouth.
Humarock,	•		•			•	•	Plymouth.
			•	Huntington, .		•	•	Hampshire.
Hyannis, .	•						•	Barnstable.
Hyannis Port,							•	Barnstable.
Hyde Park,				Boston,		•		Suffolk.
Indian Orchard	ł,			Springfield, .				Hampden.
Interlaken,				Stockbridge, .		•		Berkshire.
Ipswich				Ipswich, .				Essex.
Island Creek,				Duxbury, .				Plymouth.
Islington,				Ipswich, . Duxbury, . Westwood, .				Norfolk.
Jamaica Plain,				Boston,				Suffolk.
Jefferson,				Holden, .				Worcester.
Kenberma,				Hull, Weston, .		•	•	Plymouth.
Kendal Green,				Weston, .				Middlesex.
Kingston,				Kingston, .				Plymouth.
Lake Boon,				Stow, Montague, .				Middlesex.
Lake Pleasant,				Montague, .				Franklin.
Lakeville,				Lakeville, .		•		Plymouth.
Lancaster,				Laucaster, .		•		Worcester.
Lanesboro,				Lanesborough,				Berkshire.
Lanesville,				Gloucester		•		Essex.
Laurel Park,				Northampton,				Hampshire.
Lawrence.				Lawrence, .				Essex.
				Lee,				Berkshire.
Leeds.				Northampton.				Hampshire.
Leeds, Leicester, Lenox, Lenox Dale,	:			Leicester, . Lenox, . Lenox, . Leominster, .				Worcester.
Lenox.		:		Lenox				Berkshire,
Lenox Dale	:		:	Lenox.	•			Berkshire.
Leominster,	:	:	•	Leominster			:	Worcester.
Leverett.	:	•	•	Leverett.			:	Franklin.
Lexington.	:	•	•	Leverett, . Lexington, .		-		Middlesex.
TICYTHE COIL	•	•	•	Licampoon, .		•	•	

POST OFFICES.	CITIES AND TO	wns.	COUNTIES.
Leyden,	 Leyden, .		. Franklin.
Lincoln, Linwood, . Lithia, Little Neck, .	 Lincoln, .		. Middlesex.
Linwood, .	 Northbridge, .		. Worcester.
Lithia,	 Goshen, .		. Hampshire.
Little Neck, .	 Lynn,		. Essex.
Littleton, .	 Goshen,		. Middlesex.
Littleton Common,	 Littleton.		. Middlesex.
Littleville, .			. Hampden.
Locks Village, .	 Wendell		. Franklin.
Long Island, .	 Boston,		. Suffolk.
Lowell, Ludlow,	 Lowell,		. Middlesex.
Ludlow,			. Hampden.
Ludlow Center,	 Ludiow, .		. Hampden.
Dunchburg, .	 Lunenburg, .		. Worcester.
Lynn, Lynnfield, .	 Lynn, Lynnfield, .		. Essex.
Lynnfield, .	 Lynnfield, .		. Essex.
Lynnfield Center,	 Lynnfield, .		. Essex.
Lyonsville, .	 Colrain, .		. Franklin.
Magnolia, .	 Gloucester, .		. Essex.
Malden,	 Malden, .		. Middlesex.
Manchaug, .			. Worcester.
Malden, Manchaug, . Manchester, .	 Manchester, .		. Essex.
	 Plymouth, . Mansfield, .		. Plymouth.
Manomet, . Mansfield, . Marblehead, .	 Mansfield, .		. Bristol.
Marblehead, .	 Marblehead, .		. Essex.
Marblehead Neck,	 Marblehead, .		. Essex.
Marion,	 Marion, .	•	. Plymouth.
Marlboro, Marshfield,	 Marlborough,		. Middlesex.
	 Marshfield, .		. Plymouth.
Marshfield Hills,	 Marshfield, .		. Plymouth.
Marstons Mills,	 Barnstable, .		. Barnstable.
Mashpee, . Mattapan, .	 Mashpee, .		. Barnstable.
Mattapan, .	 Boston,		. Suffolk.
Mattapoisett, .	 Mattapoisett,		. Plymouth.
Maynard, Medfield, Medford,	 Maynard, .		. Middlesex.
Medfield, .	 Medfield, .		. Norfolk.
Medford, .	 Medford, .		. Middlesex.
Medford Hillside,			. Middlesex.
Medway, . Megansett, . Melrose, .			. Norfolk.
Megansett, .	 Falmouth, .		. Barnstable.
Melrose,	 Melrose, . Melrose, .	•	. Middlesex.
Melrose Highlands,	 Melrose, .		. Middlesex.
Menauhant, .	 raimouth, .	•	. Barnstable.
Mendon,	 Mendon, . Chilmark,	•	. Worcester.
Menemsha, .	 Chilmark,	•	. Dukes.
Merrick,	 West Springfield		. Hampden.
Mendon,	 Merrimac, .	•	. Essex.

POST OFFICES.			CITIES AND TOWN	s.	COUNTIES.
Merrimacport, .	•	•	Merrimac, . Holliston, .		Essex.
Metcalf,	•	•	Holliston, .		Middlesex.
Methuen, . Middleboro, .	•	•	Methuen, Middleborough,		
Middleboro, .	•	•	Middleborough,		
Middlefield, .	•	•	Middlefield, . Middleton, .		
Middlefoll.	•		Middleton, .		Essex.
Milford, Millbrook, .	•		Milford, Duxbury,		Worcester.
Millbrook, .	•		Middleton, . Milford, . Duxbury, .		
Millbury, . Millers Falls, .	•		Millbury, .		Worcester.
Millers Falls, .		•	Millbury, Montague, New Salem, Mills,		
Millington, .	•		New Salem, .		
Millis,	•		Millis,		Norfolk.
Mill River, .			New Mariborough,		Berkshire.
Millville,			Millville, .		Worcester.
Milton,			Milton, Scituate, .		Norfolk.
Minot,			Scituate, .		Plymouth.
Mittineague, .			West Springfield,		Hampden.
Milton, Milton, Mittineague, Monponsett, Monroe Bridge, Monson, Montague, Montague City, Montello.			Halifax . Monroe, . Monson, . Montague, . Montague, . Brockton		Plymouth.
Monroe Bridge,			Monroe, .		Franklin.
Monson,			Monson, .		Hampden.
Montague, .			Montague, .		Franklin.
Montague City,			Montague, .		Franklin.
Montello, .					Plymouth.
Montello, . Monterey, . Montgomery, . Montville, .			Monterey, .		Berkshire.
Montgomery, .			Montgomery,		Hampden.
Montville, .			Sandisfield		Berkshire.
Monument Beach,			Bourne, Leverett, Watertown,		Barnstable.
Moores Corner,			Leverett, .		Franklin.
Mount Auburn,			Watertown, .		Middlesex.
Mount Hermon,			Northfield, .		
			Northfield, Easthampton,		Hampshire.
Mount Washington,			Mount Washington	, .	Berkshire.
			Berkley, .		Bristol.
Nahant, . Nantasket Beach,			Nahant, Hull, Nantucket, Westford, Natick, Needham, Needham, New Bedford, Sandisfield		Essex.
Nantasket Beach,			Hull,		Plymouth.
Nantucket, .			Nantucket, .		Nantucket.
Nashoba, .	: .		Westford, .		Middlesex.
Natick,			Natick,		Middlesex.
Nantucket, Nashoba, Natick, Needham, Needham Heights,			Needham, .		Norfolk.
Needham Heights,			Needham, .		Norfolk.
New Bedford, .			New Bedford,		Bristol.
New Boston, .			Sandisfield, .		Berkshire.
Needham Heights, New Bedford, New Boston, New Braintree, Newburyport, New Lenox, New Marlboro, New Sales			Sandisfield, New Braintree, Newburyport, Lenox,		
Newburyport, .			Newburyport,		
New Lenox, .			Lenox,		Berkshire.
New Marlboro,			New Marlborough,		Berkshire.
New Salem, .			New Salem, .		Franklin.
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POST OFFICES.		CITIES AND TOWNS	3.	COUNTIES.
Newton.		Newton		Middlesex.
Newton,	:	Newton		Middlesex.
Newton Highlands, .	:			Middlesex.
Newton Lower Falls.	•	Newton, Newton, Newton, Framingham,	•	Middlesex.
Mowton Unner Fella	:	Newton	•	Middlesex.
Newtonville	•	Newton,	•	Middlesex.
Nobecot	•	Framingham	•	Middlesex.
Nonquitt	:	Dartmouth, .	•	Bristol.
Norfolk	:			Norfolk.
North	•	New Bedford	•	Bristol.
Newton ville, Nobscot, Nonquitt, Norfolk, North, North Abington,		New Bedford, Abington,		Plymouth.
North Acton,	:	Acton,		Middlesex.
North Adams, North Adams,	:		•	Berkshire.
North Amberst		Ambarat		Hampshire.
Northampton	•			Hampshire.
Northampton, North Andover,	٠	North Andover,		Essex.
North Ashburnham, .				
North Attleboro, .	•	North Attleborough	•	Bristol.
North Bellingham,	•	Dalling Land		Norfolk.
North Bellingham, . North Billerica, .	•	Bellingham, .	•	Middlesex.
North Billeries,	•	Billerica, Northborough,	•	Worcester.
Northboro, North Brewster,	•	Dorondorough,	•	Barnstable.
North Drewster,	•	** ** **	•	
Northbridge, Northbridge Center, .	•	Northbridge, .		Worcester.
Northbridge Center, .	•	Northbridge,	•	Worcester.
North Brookfield,	•	North Brookheld,	•	
North Cambridge, .	•	Cambridge,	•	Middlesex.
North Carver, North Chatham, .	•	Carver,		Plymouth.
	•		•	Barnstable.
North Chelmsford, .		Chelmstord,	•	Middlesex.
North Chester, North Cohasset, North Dana,	•	Chester,	•	Hampden.
North Conasset, .	•	Cohasset,	•	Norfolk.
	•	2010,	•	To 1 . 1
North Dartmouth, .	•	Dartmouth, .		
North Dighton, .	•	Dighton,		Bristol.
North Duxbury, .	•			Plymouth.
North Eastham, .	•	Eastham,	•	
North Easton,	•	Easton,		
North Egremont, .	•	Egremont,		
North Falmouth, .	•	Falmouth,		
Northfield,		Northheld		Franklin.
Northfield Farms,	•	Northfield, .		Franklin.
North Grafton, .		Grafton,		Worcester.
North Hadley,				Hampshire.
North Hanover, .		Hanover,		
North Hanson, .				Plymouth.
North Harwich, .		Harwich,		Barnstable.
North Hatfield, .				Hampshire.
North Heath,	•	Heath,		Franklin.

North Leverett, Leverett, Franklin. North Marshfield, Marshfield, Plymouth. North Middleboro, Middleborough, Plymouth. North Middleboro, Middleborough, Plymouth. North Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. North Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. North Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth. North Plymouth, Plymouth, Plymouth. North Postal, Boston, Suffolk. North Prescott, Prescott, Hampshire. North Reading, North Reading, Middlesex. North Scituate, Scituate, Plymouth. North Stoughton, Stoughton, Norfolk. North Sudbury, Sudbury, Middlesex. North Truro, Truro, Barnstable. North Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Worcester. North Weymouth, Weymouth, Norfolk. North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Hampden. North Wilbraham, Wilmington, Middlesex. North Wilbraham, Wilmington, Middlesex. Norton, Norton, Bristol. Norwell, Norwell, Plymouth. Norwell, Norwell, Plymouth. Norwood, Norton, Bristol. Norwood, Norwell, Plymouth. Norwood, Norfolk. Norton, Swansea, Bristol. Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Dukes. Oakham, Oakham, Worcester. Oakham, Oakham, Worcester. Oakham, Oakham, Worcester. Oakham, Oakham, Worcester. Oakham, Oaham, Plymouth, Orange, Orange, Orange, Franklin. Orleans, Barnstable, Barnstable. Osterville, Barnstable, Barnstable. Osterville, Barnstable, Barnstable. Otis, Otis, Berkshire. Otis, Oxford, Worcester. Palmer, Palmer, Hampden. Paxton, Paxton, Worcester. Peabody, Peabody, Essex. Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Pelmipston, Phillipston, Essex. Pittsfield, Berkshire.	POST OFFICES.			CITIES AND	TOWN	18.		COUNTIES.
North Marshfield, Marshfield, Plymouth. North Middleboro, Middleborough, Plymouth. North Orange, Orange, Franklin. North Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. North Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth. North Postal, Boston, Suffolk. North Prescott, Prescott, Hampshire. North Reading, North Reading, Middlesex. North Stituate, Scituate, Plymouth. North Stoughton, Stoughton, Norfolk. North Stoughton, Stoughton, Norfolk. North Studbury, Sudbury, Middlesex. North Turo, Barnstable, North Westport, Westport, Bristol. North Westport, Westport, Bristol. North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Hampden. North Wilmington, Norton, Bristol. Norwell, Norwell, Plymouth. Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, West Boylston, Worcester. Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Dukes. Oakdale, West Boylston, Worcester. Oakham, Oakham, Worcester. Ocean Bluff, Marshfield, Plymouth, Orange, Orange, Franklin. Orange, Orange, Franklin. Orange, Orange, Franklin. Orange, Orange, Franklin. Orange, Orange, Franklin. Orleans, Ogles, Barnstable, Barnstable. Otis, Osterville, Barnstable, Barnstable. Otis, Otis, Berkshire. Otter River, Templeton, Worcester. Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. Palmer, Palmer, Hampden. Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Worcester. Palmer, Papmorell, Middlesex. Penbroke, Pembroke, Plymouth. Petersham, Potersham, Worcester. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Phillipston, Phillipston, Worcester. Pigeon Cove, Rackport, Paskshire.				Leverett.				Franklin.
North Orange, Orange, Orange, Frankin. North Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. North Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth. North Plymouth, Plymouth. Plymouth. North Plymouth, Plymouth. Plymouth. North Prescott, Prescott, Hampshire. North Reading, North Reading, Middlesex. North Scituate, Scituate, Plymouth. North Stoughton, Stoughton, Norfolk. North Stoughton, Stoughton, Norfolk. North Sudbury, Sudbury, Middlesex. North Truro, Truro, Barnstable. North Westport, Westport, Bristol. North Westport, Westport, Bristol. North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Hampden. North Wilmington, Wilmington, Middlesex. Norton, Norton, Norton, Bristol. Norwell, Norwell, Plymouth. Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, ————————————————————————————————————		•	•	Marshfield.	•	:		
North Orange, Orange, Orange, Frankin. North Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. North Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth. North Plymouth, Plymouth. Plymouth. North Plymouth, Plymouth. Plymouth. North Prescott, Prescott, Hampshire. North Reading, North Reading, Middlesex. North Scituate, Scituate, Plymouth. North Stoughton, Stoughton, Norfolk. North Stoughton, Stoughton, Norfolk. North Sudbury, Sudbury, Middlesex. North Truro, Truro, Barnstable. North Westport, Westport, Bristol. North Westport, Westport, Bristol. North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Hampden. North Wilmington, Wilmington, Middlesex. Norton, Norton, Norton, Bristol. Norwell, Norwell, Plymouth. Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, ————————————————————————————————————		•	•	Middleborous	zh.	•		
North Prescott, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Sciuate, Scituate, Scituate, North Stoughton, Nortolk. North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Truro, North Truro, North Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Worcester. North Westport, North Westport, North Weymouth, Nortolk, North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Nortoln, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norvon, Norvon, Norvon, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oakdale, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Ocean Bluff, Marshfield, Plymouth, Ocean Grove, Swansea, Orange,		•	•	Orange.	,	•		
North Prescott, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Sciuate, Scituate, Scituate, North Stoughton, Nortolk. North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Truro, North Truro, North Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Worcester. North Westport, North Westport, North Weymouth, Nortolk, North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Nortoln, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norvon, Norvon, Norvon, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oakdale, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Ocean Bluff, Marshfield, Plymouth, Ocean Grove, Swansea, Orange,		•	•	Oxford	•			
North Prescott, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Sciuate, Scituate, Scituate, North Stoughton, Nortolk. North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Truro, North Truro, North Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Worcester. North Westport, North Westport, North Weymouth, Nortolk, North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Nortoln, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norvon, Norvon, Norvon, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oakdale, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Ocean Bluff, Marshfield, Plymouth, Ocean Grove, Swansea, Orange,	North Pembroke	•	•	Pembroke.	•			
North Prescott, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Sciuate, Scituate, Scituate, North Stoughton, Nortolk. North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Truro, North Truro, North Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Worcester. North Westport, North Westport, North Weymouth, Nortolk, North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Nortoln, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norvon, Norvon, Norvon, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oakdale, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Ocean Bluff, Marshfield, Plymouth, Ocean Grove, Swansea, Orange,	North Plymouth	•	•	Plymouth.	•	•		
North Prescott, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Reading, North Sciuate, Scituate, Scituate, North Stoughton, Nortolk. North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, North Truro, North Truro, North Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Worcester. North Westport, North Westport, North Weymouth, Nortolk, North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Nortoln, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norvon, Norvon, Norvon, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oakdale, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Ocean Bluff, Marshfield, Plymouth, Ocean Grove, Swansea, Orange,		•	•	Boston.	•	•		
North Scituate, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, Nortolk North Studbury, Sudbury, North Truro, Truro, Sudbury, North Truro, North Uxbridge, North Westport, North Westport, North Weymouth, North Weymouth, North Wilbraham, North Wilmington, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norwell, Norwell, Norwell, Norwell, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Nortolk Nutting Lake, Oak Bluffs, Oak Blu		•	•	Prescott	•	•		
North Scituate, North Stoughton, North Stoughton, Nortolk North Studbury, Sudbury, North Truro, Truro, Sudbury, North Truro, North Uxbridge, North Westport, North Westport, North Weymouth, North Weymouth, North Wilbraham, North Wilmington, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norwell, Norwell, Norwell, Norwell, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Nortolk Nutting Lake, Oak Bluffs, Oak Blu		•		North Readin	107	•		
North Stoughton, Stoughton, Norfolk. North Sudbury, Sudbury, Middlesex. Middlesex. Morth Turo, Truro, Barnstable. North Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Worcester. North Westport, Westport, Bristol. Norfolk Weymouth, Weymouth, Norfolk. North Weilbraham, Wilbraham, Hampden. North Wilmington, Wilmington, Middlesex. Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Plymouth. Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, Middlesex. Middlesex. Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oakdale, West Boylston, Worcester. Oakham, Worcester. Oakham, Worcester. Ocean Bluff, Marshfield, Plymouth, Ocean Grove, Swansea, Bristol. Onset, Wareham, Plymouth, Orange, Orange, Franklin. Orleans, Orleans, Orleans, Barnstable, Osterville, Barnstable, Barnstable, Otis, Berkshire. Otter River, Templeton, Worcester. Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. Palmer, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Peabody, Peabody, Essex. Pembroke, Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth, Berkshire, Potlessam, Potlessam, Potlessam, Plymouth, Penikese, Gosnold, Petersham, Pillipston, Phillipston, Parkshire, Penikalis, Pen		•			-B1			
North Sudbury, Sudbury, Middlesex. North Truro, Truro, Barnstable. North Uxbridge, Uxbridge, Worcester. North Westport, Westport, Bristol. North Weymouth, Weymouth, Norfolk. North Wilbraham, Wilbraham, Hampden. North Wilmington, Middlesex. Norton, Norton, Norton, Bristol. Norwell, Norwell, Plymouth. Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, Middlesex. Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Dukes. Oakdale, West Boylston, Worcester. Oakham, Oakham, Worcester. Osean Bluff, Marshfield, Plymouth, Ocean Grove, Swansea, Bristol. Orset, Wareham, Plymouth, Orange, Orange, Franklin. Orleans, Orleans, Barnstable. Osterville, Barnstable, Barnstable. Otter River, Templeton, Worcester. Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. Palmer, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Paxton, Peabody, Essex. Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth, Penikese, Gosnold, Dukes. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Pillipston, Phillipston, Worcester. Pigeon Cove, Reckport, Descard	North Stoughton	•			•			
North Uxbridge, North Westport, North Westport, North Westport, North Westport, North Westport, North Weymouth, Nortolk. North Wilbraham, North Wilbraham, North Wilmington, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norton, Norwell, Norwell, Norwell, Norwood, Norwood, Norwood, Norfolk. Nutting Lake, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oak Bluffs, Oakbam, Oakham, Oakham, Oakham, Worcester. Oakham, Ocean Bluff, Marshfield, Orean Grove, Swansea, Orleans, Orleans, Orleans, Osterville, Osterville, Osterville, Otis,	North Studbury	•		Sudhum	•	•		
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Nutting Lake,	North Wilmington,	•	•	Wilmington,	•	•		
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Ocean Grove, Swansea, Bristol. Onset, Wareham, Plymouth. Orange, Orange, Franklin. Orleans, Orleans, Barnstable. Osterville, Barnstable, Barnstable. Otis, Otis, Berkshire. Otter River, Templeton, Worcester. Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. Palmer, Palmer, Hampden. Paxton, Paxton, Worcester. Peabody, Peabody, Essex. Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth. Penikese, Gosnold, Dukes. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Pigeon Cove, Reckport, Dalabete.	Ocean Bluff.			Marshfield.				Plymouth,
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Otter River, Templeton, Worcester. Oxford, Oxford, Worcester. Palmer, Palmer, Hampden. Paxton, Paxton, Worcester. Peabody, Peabody, Essex. Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth. Penikese, Gosnold, Dukes. Pepperell, Pepperell, Middlesex. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Phillipston, Phillipston, Worcester. Pigeon Cove, Rockport, Pestalakie.	Otia	•	Ť	Otis.				
Palmer, Palmer, Hampden. Paxton, Paxton, Worcester. Peabody, Peabody, Essex. Pembroke, Pembroke, Plymouth. Penikese, Gosnold, Dukes. Pepperell, Pepperell, Middlesex. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Phillipston, Phillipston, Worcester. Pigeon Cove, Rockport, Essex.	Otter River	•	•	Templeton.	:			
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Pemikese, Gosnold, Dukes. Pepperell, Pepperell, Middlesex. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Phillipston, Phillipston, Essex. Pigeon Cove, Rockport, Berkshire.	Oziola,	•	•	Omiora,	•	•	•	
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Pemikese, Gosnold, Dukes. Pepperell, Pepperell, Middlesex. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Phillipston, Phillipston, Essex. Pigeon Cove, Rockport, Essex.	Paxton			Paxton.				Worcester.
Pemikese, Gosnold, Dukes. Pepperell, Pepperell, Middlesex. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Phillipston, Phillipston, Essex. Pigeon Cove, Rockport, Essex.	Peabody		٠.	Peabody,				17
Penikese, Gosnold, Dukes. Pepperell, Pepperell, Middlesex. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Phillipston, Phillipston, Worcester. Pigeon Cove, Rockport, Essex.	Pembroke.			Pembroke,				Plymouth.
Pepperell, Pepperell, Middlesex. Peru, Peru, Berkshire. Petersham, Petersham, Worcester. Phillipston, Phillipston, Worcester. Pigeon Cove, Rockport, Essex.	Penikese			Gosnold.				Dukes.
Phillipston, Phillipston, worcester. Pigeon Cove,	Pennerell.			Pennerell.				Middlesex.
Phillipston, Phillipston, worcester. Pigeon Cove,	Peru.	·	·	Peru.				Berkshire.
Phillipston, Phillipston, worcester. Pigeon Cove,	Petersham.			Petersham.				Worcester.
Pigeon Cove, Rockport, Essex.			•	Phillipston.				Worcester.
Description Description	Pigeon Cove.	·	·	Rockport.				Essex.
	D'44 C-14	•		TO:				Berkshire.

POST OFFICES.			CITIES AND	Town	NB.		COUNTIES.
Plainfield, .			Plainfield,				Hampshire.
Plainville,			Plainville,				Norfolk.
Pleasant Lake.			Harwich,				Barnstable.
Plymouth, Plympton,	•	·	Plymouth,	:	•	:	
Plympton	:	:	Plympton,	:	:	•	Plymouth.
Possesst	:	•	Bourne			:	Barnstable.
Popleones	•		Bourne, Canton,		•	:	Norfolk.
Pocasset, Ponkapoag, . Pottersville,	•	•	Samorast	•	•		
Drogoott	•	•	Somerset, Prescott, Beverly.	•	•	٠	
Prescott, . Prides Crossing,	•	•	Personia	•	•	•	Essex.
Prides Crossing, Princeton, Princeton Depot, Provincetown,	•	•	Beverly, Princeton,	•	•	•	
Princeton,	•	•	Princeton,	•	•	•	
Princeton Depot,		•	rinceton,		•	•	
Provincetown, .	•	•	Provincetown	•	•	•	Barnstable.
Quincy,			Quincy,				Norfolk.
Quinsigamond, .			Worcester,				Worcester.
Quisett,	•	:	Falmouth,		Ĭ.		Barnstable.
Quibotty	•	•	2 41-104-124	•	•.	•	2012500510
Randolph, .			Randolph,				Norfolk.
			Raynham,				Bristol.
Raynham, Raynham Center,			Raynham,				Bristol.
Reading,			Reading,		•		Middlesex.
Readville.			Boston, .				Suffolk.
Rehoboth.			Rehoboth.				
Raynham Center, Reading, Readville, Rehoboth, Revere, Richmond, Richmond Furnace, Ringville, Rivermoor.							
Richmond			Richmond.				
Richmond Furnace.	•	:	Richmond,		•		
Ringville.			Worthington,				
Rivermoor, .	:	:	Scituate.	_		:	
Rochdale,	:	:		•	•	•	Worcester.
Rochester, .	:	:	Rochester	•	:	:	
Rock,	:	:	3 5 5 3 3 3 3	'n	•	•	Plymouth.
Rockland,	:	:		,111	:	:	
Rockport,	•			:	•	:	_ `
Rockville,	:	•	Millia	•	:	•	Norfolk.
Roslindale,		•	Millis, . Boston, .	•	•		
Rosingaie, .	•	•	Doston, .	:	•	•	- 11
Rowe, Rowley,	•	•	Rowe, .		•	•	-
	•	•		•	•	•	~ ~ 11
Roxbury, Roxbury Crossing,	•	•	T .		•	•	
Roxbury Crossing,		•	Boston, .	•	•	•	Suffolk.
Royalston,	•	•		•	•	•	Worcester.
russell,	•	•	Russell,	•	•	•	Hampden.
Rutland,	•	•	Rutland,	•	•	٠	Worcester.
g			D				Barnstable.
Sagamore, .	•	•		•	•	•	
Sagamore Beach,	•	•	Bourne,	•	•		Barnstable.
Salem,	•	•	Salem, .	•	•		Essex.
Salisbury, .	•	•	Salisbury,	•	•	•	Essex.

POST OFFICES.			CITIES AND	TOW	NS.		COUNTIES.
Sandhills, .			Scituate,		•		Plymouth.
Sandwich,		•	Sandwich,			•	Barnstable.
Santuit,			Barnstable,				
Saugus Center,			Saugus, . Grafton,				Essex.
Saundersville, .			Grafton,			•	Worcester.
Savoy,			Savoy, .			•	Berkshire.
Savoy Center, .			Savoy, .				Berkshire.
Saxonville, .			Framingham,				Middlesex.
Scituate,			Scituate,				
Scituate Center,			Scituate, Scituate, Barnstable,				Plymouth.
Seaside Park, .			Barnstable,				Barnstable.
Sea View.			Marabheid.	_			Plymouth.
Seekonk,				•			Bristol.
Segreganset, .							Bristol.
Sharon,			Sharon				Norfolk.
Seekonk, Segreganset, . Sharon, Shattuckville, .							Franklin.
Shawsheen			Billerica.				Middlesex.
Shawsheen, . Sheffield,			Sheffield.			Ċ	Berkshire.
Shelburne Falls.			Shelburne,		•		Franklin.
			Wrentham.				Norfolk.
Sherborn.			Sherborn.	_	·		Middlesex.
Shirley			Shirley.	-			
Sheldonville, Sherborn, Shirley, Shirley Center,		:	Shirley.	:	:		3 61 1 11
Shore Acres, .	•	:	Scituate.	:	•	:	
Shrewsbury, .	:	:			:	:	
Shutesbury, .	•	:	Shutesbury,		:	:	
Siasconset.	:	:			:	:	37 . 3 .
Siasconset, Silver Lake,	:	:		•	:	:	T-1
Smiths.	•	:	Enfield,		•	:	
Smiths, Smiths Ferry, .	•	:	Northampton		•	:	^
Somerset.	:	:			•	:	- · · · ·
Somerset, . Somerville, .	•	:	Somerville,	•	•	:	
South .	•	:	Fall River,	•	:	:	D
South, South Acton, .	•	:			•	:	2 61 2 11
South Amberet	•	:	Acton, . Amherst,	•	•	•	Hampshire.
South Amherst, Southampton, .	•	:		•	•	:	
South Ashburnham,	•				•	•	Worcester.
South Ashfield,	•	•	Ashfold		•	:	
South Athel	•	•	Ashfield,	•	•	•	Worcester.
South Athol, . South Attleboro,	•	•	Athol, . Attleboro,	•	•	•	Bristol.
South Barre, .	•	•	Dorne	•	•	•	Worcester.
South Barre, . South Berlin, .	•	•	Barre, . Berlin, .	•	•	•	Worcester.
Southboro, .	•	•		•	•	•	Worcester.
	•	•	Beater	,	•	•	
South Boston, . South Braintree.	•	•	Duston, .	•	•	•	Norfolk.
South Braintree,	•	•	Draintree,	•	•		
	•	•		•	•	٠	Worcester.
Southbridge, .	•	•	bouthbridge,	•	•	-	T2 .
South Byfield, .			Newbury,				Essex.

rost offices. South Carver,
South Derfield, Deerfield, Franklin. South Dennis, Dennis, Barnstable. South Duxbury, Duxbury, Plymouth.
South Derfield, Deerfield, Franklin. South Dennis, Dennis, Barnstable. South Duxbury, Duxbury, Plymouth.
South Derfield, Deerfield, Franklin. South Dennis, Dennis, Barnstable. South Duxbury, Duxbury, Plymouth.
South Derfield, Deerfield, Franklin. South Dennis, Dennis, Barnstable. South Duxbury, Duxbury, Plymouth.
South Dennis, Dennis, Barnstable. South Duxbury, Duxbury, Plymouth.
South Dennis, Dennis, Barnstable. South Duxbury, Duxbury, Plymouth. South Easton, Bristol.
South Duxbury, Duxbury,
South Easton,
0 11 TO 1 TO 11 TO
South Egremont, Berkshire.
South End, Boston, Suffolk.
South End, Boston, Suffolk. South Essex,
Southfield, New Marlborough, Berkshire.
South Cardner Cardner Warnester
South Groveland Groveland, Essex.
South Hadley, South Hadley, Hampshire.
South Hadley Falls, South Hadley, Hampshire.
South Hamilton,
South Hanover,
G 11 FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF
South Hanson,
South Harwich,
South Hingham,
South Hyannis, Barnstable, Barnstable. South Lancaster, Lancaster, Worcester.
South Lancaster,
South Lee, Lee, Berkshire. South Lincoln, Lincoln, Middlesex. South Middleboro, Middleborough, Plymouth.
South Lincoln, Lincoln, Middlesex.
South Middleboro, . Middleborough, . Plymouth.
South Middleton, . Middleton, . Essex. South Natick, . Natick, . Middlesex.
South Natick, Middlesex.
South Orleans, Orleans, Barnstable. South Postal, Boston, Suffolk. South Royalston,
South Postal, Boston, Suffolk.
South Orleans,
South Sandisfield, Sandisfield, Berkshire. South Sandwich, Sandwich, Barnstable. South Sudbury, Sudbury, Middlesex.
South Sandwich, Sandwich, Barnstable. South Sudbury, Middlesex.
South Sudbury, Middlesex.
South Swansea, Bristol.
South Truro, Truro, Barnstable.
South Swansea, Swansea, Bristol. South Truro, Truro, Barnstable, South Vernon, Northfield, Franklin. Southville, Southborough, Worcester, South Walpole, Walpole, Norfolk.
Southville, Southborough, Worcester.
South Walpole, Norfolk.
South Wareham. Wareham. Plymouth.
South Wellfleet,
South Westport, Bristol. South Weymouth, Norfolk.
Southwick, Southwick, Hampden.
Southwick,
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Spencer, Spencer, Worcester.

POST OFFICES.			CITIES AND TO	wns.		COUNTIES.
Springfield, .			Springfield, .			Hampden.
Squantum,			Quincy, .			Norfolk.
Standish,						Plymouth.
State Farm, .			Bridgewater	_		Plymouth.
Standish, State Farm, . State Line,			West Stockbridg	ze		Berkshire.
Sterling,			Ctarlin -			Worcester.
Sterling, Sterling Junction,						Worcester.
Still River		•	Harvard.	÷	·	Worcester.
Stockbridge, .			Stockbridge, .	·	·	Berkshire.
Stoneham			a	·	•	Middlesex.
04		:			•	Middlesex.
Stoughton, .				•	:	Norfolk.
		:		:	:	Middlesex.
Stow, Straits Pond, . Sturbridge, .			Hull,	:		Plymouth.
Sturbridge, .			Sturbridge	•	•	Worcester.
Sudbury		•		•	•	Middlesex.
Sudbury, Sunderland,	•	•	Sunderland, .		•	
Sunderland, .				•	•	T7
Swampscott, .			Swampscott, .	•	•	=-::
Swansea, Swift River		•		•	•	
Swift River, .		•	Cummington,	•	•	Hampshire.
Manual in			m .			D 1 4 1
Taunton, .		•	Taunton, .	•	•	Bristol.
Teaticket,		•	Falmouth, .		•	Barnstable.
Templeton,		•	Templeton, .	•	•	Worcester.
Tewksbury, .		•	Tewksbury, .	•	•	Middlesex.
Thorndike, Three Rivers,		•		•	•	Hampden.
Three Rivers, .		•	Palmer, .			Hampden.
Thwaites,	•	•				
Tolland,			Tolland, .	•		
Three Rivers, Thwaites, Tolland, Topsfield,	• .	•	Tolland,	•		
Touisset,			Swansea, .			Bristol.
Townsend, .			Townsend, . Townsend, .			Middlesex.
Townsend Harbor	, .		Townsend, .			Middlesex.
Truro,			Truro, Medford, .			Barnstable.
Tufts College, .			Medford, .			Middlesex.
Tully,			Orange, .			Franklin.
Turners Falls, .						Franklin.
Tyngsboro, Tyringham,			Tyngsborough,			Middlesex.
Tyringham, .						
	-	•				
Unionville, .			Franklin, .			Norfolk.
Uphams Corner,			_			Suffolk.
Upton						Worcester.
Upton, Uxbridge,	•	•	Upton, Uxbridge, .	•	:	
	•	•		•	٠	
Vineyard Haven,			Tisbury, .			Dukes.
·				-	-	
Waban,			Newton, .			Middlesex.
Wakefield,			Wakefield.			Middlesex.
	•	-		•	•	

POST OFFICES.		CITIES AND TOWNS		COUNTIES.
Wales,		Wales,		Hampden.
Walpole,		Walpole,		Norfolk.
Waltham,		Waltham, Tewksbury,		Middlesex.
Wamesit,		Tewksbury,		Middlesex.
Waquoit,		Falmouth, Haverhill,		Barnstable.
Ward Hill,		Haverhill,		Essex.
Ware,		Ware,		Hampshire.
Wareham,		Wareham,		Plymouth.
Warren,		Warren, Warwick,		Worcester.
Warwick,		Warwick,		Franklin.
Washington,		Washington,		Berkshire.
Washington Square, .		Worcester,		Worcester.
Watertown,		Watertown,		Middlesex.
Waterville,		Winchendon,		Worcester,
Watson,		Ashfield,	•	Franklin.
Waverley,		Belmont,		
Wayland,		wayiand.		Middlesex.
Webster,		Webster, Wellesley,		Worcester.
Wellesley,		Wellesley,		Norfolk.
Wellesley Farms, Wellesley Hills,		Wellesley,		Norfolk.
Wellesley Hills, .		Wellesley,		Norfolk.
Wellfleet,		Wellfleet,		Barnstable.
Wendell,		Wendell,		Franklin.
Wellfleet, Wendell, Wendell Depot,		Wendell, Wenham,		Franklin.
wennam,		Wenham,		Essex.
West Acton,		Acton, Auburn,		Middlesex.
West Auburn,		Auburn,	•	Worcester.
West Barnstable, .		Barnstable,	•	Barnstable.
West Barnstable, West Berlin,		Berlin,		Worcester.
Westboro,		Westborough, .		Worcester.
West Boxford,		Boxford,		Essex.
West Boylston, .		West Boylston, .		Worcester.
West Brewster, .		Brewster,		Barnstable.
West Bridgewater, .		West Bridgewater, .		Plymouth.
West Brookfield, .		West Brookfield, .		Worcester.
West Chatham, .		Chatham,		Barnstable.
West Chelmsford, .		Chelmsford, Chesterfield,		Middlesex.
West Chesterfield, .		Chesterfield,		Hampshire.
West Chop,		Tisbury,	•	Dukes.
West Cummington, .		Cummington, .		Hampshire.
Westdale,		West Bridgewater, .	•	Plymouth.
West Dennis,		Dennis,		Barnstable.
West Dudley,		Dudley, Duxbury,		Worcester.
West Duxbury, .	٠	Duxbury,		Plymouth.
West Falmouth, .	٠	raimouth,	•	Barnstable.
Westfield,	٠	Westfield,		Hampden.
Westford,		Westford,		Middlesex.
West Groton,	•	Groton,	•	Middlesex.

POST OFFICES.		CITIES AND TOW	NS.	COUNTIES.
Westhampton, .		Weathampton		
West Hanover.	: :	Hanover, .		
West Harwich.	: :		: :	
West Hatfield, .	: :			Hampshire.
West Hawley, .	: :	Howley	: :	
West Leyden, .	: :			Franklin.
West Lynn,	: :	Lunn	: :	-
West Mansfield.	: :	Manafald		Bristol.
West Medford.		Madford	: :	
West Medway.	: :	Medway, .	: :	
West Millbury,	: :	Medway, . Millbury, .	: :	
Westminster, .	: :	Westminster, .		
West Newbury,		West Newbury.	: :	
West Newton				
West Newton, .		Newton, . Weston, .		2 51 1 11
Weston,		Weston, .		
West Peabody,		Otis, Peabody, .		-
West readody,		Westmant.		
Westport Point.		Westport, . Westport, .		
West Roxbury,		Westport, .		
West Rutland, .		Boston, Rutland, . Somerville, .		
West Somerville.		Rutiand, .		
		Somerville,	• •	TT 1.
West Springfield,		West Springfield,		***
West Sterling, .		Sterling, .		
West Stockbridge,		West Stockbridge,		
West Stoughton,		Stoughton, .		
West Tisbury, .		West Tisbury,		2 51 1 11
West Townsend,		Townsend, .		***
West Upton, .		Upton,		TO 1
West Wareham,	• •	warenam, .		TT7
West Warren, .		Wareham, . Warren, . Westwood, .		27 6 13
West Worthington,		westwood,		
West Worthington,		Worthington,		3.7 ¢ 11
West Wrentham,		Wrentham.		
West Yarmouth,		Yarmouth, .		
Weymouth, . Whately,		Weymouth,		
Whately, .		Whately, .		
Wheelwright, .		Hardwick, .		Worcester.
White Horse Beach,		Plymouth, .		
White Valley, .		Barre,		Worcester.
Whitinsville, .		Northbridge, .		
Whitman, .		Whitman, .		
Wianno,		Barnstable, .		
Whitman, Wianno, Wilbraham, Wilkinsonville		Wilbraham, .		Hampden.
				Worcester.
Williamsburg, .		Williamsburg,		Hampshire.
Williamstown, .		Williamstown,		Berkshire.
Williamsville, .		Hubbardston,		Worcester.

POST OFFICE	8.		CITIES AND	TOWNS.	COUNTIES.
Willimansett.			Chicopee,		Hampden.
Wilmington,			Wilmington,		Middlesex.
Winchendon,			Winchendon,		Worcester.
Winchendon S	prings	3.	Winchendon.		Worcester.
Winchester,			Winchester,		Middlesex.
Windsor, .			Windsor,		Berkshire.
Winter Hill,			Somerville,		Middlesex.
Winthrop,			Winthrop,		Suffolk.
Woburn, .			Woburn,		Middlesex.
Wollaston,			Quincy,		Norfolk.
Woods Hole,			Falmouth.		Barnstable.
Woodville,			Hopkinton,		Middlesex.
Worcester.			Worcester.		Worcester.
Woronoco,			Russell,		Hampden.
Worthington,			Worthington,		Hampshire.
Wrentham,			Wrentham,		Norfolk.
Yarmouth,			Yarmouth,		Barnstable.
Yarmouth Por	t,		Yarmouth,		Barnstable.
Zoar, .			Charlemont,		Franklin.

ABRIDGMENT OF UNITED STATES POSTAL REGULATIONS.

(Furnished by the Postmaster of Boston.)

POSTAGE

TO ANY PART OF THE UNITED STATES, THE TERRITORIES, AND THE POS-SESSIONS OF THE UNITED STATES; ALSO TO CANADA, MEXICO, CUBA, THE REPUBLIC OF PANAMA, AND THE UNITED STATES POSTAL AGENCY AT SHANGHAI, CHINA.

FIRST CLASS. — Three cents for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on letters. sealed packages, mail matter, wholly or partly in writing, except drop-letters, on which the rate is 2 cents per ounce or fraction.

SECOND CLASS. — One cent for every four ounces on newspapers and magazines mailed by others than publishers.

THIRD CLASS. - One cent for two ounces, or fraction thereof, on almanacs, books and catalogues (weighing 8 ounces or less; in excess of 8 ounces, at parcel post rates), calendars, engravings, pamphlets, photographs, posters, printed cards, proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript accompanying the same, and circulars. Seeds, cuttings, bulbs, rocts, scions and plants are matter of the fourth class, notwith-standing that the third-class rate of postage (1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof), applies thereto when weighing 8 ounces or less. Cut flowers, dried plants and botanical specimens not susceptible of propagation are transmissible at parcel post rates. Samples of wheat or other grain in its natural condition, potatoes, beans, peas, chestnuts, acorns, etc., when intended for planting must be prepaid at the special rate of 1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof, when weighing 8 ounces or less; when weighing in excess of 8 ounces, parcel post rates apply.

FOURTH CLASS. - PARCEL POST INFORMATION (AS ISSUED BY THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT).

The act of Congress authorizing the establishment of a parcel post system provides that fourth-class mail matter shall embrace all other matter, including farm and factory products, not now embraced by law in either the first, second or third class, not exceeding 50 pounds to offices in the first and second zones, and 20 pounds to all other zones, nor greater in size than 84 inches in length and girth combined, nor in form or kind likely to injure the person of any postal employee or damage the mail equipment or other mail matter, and not of a character perishable within a period reasonably required for transportation and delivery.

Parcels weighing 4 ounces or less are mailable at the rate of 1 cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, regardless of distance. Parcels weighing more than 4 ounces are mailable at the following pound rates,

a fraction of a pound being considered a full pound: -

Table of Rates.

			First	Zone.	Second	Third
WEIGE	WEIGHT.		Local Rate. 1	Zone Rate, 50 Miles.	Zone, 50 to 150 Miles.	Zone, 150 to 300 Miles.
1 pound,			\$0 05	\$0 05	\$0 05	\$0 06
2 pounds,	•	•	06	06	06	08
3 pounds,	•	•	06	07	07	10
4 pounds,	•	•	07	08	08	12
5 pounds,	•	•	0.7	09	09	14
6 pounds, 7 pounds,	•	•	08 08	10	10 11	16 18
7 pounds, 8 pounds,	•	•	09	11	11	20
9 pounds,	•	•	. 09	13	13	20
10 pounds,	•	•	10	14	14	24
l pounds,	•	.	10	15	15	26
12 pounds,	•	•	11	16	16	28
13 pounds,	•	•	îî	17	17	30
14 pounds.	•	:	12	18	18	32
5 pounds,	:	:	12	19	19	34
6 pounds,		- 1	13	20	20	36
7 pounds,	:	- :	13	21	21	38
8 pounds,		. 1	14	22	22	40
19 pounds.			14	23	23	42
20 pounds,			15	24	24	44
21 pounds,			15	25	25	_
22 pounds,			16	26	26	_
23 pounds,			16	27	27	_
24 pounds,			17	28	28	-
25 pounds,			17	29	29	-
26 pounds,	•	·	18	30	30	-
27 pounds,		-	18	31	31	-
28 pounds,	•	•	19	32	32	-
29 pounds,	•		19	33	33	-
0 pounds,	•	•	20	34	34	-
31 pounds,	•		20	35	35	-
32 pounds,	•	•	21 21	36	36	-
33 pounds,	•	.		37	37	-
84 pounds,	•	•	22 22	38 39	38 39	_
85 pounds,	•	• [23	40	40	_
86 pounds, 87 pounds,	•	.	23 23	41	41	
88 pounds.	٠	.	24 24	42	42	_
9 pounds,	•	.	24	43	43	_
0 pounds.	•	.	25	44	44	_
l pounds,	•	: 1	25	45	45	-
2 pounds.	:	:	26	46	46	_
3 pounds,	:		26	47	47	_
4 pounds.	:	: 1	27	48	48	_
5 pounds,			27	l iğ l	49	_
6 pounds,			28	50	50	_
7 pounds,		.	28	51	51	_
8 pounds,		.	29	52	52	_
9 pounds,		.	29	53	53	_
0 pounds.			3 0	54	54	_

¹ The local rate is applicable to parcels intended for delivery at the office of mailing or on a rural route starting therefrom.

Table of Rates - Concluded.

Weigi	ar.	Fourth Zone, 300 to 600 Miles.	Fifth Zone, 600 to 1,000 Miles.	Sixth Zone, 1,000 to 1,400 Miles.	Seventh Zone, 1,400 to 1,800 Miles.	Eighth Zone, all over 1,800 Miles.
1 pound, 2 pounds, 3 pounds, 4 pounds, 5 pounds, 6 pounds, 7 pounds, 8 pounds, 10 pounds, 11 pounds, 12 pounds, 13 pounds, 14 pounds, 15 pounds, 16 pounds, 17 pounds, 18 pounds, 19 pounds, 19 pounds, 19 pounds, 19 pounds, 19 pounds, 19 pounds, 20 pounds,		\$0 07 11 15 19 23 27 35 39 43 47 55 59 63 67 71 75 83	\$0 08 14 20 26 32 38 44 50 56 62 68 74 80 86 92 92 98 1 10 1 10 1 12 2	\$0 09 17 25 33 41 49 57 65 73 81 89 97 1 05 1 13 1 21 1 29 1 45 1 53 1 61	\$0 11 21 31 41 51 1 61 1 71 1 81 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$0 12 24 36 48 60 72 84 96 1 08 1 20 1 32 1 44 1 1 56 1 1 80 1 90 2 16 2 2 40

Collect-on-Delivery Service.

The sender of a mailable parcel of fourth-class matter on which the postage is fully prepaid may have the price of the article and the charges thereon collected from the addressee on payment of a fee of 10 cents in postage stamps affixed, provided the amount to be collected does not exceed \$100. Such a parcel will be insured against loss, without additional charge, in an amount equivalent to its actual value, but not to exceed \$50.

Preparation for Mailing.

Parcels must be prepared for mailing in such manner that the contents can be easily examined.

A parcel must not be accepted for mailing unless it bears the name and address of the sender, preceded by the word "From."

Postmasters will refuse to receive for mailing parcels not properly indorsed or packed for safe shipment.

Where Mailable.

Parcels must be mailed at a post office, branch post office, named or lettered station, or such numbered stations as may be designated by the postmaster, or delivered to a rural or other carrier duly authorized to receive such matter.

Parcels collected on star routes must be deposited in the next post office at which the carrier arrives, and postage charged at the rate from that office.

Insurance on Parcels.

Fourth-class mail shall not be registered, but may be insured against loss in an amount equivalent to its actual value, but not to exceed \$5 in any one case, on payment of a fee of 3 cents; not to exceed \$25 on payment of a fee of 5 cents; not to exceed \$50 on payment of a fee of 10 cents, or not to exceed \$100 on payment of a fee of 25 cents, in addition to the postage, both to be prepaid by stamps affixed; but indemnity will not be allowed in cases of loss of such mail addressed to the Philippine Islands, unless the loss occurred in the postal service of the United States.

Unmailable Matter.

The following matter is declared nonmailable by law (see sections 211, 212 and 217 of the Criminal Code of the United States, approved March 4, 1909):—

1. Matter manifestly obscene, lewd or lascivious; articles intended for preventing conception or for procuring abortion; articles intended for indecent or immoral purposes; all matter otherwise mailable by law, the outside cover or wrapper of which bears any delineations or language of a libelous, scurrilous, defamatory or threatening character.

Spirituous, vinous, malted, fermented or other intoxicating liquors of any kind; poisons of every kind, and articles and compositions containing poison (except as prescribed in section 19); poisonous animals, insects and reptiles; explosives of every kind; inflammable materials (which are held to include matches, kerosene oil, gasoline, naphtha, benzine, turpentine, denatured alcohol, etc.); infernal machines, and mechanical, chemical or other devices or compositions which may ignite or explode; disease germs or scabs (except as prescribed in section 36); and other natural or artificial articles, compositions or materials of whatever kind which may kill or in any wise injure another or damage the mail or other property.

Live or dead (and not stuffed) animals, birds or poultry (except as prescribed in sections 29 and 34); raw hides or pelts, guano, or any article having a bad odor shall not be admitted to the mails.

A parcel post guide and zone key for determining postage rates may be obtained by remitting 55 cents by money order to the Third Assistant Postmaster-General, Division of Finance, Washington, D. C.

Be careful to specify the city or town where the map is to be used. Further information may be obtained at any post office.

FOR POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES, SEE "RATES OF FOREIGN POSTAGE."

REGISTRATION OF MAIL MATTER.

The Registry System is intended to give to registered mail the greatest security within the province of the Post-office Department, and this special security is obtained by its retention in special custody, and a system of records and receipts showing a complete chain of receipts from the time it leaves the hands of the sender until it is delivered to the addressee.

All mailable matter properly prepared and offered for that purpose, except domestic matter of the fourth class, may be registered at any post office in the United States.

The fee on registered matter, domestic or foreign, is 10 cents for each letter or parcel, to be affixed in stamps, in addition to the postage. Full prepayment of postage and fee is required.

Every letter presented for registration must be fully and legibly addressed and securely sealed by the sender, and all letters and other articles must also have the name and address of the sender endorsed thereon in writing or print before they can be registered.

Registered mail may be delivered to the addressee, to a person authorized by the addressee in writing to receive it, or to any responsible person to whom the addressee's ordinary mail is customarily delivered. All persons calling for registered matter should be prepared to furnish reasonable proof of their identity, as it is impossible otherwise, at large post offices, to guard against fraud.

Safety is considered before celerity in the transmission of registered mail, and as delays are sometimes necessary to secure proper receipts at points of transfer, due allowance should be made by those mailing such matter and those to whom it is addressed, as registered mails cannot be handled with the same despatch as ordinary mail matter.

The sender of any registered article may obtain assurance of its receipt at the office of delivery by endorsing it with the words, "Return receipt requested." The sender of any registered letter or parcel can restrict its delivery to the addressee in person or on the addressee's written order by endorsement on the address side of the envelope or wrapper, "Deliver to addressee only," or "Deliver to addressee or order," as the case may be.

Letters and packages, containing money or articles of value should be registered, and never deposited for transmission by ordinary mail.

The Post-office Department is liable to an amount not exceeding \$50 for the loss in the mails of any piece of domestic first-class registered mail matter, and not exceeding \$25 for the loss of domestic third-class registered mail matter.

Indemnity will be paid in any amount claimed within the limit of

50 francs for the loss in the Postal Union mails of a registered article of any class, regardless of its value.

No indemnity will be paid for the loss of any registered article sent by international parcel post.

No indemnity will be paid for any registered article lost under circumstances of "force majeure" (beyond control) unless the foreign countries interested will assume liability for indemnity reciprocally with the United States in such cases.

MONEY ORDERS.

The fees or charges on domestic orders are as follows: -

Payable in the United States (which includes Guam, Hawaii, Porto Rico, Tutuila, Samoa and the Virgin Islands of the United States); also for orders payable in Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, Canada, Canal Zone, Cuba, Newfoundland, the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai (China), Philippine Islands, the Bahama Islands, and most of the other islands in the West Indies which are mentioned in Register of Money Order Post Offices:—

For orders from \$0.01 to \$			3	cents.
For orders from \$2.51 to \$	\$5, .		5	cents.
For orders from \$5.01 to \$	810, .		8	cents.
For orders from \$10.01 to \$	\$20, .		10	cents.
For orders from \$20.01 to \$	\$ 30, .		12	cents.
For orders from \$30.01 to \$	640, .		15	cents.
For orders from \$40.01 to \$	\$50, .		18	cents.
For orders from \$50.01 to \$	860, .		20	cents.
For orders from \$60.01 to \$	8 75, .		25	cents.
For orders from \$75.01 to \$	\$100.		30	cents

A single money order may include any amount from 1 cent to \$100 inclusive, but must not contain a fractional part of a cent.

The postmaster of any foreign money-order office in the United States—the same being designated by the Postmaster-General—will furnish a blank form of application, on which the sender must enter all the particulars of the amount (in United States money), names, address, etc., and must state the full name and exact residence of the person to whom the order is to be made payable. The postmaster will then issue an international order.

INTERNATIONAL RATES.

Fees charged for money orders issued on international form, payable in Bolivia, Cape Colony, Chili, Costa Rica, Denmark, France, Great Britain and Ireland, Honduras, Hongkong, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Lux-

emburg, Natal and Zululand, Netherlands, New South Wales, New Zealand, Norway, Orange River Colony, Peru, Queensland, Russia, Salvador, South Australia, Sweden, Switzerland, Tasmania, the Transvaal, Uruguay, Victoria and Western Australia, are as follows:—

For orders from \$0.01 to \$10,		10 cents.
For orders from \$10.01 to \$20.		20 cents.
For orders from \$20.01 to \$30,		30 cents.
For orders from \$30.01 to \$40,		40 cents.
For orders from \$40.01 to \$50,		50 cents.
For orders from \$50.01 to \$60,		60 cents.
For orders from \$60.01 to \$70,		70 cents.
For orders from \$70.01 to \$80,	•	80 cents.
For orders from \$80.01 to \$90,		90 cents.
For orders from \$90.01 to \$100,		1 dollar.

There is no limitation to the number of international orders that may be issued in one day to a remitter in favor of the same payee.

The maximum amount for which a single international money order may be drawn is \$100 to any foreign country.

SPECIAL DELIVERY.

Every article of mailable matter bearing a special-delivery stamp in addition to the lawful postage, or bearing stamps to the value of 10 cents in addition to the lawful postage and plainly marked "special delivery," will be entitled to an immediate delivery by messenger at any post office in the United States. The price of the special-delivery stamps is 10 cents each. They are sold by postmasters in any required amount and to any person who may apply for them; but they can be used only for the purpose of securing the immediate delivery of mail matter addressed to and received in the mails at any post office. Under no circumstances are they to be used in the payment of postages of any description, or of the registry fee. The special-delivery stamp must be in addition to the lawful postage.

Registered letters will be entitled to immediate delivery, the same as ordinary letters, when bearing a special-delivery stamp in addition to the full postage, or when bearing stamps to the value of 10 cents in addition to the full postage and plainly marked "special delivery," and registry fee required by the law and the regulations.

Special-delivery letters will be delivered by messengers within the carrier limits of a free-delivery office between the hours of 7 A.M. and 11 P.M.; and within a radius of one mile from the post office at all other offices between 7 A.M. and 9 P.M.

RATES OF FOREIGN POSTAGE.

UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION.

The rates of postage applicable to all foreign countries, other than England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Bahamas, Newfoundland, Canada, Cuba, Mexico, Panama, Barbados, Dominican Republic, Trinidad, British Guiana, British Honduras, Dutch West Indies, Leeward Islands and New Zealand are as follows:—

For *tetters*, 5 cents for the first ounce, and 3 cents for each additional ounce or fraction of an ounce; prepayment optional.

For postal cards, single, 2 cents each; double, 4 cents each.

For commercial papers, 5 cents for the first 10 ounces or less, and 1 cent for each additional 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces. Limit of size and weight the same as for prints. The packages must not be closed against inspection.

For samples of merchandise, 2 cents for the first 4 ounces or less, and 1 cent for each additional 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces. Limit of weight, 12 ounces; limit of size, 12 by 8 by 4 inches. The packages must not be closed against inspection.

For prints of every kind, 1 cent for each 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces. Limit of weight, 4 pounds 6 ounces; limit of size, 18 inches in any direction, except that when rolled the package may measure 30 inches in length by 4 inches in diameter. The packages must not be closed against inspection.

The postage on letters for Newfoundland, England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Bahamas, Barbados, Dominican Republic, Trinidad, British Guiana, British Honduras, Dutch West Indies, Leeward Islands and New Zealand is 3 cents per ounce.

The rate of postage for all mail matter, other than letters, to England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Bahamas, Newfoundland, Barbados, Dominican Republic, Trinidad, British Guiana, British Honduras, Dutch West Indies, Leeward Islands and New Zealand is the same as stated above.

To Canada, comprising Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, British Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, the postage for letters, merchandise and printed matter is the same as in the United States. All matter for Canada must be fully prepaid, except letters, which must be prepaid at least 2 cents.

To Mexico the postage for letters and printed matter is the same as in the United States.

All mail matter may be registered to the above places upon prepayment of 10 cents for each address, besides the postage.

Unmailable Articles. — All articles prohibited from domestic mails are also excluded from foreign mails.

Postal cards and letters addressed "Around the World" are unmailable; as also are letters or packets containing gold or silver substances, pieces of money, Jewelry or precious articles, except that gold or silver coin may be sent by mail to and from Canada.

Liquids, — ardent, vinous, spirituous or malt, — poisons, explosive and inflammable articles, and envelopes and postal cards upon which obscene language is written or printed.

No letter or circular concerning lotteries, so-called gift concerts, or other similar enterprises, offering prizes, or concerning schemes devised and intended to deceive and defraud the public, for the purpose of obaining money under false pretences, shall be carried in the mail. Any person who shall knowingly deposit or send anything to be conveyed by mail in violation of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars nor less than one hundred dollars, with costs of prosecution.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1916.

(BY COUNTIES.)

Note. — The vote given is that for the candidate for Elector at Large on each ticket for whom the most ballots were cast. It is in accordance with the report of a committee of the Council on the returns of votes given in the several cities and towns. A summary at the end of the tables gives the aggregate vote for all the candidates for electors at large, in accordance with the said report.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfieet, Yarmouth, Totals,	. 515 . 300 . 99 . 133 . 206 . 65 . 374 . 242 . 162 . 163 . 215 . 162 . 46 . 107 . 194	424 151 50 113 108 48 229 103 21 73 237 128 37 77 95	4 1 - 1 3 7 - 1 19 1 1 1 1 1 - 1 2 3 9	17 6 4 4 1 1 6 - 1 5 9 - 2 2 -	1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 3	-

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

Becket, 92 71 7 1	Adams, . Alford, . Becket, . Cheshire,	:	:			687 38 71 92	101 1 7 3	6 1 2		-
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COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
Clarksburg, Dalton, Egremont, Florida, Great Barrington, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lenox, Mouterey, Mount Washington, New Ashford, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis, Peru, Prtrsffeld, Sardsfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor,	87 403 59 28 573 51 90 136 351 247 36 72 1,596 58 3,620 75 37 47 136 203 44 40 103 418 37	45 287 63 4 570 26 6 111 46 6 401 331 4 7 102 1,577 25 2,971 25 46 25 139 192 29 102 248 22	1 36 - 2 37 - 5 2 3 1 - 1 80 172 - 1 4 3 3 1	12 32 4 12 3 2 11 1 - 3 3 8 1 1 3 8 1 1 5 1	1 1 4 1 1 1 7 7 7 7 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Totals,	9,787	8,357	484	103	58	_
СО	UNTY	OF BR	ISTOL.			
Acushnet, ATTLEBORO, Berkley, Dartmouth, Dighton, Easton, Fairhaven,	133 1,931 126 316 207 553 533	58 814 23 134 76 410 230	4 115 - 15 1 19 10	5 47 - 6 6 5 6	1 6 - 1 - 7	-

COUNTY OF BRISTOL - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
FALL RIVER, Freetown, Mansfield, New Bedford, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, TAUNTON, Westport,	6,619 129 632 6,315 990 281 152 176 224 314 234 2,471 242	6,894 33 312 5,313 532 92 41 51 94 123 72 2,691 72	167 4 22 283 157 2 7 5 9 2 3 106	49 4 10 112 12 4 4 4 17 4 7 25	46 1 2 47 16 - 1 1 - 2 10 1	
Totals,	22,578	18,065	932	332	143	-

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Oak Bluffs, Tisbury, West Tisbur	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:		26 138 27 23 103 111 36	30 82 - 5 69 87 36	1 - 4 4 -	1 - - 2 - 2	- - - -	-
Totals,	•	•	•	464	309	9	5	-	-

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Amesbury, Andover, Beverly, Boxford, Danvers, Essex,	:		852 955 2,121 74 1,053 159	688 410 1,457 37 762 167	60 13 107 3 50 9	3 15 34 1 3 1	7 - 1 -	- - - - -
		1			1	l	ł	1

COUNTY OF ESSEX - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
SALEM. Salisbury, Saugus. Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham, West Newbury,	218 1,918 212 165 3,903 457 1,315 7,092 1359 130 194 1,357 1,357 1,357 1,357 1,357 1,357 1,357 1,292 644 1,092 1,2	147 1,510 2,21 142 2,872 290 5,777 7,829 116 206 738 161 477 774 156 6 1,207 4,578 1	12 106 19 370 33 302 511 108 6 6 6 2 2 4 4 89 11 46 43 2 2 58 19 15 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	19 21 61 55 34 130 25 54 14 133 77 15 88 77 10 11 2	1 5 - 13 - 20 588 3 3 - 6 - 3 3 - 1 1 1 1 1 7 7 - 15 - 9 3 3 - 1 3 3 - 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Totals,	35,909	32,498	2,093	426	169	-

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield,		:		91 106 155 113 187 100 194	68 34 148 26 68 105 148	1 6 1 - 1 8 6	2 1 1 - 1 - 2	1	-
--	--	---	--	--	---	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---	---

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN - Concluded.

CITIES AND	Towns.	Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
Erving,		93 90 1,126 35 70 30 23 494 59 166 712 41 199 9 102 31 28 54 4,353	82 54 993 5 17 28 17 6 538 35 14 49 22 15 34 24 24 24 33 51	73 -2 -20 20 2 -36 -3 -5 -1	1 1 25 1 2 1 1 1 3 10 1 5 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

							i	1	
Agawam.				303	280	13	5	-	_
Blandford.	:			54	37	-	2	-	_
Brimfield.				84	62	5	ī	1	-
Chester,	:		.	89	88	9	2	_	-
CHICOPEE,				1.430	1,712	87	18	5	_
East Longme	ado	w.		167	90	4	5	1	-
Granville.				49	58	-	2	_ :	-
Hampden,			.	78	42	3	2.	-	-
Holland,			.	19	8	-	_	_	-
HOLYOKE,			.	3,269	4,208	211	22	25	-
Longmeadow	•		.	260	115	5	3	2	-
Ludlow,			.	269	203	8	6	- 1	-
Monson,			.	380	285	9	1	-	-
Montgomery	,		.	25	15	-	-	_	-
Palmer, .			.	622	517	13	7	9	-
Russell, .			.	104	69	-	1	-	-
			-		!				

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
Southwick, SPRINGFIELD, Tolland, Wales, West Springfield, Westfield, Wilbraham, Totals,	125 8,597 17 48 846 1,229 143 18,207	81 6,837 20 29 871 1,314 87	339 - 1 25 23 1 - 761	2 96 - 18 10 1	1 26 - 2 5 - 77	- - - - - - -

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

Amherst, . Belchertown,			691 207	382 120	7	8 2	- 2	-
Chesterfield, .			71	32	1	3	-	-
Cummington.			82	34	1	2	_	- 1
Easthampton,			781	446	38	2 3 2 8 5	-	_
Enfield			120	31	1	5	_	l –
Goshen,		Ĭ.	33	13	1 -	2	_	_
Granby,	Ċ		64	37	1	2 3	_	_
Greenwich.	•		73	25		_	_	_
Hadley,	•		187	98	3	_	_	_
Hatfield.	•	:	118	156	2	1	1	_
Huntington, .	•	•	121	140	2 2	î		l _
Middlefield, .	•	•	24	18		i	_	_
NORTHAMPTON,	•	•	1.591	1.485	93	14	7	_
Pelham.	•	٠,	50	28	00	2		_
Plainfield.	•	•	55	17	1		_	_
Prescott	•		46	16	1			_
South Hadley.	•	.	561	264	14	12	_	_
Southampton,	•	٠,	105	37	14			_
Ware,	•	. 1	469	607	13	5 5 2	1	_
	•	.			10	9	1	-
Westhampton,	•	•	52	17		2	-	-
Williamsburg,	•	•	184	178	6	7	1	-
Worthington,	•	•	63	21	5			
Totals, .	•		5,748	4,202	190	83	13	-

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

	Republican.	ialist.	tion.	Labor.	
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist La	All Others.
Ashby, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Cambridge, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, EVERETT, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Holkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Lowell, Manden, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Matches, Maynard, Medrore, Matches, Maynard, Medrore, Matches, Maynard, Medrore, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Medrore, Maynard, Medrore, Medro	316	1 20 6 - 12 1 19 11 1- 1 153 - 38 2 9 9 120 22 4 8 8 3 17 6 - 4 217 206 62 116 34 37 61 3 4 10 1 5 5 154 15 1 1 2	1 14 1 1 1 1 2 2 - - - 60 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 - - 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 2 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 - 1 13 - 3 16 6 2 2 2 2 3 3 - 9 4 4 5 5 3 3 1 1 15 5 5 5	

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

		0111	_	OI MIII					
Cities an	т от	owns	3.	Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
Townsend, Tyngsboroug Wakefield, WALTHAM, Watertown, Wayland, Westford, Westford, Wilmington, Winchester, WOBURN,				195 115 1,250 2,687 1,402 249 247 352 215 1,224 1,102	108 42 927 2,187 1,207 182 148 85 137 573 1,613	5 2 56 76 40 8 13 - 3 11 21	4 -7 14 16 -6 5 2 7 9	- 1 6 3 5 1 - 2 1 4	
Totals,	•	٠		60,802	49,844	1,660	609	151	6
Nantucket,	•		iuc	249	307	rucki 6	1 1	1	-
		(cot	JNTY (OF NOI	RFOLK	•		
Avon, Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham,				180 107 974 3,767 431 307 867 116 422 566 318 238 238 239 150 1,119 801	222 148 558 1,711 458 231 821 57 173 341 238 95 206 115 531	18 37 32 7 3 65 2 7 7 41 1 3 5	2 2 6 31 - 2 4 4 2 7 7 7 - 1 8 1 10 8	77551122	-

COUNTY OF NORFOLK - Concluded.

CITIES AN	DΤ	'own	3.	Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, QUINCY, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, Wrentham, Totals,			OU	122 796 222 3,533 303 299 632 439 644 149 1,331 192	101 663 51 2,397 500 147 591 357 304 88 1,223 79 12,702	3 59 11 109 18 9 35 28 9 9 59 11	3 7 1 53 4 4 2 2 3 6 6 13 1 1 188	1 1 5 15 3 - 1 1 1 1 - 2 1 5	
Abington, Bridgewater, BROCKTON, Carver, . Duxbury, East Bridgew Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull,	:	r,		588 551 5,121 54 187 358 50 311 181 548 145	482 349 4,862 74 159 241 15 127 115 430 145	32 17 627 2 2 48 - 15 10 2	12 4 29 - 1 7 1 6 2 20 2	1 17 	-

1,009

Kingston, Lakeville,

Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester,

Rockland.

Marion, . Marshfield, . Mattapoisett, Middleborough,

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COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH - Concluded.

CITIES AND T	'owns.		Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
Scituate, Wareham, West Bridgewat Whitman,	er,		315 300 284 747	226 350 179 637	5 26 15 54	5 4 - 10	1 2 - -	=
Totals, .	•	•	13,515	11,009	1,041	142	45	-
	(co	UNTY	of sui	FFOLK	•		
BOSTON, CHELSEA, REVERE, Winthrop,			37,092 2,091 1,657 1,652 42,492	56,053 2,390 1,878 726 61,047	1,610 229 133 26 1,998	302 16 19 16 353	230 15 9 4 258	-
	CC	U.	NTY O	F WOR	CESTE	R.		
Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Belackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Dudley, Firchburg, Gardner, Grafton, Hardwick, Harvard,			178 956 294 211 142 185 103 108 222 200 966 61 190 190 2,577 1,137 518	122 628 207 133 26 339 37 40 147 103 972 50 121 121 2,605 843 302 152 78	5 42 11 7 1 9 2 1 1 5 69 1 3 6 259 137 6	56 177 1 - 11 11 6 - 1 43 344 5	1 1 3 2 2 2 2 5 9 1	-

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Hughes, Republican.	Wilson, Democratic.	Benson, Socialist.	Hanly, Prohibition.	Reimer, Socialist Labor.	All Others.
Holden, Hopedale, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leicester, Leicester, Lunenburg, Mendon, Milford, Millville, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Northborough, Northbridge, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Southborough, Southborough, Southborough, Southborough, Sutton, Templeton, Lyton, Lyton, Lyton, Lyton, West Boylston, West Brookfield, Westborough, West Brookfield, Westborough, West Brookfield, Westborough, Westboroug	284 329 133 241 286 1,613 169 97 700 398 126 37 252 574 67 300 58 89 41 1100 91 145 308 209 96 85 528 171 144 144 144 247 166 174 145 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174	92 150 52 85 320 1,171 68 1,329 331 188 35 25 203 11 11 11 12 22 32 32 58 104 139 1,049 519 87 1,049 519 66 65 519 67 67 67 67 67	32 12 22 24 97 17 13 55 19 10 11 13 42 94 42 14 25 23	253334322104433431231113417144133522386442	11 - 21 18 - 2 - 11 3 11 1 149	
Totals,	32,541	27,540	1,064	432	103	-

Aggregate of Votes for Presidential Electors at Large in 1916.

Reimer, Socialist Labor.	Ingvar Paulsen.	10 11	143	- 691 -	113	7.7		-	_			96 1,097 6	96 1,097 6
	Lewis. Oscar Kinsalas.		_		_	_				_		1,096	960,1
Hanly, Prohibition.	Shaw.	55 54 103 102										93 2,986	93 2,986
	Gibba. William	484									1,064	156 2,993	2,993
Benson, Socialist.	.A brawoH	39		- 73			_	_				58 11,056	58 11,056
m vz	Louis F.		_	6,			9 1,660	_	_	_	1,064	5 11,058	5 11,058
Wilson, Democratic.	Sherman L. Whipple.	1,891										247,835	247,875
Wil Demo	David I. Malsh.	1,892	18,065	32,489	3,054	17,028	49,844	307	12,702	61,009	27,540	247,845	247,885
Hughes, Republican.	Edward A. Thurston.	2,835	22	35	41	22.4	-8		61	25	33	268,760	268,779
Hug Repul	George v. L. Meyer.	2,836	22,578	35,909	4,353	18,207	60,802	249	19,284	15,515	32,541	268,765 19	268,784
	Counties.		Bristol,	Dukes County, . Essex,	Franklin,	Hampden, .	Middlesex,	Nantucket,	Norfolk,	Flymouth,	Worcester,	Absent voters,1	Totals,

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

VOTE FOR SENATOR IN CONGRESS IN 1916. (BY COUNTIES.)

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

CITIES A	ND	Tow	ns.	John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.
Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, Yarmouth,				 358 119 43 64 59 24 172 80 12 56 169 116 32 68 68	566 319 85 174 208 67 408 246 24 170 222 165 51 102 222	10 6 - 4 1 10 11 - 3 7 7 7 1 4	1
Totals,		•	•	1,440	3,029	64	-

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

Adams,	651 36 56 85 32 273 44	845 18 95 139 94 369 70	144 - 9 3 2 40 1	
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COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded.

CITIES A	T dn	`ow	7NS.		John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All_Others.
Florida, Great Barringt Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washin New Ashford, New Marlboro North Adams Otis, Peru, Pittsfield, Sandisfield, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbriw Williamstown, Windsor, Totals,	gton,				3 493 18 101 49 379 324 16 3 3 61 1,434 10 2,934 25 25 22 106 23 92 221 15 7,732	31 572 48 87 134 341 235 46 20 21 15 1,582 56 77 3,434 40 345 149 207 40 35 109 422 41 9,503	2 45 12 37 7 3 1 1 122 1 1 243 2 2 4 4 2 2 2 10 1 676	1
Acushnet, ATTLEBORO, Berkley, . Dartmouth, Dighton, . Easton, . Fairhaven, FALL RIVER, Freetown,	:		COU	NTY	38 850 18 94 62 413 170 6,116 24	144 1,763 120 344 196 504 504 6,638 121	6 134 1 20 2 23 19 236	-

COUNTY OF BRISTOL - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.
Mansfield, New Bedford, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, TAUNTON, Westport, Totals,	291 5,007 526 91 30 32 82 121 44 2,609 33	590 6,384 878 250 144 152 221 314 229 2,325 246	32 400 155 2 9 8 10 5 10 128 5	-

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Oak Bluffs, Tisbury, West Tisbury,	:	:		:	19 51 2 3 53 51 25	31 137 27 23 111 122 44	1 3 - 12 7 1	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
Totals,	•	•	•		204	495	24	_

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

COUNTY OF ESSEX - Concluded.

CITIES A	ND	Tow	NS.		John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratio.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.
GLOUCESTER, Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERHILL, Ipswich, LAWRENCE, LYNN, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimac, Methuen, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Salesbury, Salesbury, Salesbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham, West Newbury, Totals,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				1,245 181 2,679 227 6,151 6,970 88 170 607 110 451 20 40 1,031 412 1,499 1,499 1,493 40 40 43 312 46 48 63 29,443	1,943 210 886 478 3,824 478 372 936 225 1,336 141 141 162 22,314 421 421 422 2,814 1,017 1,003 1,017 1	149 20 3 505 23 440 718 18 17 49 20 150 4 7 7 140 23 60 52 4 159 22 7 34 3 8 8 3,070	1
Ashfield, . Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, . Conway, . Deerfield, .	•		DUN	: : : :	OF FRA 35 27 102 17 46 73 101	100 100 147 113 189 113 207	3 3 4 1 5 8	-

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS. Page Pa								
Gill	Cities ani	То	WNS.		John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.
COUNTY OF HAMPDEN. Agawam,	Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, Whately,				43 854 2 9 12 6 561 21 59 228 10 62 26 26 14 25 31	89 1,099 44 63 34 42 20 20 448 61 172 753 40 210 15 108 32 32 33 61	2 118 - 1 - 24 2 2 43 - 6 1 - 7 2	
Agawam,	Totals, .		•				251	1
Blandford, 23 66 1 Brimfield, 45 87 4 - Chester, 68 92 9 - Chicofee, 1,537 1,462 115 - East Longmeadow, 73 182 6 - Granville, 41 64 - - Hampden, 32 78 5 - Holland, 6 17 - - Hollond, 4,006 3,091 374 - Longmeadow, 81 278 9 -			COUN	TY	OF HAM	PDEN.		
Ludlow,	Blandford, Brimfield, Chester, CHICOPEE, East Longmeador Granville, Hampden, Holland, Holyoke, Longmeadow,		:		23 45 68 1,537 73 41 32 6 4,006	66 87 92 1,462 182 64 78 17 3,091	1 4 9 115 6 - 5 - 374 9	-

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Monson, Montgomery, Palmer,

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN - Concluded.

Cities and T	Γow	NS.	John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.
Russell, Southwick, Springfield, Tolland, Wales, West Springfield, Westfield, Wilbraham, Totals,	:	:	 53 60 6,265 17 22 721 1,141 69	108 135 8,434 19 48 894 1,311 153	1 5 526 - 5 59 52 5 5 1,262	- 3 - - - - - 3

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

							1	
Amherst, . Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Grenwich, Hadley, Huttington, Middlefield, NORTHAMPTON Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware, Weethampton, Williamsburg, Worthington,					268 91 21 439 20 5 28 18 89 150 111 14 1,385 18 237 21 612 139 8	732 211 66 718 122 34 74 68 192 1125 125 1454 50 471 50 471 52 196 471 52 197 47	24 8 1 2 94 2 2 1 5 5 6 - 147 2 2 5 5 6 - 2 5 5 6 - 2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
Williamsburg,	:	:	:		139	199	7	_
Worthington,	•	•	•	•	8	74	3	
Totals,	•	•	•	•	3,727	5,610	360	-

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

CITIES AND	Towns	s.	John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDonald of Northampton, Socialist.	All Others.
Acton, Arlington, Ashland, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, CAMBEIDGE, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Everett, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Lowell, Malden, Malden, Malden, Malden, Melrose, Newton, North Reading, Pepperell, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Somereville, Stomeham, Stow, Stow, Stow, Stow, Stow, Stowell, Shabler, Stomeham, Stow, Stowell, Stomeham, Stow, Stowell, Stomeham, Stow, Sudbury,			93 942 49 114 245 81 17,829 30 240 373 216 217 1,865 1,205 140 193 249 540 193 387 249 540 193 387 249 540 193 387 2,350 56 1,125 2,350 180 362 449 48	303 1,728 85 251 221 177 943 405 82 6,158 69 612 603 334 62,995 1,548 262 328 213 586 699 141 145 6,304 3,200 1,445 4,630 1,445 6,304 1,145 1,013 4,660 1,147 1,013 1,016 1,016 7,103 815 128	2 40 6 11 19 6 11 19 6 11 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1 1

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

AND	Tow	ns.		John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.
h,				98 78 36 887 2,072 1,208 117 130 61 108 530 1,528	233 187 119 1,247 2,707 1,422 250 255 357 327 222 1,244 1,174	17 9 1 68 99 65 10 14 2 11 18 26	1
				46,965	61,596	2,364	4
•	•	•	•	227	300	13	-
:		:		219 132 520 1,559 467 196 855 47 157 346 223 183 115 522	177 99 986 3,850 448 316 824 118 413 522 328 232 243 143 1,092	28 3 59 81 9 10 69 2 12 11 35 8 6	2 - 1
		CO1	COUNT	COUNTY	Signature Sign	1	COUNTY OF NANTUCKET. COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

COUNTY OF NORFOLK - Concluded.

Cities	AND	Tow	NS.	John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.
Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, QUINCY, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, Wrentham,				 89 718 47 2,178 490 135 611 342 280 80 1,094 70	130 740 206 3,645 308 598 405 674 154 1,384	8 63 24 159 20 12 34 40 15 11 83	
Totals,				12,020	19,314	867	3

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

Abington, .		,		453	582	46	_
Bridgewater		,		325	523	32	-
Brockton				4,843	4,932	738	-
Carver		,		44	61	5	-
Duxbury,				110	211	2	-
East Bridgewate	er.	,		206	346	67	-
Halifax,	٠,			13	48	1	-
Hanover,				99	305	21	-
Hanson,				91	187	21	-
Hingham				367	605	11	-
Hull,				120	160	- 1	_
Kingston,				106	209	11 5 5	_
Lakeville				42	96	5	-
Marion,				51	138	5	-
Marshfield, .				55	228	- 1	_
Mattapoisett				36	157	3	_
Middleborough,				423	710	68	_
Norwell				71	199	2	_
Pembroke, .				50	125	68 2 8	_
Plymouth, .				658	966	84	_
Plympton, .				25	57	7	_
Rochester.				33	69	12	_
Rockland,				745	752	61	1

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH - Concluded.

CITIES .	AND	Tow	'NS.		John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.
Scituate, . Wareham, West Bridgewa Whitman, .	ter,			:	170 287 150 580	329 295 280 777	12 34 19 80	- - -
Totals,	•	•	•	•	10,153	13,347	1,345	1
		C	COUN	1TY	OF SUF	FOLK.	,	
BOSTON, . CHELSEA, . REVERE, . Winthrop,	:	:	:		56,751 2,337 1,945 655 61,688	35,548 2,077 1,597 1,689 40,911	2,078 240 152 42 2,512	9 9
	-	co	UNT		or word		_,	
Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Dudley, FitchBurg, Gardner, Grafton, Hardwick, Harvard,					98 462 192 113 350 31 11 32 118 101 1,085 37 112 216 2,660 748 270 136 62	173 959 295 225 150 165 112 210 231 184 864 63 194 185 2,541 1,131 501 205	54 16 12 4 5 3 2 6 84 1 6 12 303 164 9	-

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Concluded.

CITIES AND	Tow	ns.		John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.
Holden, Hopedale, Hopedale, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leicester, Lunenburg, Mendon, Milloury, Millville, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Northbridge, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Southbridge, Oakhbridge, Oakhem, Crybridge, Oakhem, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Southbridge, Southbridge, Southbridge, Sutton, Templeton, Upton, Uxbridge, Sutton, West Brookfield, Western, West Brookfield, West Brookfield, West Brookfield, West Brookfield, West Brookfield, West Brookfield, Westminster, Winchendon, Worcester,				76 106 34 63 312 1,124 359 1,222 297 206 255 531 179 23 22 247 75 129 1,119 63 68 126 170 94 380 94 380 94 381 220 777 36 81 281 283 252 210 706 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	276 358 138 242 293 1,577 181 95 713 388 120 46 257 252 65 320 65 320 65 93 134 95 92 134 95 92 134 157 177 149 240 379 272 718 149 149 149 149 149 149 149 149	3 6 4 6 5 6 9 5 2 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 3 5 5 4 4 4 3 1 4 4 6 6 5 5 8 2 3 3 8 4 4 4 4 6 6 5 6 6 6 8 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2
100015, .	•	•	•	20,110	02,011	1,040	-

414 Vote for Senator in Congress in 1916.

AGGREGATE OF VOTES FOR SENATOR.

Соп	E8.		John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Dem- ocratic.	Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant, Republican.	William N.McDon- ald of Northamp- ton, Socialist.	All Others.	
Barnstable,				1,440	3,029	64	-
BERKSHIRE,				7,732	9,503	676	1
BRISTOL.				16,651	22,095	1,205	-
DUKES COUNT	Y,			204	495	24	-
Essex, .				29,443	36,447	3,070	2
FRANKLIN,				2,440	4,376	251	1
HAMPDEN,				15,391	18,087	1,262	3
Hampshire,				3,727	5,610	360	-
MIDDLESEX,				46,965	61,596	2,364	4
NANTUCKET,				227	300	13	_
Norfolk,				12,020	19,314	867	3
PLYMOUTH,				10,153	13,347	1,345	1
SUFFOLK, .				61,688	40,911	2,512	9
Worcester,				26,118	32,047	1,545	2
				234,199	267,157	15,558	26
Absent voters,	1			39	20	-	-
Totals,				234,238	267,177	15,558	26
					1		l .

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

REPRESENTATIVES - SIXTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1916.

District

- No. 1. Allen T. Treadway (R.) of Stockbridge.
- No. 2. Frederick H. Gillett (R.) of Springfield.
- No. 3. Calvin D. Paige (R.) of Southbridge.
- No. 4. Samuel E. Winslow (R.) of Worcester.
- No. 5. John Jacob Rogers (R.) of Lowell.
- No. 6. *W. W. Lufkin (R.) of Essex.
- No. 7. MICHAEL F. PHELAN (D.) of Lynn.
- No. 8. Frederick W. Dallinger (R.) of Cambridge.
- No. 9. ALVAN T. FULLER (Ind.) of Malden.
- No. 10. Peter F. Tague (D.) of Boston.
- No. 11. George Holden Tinkham (R.) of Boston.
- No. 12. James A. Gallivan (D.) of Boston.
- No. 13. WILLIAM H. CARTER (R.) of Needham.
- No. 14. RICHARD OLNEY, 2nd (D.) of Dedham.
- No. 15. WILLIAM S. GREENE (R.) of Fall River.
- No. 16. Joseph Walsh (R.) of New Bedford.

^{*} Elected November 6, 1917, to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Augustus P. Gardner of Hamilton.

VOTE BY DISTRICTS.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 1.

CITIES AND	Towns.	Timothy C. Collins of North Adams, Demo- cratic.	Walter S. Hutchins of Greenfield, Socialist.	Allen T.Treadway of Stockbridge, Republican.	All Others.
Adams, Alford, Ashfield, Becket, Blandford, Buckland, Charlemont, Cheshire, Chester, Chesterfield, Colarksburg, Colrain, Conway, Cummington, Dalton, Egremont, Florida, Goshen, Granville, Grat Barrington, Greet Barrington, Greenfield, Hancock, Hawley, Heath, Hinsdale, HOLYOKE, Huntington, Lanesborough,		569 29 20 48 16 64 11 18 51 19 28 33 54 18 243 33 2 59 4 35 435 59 4 14 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9	132 - 1 8 - 6 2 4 10 3 4 5 5 11 2 2 4 4 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	908 24 108 102 69 170 116 142 103 66 100 194 123 93 404 76 73 642 1,231 52 36 49 95 4,151 140	

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 1 - Concluded.

CITIES AN	T di	owns.	Timothy C. Collins of North Adams, Democratic.	Walter S. Hutchins of Greenfield, Socialist.	Allen T. Treadway of Stockbridge, Republican.	All Others.
Lee, Lenox, Leyden, Middlefield, Monroe, Monterey, Mount Washier, New Ashford, New Marlborou, North Adams, Otis, Peru, Pirrisfield, Richmond, Rowe, Russell, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Shelburne, Southampton, Southwick, Stockbridge, Tolland, Tyringham, West Stockbridge, Washington, Westfledd,	gh,		334 297 7 13 6 14 10 2 2 5 6 1,309 14 17 2,522 8 22 4 31 20 93 45 20 51 108 1108 1108 111 1108 111 1118 1118	4 7 7	384 254 37 21 21 23 24 20 20 21 93 1,716 65 65 66 3,774 46 45 119 144 23 144 25 163 175 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 18	
Absent voters, 1			11,795	1,227	19,667	=
Totals,	•		11,795	1,227	19,667	-

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 2.

CITIES AND	Town	18.	Theobald M. Connor of Northampton, Democratic.	Frederick H. Gillett of Springfield, Republican.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Socialist.	All Others.
Agawam,			169 267 82 20 1,323 83 65 420 24 50 77 16 88 30 155 15 60 138 497 1,448 44 15 6 6 191 5,237 24 533 13 20 599 311 500 134 11,894	363 764 228 110 1,630 231 182 765 128 99 95 87 189 83 125 68 204 309 511 1,578 189 113 546 00 9,191 113 546 40 999 999 92 172 20,064	28 12 7 4 137 7 4 61 - - 7 4 4 - - 7 7 4 4 4 - 15 18 25 90 2 2 1 1 18 7 7 1 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	
Absent voters, 1			1,001		-,010	-
Totals, .	•		11,895	20,064	1,343	-

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 3.

CITIES AN	ND TOW	vns.	Calvin D. Paige of Southbridge, Re- publican.	Michael A. Scanlon of Clinton, Democratic.	All Others.
			 Can So of	Mic Ic I	All
Ashburnham, Ashby, Athol, Barre, Boylston, Brimfield, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Dudley, FITCHBURG, Gardner, Greenwich, Hardwick, Holden, Holland, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Monson, New Braintree, New Braintree, New Salem, North Brookfield, Oakham, Orange, Oxford, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Prescott, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Southbridge, Spencer,			194 96 1,053 247 124 96 246 232 1,001 75 2,920 1,288 207 290 20 140 259 316 1,759 200 387 49 65 282 782 282 783 295 206 107 207 208 316 1,759 207 208 317 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318	74 27 341 83 18 37 88 59 972 25 162 2,231 581 13 126 55 3 222 275 870 17 196 20 10 166 121 131 432 31 15 14 46 666 392	

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 3-Concluded.

CITIES AI	ND T	OWN	Calvin D. Paige of Southbridge, Re- publican.	Michael A. Scanlon of Clinton, Democratic.	All Others.	
Sterling,	:			194 179 334 204 55 292 913 173 147 180 564	47 86 137 60 15 194 535 24 66 38 283	-
Absent voters, 1				19,369 2	9,904 1	
Totals, .				19,371	9,905	-

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 4.

CITIES	AND	Tów	vns.	John H. Hunt of Worcester, Dem- ocratic.	Richard D. Mur- phy of Worcester, Prohibition.	Samuel E. Winslow of Worcester, Republican.	All Others.
Auburn, . Blackstone, Douglas, . Grafton, . Hopedale, Hopkinton, Mendon, . Milloury, . Millbury, . Millbury, . Millbury, . Ustridge, Shrewsbury, Sutton, . Uyton, . Uxbridge, . Westborough, Worcester,				165 307 91 244 94 222 47 1,156 278 152 540 81 103 84 296 9,203	12 32 5 25 11 11 3 40 12 20 28 6 10 5 25 30 527	310 190 215 519 367 215 102 761 415 137 613 314 162 241 414 458 12,114	
Absent voters,			•	13,314 1 13,315	802 - 802	17,647	=

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 5.

Cities	A	nd Te	3 W W C	Roger Sherman Hoar of Con- cord, Demo- cratic.	John Jacob Rogers of Lowell, Re- publican.	All Others.		
Acton, Andover, Ayer, Bedford, Berlin, Billerica, Bolton, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Harvard, Hudson, Littleton, Lowell, Maynard, Methuen, Northborough Reading, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Tyngsborough Westford, Woburn,						90 354 237 75 13 195 30 23 31 29 199 366 174 504 92 67 5,520 327 349 72 180 283 47 71 71 72 72 73 74 75 75 76 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	324 955 246 185 156 471 112 39 80 73 705 633 392 49 280 124 650 133 140 8,269 4,500 260 260 1,089 1,70 130 278 1,70 130 278 1,70 1,	1
Absent voters,	, 1	٠	٠	•	٠		1	
Totals,	•	•	•	٠	٠	11,097	20,345	1

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 6.

(Election November 6, 1917, to fill vacancy for unexpired term caused by the resignation of Augustus P. Gardner.)

Cities an	D Tow	'NS.	Chester W. Bixby of Haverhill, Socialist.	W. W. Lufkin of Essex, Repub- lican.	George A. Scho- field of Ipswich, Democratic.	All Others.
Amesbury, Beverly, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Gloucester, Groveland, Hamilton, Haverhill, Ipswich, Manchester, Marbiehead, Merrimae, Newbury, Newbury, Newbury, Newbury, Salisbury, Salisbury, Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham, West Newbury,			49 128 55 6 17 124 5 637 4 8 8 2 15 2 2 8 6 4 4 185 10 29 3 3 3 9	769 1,877 802 267 165 2,065 223 168 3,320 283 324 658 253 187 1,113 370 182 3,316 159 785 104 131	341 634 298 16 78 568 106 48 1,265 329 84 273 57 21 581 73 58 1,399 41 132 15 15	
Totals,			1,512	17,608	6,467	-

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 7.

CITIES AND	Tow	vns.	Charles Neal Barney of Lynn, Republican.	Samuel Bramhall of Lawrence, So- cialist.	Freeman H. Newhall of Lynn, Prohibition.	Michael F. Phelan of Lynn, Dem- ocratic.	All Others.
Boxford, . LAWRENCE, LYNN, . Lynnfield, Middleton, Nahant, . North Andove North Reading PEABODY, Saugus, .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 81 4,024 6,961 157 130 171 605 134 1,131	6 401 531 11 5 6 12 5 5 51	2 61 265 2 2 5 8 3 24 31	17 6,023 7,684 106 62 179 461 62 1,520 479	
Absent voters,	1		14,347	1,075	403	16,593 4	-
Totals,			14,350	1,075	403	16,597	-

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 8.

Сітіє	S Al	ND T	own	Frederick W. Dallinger of Cambridge, Republican.	Frederick S. Deitrick of Cambridge, Democratic.	All Others.		
Arlington, Belmont, . CAMBRIDGE, Lexington, MEDFORD, MELROSE, Stoneham, Wakefield, Watertown, Winchester,		:		:		1,745 983 7,134 721 3,400 2,276 840 1,330 1,500 1,246	921 408 6,861 279 1,970 824 523 829 1,180	
Absent voters Totals,	, 1		•			21,175 3 21,178	14,304 4 14,308	1 - 1

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 9.

Сітіва	S AI	vd T	own	s .		Alvan T. Fuller of Malden, Inde- pendent.	Ernest W. Roberts of Chelsea, Re- publican.	All Others.
CHELSEA,						1,829	2,656	_
EVERETT,	•	•	•	•	•	2,539	2,424	-
MALDEN, .	•	•	•	•	•	3,945	2,999	-
REVERE, .	•	•	•	•	•	1,903	1,669	_
SOMERVILLE,	•	•	•	•	•	5,751	5,763	3
Winthrop,	•	•	•	•	•	1,110	1,253	
						17,077	16,764	3
Absent voters	1	•		•		2	1	-
Totals,						17,079	16,765	3

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 10.

CONGRESSIONAL	DISTRICT	No. 10.	
CITIES AND TOWNS.	James L. Hourihan of Boston, Republican.	Peter F. Tague of Boston, Democratic.	All Others.
Boston: Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, . Absent voters, 1	3,684	13,640 6	1 -
Totals,	3,684	13,646	1
CONGRESSIONAL	DISTRICT	No. 11.	
Cities and Towns.	Francis J. Horgan of Boston, Democratic.	George Holden Tinkham of Boston, Re- publican.	All Others.
Boston: Wards 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23,	12,240 4	18,421 3	12 _
Totals,	12,244	18,424	12
CONGRESSIONAL	DISTRICT	No. 12.	
Cities and Towns.	James A. Gallivan of Boston, Democratic.	Charles H. S. Robinson of Boston, Re- publican.	All Others.
Boston: Wards 9, 10, 11, 12, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,	22,098 7	10,611	=
Totals,	22,105	10,613	-

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 13.

CITIES AND	Towns	•	William H. Carter of Needham, Re- publican.	William H. Mur- phy of Marlbor- ough, Demo- cratic.	All Others.
			Wi C	Wi	AI
Ashland, Bellingham, Boston, Wards 25, 2 Brookline, Dover, Framklin, Holliston, MARLEOROUGH, Meddield, Medway, Millis, Natick, Needham, Norfolk, Plainville, Sherborn, Southborough, Sudbury, Walpole, WALTHAM, Wayland, Wellesley, Weston, Wrentham,	-		282 116 3,253 3,988 134 1,737 581 363 1,458 241 265 1,45 84 4,946 146 213 165 216 153 462 2,982 286 713 358 208	84 112 2,537 1,308 29 998 274 151 1,357 62 152 96 997 167 1,883 63 40 124 38 283 1,746 113 219	
Absent voters, 1			25,522 5	12,982 3	=
Totals,			25,527	12,985	-

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 14.

Cities and "	Fowns	5.	Henry L. Kincaide of Quincy, Re- publican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	Richard Olney, 2nd of Dedham, Democratic.	All Others.
Abington, Avon, Boston, Ward 24, Braintree, BROCKTON, Canton, Dedham, East Bridgewater, Easton, Foxborough, Holbrook, Milton, Norwood, QUINCY, Randolph, Rockland, Sharon, Stoughton, West Bridgewater, Westwood, Weymouth, Whitman,			481 123 1,294 4,534 389 552 307 466 380 283 945 675 2,940 261 669 253 483 232 203 960 649	56 14 91 41 623 7 60 48 15 7 30 15 54 10 31 13 56 34 15 66 7 7 30 15 56 67 7 1,419	574 301 1,927 793 5,528 514 1,186 281 482 197 293 684 796 3,061 561 865 206 741 225 129 1,615 225 129 1,615 221,705 2	
Totals, .			17,702	1,419	21,707	-

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 15.

Сітін	es A	nd T	'own	s.	Arthur J. B. Cartier of Fall River. Democratic.	William S. Greene of Fall River, Republican.	All Others.	
ATTLEBORO, Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Freetown, Lakeville, Mansfield, North Attleb Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, TAUNTON, Westport,	:	gh,				673 13 44 5,301 18 34 245 428 64 28 26 57 89 44 2,112 26	1,863 125 208 7,551 125 101 620 943 257 149 146 242 333 234 2,634 2,634	1
Absent voters Totals,	s, 1 •					9,202 1 9,203	15,788	

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 16.

Cities an	nd Town	rs.	Ralph W. Crosby of Barnstable, Democratic.	Joseph Walsh of New Bedford, Republican.	All Others.	
Acushnet, Barnstable, Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Bridgewater, Carver, Chatham, Chilmark, Cohasset, Dartmouth, Dennis, Duxbury, Eastham, Edgartown, Falmouth, Gay Head, Gosnold, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Harwich, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marion, Marshfield, Mashpee, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Norwell, Oak Bluffs, Orleans, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Provincetown, Rochester, Sandwich, Scituate,				37 425 104 31 280 37 53 19 153 91 44 95 20 163 142 2 2 9 284 68 80 39 143 22 59 284 68 80 39 153 38 39 144 325 38 38 38 39 39 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	147 503 312 98 532 63 173 21 332 344 207 201 68 139 524 430 28 23 48 310 185 245 629 181 181 229 148 245 629 148 130 133 781 340 7479 199 155 131 1,009 44 258 72 158 336	1

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 16 - Concluded.

Cities	3 AN	рΤ	OWN	Ralph W. Crosby of Barnstable, Democratic.	Joseph Walsh of New Bedford, Republican.	All Others.		
Tisbury, . Truro, . Wareham, Wellfleet, . West Tisbury, Yarmouth,	:	:		:	:	40 26 224 44 16 65	140 54 346 109 51 215	- - - - -
Absent voters	,1					8,392 - 8,392	18,504 1 18,505	3 -

¹ Chapter 312, General Acts of Special Session, 1916.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR IN 1917.

(BY COUNTIES.)

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

Cities and T	'owns.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mans- field of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, Yarmouth,		10 1 1 1 - - 2 1 1 - 1 4 - 1	20 111 -3 3 5 2 8 8 2 -1 1 5 6 6 -1	133 39 16 7 13 6 59 18 4 7 7 63 8 18 18	441 220 62 92 145 45 300 116 23 91 186 131 43 83 159	1 2 - 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 7 1	
Totals, .		21	64	469	2,137	21	-

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

Adams, . Alford, . Becket, . Cheshire, . Clarksburg, Dalton, . Egremont.	 	64 - 1 2 4 14	20 2 1 - 2 12 4	444 20 23 61 18 128 26	782 17 72 126 98 318 65	159 - 4 2 2 56	
Egremont, .		1	4	26	65	-	-

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded.

Cities and Towns.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mans- field of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
Florida, Great Barrington, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Ashford, New Marlibrough, NORTH ADAMS, Otis, Peru, Prerspield, Richmond, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor,	30 	- 12 3 4 - 14 3 42 11 2 52 52 5 1 1 - 4 3 3 - 1 2 2 8 1	1 315 7 42 19 180 189 7 2 3 3 4 790 9 6 1,745 • 28 19 11 11 15 57 81 15 57 81 16 97 7 42 84 18 18 96 96 97 96 97 96 97 97 97 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 99 99 99 99 99 99	23 583 35 62 57 224 191 39 14 10 63 3,1,413 31 14 2,944 24 25 120 178 36 15 18 36 37 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	2 75 4 2 8 8 8 8 26 2 7 7 7 5 1 315 2 7 7 7 2 1 7 96	
	COUNT	Y OF B	RISTOI	J.		
Acushnet, ATTLEBORO, Berkley, Dartmouth, Dighton, Easton, Fairhaven, FALL RIVER, Freetown.	57 - 4 22 8 156	6 53 1 11 4 6 17 96	23 518 2 18 23 183 78 4,119	92 1,534 61 151 149 351 425 5,706 85	2 161 - 6 2 73 8 253 2	

COUNTY OF BRISTOL - Concluded.

										
CITIES AND T	owns.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Lawrence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.			
Mansfield, New Bedford North Attlebor Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, TAUNTON, Westport,	ough,	6 189 61 2 3 3 - 2 1 61 1	15 118 15 5 4 3 7 2 10 54 5	138 2,259 324 39 5 2 16 68 13 1,781	507 5,533 875 161 77 70 54 171 88 2,298 131	29 400 250 3 4 2 2 2 2 - 161 2				
Totals, .		576	432	9,640	18,519	1,362	_			
	COU	NTY O	F DUK	ES COU	JNTY.	T				
Chilmark, . Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, . Oak Bluffs, Tisbury, . West Tisbury,		- 3 - - 1 4 -	1 8 1 4 6 3	6 22 1 1 29 9 2	28 176 15 17 106 117 46	1 2 - 7 1	11111			
Totals, .		8	23	70	505	11	-			
COUNTY OF ESSEX,										
Amesbury, . Andover, . BEVERLY, . Boxford, . Danvers, . Essex, . Georgetown,		15 9 23 - 4 - 1	5 18 28 4 5 5 2	366 251 767 4 345 40 69	779 759 1,831 64 784 232 182	42 24 95 4 54 6 14	-			

COUNTY OF ESSEX - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.				
GLOUCESTER, Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERHILL, Ipswich, LAWRENCE, LYNN, Lynnfield, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimae, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, North Andover, PEABODY, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham, West Newbury, Totals,	51 4 2 64 3 1599 190 5 6 222 1 1 37 1 1 3 3 - 166 144 224 9 1 1 7 8 2 2 2 1 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	29 3 5 88 10 90 90 130 2 7 6 6 6 35 1 1 1 8 8 3 3 10 90 90 130 90 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 13	713 123 4.800 150 4.367 3,928 31 82 275 67 67 72 281 9 72 21 617 277 866 81 41 1,966 83 207 134 41 11,964 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1,977 228 167 3,177 441 2,781 174 335 672 257 1,019 98 207 188 1,136 489 876 353 145 2,920 813 795 110 127 125 30,214	87 16 1 357 5 811 547 9 5 6 11 180 4 3 3 5 5 54 44 4 4 138 9 51 117 17 12 2 8					
COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.										
Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield,	- 1 4 - 2 - 3	3 3 - 2 2 2 11	7 11 43 4 15 20 50	74 74 127 77 128 77 151	1 9 - 1 4 8					

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN - Concluded.

CITIES AND T	Γowns.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchoster, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shultesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, Whately,		26 	2 22 28 3 - 1 1 2 14 3 3 5 4 1 1 - - 91	29 7 464 1 5 5 4 273 1 18 89 3 23 23 11 13 1,103	72 59 1,086 21 31 350 28 17 386 34 41 117 685 24 4174 768 33 33 251	1 - 91 1 42 - 1 34 1 5 2 1 1 2 202	

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
Russell,	153 1 16 32 -	3 72 - 1 14 7 1 198	22 14 2,287 4 7 223 607 8 6,927	100 85 6,154 11 35 710 1,227 105	2 1 466 1 2 38 32 -	-

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

Amherst, . Belchertown,			4 4	8 -	138 32	642 110	2 5	=
Chesterfield,	-		_	3	13	58	1	-
Cummington,			-		5	53	_	-
Easthampton,	·		30	5	183	649	78	_
Enfield,	·		-	6	8	95	_	-
Goshen,	•	•	_		ž	30	_	-
Granby,	•	:	_	2	ī	52	_	l –
Greenwich,	•	•	_		2	45	l _	l _
Hadley,	•	•	_	2	29	131	1 1	_
Hatfield.	•	•	_	ī	. 43	98	1	_
Huntington,	•	•	2	1	47	149	2	_
Middlefield.	•	•		1	3	16		
	•	•	28	18	844	1,628	109	_
NORTHAMPTON,	•	•	20		2		109	_
Pelham,	٠	•		3	2	39 44	_	-
Plainfield, .	٠	•	1	3	1		-	-
Prescott,	•	•		1	2	16	-	-
South Hadley,	٠		13	18	126	447	22	-
Southampton,	•		_	4	8	74	_	-
Ware,			8	5	268	354	8	-
Westhampton,			-	3	2	30	1:	-
Williamsburg,		٠.	2	12	63	179	12	-
Worthington,			1	-	4	46	4	-
Totals, .			93	95	1,826	4,985	245	-

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Cities and To	wns.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mans- field of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
Acton, Arlington, Ashland, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Cambridge, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Everent, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Holliston, Holliston, Lincoln, Littleton, Littleton, Lowell, Marlegen, Marlegen, Marlegen, Melrose, Newton, Newton, Newton, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stoud, Studbury, Tewksbury,		3 14 1 1 2 12 6 - 2 74 - 15 5 - 59 11 3 3 2 3 8 2 2 - 96 97 82 8 8 8 8 33 3 5 4 1 2 7 3 8 - 2 8 - 8 -	1 20 8 8 1 - 3 3 122 4 4 1 1 11 11 11 15 - 5 2 23 1 1 9 1 10 7 7 7 7 6 8 2 5 5 10 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 1 1 1 5 5 5 5 5 5	37 540 12 59 114 38 266 187 4,683 152 1168 650 642 223 304 160 42 25 5,893 1,193 427 25 5,893 1,193 427 267 304 169 42 25 5,893 1,383 239 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,383 1,47 1,683 1,684 1,684 1,684 1,784 1,884 1,984	280 1,517 56 175 151 148 825 336 336 336 357 473 550 263 37 2,961 1,236 227 240 170 544 600 105 119 5,078 3,292 1,381 410 2,892 1,381 4,063 111 131 185 105 137 5,841 1794 90 90 91 91 91 91 91	3 35 2 2 2 5 5 2 2 47 15 6 6 6 6 6 6 1 12 2 208 6 1 12 47 74 2 3 3 1 80 2 5 5 1 6 1 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

CITIES AND T	owns.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
Townsend, Tyngsborough, Wakefield, WALTHAM, Watertown, Wayland, Westford, Weston, Wilmington, Winchester, WOBURN,		15 66 14 4 2 3 3 5	5 17 145 19 2 3 6 5 14 12	32 14 518 1,353 757 91 63 38 50 380 1,123	140 76 1,051 2,044 1,195 208 202 279 214 1,118 1,157	1 2 38 133 49 7 16 2 3 12 18	
Totals, .		769	986	29,495	52,376	2,022	-
Nantucket,		9	OF NAM	169	3 26	4	_
Avon, Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham,		2 2 14 10 4 2 29 1 4 1 7 7 - 2 1 8 3	7 3 8 3 3 3 1 10 6 6 3 3 3 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	110 70 221 790 256 93 530 22 99 213 106 45 105 67 273 104	125 127 777 3,213 397 233 831 92 343 453 258 205 181 164 903 667	25 4 34 54 51 15 2 97 2 9 11 38 1 15 15 2	

COUNTY OF NORFOLK - Concluded.

Cities and Towns.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Lawrence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, Wrentham, Totals,	22 3 62 2 1 17 7 4 1 16 1	2 10 - 51 2 5 3 6 4 1 18 - -	40 596 18 1,116 294 85 357 234 120 32 525 31 6,552	111 737 148 2,898 251 271 504 389 544 121 1,128 145	4 80 14 128 41 15 60 33 16 11 51 9	

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
Scituate,	2 4 2 8 	3 7 3 27 252	58 103 38 294 4,594	219 222 155 493 9,975	1 11 15 111 1,901	- - -

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

Boston, CHELSEA, REVERE, Winthrop,	:	847 103 34 19	410 28 19 39	35,689 1,348 859 284	31,841 1,712 1,333 1,160	2,918 395 146 25	- - -
Totals,		1,003	496	38,180	36,046	3,484	-

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

			1	ŀ	1		1	
Ashburnham.			2	5	34	139	2	-
Athol			21	14	250	896	50	-
Auburn, .	•	•	14	6	92	374	21	_
Babuin, .	•	•	17					_
Barre,	•		1	6	53	125	6	-
Berlin, .			1	5	3	109	1	-
Blackstone,				5	229	89	4	_
Bolton, .			_	1	8	86	6	_
Boylston, .			2	_	7	71	4	_
Brookfield.			_	4	71	224	4	_
Charlton, .			12	2	45	171	12	_
Clinton, .			33	17	730	747	177	_
Dana, .			1	1	6	38	1	_
Douglas, .	•		ī	$\bar{2}$	47	163	3	-
Dudley, .			11	6	139	187	10	_
FITCHBURG,	•		93	40	1,262	2,363	415	_
Gardner	•	. 1	43	45	414	980	205	
Gardner, .	•	. 1						-
Grafton, .		.	5	6	145	585	11	-
Hardwick, .		.	- 1	- 1	74	155	- 1	-
Harvard, .		.	-	-	24	111	2	-
		- 1	- 1	1	-		i	

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mans- field of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
Holden, Hopedale, Hopedale, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leicester, Leicester, Luendurg, Mendon, Milford, Millbury, Millville, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Northborough, Northborough, Northbridge, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Sturbridge, Stutton, Templeton, Upton, Upton, Usbridge, Warren, West Boylston, West Brookfield, Westborough, Westborough, Westbrongh, Wester, Winchendon, Worcester,	2 2 2 9 2 2 - 2 8 4 4 10 0 1 1 1 7 7 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 7 7 7 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 2 2 6 6 6 3 6 6 3 6 6 4 1 4 4 3 2 1 1 1 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	3 1 4 4 2 7 7 7 13 3 2 2 4 4 11 9 9 - 2 2 4 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 4 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 5 6 6 6 2 2 1 1 3 5 5 9 9 2 0 3 3	25 49 28 24 1777 641 6 23 3980 110 50 358 11 124 9 110 50 358 11 123 3 37 66 6 922 263 37 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	216 386 1155 155 258 1,409 129 33 44 33 187 230 628 34 377 38 65 266 63 61 1129 285 203 777 449 285 203 777 449 285 203 777 449 285 203 777 449 493 494 493 494 493 493 494 493 493	1 2 2 3 3 4 4 26 5 5 7 3 7 10 7 7 1 1 5 5 3 16 6 7 7 3 8 4 4 5 5 7 3 8 2 2 16 7 7 3 8 3 2 2 16 7 3 2 16 7 3	
Totals,	736	592	14,110	28,249	2,017	

AGGREGATE OF VOTES FOR GOVERNOR.

Counties	s.		James Hayes of Plymouth, So- cialist Labor.	Chester R. Law- rence of Boston, Prohibition.	Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston, Democratic.	Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, Republican.	John McCarty of Abington, So- cialist.	All Others.
BARNSTABLE,			21	64	469	2,137	21	-
BERKSHIRE,			323	199	4,422	8,077	796	-
Bristol, .			576	432	9,640	18,519	1,362	-
DUKES COUNT	Y,		8	23	70	505	11	-
Essex, .			775	607	18,109	30,214	2,684	-
FRANKLIN,			71	91	1,103	3,653	202	-
HAMPDEN, .			397	198	6,927	14,864	1,051	_
Hampshire,			93	95	1,836	4,985	245	-
MIDDLESEX,			769	986	29,495	52,376	2,022	-
NANTUCKET,			9	4	169	3 26	4	_
Norfolk, .			226	226	6,552	16,219	808	_
Plymouth,			236	252	4,594	9,975	1,901	-
Suffolk, .			1,003	496	38,180	36,046	3,484	_
Worcester,			736	592	14,110	28,249	2,017	-
Totals, .	٠	٠	5,243	4,265	135,666	226,145	16,608	_

For Lieutenant Governor.			
Calvin Coolidge of Northampton (Republican), .		223,157	votes.
Matthew Hale of Boston (Democratic. Prohibition	n.		
Progressive),		121,426	**
Sylvester J. McBride of Watertown (Socialist), .		19,410	**
Fred E. Oelcher of Peabody (Socialist Labor), .		5,63 3	**
All others,	•	4	**
For Secretary.			
Albert P. Langtry of Springfield (Republican), .		209,795	votes.
Arthur B. Reed of Abington (Democratic), .		122,023	**
Marion E. Sproule of Lowell (Socialist),		18,920	**
Herbert S. Brown of Greenfield (Prohibition), .		11,106	**
Ingvar Paulsen of Boston (Socialist Labor), .		5,945	**
All others,	٠	1	vote.
For Treasurer and Receiver Gene	ral		
Charles L. Burrill of Boston (Republican), .		213,421	votes
Humphrey O'Sullivan of Lowell (Democratic), .	•	126,712	**
Joseph A. Murphy of Lowell (Socialist),	Ċ	19,094	**
Solon Lovett of Beverly (Prohibition),		5,951	**
Mary E. Peterson of Somerville (Socialist Labor),	٠	5,480	**
For Auditor.			
Alonzo B. Cook of Boston (Republican),		205,652	votes
Elzéar H. Choquette of New Bedford (Democratic),		125,796	11
Walter S. Peck of Stockbridge (Socialist),		18,481	14
Henry G. Smith, Jr. of Somerville (Prohibition),		6,109	14
David Craig of Milford (Socialist Labor),		5,227	**
All others,	•	3	"
For Attorney-General.			
Henry C. Attwill of Lynn (Republican),		209,622	votes
Josiah Quincy of Boston (Democratic),		127,111	11
William R. Henry of Lynn (Socialist),		18,845	**
Thomas J. Maher of Medford (Socialist Labor),		5,611	.41
Frank Auchter of Belmont (Prohibition),		5,184	41

All others,

For Executive Councillors.

FIRST DISTRICT.

FIRST DISTRICT.								
David L. Parker of New Bedford (Republican)	, .		32,166 votes.					
Norman D. Gillespie of Whitman (Socialist),			6,539 "					
All others,			16 "					
•								
SECOND DISTRICT.								
Richard F. Andrews of Boston (Republican),			36,075 votes.					
4.12	•	•	10 "					
All others,	•	•	10					
THIRD DISTRICT.								
Lewis R. Sullivan of Boston (Democratic).			27,920 votes.					
Albert H. Vegkley of Boston (Republican),	•	•	9,445 "					
4.11	•	•	2 "					
All others,	•	•	2					
FOURTH DISTRICT.								
George B. Wason of Cambridge (Republican),		•	31,562 votes.					
All others,			11 "					
FIFTH DISTRICT.								
Frederick H. Tarr of Rockport (Republican),			32,157 votes.					
Albert E. Clausen of Gloucester (Socialist),			6,537 ''					
All others,			3 "					
·								
SIXTH DISTRICT.								
James G. Harris of Medford (Republican),			35,799 votes.					
All others,		Ċ	20 "					
	•	•						
SEVENTH DISTRICT.								
Matthew J. Whittall of Worcester (Republican	١.		34,264 votes.					
Antti J. Partan of Fitchburg (Socialist), .	,,	•	4.884 "					
All others,	•	•	10 "					
mi others,	•	•	10					
EIGHTH DISTRICT.								
Charles H. Wright of Pittsfield (Republican)			22 022 ****					
ANTINE TO ALL CATALLA CONTRACTOR	•	٠	32,928 votes.					
433 43	•	•	0,000					
All others,	•	•	2 "					



LIST OF THE

Executive and Legislative Departments

OF THE

GOVERNMENT

OF

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH,
WITH PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

1918.



EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency SAMUEL W. McCALL (R.) of Winchester,
GOVERNOR.

His Honor CALVIN COOLIDGE (R.) of Northampton,
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Council.

District The Lieutenant-Governor.

I. — DAVID L. PARKER (R.) of New Bedford.

II. — RICHARD F. ANDREWS (R.) of Boston.

III. — LEWIS R. SULLIVAN (D.) of Boston.

IV. — George B. Wason (R.) of Cambridge.

V. — Frederick H. Tarr (R.) of Rockport.

VI. — James G. Harris (R.) of Medford.

VII. — MATTHEW J. WHITTALL (R.) of Worcester.

VIII. — CHARLES H. WRIGHT (R.) of Pittsfield.

Secretary to the Governor.

STANLEY R. MILLER of Winchester.

Assistant Secretary to the Governor.

HENRY F. Long of Topsfield.

Executive Secretary.

EDWARD F. HAMLIN of Newton.

Committees of the Council.

On Pardons, Charitable Institutions and Prisons. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Tarr, Mr. Harris, Mr. Sullivan.

On Finance, Accounts and Warrants. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Wright, Mr. Parker, Mr. Harris, Mr. Wason.

On Waterways and Public Lands and Railroads. — Mr. Tarr, Chairman, Mr. Parker, Mr. Whittall, Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Wason.

On State House. — Mr. Wright, Chairman, Mr. Tarr, Mr. Harris, Mr. Whittall, Mr. Wason.

On Military and Naval Affairs. — Mr. Parker, Chairman, Mr. Tarr, Mr. Wright, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Whittall.

On Nominations. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Sullivan.

Messenger to the Governor and Council.

William L. Reed, Boston.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

ALBERT P. LANGTRY (R.) of Springfield.

Herbert H. Boynton, Deputy,				North Abington.
Peter F. J. Carney, Deputy,				Malden.
James J. Tracy, Chief of Archive.	s Divi	sion,		Everett.

Treasurer and Receiver-General.

CHARLES L. BURRILL (R.) of Boston.

George B. Willard, Deputy Treasurer and	l Receiver	-General,	Waltham
James C. Bond, Paying Teller,			Boston.
John J. McClellan, Warrant Teller, .	•		Medford.
Ehen Sumner, Assistant Warrant Teller,			Newton.

Auditor of the Commonwealth.

ALONZO B. COOK (R.) of Boston.

William D. Hawley, Deputy Auditor, .	•	•	Malden.
Arthur E. Hoyt, Second Deputy Auditor,			Boston.
James Pope, First Clerk,			Melrose.

Attorney-General.

HENRY C. ATTWILL (R.) of Lynn.

Nelson P. Brown, Assistant,*				Everett.
H. Ware Barnum, Assistant,				Canton.
Wm. Harold Hitchcock, Assistant	ŀ,			Dedham.
John W. Corcoran, Assistant,				Boston.
Arthur E. Seagrave, Assistant,				Uxbridge.
Charles W. Mulcahy, Assistant,				Boston.

Qualified as Justice of the Superior Court, Wednesday, February 27, 1918.

Governor's Staff.

Col. Jesse F. Stevens, Wollaston. Capt. Josiah Hathaway, Aide-de-Camp.

Massachusetts National Guard.

Massachusetts Inspector General's Department.

Lt. Col. George H. Benyon, . . . Watertown.

Massachusetts Judge Advocate General's Department.

Lt. Col. William C. Rogers, . . . Boston.

Major Ralph M. Smith, Somerville.

Massachusetts Quartermaster Corps.

Lt. Col. William B. Emery, Newton.

Lt. Col. Charles F. Sargent, . . . Lawrence.

The above comprise all the Massachusetts National Guard not called into the Federal Service.





BY DISTRICTS. SENATE,

HON. HENRY G. WELLS (R.), President.

	NAME.	Residence.	Address during the Session.
George A	George A. Hastings $(R.)$, .	North Adams, Main Street, Hoston, Hotel Harvard, 640	Boston, Hotel Harvard, 640
Leonard F	$\begin{array}{c c} \operatorname{Hamp-} & \operatorname{Leonard} & \operatorname{F.} & \operatorname{Hardy} & (R.), \end{array}$	Huntington,	Hunnington Av. Boston, Adams House.
Silas D. Reed $(R.)$,	sed (R.),	Taunton, 33 Granite At home.	At home.
Walter E.	Walter E. McLane (R.),	Fall River, 96 June Street, At home.	At home.
John Halliwell (R.),	well (R.), .	New Bedford, 26 George At home.	At home.
Charles L.	Cape and Plymouth, Charles L. Gifford (R.),	Barnstable (Cotuit, Post Cambridge, Riv-	Cambridge, Riverbank Court.
George H.	George H. Jackson (R.),	Lynn, 28 Archer Street, .	At home.

	The second secon		
District.	NAME,	Residence.	Address during the Session.
Second Essex, .	E. Howard Perley $(R.)$,	Salem, 8 Williams Street, . At home.	At home.
Third Essex,	Charles D. Brown (R.),	Gloucester, 10 Sayward At home.	At home.
Fourth Essex, .	Henry G. Wells (R.),	1, 4	Arlington At home.
Fifth Essex,	James R. Tetler (R.),	Lawrence, 300 Ames At home.	At home.
Franklin and Hamp-	Franklin and Hamp- George B. Churchill (R.), .	Amherst, 25 Spring Street,	ф
First Hampden,	George D. Chamberlain (R.),	Springfield, 127 Mulberry	Boston, 112
Second Hampden, .	Daniel J. Buckley (D.),	Street. Chicopee (Willimansett),	Finckney St. Boston, Adams
First Middlesex,	James E. MacPherson $(R.)$, .	Framingham, 30 Warren	House. At home.
Second Middlesex, .	William E. Russell $(D.)$,.	Koad. Cambridge, 174 Brattle At home.	At home.
Third Middlesex, .	Joseph O. Knox $(R.)$,	Screet. Somerville (West), 109 At home.	At home.
Fourth Middlesex, .	James F. Cavanagh (R.),	Everett, 19 Gilmore Street, At home.	At home.
Fifth Middlesex,	Charles S. Smith (R.), .	Lincoln,	. At home.
•			

At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	
. Medford, 64 Terrace At home.	Reading, 193 Main Street, At home.	Dracut, Colburn Avenue, At home.	Wellesley Hills, 312 Wash-	South Weymouth, 833 At home.	Boston (Bright ton), 55 At home.	Brockton,	Chelsea, 289 Washington At home.	Boston, 7 Chambers At home.	Source Source At home.	Borrent, Box West Newton At home.	Boston, 2 Westland Athome.	Boston (Street et al., 1974), 5 Au- At home.	Boston Achland Street.	Asinana Buece.
. Edwin T. McKnight $(R.)$, .	Edward B. Eames $(R.)$, .	Arthur W. Colburn (R.), .	Harold L. Perrin (R.),	Norfolk and Plym- Kenneth L. Nash (R.),	Herbert A. Wilson $(R.)$, .	Edward N. Dahlborg (R.), .	John E. Beck (R.),	John I. Fitzgerald (D.),	Edward G. Morris (D.),	Edward F. McLaughlin (D.),	Malcolm E. Nichols (R.), .	George E. Curran (D.),	Charles S. Lawler $(D.)$, .	
Sixth Middlesex, .	Seventh Middlesex, .	Eighth Middlesex, .	Norfolk,	Norfolk and Plym-	Norfolk and Suffolk,	Plymouth,	First Suffolk,	Second Suffolk,	Third Suffolk,	Fourth Suffolk,	Fifth Suffolk,	Sixth Suffolk,	Seventh Suffolk,	

District.	NAME.	Residence.	Address during the Session.
Eighth Suffolk,	Herman Hormel $(R.)$,	Boston (West Roxbury), At home.	At home.
Ninth Suffolk,	Alpheus Sanford (R.),	Boston Street. Formula (1) Outposter), 56 At home.	At home.
First Worcester,	James L. Harrop (R.),	Wordester, 30 Crystal At home.	At home.
Second Worcester, .	Clarence W. Hobbs, Jr. (R.),	Worcester, 224 Park Ave- At home.	At home.
Third Worcester, .	Fred W. Cross (R.),	Royalston (South),	At home.
Fourth Worcester, .	George Fred Hart (R.),	Webster, 17 Negus Street, Boston, 20 Haviland Street.	Boston, 20 Haviland Street.
Worcester and Hampden.	Worcester and Ernest E. Hobson (R.),	Palmer, 30 Pearl Street, .	Suite 12. Boston, Adams House.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

HON. HENRY G. WELLS, President.

RIGHT.

- 1. Hon. John Halliwell.
- 2. Hon. Leonard F. Hardy.
- 3. Hon. Malcolm E. Nichols.
- 4. Hon. John I. Fitzgerald.
- 5. Hon, Edward G. Morris.
- 6. Hon. Kenneth L. Nash.
- 7. Hon, Harold L. Perrin.
- 8. Hon, Edward N. Dahlborg.
- 9. Hon. E. Howard Perley.
- 10. Hon, George E. Curran.
- 11. Hon. James R. Tetler.
- 12. Hon, George Fred Hart,
- 13. Hon. George H. Jackson.
- 14. Hon, George A. Hastings.
- 11. Hou. George M. Hastings
- 15. Hon. Herman Hormel.
- 16. Hon. Arthur W. Colburn.
- 17. Hon. Charles D. Brown.
- 18. Hon. Alpheus Sanford.
- 19. Hon. George B. Churchill.
- 20. Hon. Charles L. Gifford.

LEFT.

- 1. Hon. Clarence W. Hobbs, Jr.
 - 2. Hon. Ernest E. Hobson.
 - 3. Hon. Walter E. McLane.
 - 4. Hon, Edwin T. McKnight.
 - 5. Hon. James L. Harrop.
 - 6. Hon. George D. Chamberlain.
- 7. Hon. Fred W. Cross.
- 8. Hon. William E. Russell.
- 9. Hon. Charles S. Lawler.
- Hon. Edward B. Eames.
- Hon. Joseph O. Knox.
- 12. Hon. Daniel J. Buckley.
- 13. (Vacant).
- 14. Hon, John E. Beck.
- 15. Hon. Silas D. Reed.
- 16. Hon. Edward F. McLaughlin.
- 17. Hon, James E. MacPherson.
- 18. Hon. Herbert A. Wilson.
- 19. Hon. Charles S. Smith.
- 20. Hon. James F. Cavanagh.

SENATE, ALPHABETICALLY.

HON. HENRY G. WELLS (Fourth Essex), PRESIDENT.

Beck, John E., .			First Suffolk District.
Brown, Charles D., .			Third Essex District.
Buckley, Daniel J., .			Second Hampden District.
Cavanagh, James F.,			Fourth Middlesex District.
Chamberlain, George D.,			First Hampden District.
Churchill, George B.,			Franklin and Hampshire
			District.
Colburn, Arthur W.,			Eighth Middlesex District.
Cross, Fred W., .			Third Worcester District.
Curran, George E., .			Sixth Suffolk District.
Dahlborg, Edward N.,		·	Plymouth District.
Eames, Edward B.,			Seventh Middlesex District.
Fitzgerald, John I., .			Second Suffolk District.
Gifford, Charles L., .			Cape and Plymouth District.
Halliwell John, .			Third Bristol District.
Hardy, Leonard F., .			Berkshire, Hampshire and
			Hampden District.
Harrop, James L., .			First Worcester District.
Hart, George Fred, .			Fourth Worcester District.
Hastings, George A.,			Berkshire District.
Hobbs, Clarence W., Jr.,			Second Worcester District.
Hobson, Ernest E., .	•	•	Worcester and Hampden District.

Hormel, Herman, .	•	Eighth Suffolk District.
Jackson, George H.,		First Essex District.
Knox, Joseph O., .		Third Middlesex District.
Lawler, Charles S., .		Seventh Suffolk District.
MacPherson, James E.,		First Middlesex District.
McKnight, Edwin T.,		Sixth Middlesex District.
McLane, Walter E.,		Second Bristol District.
McLaughlin, Edward F.,		Fourth Suffolk District.
Morris, Edward G.,		Third Suffolk District.
Nash, Kenneth L., .		Norfolk and Plymouth Dis-
		trict.
Nichols, Malcolm E.,		Fifth Suffolk District.
Perley, E. Howard, .		Second Essex District.
Perrin, Harold L., .		Norfolk District.
Reed, Silas D., .		First Bristol District.
Russell, William E.,		Second Middlesex District.
Sanford, Alpheus, .		Ninth Suffolk District.
Smith, Charles S., .		Fifth Middlesex District.
Tetler, James R., .		Fifth Essex District.
Wells, Henry G., .		Fourth Essex District.
Wilson, Herbert A.,		Norfolk and Suffolk District.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

HENRY D. COOLIDGE, CONCORD, . Clerk.

WILLIAM H. SANGER, BOSTON, . Assistant Clerk.

ELLIOT H. PAUL, MALDEN, . . . Clerical Assistant.

THOMAS F. PEDRICK, Lynn, . . Sergeant-at-Arms.

REV. EDWARD A. HORTON, Boston, Chaplain.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(BY COUNTIES.)

[In this list the politics of the several members are designated as follows: R., Republican; D., Democrat; S., Socialist; I. C., Independent Citizen.]

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Barnstable,	George F. Dennis, R.,	Sandwich.
2	Chatham,	William N. Stetson, R.,	Yarmouth.
3 {	Brewster,	Jerome S. Smith, R.,	Provincetown.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

1	Clarksburg, Florida, North Adams, Wards 3, 4, 5, 6, Savoy,	Alton L. Bellows, R .,	Clarksburg.
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COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative,	Residen ce.
2	Hancock, New Ashford, North Adams, Wards 1, 2, 7, Williamstown,	George B. Waterman, R ., .	Williamstown.
3	Adams, Cheshire,	$\left.\begin{array}{c} \\ \text{Cornelius Boothman, } R., \end{array}\right$	Adams.
4 {	Lanesborough, . Pittsfield,	$\begin{cases} \text{Frank Bartlett, } R., & . & . \\ \text{Robert T. Kent, } R., & . & . \\ \text{John G. Orr, } R., & . & . \end{cases}$	Pittsfield. Pittsfield. Pittsfield.
5 {	Becket, Dalton, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Otis, Richmond, Tyringham, Washington,	John H. McAllister, D., .	Lee.
6	Alford, Egremont, Great Barrington, Mt. Washington, New Marlborough, Sandisfield, Stockbridge, West Stockbridge,	Peter I. Adams, D.,	Stockbridge.

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

1 {	Attleboro, No. Attleborough,	$\left.\begin{array}{l} \text{William A. Bartlett, } R.,\\ \text{George M. Worrall, } R., \end{array}\right.$:	No. Attleboro'. Attleboro.
2 {	Easton, Mansfield, Norton,	$\Bigg\} {\rm James} \; {\rm G. \; Moran}, R.,$		Mansfield.

COUNTY OF BRISTOL - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3 {	Taunton, Wards 5, 7, 8,	} Matthew A. Higgins, D ., .	Taunton.
4	Raynham, Taunton, Wards 2, 3, 4,	Joseph E. Warner, R.,	Taunton.
5 {	Berkley,	Benjamin O. Jones, R., .	Berkley.
6	Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown,	$\left. \left. ight. ight. ight. David Leon Kelley, R., \ . ight.$	Fairhaven.
7 {	N e w Bedford, Wards 1, 2, 3, .	Alfred M. Bessette, R ., . George Walker, R .,	New Bedford. New Bedford.
8 {	N e w Bedford, Wards 4, 5, 6,	$ \begin{cases} \text{Andrew P. Doyle, } R., \\ \text{Edgar Frank Howland, } R., \\ \text{Gilbert G. Southworth, } R., \end{cases} $	New Bedford. New Bedford. New Bedford.
9 {	Fall River, Wards 1, 2,	Joseph E. Freeling, R., Isaac U. Wood, R.,	Fall River. Fall River.
10 {	Fall River, Wards 3, 4, 5,	William S. Conroy, D., Edward F. Harrington, D.,	Fall River. Fall River.
11 {	Fall River, Wards 6, 7, 8, 9, Somerset, Swansea,	James T. Bagshaw, R., Ernest A. Larocque, R., Frank Mulveny, R.,	Fall River. Fall River. Fall River.

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Chilmark, Edgartown,	Benjamin G. Collins, R., .	Edgartown.
	C	OUNTY OF ESSEX.	
1{	Amesbury, Merrimac, Salisbury,	$\left. \left. \right. \right. \right.$ Albert P. Wadleigh, $R.$,	Merrimac.
2 {	Haverhill, Wards	William F. French, R., .	Haverhill.
3 {	Haverhill, Wards	Essex S. Abbott, $R.$, .	Haverhill.
4	Boxford,	Charles H. Morrill, S., Arthur L. Nason, R.,	Haverhill. Haverhill.
5 {	Lawrence, Wards 1, 2,	Arthur Bower, R ., George Bunting, R .,	Lawrence. Methuen.
6 {	Lawrence, Wards	Michael H. Jordan, D., .	Lawrence.
7	Lawrence, Ward 5,	Frederick Butler, R., .	Lawrence.
8	Lawrence, Ward 6,	Michael A. Flanagan, D., .	Lawrence.
9	Andover, Middleton, North Andover, .	$\left. \left. \right. \right\}$ Nesbit G. Gleason, $R.$, .	Andover.
10 {	Danvers, Hamilton, Topsfield, Wenham,	George D. Morse, R.,	Danvers.

COUNTY OF ESSEX - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
11	Peabody,	William H. Mahoney, D., .	Peabody.
12	Lynn, Wards 2, 5,	George C. F. Allen, R ., Charles B.Frothingham, R .,	Lynn. Lynn.
13 {	Lynn, Wards 1,6,7, Lynnfield, Saugus,	Ernest W. Allen, R., . Thomas W. Baxter, R., . George L. Nourse, R., .	Lynn. Lynn. Saugus.
14 {	Lynn, Wards 3, 4, Nahant,	$\begin{cases} \text{Joseph L. Barry, } R., \\ \text{William F. Craig, } R., \\ \text{James E. Odlin, } R., \end{cases}.$	Lynn. Lynn. Lynn.
15 {	Salem, Ward 3, . Swampscott, .	James D. Bentley, R.,	Swampscott.
16	Marblehead, .	John N. Osborne, R., .	Marblehead.
17	Salem, Wards 1, 5,	Chauncey Pepin, R., .	Salem.
18 {	Salem, Wards 2, 4,6,	George J. Bates, R .,	Salem.
19 {	Beverly, Wards 1, 2, 3, 5,	Martin R. Lane, R.,	Beverly.
20 {	Beverly, Wards 4, 6, Essex, Manchester, .	James Beattie Dow, R.,	Beverly.
21 {	Gloucester, Wards 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, .	James E. Tolman, $R.$, .	Gloucester.
22 {	Gloucester, Wards 1, 2, 7, Rockport,	Carlton W. Wonson, R ., .	Gloucester.
23 {	Ipswich, Newbury, Newburyport, Ward 6, Rowley, West Newbury, .	Oscar H. Nelson, R .,	Newburyport.
24 {	Newburyport, Wds. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,	Carl C. Emery, R .,	Newburyport.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Hawley, Heath, Monroe, Rowe, Shelburne, Whately,	Albert C. Bray, R.,	Buckland,
2	Greenfield, .	Frederick E. Pierce, R., .	Greenfield.
3	Bernardston, Deerfield, Gill, Leverett, Leyden, Montague, Sunderland,	Charles H. Beaman, R., .	Leverett.
4	Erving, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Shutesbury, Warwick, Wendell,	Nathaniel P. Kellogg, R.,	Orange.

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

1	Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Wales, .	•		John O. Hamilton, R.,	Palmer	
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COUNTY OF HAMPDEN - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
2	Agawam, Blandford, Chester, East Longmeadow, Granville, Hampden, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, West Springfield, Wilbraham,	Charles Leon Cooley, R., . Clarence H. Granger, R., .	East Long- meadow. Agawam.
3 {	Springfield, Wards	William J. Granfield, D., . John Mitchell, R., D., .	Springfield. Springfield.
4 {	Springfield, Wards 3, 6, 7,	Chauncey A. Bennett, R., Giles Blague, R.,	Springfield. Springfield.
5	Springfield, Wd. 4,	William Foster, R.,	Springfield.
6	Springfield, Wd. 5,	Arthur E. Marsh, R., .	Springfield.
7	Springfield, Wd. 8,	Bion T. Wheeler, R.,	Springfield.
8	Chicopee,	John D. O'Connor, D., .	Chicopee.
9 {	Holyoke, Wards 1, 2, 4,	} John J. Murphy, D., .	Holyoke.
10 {	Holyoke, Wards	} John Cronin, D.,	Holyoke.
11 {	Holyoke, Wards 5,7,	Michael N. Slotnick, R ., .	Holyoke.
12	Westfield,	Dexter A. Snow, R.,	Westfield.

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Northampton,	Michael J. Fitz Gerald, D.,	Northampton.
2	Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg, Worthington,	Frank E. Lyman, R.,	Easthampton,
3	Amherst, . Hadley, . Hatfield, . South Hadley,	$\left. \left. \right \right. \right.$ Alvin R. Wilson, R .,	South Hadley.
4	Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Pelham, Prescott, Ware,	Roland D. Sawyer, D., .	Ware.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

1 {	Cambridge,Wards 1, 2, 3,	$\}$ William R. McMenimen, D .,	Cambridge.
2 {	Cambridge, Wards 4, 5, 6, 7,	Arthur S. Browne, R., Frederic F. Clauss, R., Julius Meyers, R.,	Cambridge. Cambridge. Cambridge.
3 {	Cambridge, Wards 8, 9, 10, 11,	$\{ egin{array}{ll} { m Philip \ R. \ Ammidon, \it R., \ . \ } \\ { m Arthur \ F. \ Blanchard, \it R., \ . \ } \\ { m George \ H. \ Carrick, \it R., \ . \ } \end{array} .$	Cambridge. Cambridge. Cambridge.
4	Newton,	$ \begin{cases} \text{J. Weston Allen, } R., & . & . \\ \text{Leland Powers, } R., & . & . \\ \text{Thomas Weston, Jr., } R., & . \end{cases} $	Newton. Newton. Newton.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Continued.

No. of District.	District.		
40	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
5	Waltham,	John M. Gibbs, R., John R. Hudson, R.,	Waltham. Waltham.
6	Natick,	Robert S. Corrigan, D., .	Natick.
7	Framingham, .	Bernard F. Merriam, R., .	Framingham.
	Ashland, Holliston,	Wilbur A. Wood, R.,	Hopkinton.
9	Marlborough, .	John Henry Baker, R., .	Marlborough.
10	Boxborough,	Rowland P. Harriman, R.,	Stow.
11	Acton,	Walter Perham, R.,	Chelmsford.
12	Ashby, Ayer, Dunstable, Groton, Pepperell, Shirley, Townsend,	Frank A. Torrey, R.,	Groton.
13	Concord, Lincoln, Sudbury, Wayland, Weston,	Benjamin Loring Young, R .,	Weston.
14 {	Lowell, Wards 1, 2, 9,	Dennis A. Murphy, D., Charles H. Slowey, D., .	Lowell. Lowell.
15 {	Lowell, Wards 3, 6, 7, 8,	Henry Achin, Jr., R., Victor Francis Jewett, R., Frank H. Putnam, R.,	Lowell. Lowell. Lowell.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
16	Lowell, Wds. 4, 5,	Thomas J. Corbett, D., .	Lowell.
17 {	Billerica, Burlington, Dracut, North Reading, . Tewksbury, Wilmington, .	Harry L. Shedd, $R.$,	Tewksbury.
18 {	Reading, Stoneham, Woburn,	Fred J. Brown, R.,	Woburn. Stoneham.
19	Wakefield,	Eden K. Bowser, R.,	Wakefield.
20	Everett,	Howard F. Furness, R ., Fred P. Greenwood, R .,	Everett. Everett.
21	Malden,	Alvin E. Bliss, R.,	Malden. Malden. Malden.
22	Melrose,	Harry C. Woodill, R., .	Melrose.
23 {	Somerville, Wards 1, 3, 4, 5,	Charles M. Austin, R., William Fleming, R., Charles L. Underhill, R.,	Somerville. Somerville. Somerville.
24 {	Somerville, Wards 2, 6, 7,	Warren C. Daggett, R., William P. French, R., Arthur W. Robinson, R.,	Somerville. Somerville. Somerville.
25 {	Medford, Ward 3, Winchester,	$\}$ William A. Kneeland, $R.$, .	Winchester.
26 {	Medford, Wards 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, .	Fred J. Burrell, R ., James Morrison, R .,	Medford. Medford.
27	Arlington,	Jacob Bitzer, R.,	Arlington.
28 {	Belmont, Lexington,	Jay R. Benton, R.,	Belmont.
29	Watertown,	Wesley E. Monk, R.,	Watertown.

COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Nantucket,	Arthur W. Jones, I. C., .	Nantucket.

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

1 {	Dedham, Needham,	} John A. Hirsch, R.,	Dedham.
2	Brookline,	George S. Baldwin, R., Charles F. Rowley, R.,	Brookline. Brookline.
3	Quincy,	$\begin{cases} \text{Russell T. Bates, } R., \\ \text{David S. McIntosh, } R., \\ \text{Albert L. Whitman, } R., \end{cases}$	Quincy. Quincy. Quincy.
4 {	Canton, Milton,	$\left. \left. \right ight. ight$	Milton.
5	Weymouth,	Burgess H. Spinney, R., .	Weymouth.
6 {	Avon, Braintree, Holbrook,	Arthur W. Paine, R .,	Holbrook.
7 {	Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton,	Timothy F. Quinn, D., .	Sharon.
8 {	Norwood, Walpole,	Frank G. Allen, R .,	Norwood.
9	Dover, Medfield,	$\left. \left. ight. ight. ight. ight. ight. William W. Ollendorff, R., .$	Medway.
10	Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, Plainville, Wrentham,	Clarence A. Crooks, R.,	Bellingham.

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Plymouth,	Elmer L. Briggs, R.,	Plymouth.
2	Duxbury, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, Scituate,	Walter Haynes, R .,	Scituate.
3	Cohasset, Hingham, Hull,	George S. Marsh, R .,	Hingham.
4 {	Hanover, Hanson, Rockland,	Edwin H. Gibson, R., .	Hanover.
5 {	Abington, Whitman,	John T. Crowley, D .,	Abington.
6	Carver, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Rochester, Wareham,	$\left.\begin{array}{c}\\\\\\\\\\\\\end{array}\right\} \text{James F. Kiernan, R.,} \qquad .$	Wareham.
7	Halifax, Kingston, Middleborough, . Plympton,	William M. Haskins, R., .	Middleborough
8	Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, West Bridgewater,	Eddy P. Dunbar, R.,	W. Bridgewater
9 {	Brockton, Wards	Walter T. Packard, $R.$,	Brockton.
10 {	Brockton, Wards	William B. Baldwin, R., . Herbert A. Bartlett, R., .	Brockton. Brockton.
11 {	Brockton, Wards 6,7,	Frank A. Manning, D., .	Brockton.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Boston, Ward 1, .	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Edward J. Cox, } R., \\ \text{Edward I. Kelley, } D., \end{array} \right.$	Boston. Boston.
2	Boston, Ward 2, .	John B. Cashman, D., William H. Hearn, D.,	Boston. Boston.
3	Boston, Ward 3, .	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Thomas H. Green, } D., \\ \text{Michael J. McNamee, } D., \end{array} \right.$	Boston. Boston.
4	Boston, Ward 4, .	$\begin{cases} \text{John P. Mahoney, } D., \\ \text{Henry J. McLaughlin, } D., \end{cases}$	Boston. Boston.
5	Boston, Ward 5, .	John L. Donovan, D., . Philip J. Feinberg, D., . Edward A. Scigliano, D., .	Boston. Boston. Boston.
6	Boston, Ward 6, .	John W. Craig, D.,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
7	Boston, Ward 7, .	$ \begin{cases} \text{Seth F. Arnold, } R., \\ \text{Channing H. Cox, } R., \\ \text{Joseph W. Wharton, } R., \\ \end{cases} .$	Boston. Boston. Boston.
8	Boston, Ward 8, .	{ Arthur E. Burr, R., Fitz-Henry Smith, Jr., R.,	Boston. Boston.
9	Boston, Ward 9, .	$\left\{ egin{array}{ll} ext{William J. Foley, D.,} & . & . \\ ext{William J. Manning, D.,} & . & . \end{array} ight.$	Boston. Boston.
10	Boston, Ward 10, .	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{William H. McDonnell, } D., \\ \text{Charles S. O'Connor, } D., \end{array} \right$	Boston. Boston.
11	Boston, Ward 11, .	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Patrick M. Costello, } D., & . \\ \text{William J. Holland, } D., & . \end{array} \right.$	Boston. Boston.
12	Boston, Ward 12, .	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Daniel J. Gillen, } D., & . \\ \text{Thomas M. Joyce, } D., & . \end{array} \right$	Boston. Boston.
13	Boston, Ward 13, .	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Frank J. Burke, } D., & . \\ \text{Timothy J. Driscoll, } D., & . \end{array} \right.$	Boston. Boston.
14	Boston, Ward 14, .	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{William F. Dwyer, } D., \\ \text{Dennis F. Reardon, } D., \end{array} \right$	Boston. Boston.
15	Boston, Ward 15, .	${ John P. Englert, D., \\ Stephen R. Mealey, D., }$	Boston. Boston.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
16	Boston, Ward 16, .	John Ballantyne, R., Simon Swig, R.,	Boston. Boston.
17	Boston, Ward 17, .	Joseph McGrath, D., Daniel C. Murphy, D., .	Boston. Boston.
18	Boston, Ward 18,	{ James J. Moynihan, D., . Charles A. Winchester, D.,	Boston. Boston.
19 {	Boston, Wards 19, 20,	Harrison H. Atwood, R., . Thomas Leavitt, R., . Jacob Wasserman, R., .	Boston. Boston. Boston.
20 {	Chelsea, Wards 4, 5, Revere, Ward 4, .	David J. Maloney, R ., .	Chelsea.
21	Winthrop,	Winthrop Magee, R.,	Winthrop.
22 {	Boston, Wards 22, 23,	$\begin{cases} \text{George W. P. Babb, } R., \\ \text{Horace E. Dunkle, } R., \\ \text{George Penshorn, } R., \end{cases}$	Boston. Boston. Boston.
23 {	Chelsea, Wards 1, 2, 3,	Lawrence F. Quigley, D., .	Chelsea.
24 {	Boston, Wards 21, 24,	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Henry S. Clark, } R., \\ \text{Samuel B. Finkel, } R., \\ \text{Robert B. Martin, } R., \\ \end{array} \right$	Boston. Boston.
25	Boston, Ward 25, .	Martin Hays, R.,	Boston.
26	Boston, Ward 26, .	Francis B. McKinney, D.,	Boston.
27 {	Revere, Wards 1, 2, 3, 5,	Ralph N. Butterworth, R .,	Revere.
	cou	NTY OF WORCESTER.	
1	Athol, Barre,	$\left.\begin{array}{ll} \text{William G. Lord, } R., & . \end{array}\right.$	Athol.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Continued.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
2	Gardner,	Charles H. Hartshorn, R.,. J. Warren Moulton, R.,	Gardner. Rutland.
3 {	Hardwick, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Spencer, West Brookfield,	Myron A. Young, R., .	Spencer.
4	Brookfield, Charlton, Leicester, Paxton, Sturbridge, Warren,	Warren E. Tarbell, R .,	Brookfield.
5 {	Dudley, Southbridge, .	Herman S. Cheney, $R.$, .	Southbridge.
6 {	Auburn, Oxford, Webster,	$\left. \left. ight\} ight. ext{George J. Brunell, R.,} \qquad .$	Webster.
7	Douglas,	$\left.\begin{array}{l} \\ \text{William L. Johnson, } R., \end{array}\right$	Uxbridge.
8	Blackstone, Hopedale, Mendon, Northbridge,	$ \left. \right\} {\rm James\ R.\ Ferry,}\ {\it R.,} \ . \qquad . $	Northbridge.
9	Grafton,	Charles W. Gould, R., Francis Prescott, R.,	Milford. Grafton.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER — Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
10	Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Harvard, Holden, Lancaster, Northborough, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston,	Edwin S. Corey, R., George A. Whitney, R., .	Northborough Clinton.
11 {	Ashburnham, . Fitchburg, Wd. 1, Leominster, . Westminster, .	John C. Hull, R., Edward H. Nutting, R., .	Leominster. Leominster.
12 {	Fitchburg, Wards 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, . Lunenburg, .	Henry E. Cowdrey, R., . Frederic C. Nichols, R., .	Fitchburg. Fitchburg.
13	Worcester, Ward 1,	John G. Johnson, R.,	Worcester.
14	Worcester, Ward 2,	Albert T. Wall, R.,	Worcester.
15	Worcester, Ward 3,	Michael F. Malone, D., .	Worcester.
16	Worcester, Ward 4,	Charles A. Kelley, D.,	Worcester.
17	Worcester, Ward 5,	Francis P. McKeon, D., .	Worcester.
18	Worcester, Ward 6,	Christian Nelson, R., .	Worcester.
19	Worcester, Ward 7,	Clarence Milton Hall, R., .	Worcester.
20	Worcester, Ward 8,	Walter L. Mellen, R., .	Worcester.
21	Worcester, Ward 9,	Henry E. Dean, R.,	Worcester.
22	Worcester, Wd. 10,	Harry A. Cooke, R.,	Worcester.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND PLACES OF ADDRESS DURING THE SESSION.

Hon. CHANNING H. COX, Speaker.

NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Abbott, Essex S., .	3, Essex, .	Haverhill,	At home,	30
Achin, Henry, Jr.,	. 15, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	At home,	52
Adams, Peter I.,	6, Berkshire, .	Housatonic,	Commonwealth	28
Allen, Ernest W., .	. 13, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	214
Allen, Frank G.,	. 8, Norfolk, .	248 Summer Street, Bos- Norwood,	Norwood,	10
Allen, George C. F.,	. 12, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	215
Allen, J. Weston, .	. 4, Middlesex, .	Tremont Building, Bos- Newton Highlands, ton.	Newton Highlands,	54

. NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Ammidon Philin B	3 Widdlesev	6 Rescon Street Boston Cambridge	Combridge	916
community the contract of the	o, traductora,	o Deacon Dureel, Doston,	Campinge, .	210
Arnold, Seth F.,	7, Suffolk,	92 Huntington Avenue,	At home,	145
Atwood, Harrison H., .	19, Suffolk,	Boston. 61 Alban Street, Dor- At home,	At home,	ū
Austin, Charles M.,	23, Middlesex, .	chester Center. 200 Causeway Street,	Somerville,	204
Babb, George W. P.,	22, Suffolk,	Boston. 21 Conway Street, Ros-	At home,	35
Bagshaw, James T.,	11, Bristol,	Kimball Building, Bos-	Fall River,	151
Baker, John H., .	9, Middlesex, .	ton. Marlborough,	At home,	219
Baldwin, George S.,	2, Norfolk,	27 State Street, Boston, Chestnut Hill,	Chestnut Hill,	20
Baldwin, William B.,	10, Plymouth, .	Brockton,	At home,	85
Ballantyne, John, .	16, Suffolk,	114 Dudley Street, Rox-	63 Copeland Street,	53
Barry, Joseph L., .	14, Essex, .	bury	Roxbury. At home,	122
Bartlett, Frank,	4, Berkshire, .	Pittsfield,	72 Winthrop Street, Winthrop.	95

Bartlett, Herbert A.,	. 10, Plymouth, . Brockton,		. At home,	121
Bartlett, William A.,	1, Bristol, .	North Attleborough, .	At home,	185
Bates, George J.,	18, Essex,	Salem,	At home,	118
Bates, Russell T., .	3, Norfolk, .	Tremont Building, Bos- Quincy,	Quincy,	143
Baxter, Thomas W.,	13, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	22
Beaman, Charles H.,	3, Franklin, .	Leverett,	Adams House, .	41
Bellows, Alton L.,	1, Berkshire, .	Clarksburg,	5 Rutland Square,	227
Bennett, Chauncey A., .	4, Hampden, .	Springfield,	Beacon Chambers,	123
Bentley, James D.,	15, Essex,	Swampscott,	At home,	201
Benton, Jay R.,	28, Middlesex, .	95 Water Street, Boston,	Belmont,	210
Bessette, Alfred M.,	7, Bristol, .	New Bedford,	At home,	194
Bitzer, Jacob,	27, Middlesex, .	Arlington,	At home,	125
Blague, Giles,	4, Hampden, .	Springfield,	Adams House, .	225
Blanchard, Arthur F., .	3, Middlesex, .	Cambridge,	At home,	226

NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Bliss, Alvin E.,	21, Middlesex, .	Malden,	At home,	9
Boothman, Cornelius, .	3, Berkshire, .	Adams,	Adams House,	144
Bower, Arthur,	5, Essex,	Lawrence,	At home,	146
Bowser, Eden K., .	19, Middlesex, .	Wakefield,	At home,	98
Bray, Albert C.,	1, Franklin, .	Shelburne Falls,	Adams House, .	90
Briggs, Elmer L., .	1, Plymouth, .	53 State Street, Boston,	Plymouth,	202
Brown, Frederic J.,	18, Middlesex, .	Woburn,	At home,	195
Browne, Arthur S.,	2, Middlesex, .	Cambridge,	At home,	120
Brunell, George J.,	6, Worcester, .	Webster,	32 Westland Ave-	211
Bunting, George,	5, Essex,	Methuen,	nue, Boston. At home,	24
Burke, Frank J., .	13, Suffolk, .	11 Auburn Street, Rox-	At home,	22
Burr, Arthur E.,	8, Suffolk,	bury Crossing. 15 Congress Street, Boston.	499 Audubon Road, Boston.	55

Burrell, Fred J.,	26, Middlesex, .	161 Devonshire Street, Medford,	Medford,	117
Butler, Frederick,	7, Essex,	Lawrence,	At home,	28
Butterworth, Ralph N.,	27, Suffolk, .	15 Congress Street, Bos-	Revere,	127
Carrick, George H.,	3, Middlesex, .	Cambridge,	At home,	2
Cashman, John B.,	2, Suffolk, .	279 Northern Avenue,	241 Chelsea Street,	193
Cheney, Herman S.,	5, Worcester, .	Southbridge,	Adams House, .	166
Clark, Henry S.,	24, Suffolk, .	191 Eighth Street, South	11 Montague Street,	167
Clauss, Frederic F.,	2, Middlesex, .	Cambridge,	Dorchester Center. At home,	18
Collins, Benjamin G., .	1, Dukes, .	Edgartown,	Adams House, .	25
Conroy, William S.,	10, Bristol, .	Fall River,	At home,	169
Cooke, Harry A.,	22, Worcester, :	Worcester,	At home,	168
Cooley, Charles L.,	2, Hampden, .	East Longmeadow, .	Adams House, .	187
Corbett, Thomas J.,	16, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	At home,	165
Corey, Edwin S.,	10, Worcester, .	Northborough,	At home,	163

NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Corrigan, Robert S.,	6, Middlesex, .	Natick,	At home,	164
Costello, Patrick M., .	11, Suffolk,	58 Edison Green, Dor- At home, .	At home,	186
Cowdrey, Henry E., .	12, Worcester, .	chester. Fitchburg,	At home,	177
Cox, Channing H.,	7, Suffolk,	Tremont Building, Bos-	90 The Fenway, .	Spk'r.
Cox, Edward J.,	1, Suffolk, .	ton. 476 Saratoga Street,	135 Addison Street,	129
Craig, John W.,	6, Suffolk,	East Boston. 595 Albany Street, Bos-	East Boston. 14 James Street,	99
Craig, William F.,	14, Essex,	ton. Lynn,	Boston. At home,	182
Cronin, John,	10, Hampden, .	Holyoke,	170 West Brookline	102
Crooks, Clarence A.,	10, Norfolk,	R. F. D. No. 1, Woon-	Street, Boston. At home,	61
Crowley, John T.,	5, Plymouth, .	socket, K. 1. Abington,	At home,	72
Daggett, Warren C.,	24, Middlesex, .	West Somerville,	At home,	115
Dean, Henry E.,	21, Worcester, .	Worcester,	At home,	33

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506	162	38	19	32	59	228	220	184	09	138	139	74	29	
. Adams House, .	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	19 Seaverns Avenue,	130 Calumet Street, Roxbury Cross-	At home,	At home,	47 Allen Street, Bos-	At home,	1059 Blue Hill Avenue, Dorchester.	
Sandwich,	14 Noanet Street, Bos- At home, .	24 Pelham Street, Bos-	Beverly Farms,	New Bedford,	134 Vernon Street, Rox-	West Bridgewater,	33 Broad Street, Boston,	Old South Building, Boston.	Newburyport,	285 Centre Street, Ja-	43 Tremont Street, Bos-	Whitinsville,	53 State Street, Boston,	
1, Barnstable, .	5, Suffolk, .	6, Suffolk, .	20, Essex,	8, Bristol, .	13, Suffolk, .	8, Plymouth, .	22, Suffolk, .	14, Suffolk, .	24, Essex,	15, Suffolk, .	5, Suffolk, .	8, Worcester, .	24, Suffolk,	
Dennis, George F.,	Donovan, John L.,	Donovan, Thomas F., .	Dow, James B.,	Doyle, Andrew P.,	Driscoll, Timothy J., .	Dunbar, Eddy P.,	Dunkle, Horace E.,	Dwyer, William F.,	Emery, Carl C.,	Englert, John P.,	Feinberg, Philip J.,	Ferry, James R.,	Finkel, Samuel B.,	

NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Fitz Gerald, Michael J.,	1, Hampshire, .	Northampton,	Adams House,	158
Flanagan, Michael A., .	8, Essex,	Lawrence,	At home,	21
Fleming, William,	23, Middlesex, .	52 Purchase Street, Bos-	Somerville,	86
Foley, William J.,	9, Suffolk,	old South Building, Bos-	358 Broadway,	218
Foster, William,	5, Hampden, .	Springfield,	Adams House,	202
Freeling, Joseph E.,	9, Bristol,	Fall River,	At home,	159
French, William F.,	2, Essex,	Haverhill,	At home,	31
French, William P.,	24, Middlesex, .	141 Milk Street, Boston,	West Somerville, .	202
Frothingham, Charles B.,	12, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	16
Furness, Howard F.,	20, Middlesex, .	Old South Building, Bos-	Everett,	83
Gibbs, John M.,	5, Middlesex, .	Pemberton Building,	Waltham,	56
Gibson, Edwin H.,	4, Plymouth, .	Hanover Center,	At home,	39

Gillen, Daniel J.,	. 12, Suffolk,	177 Winthrop Street	Street, At home,	109
Gleason, Nesbit G.,	9, Essex,	Andover,	. At home,	104
Gould, Charles W.,	9, Worcester, .	Milford,	. At home,	147
Granfield, William J., .	3, Hampden, .	Springfield,	. Beacon Chambers,	40
Granger, Clarence H., .	2, Hampden, .	Feeding Hills,	. Adams House, .	105
Green, Thomas H.,	3, Suffolk,	117 Baldwin Street, At home, .	At home,	237
Greenwood, Fred P.,	20, Middlesex, .	Everett,	. At home,	11
Hall, Clarence M.,	19, Worcester, .	Worcester,	. At home,	84
Hamilton, John O.,	1, Hampden, .	Palmer,	. Adams House, .	107
Harriman, Rowland P.,.	10, Middlesex, .	Maynard,	. 64 Randolph Street,	197
Harrington, Edward F., 10, Bristol,	10, Bristol, .	Fall River,	At home,	234
Hartshorn, Charles H., .	2, Worcester, .	Gardner,	. Adams House, .	173
Haskins, William M.,	7, Plymouth, .	Middleborough, .	. At home,	172

NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Hayes, James W., .	6, Suffolk,	1623 Washington Street.	3968 Washington	224
Haynes, Walter,	2, Plymouth, .	Scituate,	At home,	171
Hays, Martin,	25, Suffolk,	18 Tremont Street, Bos-	21 Park Vale Ave-	37
Hearn, William H.,	2, Suffolk, .	4 Lamson Street, East	nue, Allston. At home,	170
Higgins, Matthew A., .	3, Bristol,	Taunton,	At home,	229
Hirsch, John A.,	1, Norfolk, .	East Dedham,	At home,	174
Holland, William J.,	11, Suffolk,	560 Dorchester Avenue,	159 Boston Street,	235
Howland, Edgar F.,	8, Bristol, .	New Bedford,	At home,	208
Hudson, John R., .	5, Middlesex, .	Waltham,	At home,	65
Hull, John C.,	11, Worcester, .	Leominster,	At home,	26
Jewett, Victor Francis, .	15, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	At home,	51
Johnson, John G., .	13, Worcester, .	Worcester,	At home,	20

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Johnson, William L.,	7, Worcester, . Uxbridge,	Uxbridge,	At home,	160	
Jones, Arthur W., .	1, Nantucket, .	Nantucket,	Adams House,	178	
Jones, Benjamin O.,	5, Bristol, .	Myricks,	At home,	14	
Jordan, Michael H.,	6, Essex,	Lawrence,	At home,	69	
Joyce, Thomas M.,	12, Suffolk, .	423 Dudley Street, Rox-	At home,	81	
Kelley, Charles A.,	16, Worcester, .	Worcester,	At home,	87	
Kelley, David L., .	6, Bristol, .	Fairhaven,	At home,	180	
Kelley, Edward I.,	1, Suffolk, .	30 Faxon Street, East	At home,	106	
Kellogg, Nathaniel P., .	4, Franklin, .	Orange,	Adams House,	230	
Kent, Robert T.,	4, Berkshire, .	Pittsfield,	Adams House, .	203	
Kiernan, James F.,	6, Plymouth, .	Wareham,	At home,	42	
Kneeland, William A., .	25, Middlesex, .	18 Tremont Street, Bos-	Winchester,	135	
Lane, Martin R., .	19, Essex,	Beverly,	At home,	154	
Larocque, Ernest A.,	11, Bristol,	Fall River,	At home,	112	

NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Leavitt, Thomas,	19, Suffolk,	137 Tonawanda Street, At home, .	At home,	62
Lord, William G., .	1, Worcester, .	Athol,	Adams House,	73
Lyman, Frank E., .	2, Hampshire, .	Easthampton,	Adams House,	217
Magee, Winthrop,	21, Suffolk, .	4 and 6 Henry Street,	Winthrop,	22
Mahoney, John P.,	4, Suffolk, .	11 Ellwood Street, At home,	At home,	141
Mahoney, William H., .	11, Essex,	Peabody,	At home,	66
Makepeace, Lloyd,	21, Middlesex, .	35 Congress Street, Bos-	Malden,	47
Malone, Michael F.,	15, Worcester, .	Worcester,	At home,	1
Maloney, David J.,	20, Suffolk, .	34 School Street, Boston,	Chelsea,	116
Manning, Frank A.,	11, Plymouth, .	Brockton,	At home,	148
Manning, William J.,	9, Suffolk, .	34 Baxter Street, South At home,	At home,	131
Marsh, Arthur E.,	6, Hampden, .	Springfield,	Adams House,	80

Marsh, George S., .	3, Plymouth, . Hingham,.		. At home,	130
Martin, Robert B.,	24, Suffolk, .	982 Hyde Park Avenue,	At home,	26
McAllister, John H.,	5, Berkshire, .	Lee,	Adams House, .	88
McDonnell, William H.,	10, Suffolk, .	40 Court Street, Boston,	27 Mercer Street,	119
McGrath, Joseph,	17, Suffolk,	294 Washington Street,	3 Castle Rock	212
McIntosh, David S.,	3, Norfolk, .	Quincy,	At home,	91
McKeon, Francis P., .	17, Worcester, .	Worcester,	At home,	92
McKinney, Francis B., .	26, Suffolk, .	83 Elmira Street, Brigh-	At home,	188
McLaughlin, Henry J., .	4, Suffolk,	20 Bunker Hill Street, Charlestown.	7A Bunker Hill Street, Charles-	161
McMenimen, William R.,	1, Middlesex, .	Cambridge,	town. At home,	223
McNamee, Michael J.,.	3, Suffolk,	53 Baldwin Street,	At home,	126
Mealey, Stephen R.,	15, Suffolk,	944 Parker Street, Rox-	At home,	196
Mellen, Walter L.,	20, Worcester, .	Worcester,	At home,	75
Merriam, Bernard F., .	7, Middlesex, .	Framingham,	At home,	183

NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Meyers, Julius,	2, Middlesex, .	Cambridge,	At home,	15
Mitchell, John,	3, Hampden,	Springfield,	Adams House,	236
Monk, Wesley E.,	29, Middlesex,	Watertown,	At home,	150
Moran, James G., .	2, Bristol,	Mansfield,	At home,	238
Morrill, Charles H.,	4, Essex, .	Haverhill,	At home,	4
Morrison, James, .	26, Middlesex,	Medford,	At home,	6
Morse, George D.,	10, Essex, .	Danvers,	At home,	46
Moulton, J. Warren, .	2, Worcester,	Rutland,	Adams House,	48
Moynihan, James J.,	18, Suffolk,	10 Tremont Street, Bos-	23 Adams Street,	149
Mulveny, Frank,	. 11, Bristol,	Fall River,	At home,	178
Murphy, Daniel C.,	17, Suffolk,	. 210 Blue Hill Avenue,	149 Howard Avenue,	88
Murphy, Dennis A.,	. 14, Middlesex,	Lowell,	At home,	125

176	At home,	•	Marblehead,	16, Essex,	Osborne, John N.,
100	50 Peterborough Street Boston	٠	Pittsfield,	4, Berkshire, .	Orr, John Glenn,
92	At home,	•	West Medway,	9, Norfolk,	Ollendorff, William W.,
49	At home,	•	Lynn,	14, Essex,	Odlin, James E.,
190	Adams House,	•	Chicopee Falls,	8, Hampden, .	O'Connor, John D.,
222	158 Dorchester Street, South	•	46 Cornhill, Boston,	10, Suffolk,	O'Connor, Charles S., .
29	At home,		Leominster,	11, Worcester, .	Nutting, Edward H.,
500	At home,	٠	East Saugus, .	13, Essex,	Nourse, George L.,
36	At home,	•	Fitchburg,	12, Worcester, .	Nichols, Frederic C.,
27	At home,	•	Stoneham,	18, Middlesex, .	Newhall, Arthur N.,
132	At home,	•	Newburyport, .	23, Essex,	Nelson, Oscar H.,
2	At home,	•	Worcester,	18, Worcester, .	Nelson, Christian,
155	At home,	٠	Haverhill,	4, Essex,	Nason, Arthur L., .
189	. Beacon Chambers,	•	Holyoke,	9, Hampden, . Holyoke,	Murphy, John J., .

NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Packard, Walter T.,	9, Plymouth, .	Brockton,	At home,	232
Paine, Arthur W.,	6, Norfolk, .	Holbrook,	At home,	43
Penshorn, George,	22, Suffolk, .	209 Washington Street,	203 Lamartine Street,	133
Pepin, Chauncey,	17, Essex, .	Salem,	At home,	34
Perham, Walter,	11, Middlesex, .	Chelmsford,	At home,	221
Pierce, Frederick E.,	2, Franklin, .	Greenfield,	Parker House,	231
Powers, Leland,	4, Middlesex, .	101 Milk Street, Boston,	Newtonville,	Desk.
Prescott, Francis,	9, Worcester, .	Grafton,	269 Park Street,	Desk.
Putnam, Frank H.,	15, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	At home,	17
Quigley, Lawrence F., .	23, Suffolk, .	Leopold Morse Com-	Chelsea,	200
Quinn, Timothy F.,	7, Norfolk, .	pany, Boston. 153 Milk Street, Boston,	Sharon,	128
Reardon, Dennis F.,	14, Suffolk,	88 Calumet Street, Rox- At home, bury Crossing.	At home,	199

Richards, George Louis,	21, Middlesex, .	Richards, George Louis, 21, Middlesex, . 79 Milk Street, Boston, . Malden,	Malden,	174
Robinson, Arthur W., .	24, Middlesex, .	178 Devonshire Street,	West Somerville, .	63
Rowley, Charles F.,	2, Norfolk,	Barrister's Hall, Boston, Brookline,	Brookline,	89
Sawyer, Roland D.,	4, Hampshire, .	Ware,	Commonwealth	28
Scigliano, Edward A., .	5, Suffolk, .	40 Central Street, Bos-	224 Hanover Street,	156
Shedd, Harry L.,	17, Middlesex, .	South Lowell,	At home,	152
Slotnick, Michael N., .	11, Hampden, .	Holyoke,	Adams House,	44
Slowey, Charles H.,	14, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	At home,	233
Smith, Fitz-Henry, Jr.,	8, Suffolk, .	35 Congress Street, Bos-	132 Newbury Street,	111
Smith, Jerome S.,	3, Barnstable, .	Provincetown,	Boston. 146 Bowdoin Street,	23
Snow, Dexter A.,	12, Hampden, .	Westfield,	Boston. Adams House,	140
Southworth, Gilbert G.,	8, Bristol, .	New Bedford,	At home,	213
Spinney, Burgess H.,	5, Norfolk, .	115 Devoushire Street,	East Weymouth, .	114
Stetson, William N.,	2, Barnstable, .	Yarmouth,	Adams House, .	85
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NAME.	District.	Post-office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Swig, Simon,	16, Suffolk,	14 State Street, Boston,	67 Homestead	192
Tarbell, Warren E.,	4, Worcester, .	East Brookfield,	At home,	113
Tolman, James E.,	21, Essex,	Gloucester,	At home,	20
Torrey, Frank A.,	12, Middlesex, .	15 Court Square, Boston, Groton,	Groton,	64
Underhill, Charles L., .	23, Middlesex, .	Winter Hill,	At home,	33
Wadleigh, Albert P.,	1, Essex,	gton	Street, Merrimac,	134
Walker, George,	7, Bristol,.	Havernii, New Bedford,	At home,	142
Wall, Albert T.,	14, Worcester, .	Worcester,	At home,	12
Warner, Joseph E.,	4, Bristol, .	Taunton,	At home,	13
Wasserman, Jacob,	19, Suffolk, .	78 Devonshire Street,	29	93
Waterman, George B., .	2, Berkshire, .	Williamstown,	Adams House,	110
Weston, Thomas, Jr., .	4, Middlesex, .	Sears Building, Boston, .	West Newton,	45

	175	At home,	Spencer,	3, Woreester, .	Young, Myron A.,
	53	Auburndale,	60 State Street, Boston, Auburndale,	13, Middlesex, .	Young, Benjamin Loring, 13, Middlesex, .
	œ	At home,	Attleboro,	1, Bristol, .	Worrall, George M.,
v	71	At home,	Melrose,	22, Middlesex, .	Woodill, Harry C.,
	157	At home,	Woodville,	8, Middlesex, .	Wood, Wilbur A.,
	108	At home,	Fall River,	9, Bristol, .	Wood, Isaac U.,
•	94	At home,	Gloucester,	22, Essex,	Wonson, Carlton W.,
	137	77 Barry Street, Haben's Corner	8 Beacon Street, Boston,	18, Suffolk, .	Winchester, Charles A., 18, Suffolk,
	153	Adams House, .	South Hadley,	3, Hampshire, .	Wilson, Alvin R.,
	103	At home,	Clinton,	10, Worcester, .	Whitney, George A.,
	96	At home,	Quincy,	3, Norfolk, .	Whitman, Albert L.,
	136	Adams House,	Indian Orchard,	7, Hampden, .	Wheeler, Bion T., .
	101	6 Ferdinand Street,	321 South Station, Bos- 6 Ferdinand Street,	7, Suffolk, .	Wharton, Joseph W.,

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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THOMAS F. PEDRICK, Lynn, . . Sergeant-at-Arms.
REV. DANIEL W. WALDRON, BOSTON, Chaplain.

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Third Division,	$\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text{Messrs.} \end{array}\right.$	WOODILL CRAIG.		of Melrose. of Boston.
Fourth Division,	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} { m Messrs.} \end{array} \right.$	Hudson Burke		of Waltham.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS AND APPOINTEES.

 Lynn,

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APPOINTEES.

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Cashier. - Ellen Mudge Burrill.

Clerk. — Harold L. Pedrick.

Messengers. — George M. Fillebrown, Charles H. Woodbury.

Document Clerk. — Frank W. Cole.

Assistants in Document Room. — Frank H. Steele, Edwin W. Killpartrick.

Chief Engineer. — Fred H. Kimball.

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Assistant Doorkeeper. — Charles O. Holt.

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Pages. — Harold Russell Danforth, Bernard Rudnick, John J. Saunders, Harold T. Gilmour.

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Assistant Doorkeeper. - Francis Steele.

Postmaster. - Morris C. Jackson.

Assistant to Postmaster. — Austin T. Davis.

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Pages. — Eugene P. Mellody, William A. Fisher, Charles W. Oshman, Russell T. Shay, George F. Beatty, Roland R. Lowe, William Thomas Shea, Leland Stuart Smith.

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				of Middlesex.
				Worcester and Hampden
				of Suffolk.
Nash			. 0	f Norfolk and Plymouth
	ON V	VAYS	AND	MEANS.
N C				
Messrs. Giffo	RD .			of Cape and Plymouth f Franklin and Hampshire
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MICLA	NE .			of Bristol of Middlesex.
MICLA	UGHLIN		• •	of Suffolk.
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				of Suffolk.
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Curr.	AN .			of Suffolk.
		ON	RULE	s.
THE	Preside	NT.		
Messrs. Hobb	s			of Worcester.
Wilso	эх			of Norfolk and Suffolk
Horse	on		. of	Worcester and Hampder
LAWL				of Suffolk.

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JEWETT							of Lowell.
Sмітн							of Boston.
ROWLEY .							of Brookline.
Kent							of Pittsfield.
Young							of Weston.
LYMAN							of Easthampton.
Emery*							of Newburyport.
Donovan, Jos	HN	L.					of Boston.
FITZ GERALD							of Northampton.
ON 1	VΑ	YS	AN	īD	MI	EAI	1 S.
ON V Messrs. Warner .	₩ A	YS	AN	ID	MI	EAI	NS. of Taunton.
01.	X A	¥8	AN	I D	MI	EAI	
Messrs. Warner .	W A	¥8	AN	I D	MI	EAI	of Taunton.
Messrs. Warner . Bitzer			•		MI	EA1	of Taunton. of Arlington.
Messis. Warner . Bitzer Lyman					MI	EAI	of Taunton. of Arlington. of Easthampton.
Messis. Warner . Bitzer Lyman Babb					MI	EA1	of Taunton. of Arlington. of Easthampton. of Boston.
Messrs. Warner Bitzer Lyman Babb Young*			· · ·		MI	EAI	of Taunton. of Arlington. of Easthampton. of Boston. of Weston.
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^{*} Clerk.

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	Burr .							of Boston.
	MAKEPEACE							of Malden.
	Barry .							of Lynn.
	KNEELAND							of Winchester.
	Kiernan							of Wareham.
	WASSERMAN							of Boston.
	Moran .							of Mansfield.
	BALLANTYNE	· .						of Boston.
	Mahoney							of Peabody.
	Granfield*		•			٠	•	of Springfield.
		ON	EI	EC	TIC	NS		
Messrs.	MAKEPEACE							of Malden.
	Bower .							of Lawrence.
	CARRICK							of Cambridge.
	HALL .							of Worcester.
	Penshorn							of Boston.
	Adams .							of Stockbridge.
	ADAMO .			•	•			
	McNamee							of Boston.
			•	•	•			of Boston.
Messrs.	McNamee	IN	TH	Œ	TH I	IRD	F	of Boston.
Messrs.	McNamee ON BILLS Powers.	IN	TH	E	TH !	IRD	F	of Boston.
Messrs.	McNamee ON BILLS Powers . Finkel .	IN	TH	E.	TH]	IRD		of Boston. READING. of Newton.
Messrs.	McNamee ON BILLS Powers . Finkel .	IN	TH	I E	TH :	IRD		of Boston. READING. of Newton. of Boston. of Peabody.
	McNamee ON BILLS Powers Finkel Mahoney	IN	TH	E	TH :	IRD		of Boston. READING. of Newton. of Boston. of Peabody.
	McNamee ON BILLS Powers . Finkel . Mahoney ON	IN	TH	E	THI	IRD	LL	of Boston. READING. of Newton. of Boston. of Peabody. S. of Grafton.
	McNamee ON BILLS Powers . Finkel . Mahoney ON Prescott	IN	TH	E OSS	THI	IRD	F LL	of Boston. READING. of Newton. of Boston. of Peabody. S. of Grafton. of Milford.
	McNamee ON BILLS POWERS. FINKEL. MAHONEY ON PRESCOTT GOULD.	IN	TH	OSS	THI	RD	F LL	of Boston. READING. of Newton. of Boston. of Peabody. S. of Grafton. of Milford.
Messrs.	McNamee ON BILLS POWERS. FINKEL. MAHONEY ON PRESCOTT GOULD.	IN	THE	OSS	THI	IRD	F LL	of Boston. READING. of Newton. of Boston. of Peabody. S. of Grafton. of Milford. of Boston.
Messrs.	McNamee ON BILLS POWERS. FINKEL. MAHONEY ON PRESCOTT GOULD. FEINBERG	IN	THE GROOM	OSS	THI	IRD BI LL.	F	of Boston. READING. of Newton. of Boston. of Peabody. S. of Grafton. of Milford. of Boston.

^{*} Clerk.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

ON ADMINISTRATION AND COMMISSIONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs, Hobbs of Worcester. PERLEY of Essex. Hobson of Worcester and Hampden. Of the House. - Messrs. Smith . of Boston. of Newton. ALLEN Monk . of Watertown. Marsh* . of Springfield. KELLEY . . . of Fairhaven. . . of Williamstown. WATERMAN Holland . . . of Boston. Kelley, E. I. of Boston. ON AGRICULTURE. of Middlesex. Of the Senate. - Messrs. Colburn . Smith of Middlesex. . of Middlesex. EAMES Of the House. - Messrs. Tarbell . . of Brookfield. BEAMAN . of Leverett. . of W. Bridgewater. Dunbar* . . of Agawam. GRANGER . of South Hadley. Wilson . . of Buckland. Bray .

Packard .

Adams

of Brockton.
 of Stockbridge.

^{*} Clerk.

ON BANKS AND BANKING.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Mcknight . . of Middlesex.

CAVANAGH . . of Middlesex.

Hormel . . . of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Swig . . . of Boston.

FREELING* . . of Fall River.
FURNESS . . . of Everett.
Young . . . of Spencer.

YOUNG . . . of Spencer.

Merriam . . of Framingham.

Nichols . . . of Fitchburg.

WOOD . . . of Hopkinton.
McGrath . . of Boston.

ON CITIES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Chamberlain . of Hampden.

Beck . . . of Suffolk.

Dahlborg . . of Plymouth. Fitzgerald . . of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Bliss . . . of Malden.

Woodill* . . of Melrose.

Johnson . . . of Worcester. Putnam . . . of Lowell.

WHARTON . . of Boston. Foster . . . of Springfield.

BAXTER . . . of Lynn.

Hudson . . . of Waltham.

Austin . . of Somerville.

HIGGINS . . . of Taunton.
SCIGLIANO . . of Boston.

ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Tetler . . . of Essex.

Dahlborg . . of Plymouth.

McLaughlin . of Suffolk.

^{*} Clerk.

Of the House, - Messrs.	Weston				of	Newton.
•	BARRY				of	Lynn.
	Benton				\mathbf{of}	Belmont.
	Briggs				of	Plymouth.
	DUNKLE*				of	Boston.
	PUTNAM				of	Lowell.
	HEARN				\mathbf{of}	Boston.
	GILLEN				of	Boston.
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ON	COUNT	TE	ა.			
Of the Senate. — Messrs.	Knox.		•			Middlesex.
	Brown					Essex.
	\mathbf{Morris}					Suffolk.
Of the House. — Messrs.					~ ~	Fall River.
	Hirsch				\mathbf{of}	Dedham.
	Wadleigh	_		•		Merrimac.
	Daggett*	*				Somerville.
	Cooley		•	of		Longmeadow.
	Bellows			•		Clarksburg.
	Mitchell	,		•		Springfield.
	DWYER	•	•	•	of	Boston.
ON	EDUCAT	ГIC	N.			
Of the Senate. — Messrs.					οf	Worcester.
						in and Hamp-
	CHURCHI	י עני	,, ,			shire.
	CHAMBER		N			Hampden.
Of the House. — Messrs.						Leominster.
	Baldwin		•			Brockton.
	Gibson*	•		•		Hanover.
	BARTLETT	?				. Attleborough.
	Wonson	•				Gloucester.
	Dow .	•	•	•		Beverly.
	Conroy	•		•		Fall River.
	Moyniha	N	•	•	of	Boston.

ON ELECTION LAWS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Hormel . . . of Suffolk.

Hobbs . . . of Worcester.

CAVANAGH . . of Middlesex.

Of the House. - Messrs. Burr . . . of Boston.

HAYS, MARTIN . of Boston.

Woodill . . . of Melrose.

Johnson . . . of Worcester.

Jones* . . . of Berkley. Sawyer . . . of Ware.

GREEN . . . of Boston.

O'CONNOR . . of Chicopee.

ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Of the Senate, — Messrs. Hastings $\,$. $\,$ of Berkshire.

Nichols . . . of Suffolk.

BUCKLEY . . . of Hampden.

Of the House. — Messrs. Achin . . . of Lowell.

Bowser . . . of Wakefield. Underhill . . of Somerville.

French . . . of Somerville.

RICHARDS . . of Malden.

McKinney . . of Boston.

O'Connor . . of Boston.

Quigley* . . of Chelsea.

ON FISHERIES AND GAME.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. HARDY of Berkshire, Hampshire and Hampden.

Brown . . . of Essex.

COLBURN . . . of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messis. Smith . . . of Provincetown.

Collins* . . . of Edgartown.

Penshorn . . of Boston.

Bennett . . . of Springfield.

^{*} Clerk.

,			
Of the House. — Messrs. Bentley .			of Swampscott.
			of Webster.
			of New Bedford.
Malone .			of Worcester.
ON HARBORS AND PU	JBL	IC	LANDS.
Of the Senate. — Messrs. Brown .			of Essex.
Reed			of Bristol.
Curran .			of Suffolk.
Of the House Messrs. Mulveny			of Fall River.
Hirsch .			of Dedham.
Bentley .			of Swampscott.
HAYNES* .			of Scituate.
Perham .			of Chelmsford.
Bower .			of Lawrence.
Sмітн .			of Provincetown.
Jones .			of Nantucket.
ON INSURAN	CE		
Of the Senate Messrs. McLane .			of Bristol.
Sanford .			of Suffolk.
McKnight			of Middlesex.
Russell .			
Of the House Messrs. Waterman			of Williamstown.
BARTLETT			
Bagshaw			of Fall River.
CARRICK .			of Cambridge.
Clark .			of Boston.
Bunting .			of Methuen.
Wheeler			of Springfield.
Wall			of Worcester.
Craig* .			of Boston.

O'CONNOR . . of Boston.

^{*} Clerk.

ON LABOR.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Hobson of Worcester and Hampden.

GIFFORD . of Cape and Plymouth.

Perrin . . . of Norfolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Collins . . . of Edgartown.

COWDREY . . of Fitchburg.

STETSON . . . of Yarmouth.

HASKINS . . of Middleborough.

Shedd . . . of Tewksbury.

Morrill* . . of Haverhill.

Manning . . of Boston.

Kelley . . . of Worcester.

ON LEGAL AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Perley . . . of Essex.

Perrin . . . of Norfolk.

Reed . . . of Bristol.

Morris . . . of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Gibbs . . . of Waltham.

TOLMAN . . . of Gloucester.

Bates* . . of Quincy.

BOOTHMAN . . of Adams.

GOULD . . of Milford.

Finkel . . . of Boston.

SLOTNICK . . of Holyoke.

Browne . . . of Cambridge.

FLANAGAN . . of Lawrence.

McDonnell . of Boston.

McKeon . . . of Worcester.

ON MERCANTILE AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Smith . . . of Middlesex.

McLane . . . of Bristol.

Harrop . . . of Worcester.

Buckley . . . of Hampden.

^{*} Clerk.

Of the House Messrs.	MONK .			of Watertown.			
	CLAUSS .			of Cambridge.			
	Odlin .			of Lynn.			
	MALONEY			of Chelsea.			
	Bunting .			of Methuen.			
	Burrell .			of Medford.			
	MELLEN .			of Worcester.			
	BLAGUE .			of Springfield.			
	LORD			of Athol.			
	HARRINGTO	N		of Fall River.			
	Donovan,	T . F.	*	of Boston.			
ON METROPOLITAN AFFAIRS.							
Of the Scnate. — Messrs	Wilson of	Norf	ılk	and Suffolk.			
	Nichols .			of Suffolk.			
	HORMEL .			of Suffolk.			
	LAWLER .			of Suffolk.			
Of the House. — Messrs	Brown .			of Woburn.			
	WESTON .			of Newton.			
	Ammidon.			of Cambridge.			
	Benton* .			of Belmont.			
	FLEMING .			of Somerville.			
	BUTTERWOR	RTH		of Revere.			
	ARNOLD .			of Boston.			
	CRAIG .			of Lynn.			
	Burke .			of Boston.			
	Craig .			of Boston.			
	FEINBERG			of Boston.			
ON 185	T T/M A TO TZ A	TOTAL A		g			
	LITARY A						
Of the Senate. — Messrs			aı				
	Cross .		•	of Worcester.			
04.7	FITZGERALD		٠	of Suffolk.			
Of the House. — Messrs							
	ALLEN, ERN	VEST		-			
	Lane* .	•		of Beverly.			
	RICHARDS	•	•	of Malden.			

Of the House. — Messrs, Robinson . . of Somerville. . of Lowell. Achin PIERCE of Greenfield. Murphy . . . of Boston. ON MUNICIPAL FINANCE. Of the Senate, — Messes, Sanford . . . of Suffolk. Beck . . of Suffelk. . of Bristol. HALLIWELL . Of the House. — Messis. Gleason . . . of Andover. Martin . . . of Boston. Hall . . . of Worcester. Blanchard . . of Cambridge. Bates . . . of Salem. Walker* . . of New Bedford. Bartlett . . of Brockton. . of Lawrence. Jordan . . ON PUBLIC HEALTH. Of the Senate. - Messrs. Hart of Worcester. Jackson . . . of Essex. McLaughlin . of Suffolk. Of the House. — Messrs. Frothingham . of Lynn. MULVENY . . of Fall River. . . of Everett. Furness . Leavitt . . . of Boston. Johnson . . . of Uxbridge. Morse . . . of Danvers. Cheney* . . of Southbridge. HAYES, J. W. . of Boston. ON PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS. Of the Senate. — Messrs. Dahlborg of Plymouth. Perley . . . of Essex. Knox. . . . of Middlesex. Russell . of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs.	LAROCQUE KELLEY FRENCH DEAN DEAN ALLEN, GEO. C. I ORR SOUTHWORTH* COX, EDWARD MURPHY		of Pittsfield. of New Bedford.
OM DV			
	BLIC LIGHTII		7
Of the Senate. — Messrs.			of Suffolk, of Essex.
	TETLER HARROP	-	of Worcester.
			of Bristol.
Of the House Messrs.			of Gloucester.
Of the House. — Messis.			of Boston.
			of Haverhill.
			of Cambridge.
			of New Bedford.
	UNDERHILL .		of Somerville.
	NUTTING		of Leominster.
			of Westfield.
	JOYCE		of Boston.
•	McNamee .		of Boston.
	MEALEY		of Boston.
ON P	UBLIC SERVIC	E.	
Of the Senate Messrs.	Perrin		of Norfolk.
	CHAMBERLAIN		of Hampden.
	HASTINGS .		of Berkshire.
Of the House Messrs.	WHITMAN .		of Quincy.
	WHITNEY .		of Clinton.
	Wood		of Fall River.

Of the House Messrs. I	Nelson .				of Newburyport.			
	Johnson*				of Uxbridge.			
(Corey .				of Northborough.			
I	McLaugh	LIN			of Boston.			
3	Englert .				of Boston.			
ON RAILROADS.								
Of the Senate. — Messrs. I	Новве				of Worcester.			
•	PERLEY .	•	•		of Essex.			
_	TETLER .	•			of Essex.			
	CURRAN .	•			of Suffolk.			
Of the House. — Messrs. J		•			of Lowell.			
•	PEPIN .	•			of Salem.			
	MITCHELL	•			of Springfield.			
-	Marsh* .		•		of Springfield.			
_	GREENWOO	מכ	•		of Everett.			
	FREELING	,,,	•		of Fall River.			
	Swig				of Boston.			
	Prescott				of Grafton.			
	OLLENDOR			-	of Medway.			
	OUINN .				of Sharon.			
	REARDON				of Boston.			
ON ROAD	DS AND	BF	RID	GI	es.			
Of the Senate Messrs. 3	JACKSON .				of Essex.			
(Colburn .				of Middlesex.			
I	HART				of Worcester.			
Of the House Messrs.]	Emery .				of Newburyport.			
I	Pepin .				of Salem.			
ľ	Moulton*	•			of Rutland.			
1	Dennis .				of Sandwich.			
I	Baker .				of Marlborough.			
1	Nelson .				of Worcester.			
	LEAVITT .				of Boston.			
	McMenim	EN			of Cambridge.			

^{*} Clerk.

ON SOCIAL WELFARE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. EAMES . . . of Middlesex.

WILSON . of Norfolk and Suffolk.

Hastings . . of Berkshire.

Of the House. — Messis. Greenwood . . . of Everett.

Ferry . . . of Northbridge.

Dunkle . . of Boston.

LORD . . . of Athol.

FROTHINGHAM . of Lynn.
McIntosh . of Quincy.
Crowley . of Abington.

Corrigan* . . of Natick.

ON STATE HOUSE AND LIBRARIES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Reed . . . of Bristol.

MacPherson . of Middlesex. Fitzgerald . . of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Whitney . . . of Clinton.

Odlin* . . of Lynn.

Wood . . . of Fall River.

Baldwin . . . of Brockton.

Martin . . . of Boston.

Driscoll . . of Boston.

Cashman . . of Boston.

MORRILL . . . of Haverhill.

ON STREET RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. MacPherson . of Middlesex.

McKnight . . of Middlesex.

HARDY of Berkshire, Hampshire and

Hampden.

Knox . . . of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Worrall . . . cf Attleboro.

Kent* . . of Pittsfield.

BOWSER . . . of Wakefield.

ALLEN . . of Newton.

GIBBS . . . of Waltham.

 of Medford. of Brookline. of Worcester. L. of Boston. of Brockton. of Northampton.
of Suffolk. and Plymouth. and Plymouth. of Suffolk. of Brookline. of Plymouth. of Holbrook. of Weymouth. of Stoneham. of Newton. of Norwood. of Yarmouth. of Groton. of Ware.
•
ranklin and Hamp- shire of Worcester of Worcester.
of Worcester. of Marblehead. of Winthrop. of Webster. of Hingham. of Stow. of Saugus. of Palmer.

ON WATER SUPPLY.

Of the Senate. — Messrs.	HARROP		of W	orcester.
	Jackson		of E	ssex.
	Buckley		of H	ampden.
Of the House. — Messrs.	CLAUSS		of C	ambridge.
	HASKINS*		of Mic	ldleborough.
	Bessette		of N	ew Bedford.
	Crooks		of B	ellingham.
			. of -	 .
	Corbett		of L	owell.
	Cronin		of H	lolyoke.
	COSTELLO)	. of B	oston.

^{*} Clerk.

List of Members of the Senate, with Committees of which Each Person is a Member.

NAME.

Beck, John E.,	Cities, Municipal Finance, Public Lighting (chairman).
Brown, Charles D.,	Counties, Fisheries and Game,
	Harbors and Public Lands (chairman).
Buckley, Daniel J.,	Federal Relations, Mercantile Af-
	fairs, Water Supply.
Cavanagh, James F.,	Banks and Banking, Election Laws, Judiciary (chairman).
Chamberlain, George D.,	Cities (chairman), Education, Public Service.
Churchill, George B., .	Education, Towns (chairman), Ways and Means.
Colburn, Arthur W.,	Agriculture (chairman), Fisheries and Game, Roads and Bridges.
Cross, Fred W.,	Education (chairman), Military Affairs, Towns.
Curran, George E.,	Engrossed Bills, Harbors and Public Lands, Railroads.
Dahlborg, Edward N., .	Cities, Constitutional Amendments, Public Institutions
	(chairman).
Eames, Edward B.,	Agriculture, Engrossed Bills, Social Welfare (chairman).
Fitzgerald, John I.,	Cities, Military Affairs, State House and Libraries.
Gifford, Charles L.,	Labor, Taxation, Ways and Means (chairman).

NAME.	COMMITTEES.
Halliwell, John,	Bills in the Third Reading (chairman), Municipal Finance, Public L. L.
Hardy, Leonard F.,	lic Lighting. Bills in the Third Reading, Fisheries and Game (chairman), Street Railways.
Harrop, James L.,	Mercantile Affairs, Public Lighting, Water Supply (chairman).
Hart, George Fred,	Public Health (chairman), Roads and Bridges, Towns.
Hastings, George A.,	Federal Relations (chairman), Public Service, Social Welfare.
Hobbs, Clarence W., Jr., .	Administration and Commissions (chairman), Election Laws, Railroads (chairman), Rules.
Hobson, Ernest E.,	Administration and Commissions, Judiciary, Labor (chairman), Rules.
Hormel, Herman,	Banks and Banking, Election Laws (chairman), Metropolitan Affairs.
Jackson, George H.,	Public Health, Roads and Bridges (chairman), Water Supply.
Knox, Joseph O.,	Counties (chairman), Public Institutions, Street Railways.
Lawler, Charles S.,	Bills in the Third Reading, Metropolitan Affairs, Rules.
MacPherson, James E., .	Judiciary, State House and Libraries, Street Railways (chairman).
McKnight, Edwin T., .	Banks and Banking (chairman), Insurance, Street Railways.
McLane, Walter E.,	Insurance (chairman), Mercantile Affairs, Ways and Means.
McLaughlin, Edward F.,	Constitutional Amendments, Public Health, Ways and Means.
Morris, Edward G.,	Counties, Legal Affairs, Taxation.

NAME.	COMMITTEES.
Nash, Kenneth L.,	Judiciary, Military Affairs (chairman), Taxation.
Nichols, Malcolm E., .	Federal Relations, Metropolitan Affairs, Taxation (chairman).
Perley, E. Howard,	Administration and Commissions, Legal Affairs (chairman), Public Institutions, Railroads.
Perrin, Harold L.,	Labor, Legal Affairs, Public Service (chairman).
Reed, Silas D.,	Harbors and Public Lands, Legal Affairs, State House and Libra- ries (chairman).
Russell, William E.,	Engrossed Bills (chairman), Insurance, Public Institutions.
Sanford, Alpheus,	Insurance, Judiciary, Municipal Finance (chairman).
Smith, Charles S.,	Agriculture, Mercantile Affairs (chairman), Ways and Means.
Tetler, James R.,	Constitutional Amendments (chairman), Public Lighting, Railroads.
Wells, Henry G.,	[President.] Rules (chairman).
Wilson, Herbert A.,	Metropolitan Affairs (chairman),

Rules, Social Welfare.

List of Members of the House of Representatives, with Committees of which Each Person is a Member.

Α.

NAME. COMMITTEES.

Judiciary (chairman). Abbott, Essex S., .

Achin, Henry, Jr., Federal Relations (chairman). Military Affairs.

Elections, Agriculture. Adams, Peter I., .

Allen, Ernest W., Military Affairs.

Allen, Frank G., .

Taxation. Allen, George C. F., . Public Institutions.

Administration and Commissions. Allen, J. Weston, . .

Street Railways. Metropolitan Affairs. Ammidon, Philip R., Arnold, Seth F., . . Metropolitan Affairs.

Atwood, Harrison H., Ways and Means.

Austin, Charles M., . Cities.

В.

Babb, George W. P., Ways and Means.

Bagshaw, James T., . Counties (chairman), Insurance.

Baker, John H., . . Roads and Bridges. Baldwin, George S., . Street Railways.

Education, State House and Li-Baldwin, William B.,

braries.

Ballantyne, John, Judiciary.

Barry, Joseph L., Judiciary, Constitutional Amend-

ments.

NAME.	COMMITTEES.
Bartlett, Frank,	Insurance.
Bartlett, Herbert A., .	Municipal Finance.
Bartlett, William A., .	Education.
Bates, George J.,	Municipal Finance.
Bates, Russell T.,	Legal Affairs (clerk).
Baxter, Thomas W.,	Cities.
Beaman, Charles H., .	Agriculture.
Bellows, Alton L.,	Counties.
Bennett, Chauncey A., .	Fisheries and Game.
Bentley, James D.,	Harbors and Public Lands, Fish-
	eries and Game.
Benton, Jay R.,	Constitutional Amendments, Met-
	ropolitan Affairs (clerk).
Bessette, Alfred M.,	Water Supply.
Bitzer, Jacob,	Ways and Means.
Blague, Giles,	Mercantile Affairs.
Blanchard, Arthur F., .	Municipal Finance.
Bliss, Alvin E.,	Rules, Cities (chairman).
Boothman, Cornelius, .	Pay-Roll (chairman), Legal Affairs.
Bower, Arthur,	Elections, Harbors and Public Lands.
Bowser, Eden K.,	Federal Relations, Street Rail-
	ways.
Bray, Albert C.,	Agriculture.
Briggs, Elmer L.,	Constitutional Amendments, Taxation.
Brown, Frederic J.,	Metropolitan Affairs (chairman).
Browne, Arthur S.,	Legal Affairs.
Brunell, George J.,	Fisheries and Game, Towns.
Bunting, George,	Insurance, Mercantile Affairs.
Burke, Frank J.,	Metropolitan Affairs.
Burr, Arthur E.,	Judiciary, Election Laws (chair-
	man).
Burrell, Fred J.,	Mercantile Affairs.
Butler, Frederick,	Public Institutions (chairman).
Butterworth, Ralph N., .	Metropolitan Affairs.

C.

NAME. COMMITTEES.

Carrick, George H., . . Elections, Insurance.
Cashman, John B. . . . State House and Libraries.

Cheney, Herman S., . . Public Health (clerk).

Clark, Henry S., . . . Pay-Roll, Insurance.

Clauss, Frederic F., . . Mercantile Affairs, Water Supply

(chairman).

Collins, Benjamin G., . Fisheries and Game (clerk), Labor

(chairman).

Conroy, William S., . . Education.

Cooke, Harry A., . . . Street Railways.

Cooley, Charles L., . . Counties.
Corbett, Thomas J., . . Water Supply.
Corey, Edwin S., . . . Public Service.

Corrigan, Robert S., . . Social Welfare (clerk).

Costello, Patrick M., . Water Supply.

Cowdrey, Henry E., . . Labor. Cox, Channing H., . . Speaker.

Cox, Edward J., . . Public Institutions.

Craig, John W., . . . Insurance (clerk), Metropolitan

Affairs.

Craig, William F., . . Metropolitan Affairs.

Cronin, John, Water Supply. Crooks, Clarence A., . . Water Supply.

Crowley, John T., . . Social Welfare.

D.

Daggett, Warren C., . . Counties (clerk).

Dean, Henry E., . . Public Institutions.

Dennis, George F., . . Roads and Bridges.

Donovan, John L., . . Rules, Street Railways.

Donovan, Thomas F., . Mercantile Affairs (clerk).

Dow, James Beattie, . . Education.

Doyle, Andrew P., . . Public Lighting.

Driscoll, Timothy J., State House and Libraries.

Dunbar, Eddy P., . . Agriculture (clerk).

NAME.

COMMITTEES.

Dunkle, Horace E., . . Constitutional Amendments (clerk), Social Welfare.

Dwyer, William F., . . Counties.

Ε.

Emery, Carl C., . . . Rules (clerk), Roads and Bridges (chairman).

Englert, John P., . . . Public Service.

F.

Feinberg, Philip J., . . Engrossed Bills, Metropolitan Affairs.

Ferry, James R., . . . Social Welfare.

Finkel, Samuel B., . . Bills in the Third Reading, Legal Affairs.

Fitz Gerald, Michael J., . Rules, Street Railways.

Flanagan, Michael A., . Legal Affairs.

Fleming, William, . . Metropolitan Affairs. Foley, William J., . . Ways and Means.

Foster, William, . . . Cities.

Freeling, Joseph E., . . Banks and Banking (clerk), Railroads.

French, William F., . . Military Affairs (chairman).

French, William P., . . Federal Relations, Public Institutions.

Frothingham, Charles B., Public Health (chairman), Social Welfare.

Furness, Howard F., . . Banks and Banking, Public Health.

Health.

G.

Gibbs, John M., . . . Legal Affairs (chairman), Street Railways.

Gibson, Edwin H., . . Education (clerk).

Gillen, Daniel J., . . . Constitutional Amendments. Gleason, Nesbit G., . . Municipal Finance (chairman).

NAME. COMMITTEES.

Gould, Charles W., . . Engrossed Bills, Legal Affairs.

Granfield, William J., Judiciary (clerk).
Granger, Clarence H., Agriculture.
Green, Thomas H., Election Laws.

Greenwood, Fred P., . . Railroads, Social Welfare (chair-

man).

H.

Hall, Clarence M., . . Elections, Municipal Finance.

Hamilton, John O., . . Towns. Harriman, Rowland P., . Towns.

Harrington, Edward F., . Pay-Roll, Mercantile Affairs.

Hartshorn, Charles H., . Ways and Means.

Haskins, William M., . Labor, Water Supply (clerk).

Hayes, James W., . . Public Health.

Haynes, Walter, . . . Harbors and Public Lands (clerk).

Hays, Martin, . . . Election Laws, Public Lighting. Hearn, William H., . . Constitutional Amendments.

Higgins, Matthew A., . Cities.

Hirsch, John A., . . . Counties, Harbors and Public Lands.

Holland, William J., . . Administration and Commissions.

Howland, Edgar F., . . Fisheries and Game. Hudson, John R.. . . Cities.

Hull, John C., . . Education (chairman).

J.

Jewett, Victor Francis, . Rules, Railroads (chairman).

Johnson, John G., . . Cities, Election Laws.

Johnson, William L., . Public Health, Public Service

(clerk).

Jones, Arthur W., . . Harbors and Public Lands. Jones, Benjamin O., . . Election Laws (clerk).

Jordan, Michael H., . . Municipal Finance. Joyce, Thomas M., . . Public Lighting.

K.

COMMITTEES.

NAME.

McAllister, John H., . . . McDonnell, William H., .

McGrath, Joseph. . .

. Labor. Kelley, Charles A., Kelley, David L., Administration and Commissions, Public Institutions. Administration and Commissions. Kelley, Edward I., Kellogg, Nathaniel P., Towns. Kent, Robert T., . . Rules, Street Railways (clerk). Kiernan, James F., . Judiciary. Kneeland, William A., . Judiciary. L. Lane, Martin R., . Military Affairs (clerk). Larocque, Ernest A., Public Institutions. Leavitt, Thomas, . Public Health, Roads and Bridges. Mercantile Affairs, Social Welfare. Lord, William G., Rules, Ways and Means. Lyman, Frank E., . M. Magee, Winthrop. Towns. Mahoney, John P., Taxation. Mahonev. William H., Judiciary, Bills in the Third Reading. Makepeace, Lloyd, . Judiciary, Elections (chairman). Malone, Michael F., . Fisheries and Game. Maloney, David J., . Mercantile Affairs. Manning, Frank A., . Street Railways. Manning, William J., Labor. Marsh. Arthur E.. . Administration and Commissions (clerk), Railroads (clerk). Marsh, George S., Towns. Martin, Robert B., . Municipal Finance, State House and Libraries.

Wavs and Means.

Banks and Banking.

Legal Affairs.

NAME. COMMITTEES.

McIntosh, David S., . . Social Welfare.
McKeon, Francis P., . Legal Affairs.
McKinney, Francis B., . Federal Relations.
McLaughlin, Henry J., . Public Service.

McMenimen, William R., Roads and Bridges.

McNamee, Michael J., Elections, Public Lighting.

Mealey, Stephen R., . . Public Lighting.
Mellen, Walter L., . . Mercantile Affairs.
Merriam, Bernard F., . Banks and Banking.
Meyers, Julius, . . . Public Lighting.
Mitchell, John, . . . Counties, Railroads.

Monk, Wesley E., . . Administration and Commissions,

Mercantile Affairs (chairman).

Moran, James G., . . Judiciary.

Morrill, Charles H., . . Labor (clerk), State House and

Libraries.

Morrison, James, . . . Street Railways. Morse, George D., . . Public Health.

Moulton, J. Warren, . . Roads and Bridges (clerk).

Moynihan, James J., . Education.

Mulveny, Frank, . . . Harbors and Public Lands (chair-

man), Public Health.

Murphy, Daniel C., . . Military Affairs.

Murphy, Dennis A., . . Ways and Means.

Murphy, John J., . . Public Institutions.

N.

Nason, Arthur L., . . Public Lighting (clerk).

Nelson, Christian, . . Roads and Bridges. Nelson, Oscar H., . . Public Service.

Newhall, Arthur N., . . Taxation. Nichols, Frederic C., . . Banks and Banking.

Nourse, George L., . . Towns (clerk).

Nutting, Edward H., . Public Lighting.

ο.

NAME. COMMITTEES. O'Connor, Charles S., . Federal Relations, Insurance. O'Connor, John D., . Election Laws. . Mercantile Affairs, State House Odlin, James E., . . and Libraries (clerk). Ollendorff, William W., . Railroads. Orr. John Glenn. . . Public Institutions. Osborne, John N., . Towns (chairman). P. Packard, Walter T., . Agriculture. Paine, Arthur W.. Taxation. Penshorn, George, Elections, Fisheries and Game. Pepin, Chauncey, Railroads, Roads and Bridges. Perham, Walter, . . Harbors and Public Lands. Ways and Means, Military Affairs. Pierce, Frederick E., . Powers, Leland. . . Bills in the Third Reading (chairman). Taxation. Prescott, Francis. Engrossed Bills (chairman), Railroads. Putnam, Frank H., . Cities. Constitutional Amendments. Ο. Quigley, Lawrence F., Federal Relations (clerk). Quinn. Timothy F.. . . Railroads. R. Reardon, Dennis F., . . Railroads. Richards, George Louis. .

fairs.

Rowley, Charles F., . . Rules, Taxation (chairman).

Military Affairs.

Robinson, Arthur W.,

Federal Relations, Military Af-

S.

NAME. COMMITTEES.

Sawyer, Roland D., . . Election Laws, Taxation.

Scigliano, Edward A., . Cities. Shedd, Harry L., . . Labor.

Slotnick, Michael N., Legal Affairs.

Smith, Fitz-Henry, Jr., . Rules, Administration and Com-

missions (chairman).

Smith, Jerome S., . . Fisheries and Game (chairman),
Harbors and Public Lands.

Snow, Dexter A., . . Public Lighting.

Southworth, Gilbert G., . Public Institutions (clerk).

Spinney, Burgess H., . Taxation (clerk). Stetson, William N., . . Labor, Taxation.

Swig, Simon, . . . Banks and Banking (chairman),
Railroads.

T.

Tarbell, Warren E., . . Agriculture (chairman).

Tolman, James E., . . Legal Affairs, Public Lighting (chairman).

Torrey, Frank A., . . Taxation.

U.

Underhill, Charles L., . Federal Relations, Public Lighting.

w.

Wadleigh, Albert P., . . Counties.

Walker, George, . . . Municipal Finance (clerk).

Wall, Albert T., . . . Insurance.

Warner, Joseph E., . . Ways and Means (chairman).

Wasserman, Jacob, . . Judiciary.

Waterman, George B., . Administration and Commissions,

Insurance (chairman).

NAME.

COMMITTEES.

Weston, Thomas, Jr., . Constitutional Amendments (chairman), Metropolitan Af-

fairs.

Wharton, Joseph W., . Cities. Wheeler, Bion T., . . Insurance.

Whitman, Albert L., . . Public Service (chairman).

Whitney, George A., . . Public Service, State House and

Libraries (chairman).

Wilson, Alvin R., . . Agriculture.

Winchester, Charles A., . Public Institutions.

Wonson, Carlton W., . Education.

Wood, Isaac U., . . Public Service, State House and

Libraries.

Wood, Wilbur A., . . Banks and Banking.

Woodill, Harry C., . . Cities (clerk), Election Laws. Worrall, George M., . . Street Railways (chairman).

Y.

Young, Benjamin Loring, Rules, Ways and Means (clerk).

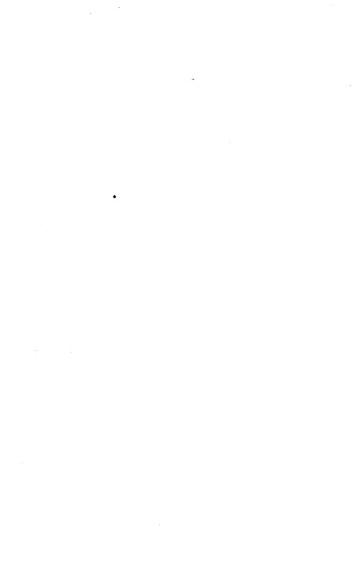
Young, Myron A., . . Banks and Banking.

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Arthur M. Bridgman, .			. Worcester Telegram.
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Louis F. Conant,			. Boston Post.
C. Willard Cooper,			$\left\{egin{aligned} Springfield Republican.\ Springfield Daily News. \end{aligned} ight.$
Mrs. Charles H. Copeland,	,	•	. Proprietor, State House News Service.
Fred A. Cummings,			$\cdot \left\{ egin{aligned} State & House & News & Service. \ Lynn & Item. \end{aligned} ight.$
Henry A. Doherty, Jr., .			. Boston Record.
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James T. Harris,			. Robinson News Service.
Richard T. Howard, .			$iggreap \left\{ egin{array}{ll} Boston \ Financial \ News. \ Practical \ Politics. \end{array} ight.$
Grover C. Hoyt,		•	The Associated Press. Boston Financial News. Lowell Sun. New Bedford Standard. Worcester Gazette.
Howard W. Kendall, .		•	. Editor, State House News Service.

John T. Lambert, .				Boston American.
Eugene W. Mason, .				Springfield Union.
John D. Merrill, .				Boston Globe.
Charles N. Morgan, .				Boston Herald.
Frank A. Nichols, .				Boston Transcript.
Daniel J. O'Connor, .				State House News Service.
E. Wentworth Prescott	,			Boston News Bureau.
James S. Robinson, .				Robinson News Service.
Henry R. Surles, .				Boston Herald, Special.
James C. White, .				Boston Herald.
Walter L. Winchester,				Christian Science Monitor.



RULES OF THE SENATE.



RULES OF THE SENATE.

[The dates under each rule indicate when the rule and its amendments were adopted. The rules as they are here printed were finally adopted by the Senate on Jan. 16, 1918.

The date 1817 denotes the time when the several rules against which it is placed were first preserved. Previously to that year these rules are not to be found, although from the Senate Journal it appears that

they were printed.

Numbers enclosed in parentheses following each rule indicate the

corresponding House rule.]

THE PRESIDENT.

- 1. The President shall take the chair at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, shall call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business. (1.) [1831; 1888.]
- 2. The President shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the Senate. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting.

 (2. 5.) [1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888.]
 - 3. The President may vote on all questions. (4.) [1826.]
- **4.** The President may appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding three days at any one time. (7.)

[1831; 1862; 1865; 1888.]

5. In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member appointed by him to perform the duties of the chair, is absent at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, the eldest senior

member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President, or a President pro tempore, is elected by ballot, and such election shall be the first business in order. (8.) [1831; 1885; 1888.]

CLERK.

- 6. The Clerk shall keep a journal of the proceedings of the Senate, and shall cause the same to be printed daily. He shall, in the journal, make note of all questions of order, and enter at length the decisions thereon. He shall insert in an appendix to the journal the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches. (11, 12.) [1882; 1888.]
- 7. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as he may deem necessary, and as the Senate or the President may direct. (13.)

[1882; 1888.]

8. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, bills and resolves introduced on leave, orders of inquiry, orders of notice, reports of committees asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and enacted bills), until the right of reconsideration has expired. (15, 57.)

[1855; 1856; 1875; 1882; 1885; 1888; 1891.]

9. When a bill or resolve coming from the other branch does not appear in print in the form in which it was passed in that branch, the Clerk shall either indicate the amendments on the Orders of the Day, or shall have the bill or resolve reprinted, at his discretion.

[1882.]

Members of the Senate.

- 10. No member shall be permitted to act on a committee or to vote upon a question in which his private right, distinct from the public interest, is immediately concerned. (24, 63.) [1855; 1888; 1889.]
- 11. No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there is a quorum without his presence. (17.) [1817.]

COMMITTEES.

12. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year, to wit:—

A committee on the Judiciary;

A committee on Ways and Means;

Each to consist of five members.

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

Each to consist of three members.

A committee on Rules;

To consist of the President and four members. (20.)

[1831; 1836; 1840; 1844; 1847; 1863; 1864; 1870; 1876; 1882; 1885; 1886; 1888; 1891; 1896; 1897.]

13. Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless the Senate shall otherwise specially order, and the member first named upon a committee shall be its chairman. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall act as chairman. (21, 22.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888.]

13A. All motions or orders authorizing committees of the Senate to travel or to employ stenographers, all

propositions involving special investigations by committees of the Senate and all motions or orders providing that information be transmitted to the Senate shall be referred without debate to the committee on Rules, who, within fourteen days after such reference, shall report thereon, recommending what action should be taken. (104.) [1904; 1913.]

- 14. No committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without a vote of the Senate. (100.) [1836; 1863; 1888.]
- 15. No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal corporation. otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except by a petition, nor shall any bill or resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a committee, except upon a petition duly referred, nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee. whether on an original reference or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given by public advertisement or otherwise to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. A committee reporting leave to withdraw or reference to the next General Court for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof shall set forth this fact in its report. and no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for, or amendment of, such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading. (31.)

[1870; 1871; 1885; 1890.]

16. When the object of an application, whether by petition, or bill or resolve introduced on leave, can be secured under existing laws, or, without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to whom the matter is referred shall report leave to withdraw, ought not to pass, or a general law, as the case may be. (30.) [1882; 1885; 1888; 1891; 1893.]

FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

17. Bills and resolves shall be presented in a legible form without material erasures or interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves, and dates and numbers shall be written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is the best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law and no law which has expired by limitation, and no part of any such law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. (42.)

[1844; 1857; 1880; 1882; 1885; 1888; 1889.]

Introduction of Business.

18. Every member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall endorse his name thereon, and a brief statement of the nature and object of the instrument; and the reading of the instrument shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered. (37.)

[1831; 1888.]

19. All motions contemplating legislation shall be founded upon petition or upon bill or resolve proposed

to be introduced on leave. Committees to whom messages from the Governor, reports of State officers, boards, commissions, and others authorized to report to the Legislature shall be referred, may report by bill or otherwise such legislation as may be germane to the subject-matter referred to them. (40.)

[1858; 1888; 1891; 1893.]

20. All bills and resolves for introduction on leave, resolutions, and petitions for legislation accompanied by bills or resolves embodying the subject-matter praved for, and all orders of inquiry, which are intended for presentation or introduction to the Senate, and all reports of State officers, shall first be deposited with the Clerk, and, prior to their presentation or introduction, shall be submitted by him to the committee on Rules for inspection. The committee shall examine the same for the purpose of ascertaining (1) whether the legislation proposed is plainly and specifically stated or already provided for; (2) whether such bills, resolves, resolutions, petitions and orders are in proper form; and (3) that compliance has been had with the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches. Every such matter shall be returned by the committee on Rules to the Clerk not later than the third legislative day succeeding the day of its deposit with him, unless consent in writing to the longer detention thereof is filed with the Clerk by the member presenting the matter, and, unless withdrawn by the member, it shall be by the Clerk submitted to the President and by him laid before the Senate not later than on the next legislative day after it is so returned. Bills, resolves and resolutions which have been laid before the Senate and introduced shall be read, and shall be, by the President, with the consent of the Senate, referred to the appropriate committees. Prior to such reference, the President may, in his discretion, order bills and resolves, intended for introduction on leave or filed to accompany petitions, and resolutions, intended for introduction, to be printed; and when he so orders they shall, after they are introduced, be printed under the direction of the Clerk. They shall retain, during all subsequent stages, their original numbers and shall also bear such new numbers as may be necessary. Subject to the provisions of Rule No. 22, every petition which is not accompanied by a bill or resolve shall be deposited with the Clerk and be retained in his custody until a bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for shall be filed with him, when he shall present the same to the committee on Rules, to be disposed of as provided above. The Senate may at any time by order make any other disposition of petitions and remonstrances in the hands of the Clerk. Petitions and remonstrances relating to matters already sent to committees shall be by the President referred to the appropriate committees. (28.) [1891; 1893; 1894; 1916.]

21. The committee on Rules shall make no change in the substance or form of any matter referred to them in accordance with the preceding rule, without the consent of the member depositing the same, but upon the presentation or introduction of any such matter to the Senate it shall be the duty of some member of the committee on Rules, acting under the committee's instruction, to suggest any failure to comply with the rules, and to offer such amendment or propose such other action as is determined proper or necessary by the committee within the scope of its duties, as above set forth. If, upon such motion, before a petition is referred to a committee, the petitioner is given leave to withdraw because the petition is not in proper form, such action

shall not be deemed to be a final rejection under Rule 54, and shall not prejudice the right of a member to present a petition for the same object conformably to the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches.

[1893. — Partly embodied in Rule 20 of 1891.]

- 22. Any petition remaining in the hands of the Clerk subsequently to five o'clock in the afternoon of the second Saturday of the session, for the reason that no bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for has been presented, shall be forthwith submitted by him to the President, and by him, at the legislative session next succeeding, be referred to the next General Court. (29.)
 - [1893; 1894; 1898; 1905; 1910.]
- 23. No bill or resolve shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the House of Representatives, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee, except that special leave may be granted to a member to introduce a bill or resolve, and such bill or resolve shall thereupon be referred to the proper committee for consideration and report. (47.) [1881; 1882; 1888.]
- 24. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill or resolve, or of any motion to suspend Senate Rule 15, or joint rule 8, 9 or 12, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement. (41.) [1885; 1891.]
- 25. A petition for the incorporation of a town or city, or for the division of an existing town or city, or for the incorporation of a railroad, street railway, elevated railroad or canal company, or for the amendment, alteration or extension of the charter or corporate powers

or privileges of any such company, either specially incorporated or organized under general laws, or for authority to take water for a water supply, or relative to building structures over navigable or tide waters. shall be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 3 of the Revised Laws or by other provisions of law. A petition for the incorporation of a college or university or other educational institution, with power to grant degrees, or for amendment of the charter of an existing educational institution so that the said institution, not having such power, shall thereafter have power to grant degrees, shall also be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 3 of the Revised Laws. But if, no objection being raised. any such petition is referred to a committee, without such required notice, the committee shall forthwith report reference to the next General Court, setting forth as the reason for such report failure to give the required notice, unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. In case a bill or resolve is reported by a committee upon such a petition, after proof of such waiver of notice, this fact shall be set forth in the report of the committee. When a report of reference to the next General Court is made by a committee on account of failure to give the required notice. no bill or resolve shall be substituted for such report. nor shall such report be recommitted or referred to another committee; but reference of the petition to the next General Court for want of proper notice under this rule shall not affect action upon any other measure involving the same subject-matter. (32.)

[1890; 1891; 1898; 1903.] (See Rule 15.)

Course of Proceedings.

26. Bills and resolves from the House, after they are read a first time, shall be referred to a committee of the Senate, unless they have been reported by a joint committee or substituted for the report of a joint committee. Bills and resolves reported in the Senate, and bills and resolves from the House reported by joint committees or substituted for the reports of joint committees, shall, after they have been read once, be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day for a second reading without a question, except as otherwise provided by Rule 27. Resolutions received from the House, or introduced or reported in the Senate, shall be read and, pending the question on their adoption, shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. (45, 56.)

[1825; 1885; 1888; 1890; 1891; 1897.]

27. Bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money, or a grant of public property, unless the subject-matter has been acted upon by the joint committee on Ways and Means, shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the Senate committee on Ways and Means, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth or of any county thereof. (44.)

[1871; 1882; 1887; 1888; 1889; 1896.]

28. No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days. (51.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

29. Bills and resolves, in their several readings, and resolutions, shall be read by their titles, unless objection is made. (48.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885; 1890.]

30. If a committee to whom a bill or resolve is referred report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be "Shall this bill (or resolve) be rejected?" and if such committee report recommending that the same be referred to the next General Court, the question shall be "Shall this bill (or resolve) be referred to the next General Court?" If the rejection or the recommendation of reference to the next General Court is negatived, the bill or resolve, if it has been read but once, shall go to its second reading without a question; and if it has been read more than once it shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. (43.) [1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882;

1885: 1897.1

- 31. If an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill or resolve, substantially changing the greater part thereof, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill or resolve to a third reading or to be engrossed, as the case may be, but the bill or resolve, as amended, shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made. and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made. (62.) [1882; 1888.]
- 32. Bills or resolves ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the Orders for the next day for such reading. (58.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

33. Bills and resolves when ordered to a third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to examine and correct them, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, and of insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes; but any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the Senate as an amendment. Resolutions received from the House or introduced or reported in the Senate shall, after they are read and before they are adopted, be referred, in like manner, to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading. When a bill, resolve or resolution has been so referred, no further action shall be taken until report thereon has been made by the committee. When a bill or a resolve referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading contains a provision for its reference, in whole or in part, to the people in accordance with Article XLII of the Amendments of the Constitution, the committee shall plainly indicate such proposed reference on the outside of the bill or the resolve, or on a wrapper or label attached thereto. (26, 50.)

[1817; 1836; 1882; 1888; 1890; 1891; 1914.]

34. Engrossed bills and resolves shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bills or resolves as passed to be engrossed; and, if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so endorse on the envelope thereof; and the question of enactment or final passage shall be taken thereon without further reading, unless specially ordered. When an engrossed bill or resolve contains a provision for its reference, in whole or in part, to the people in accordance with

Article XLII of the Amendments of the Constitution, the committee on Engrossed Bills shall certify to that fact on the envelope thereof. (27, 52, 54.)

[1817; 1831; 1882; 1888; 1914.]

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

- 35. The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day next after motions to reconsider. (60.) [1830; 1870.]
- 36. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which they are made to the Senate or received from the House, as the case may be; except that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered. Amendments to a measure, which have been made by the House and sent back to the Senate for concurrence, shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which they are received. (46, 57.)

[1845; 1853; 1888; 1891.]

37. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the Senate shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; then the matters that were passed over shall be considered and disposed of in like order. (59.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1882; 1885.]

38. No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom or considered out of its regular course. (61.) [1885.]

RULES OF DEBATE.

39. Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place and address the President. (73.)

[1817; 1831; 1871.]

- 40. When two or more members rise to speak at the same time, the President shall designate the member who is entitled to the floor. (74.) [1831; 1888.]
- 41. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of any other member who has not spoken and desires to speak on the same question. (76.) [1817: 1886.]
- 42. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order. (75.) [1817; 1831.]
- 43. After a question is put to vote no member shall speak to it. [1817.]

Motions.

- 44. Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so directs. A motion need not be seconded and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made. (77, 78.) [1817; 1844; 1871; 1888.]
- 45. A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it. (91.) [1817; 1841; 1888.]

- 46. When a question is under debate the President shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except a motion to adjourn or some other motion which has precedence by express rule of the Senate, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same except:—
 - (1) To lay on the table;
 - (2) To close debate at a specified time;
 - (3) To postpone to a day certain;
 - (4) To commit (or recommit);
 - (5) To amend;
 - (6) To refer to the next General Court; or
 - (7) To postpone indefinitely.

These motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand. (80.)

[Between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1844; 1870; 1882; 1885; 1888.]

- 47. Debate may be closed at any time not less than one hour from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion not more than ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (85.) [1882.]
- **48.** When motions are made to refer a subject to different committees, the committees proposed shall be considered in the following order:—
 - (1) A standing committee of the Senate;
 - (2) A special committee of the Senate;
 - (3) A joint standing committee of the two branches;
 - (4) A joint special committee of the two branches. (88.) [1884; 1888.]
- **49.** No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended. (53.) [1837.]

- 50. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under the color of an amendment. (90.) [1882.]
- **51.** In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be put first. (87, 92.) [1882.]
- 52. The motion to adjourn, and the call for yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate. On the motions to lay on the table and take from the table, to commit or recommit (except with instructions), not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (69, 79.)

[1817; 1859; 1870; 1874; 1882; 1885.]

RECONSIDERATION.

53. No motion to reconsider a vote shall be entertained unless it is made on the same day on which the vote has passed, or on the next day thereafter on which a quorum is present and before the Orders of the Day for that day have been taken up. If reconsideration is moved on the same day, the motion shall be placed first in the Orders of the Day for the succeeding day: but. if it is moved on the succeeding day, the motion shall be considered forthwith: provided, however, that this rule shall not prevent the reconsideration of a vote on a subsidiary, incidental or dependent question at any time when the main question to which it relates is under consideration; and provided, further, that a motion to reconsider a vote on any incidental, subsidiary or dependent question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made. There shall be no

reconsideration of the vote on the question on adjourning, for the yeas and nays, on laying on the table or on taking from the table; and when a motion for reconsideration has been decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered. (70, 71.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1858; 1885; 1888; 1891: 1902.]

REJECTED MEASURES.

54. When any measure has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the session. (49.)

[1817; dispensed with in 1831, and revived in 1838; amended in 1841; 1844; 1877; 1882.]

VOTING.

55. The President shall declare all votes; but if a member doubts a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without further debate. (3, 66.)

[1831; 1888.]

56. When a member moves that a question be taken by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present so direct. If, before the question is taken, a member states to the Senate that he has paired with another member and how each would vote on the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting. (68.)

[1817; 1852; 1888.]

57. Whenever a question is taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall call the names of all the members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before the vote is taken; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair. (64, 68.) [1837; 1844.]

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

58. In all elections by ballot a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto, except in case of an election of President or President pro tempore, under the provisions of Rule 5. (96.)

[1831; 1891.]

REPORTERS' GALLERY.

59. Subject to the approval and direction of the committee on Rules during the session and of the President after prorogation, the use of the reporters' gallery of the Senate Chamber shall be under the control of the organization of legislative reporters known as the Massachusetts State House Press Association. Except in the employ of the newspaper or publication which he represents as a legislative reporter, no person who is entitled to the privileges of the reporters' gallery shall seek to influence the action of the Senate or any member thereof, nor shall such person approach a member to seek to influence him in any place from which legislative agents are excluded by Rule 61. (100.)

[1847; 1911; 1914.]

THE SENATE CHAMBER AND ADJOINING ROOMS.

- 60. No person not a member shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session. (99.) [1853; 1888.]
- 61. No person, except members of the legislative and executive departments of the State government, persons in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the Senate, and legislative reporters who are entitled to the privileges of the reporters' gallery, shall, unless invited by the President, be admitted to the floor of the Senate Chamber, or to the reception room or to the corridor between the reception room and the Senate Chamber, during the sessions of the Senate, or during the half hour preceding or succeeding said sessions, nor to the Senate reading room, cloak room corridor, cloak room or anterooms on any day when a session of the Senate is held, except upon written invitation bearing the name of the person it is desired to invite and the name of the Senator extending the invitation, which invitation shall be surrendered when the said person enters the apartment. No legislative counsel or agent shall be admitted to the floor of the Senate Chamber, nor, on any day when a session of the Senate is held, to the reading room, the cloak room. the reception room or the Senate corridors or anterooms. No person, except members of the legislative and executive departments of the State government. persons in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the Senate and legislative reporters who are entitled to the privileges of the reporters' gallery, shall be permitted to loiter in the reading room, the cloak room, the reception room or

the Senate corridors or anterooms at any time. Smoking shall not be permitted in the reception room. (99.) [1870; 1875; 1886; 1891; 1895; 1896; 1897; 1898; 1907; 1909; 1914; 1916.]

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

62. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in the revised edition of Crocker's Principles of Procedure in Deliberative Bodies, and the principles of parliamentary law set forth in Cushing's Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the rules of the Senate, or the joint rules of the two branches. (101.)

[1847; 1858; 1882; 1895.]

ALTERATIONS, SUSPENSION OR REPEAL OF RULES.

63. This rule and rules 24, 31, 33, 34 and 53 shall not be suspended if objection is made; rule 22 shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon; and no other rule shall be altered, suspended or repealed, except by vote of two-thirds of the members present and voting thereon. (103.)

[1817; 1841; 1848; 1882; 1888; 1891; 1893; 1899.]

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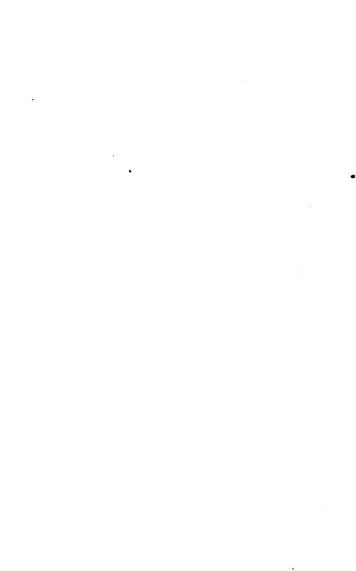
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RULES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.



RULES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[This schedule of Rules was adopted Jan. 27, 1874. Subsequent amendments are noted under each Rule which has been amended.]

SPEAKER.

- 1. The Speaker shall take the chair at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, proceed to business. (Senate Rule 1.)
- 2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House. (2.)

[With regard to appeals, see Rules 83 and 94.]

3. He shall declare all votes, subject to verification as hereinafter provided. (53.)

[See Rules 65 to 69.]

- 4. In all cases he may vote. (3.)
- 5. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting. (2.)
- 6. He shall each day examine the journal of the House.

7. He may appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding three days at one time. (4.)

[Amended Jan. 14, 1892.]

8. In case of a vacancy in the office of Speaker, or in case the Speaker or the member named by him in accordance with the preceding rule is absent at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, the senior member present shall call the House to order, and shall preside until a Speaker pro tempore or a Speaker is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business in order. (5.)

MONITORS.

- 9. Two monitors shall be appointed by the Speaker for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the rules and, on request of the Speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.
- 10. If a member transgress any of the rules after being notified thereof by a monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to report the case to the House.

[See Rule 19.]

CLERK.

11. The Clerk shall keep the journal of the House. He shall enter therein a record of each day's proceedings, and submit it to the Speaker before the hour fixed for the next sitting, and shall cause the same to be printed daily. (6.)

[Amended Jan. 16, 1888.]

12. Every question of order with the decision thereon shall be entered at large in the journal, and shall be

noted in an appendix, which shall also contain the rules of the House, and of the two branches. (6.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

13. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as the House or the Speaker may direct. (7.)

[Amended Jan. 16, 1888.]

- 14. Any objection to the calendar shall be made and disposed of before the House votes to proceed to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.
- 15. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired: provided, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session. (8.)

MEMBERS.

16. No member shall stand up, to the inconvenience of others, while a member is speaking; or pass unnecessarily between the Speaker of the House and the member speaking; or stand in the passages, or in the area in front of the chair; or stand at the Clerk's desk while a roll-call is in progress.

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

17. No member shall be absent more than two days, without leave of the House. No member shall absent himself from the House without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence. When it appears to the presiding officer that the presence of a quorum is en-

dangered he shall order the doors to be closed until the House takes action thereon. (11.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

- 18. Papers in possession of a member obtaining leave of absence, or at the end of the session, shall be left by him with the Clerk.
- 19. If a member is guilty of a breach of any of the rules, he may be required by the House, on motion, to make satisfaction therefor; and, until he has done so, he shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse.

[See Rule 10.]

COMMITTEES.

20. At the beginning of the political year, standing committees shall be appointed as follows:— (12.)

A committee on Rules;

(to consist of the Speaker, who shall be chairman of the committee, and ten other members).

A committee on Ways and Means;

A committee on the Judiciary;

(to consist of eleven members each).

A committee on Elections;

(to consist of seven members).

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Pay-Roll:

(to consist of three members each).

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 2, 1896; Jan. 11, 1897; Jan. 10, 1898; Jan. 7, 1901.]

21. Unless other provision is made in any case all committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, and the member first named shall be chairman. (13.)

- 22. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall be chairman. (13.)
- 23. No member shall be required to be on more than two committees at the same time, or chairman of more than one.
- 24. No member shall serve on any committee in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest. (10.)
- 25. The committee on Ways and Means shall report, in appropriation bills, only such items of expenditure as are authorized by law, or such as the committee has been directed by the House to insert, and shall state in its report the total amount of appropriations in the accompanying bill; and also at the end of each item in said bill the amount, if any, appropriated the previous year for the same purpose.

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 2, 1896.]

26. The committee on Bills in the Third Reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: provided, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the House as an amendment. When a bill or a resolve referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading contains a provision for its reference, in whole or in part, to the people in accordance with Article XLII. of the Amendments of the Constitution, the committee shall plainly indicate such proposed

reference on the outside of the bill or the resolve, or on a wrapper or label attached hereto. (33.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Feb. 25, 1914.]

27. The committee on Engrossed Bills shall carefully examine and compare engrossed bills, and report them rightly and truly engrossed, when found to be so, without delay. When an engrossed bill or resolve contains a provision for its reference, in whole or in part, to the people in accordance with Article XLII. of the Amendments of the Constitution, the committee on Engrossed Bills shall certify to that fact on the envelope thereof. (34.)

[Amended Feb. 25, 1914.]

28. All resolutions, bills and resolves for introduction on leave, intended for presentation by any member of the House, and all reports of State officers, shall first be deposited with the Clerk, and prior to their presentation shall be submitted by him to the Speaker for his examination; and not later than the fourth legislative day succeeding the day of their deposit with the Clerk, the Speaker shall, before the Orders of the Day are considered, present the same to the House, when they, in the case of resolutions, bills and resolves, shall be read, and shall by the Speaker with the consent of the House be referred to the appropriate committee; and all such resolutions, bills and resolves shall be printed under the direction of the Clerk. They shall retain their original provided numbers, when reprinted, together with new numbers thereafter, during all subsequent stages. All petitions asking for legislation shall, if accompanied by a bill or resolve embodying the subject-matter prayed for, be referred with such bill or resolve as provided above. The same disposition shall be made of petitions and remonstrances referring to matters previously sent to a committee. Petitions not so accompanied shall be retained in the custody of the Clerk until a bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for shall be filed with him, when he shall present the same to the Speaker, to be disposed of as provided above. The House may at any time by order make any other disposition of petitions and remonstrances in the hands of the Clerk. (20.)

[Adopted Jan. 13, 1893; amended Jan. 11, 1894; March 30, 1894; March 14, 1899.]

29. Any petition remaining in the hands of the Clerk subsequent to five o'clock in the afternoon on the second Saturday of the session, for the reason that no bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for has been presented, shall be forthwith submitted by him to the Speaker, and by him, at the legislative session next succeeding, be referred to the next General Court. This rule shall not be rescinded or revoked or suspended except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon. (22.)

[Adopted Jan. 13, 1893; amended Jan. 11, 1894; Jan. 10, 1898; Feb. 21, 1905; Feb. 1, 1910.]

30. When the object of an application can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or, without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, or ought not to pass, as the case may be. (16.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Jan. 13, 1893.]

31. No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal corporation, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except upon a petition; nor shall any bill or

resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a committee except upon a petition duly referred; nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee. whether on an original reference or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. committee reporting leave to withdraw or reference to the next General Court, for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof, shall set forth this fact in its report, and no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for or amendment of such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading. (15.)

[Adopted Feb. 11, 1890; amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

32. A petition for the incorporation of a town or city, or for the division of an existing town or city, or for the incorporation of a railroad, street railway, elevated railroad or canal company, or for the amendment, alteration, or extension of the charter or corporate powers or privileges of any such company, either specially incorporated or organized under general laws, or for authority to take water for a water supply, or relative to building structures over navigable or tide waters, shall be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 3 of the Revised Laws or by other provisions of law; a petition for the incorporation of a college or university or other educational institution, with power to grant degrees, or for an amendment of

the charter of an existing educational institution so that the said institution not having such power shall thereafter have power to grant degrees, shall also be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 3 of the Revised Laws; but if, no objection being raised, any such petition is referred to a committee without such required notice, the committee shall forthwith report reference to the next General Court. setting forth as the reason for such report failure to give the required notice, unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. In case a bill or resolve is reported by a committee upon such a petition, after proof of such waiver of notice, this fact shall be set forth in the report of the committee. When a report of reference to the next General Court is made by a committee, on account of failure to give the required notice, no bill or resolve shall be substituted for such report, nor shall such report be recommitted or referred to another committee: but reference of the petition to the next General Court for want of proper notice under this rule shall not affect action upon any other measure involving the same subject-matter. (25.)

[Adopted Feb. 11, 1890; amended Feb. 2, 1891; Feb. 18, 1898; Feb. 6, 1902.]

33. On or before the second Wednesday in March, committees shall make final report upon matters referred to them prior to that day.

[Amended Feb. 15, 1883; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 25, 1894.]

Committee of the Whole.

34. When the House determines to go into a committee of the whole, the chairman shall be appointed by the Speaker.

35. The rules of the House shall be observed in a committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the rules limiting debate. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order and be decided without debate.

REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions, etc., and Reports of Committees.

- 36. Petitions, memorials, remonstrances and papers of a like nature, and reports of committees, shall be presented before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day, and the Speaker shall call for such papers.
- 37. The member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the paper; and the reading thereof shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered. (18.)

Papers from the Senate.

38. Papers from the Senate shall be laid before the House by the Speaker, and received for action conformably to such of these rules as are applicable thereto, before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

Papers addressed to the House, not Petitions.

39. Papers addressed to the House, or the General Court, other than petitions, memorials and remonstrances, or those received from the Senate, may be

presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place, and shall be read, unless it is specially ordered that the reading be dispensed with.

Motions contemplating Legislation, etc.

40. All motions contemplating legislation shall be founded upon petition or upon bill or resolve proposed to be introduced on leave.

The committee on Ways and Means may originate and report appropriation bills based upon existing law. Messages from the Governor shall, unless otherwise ordered, be referred to the appropriate committee, which may report by bill or otherwise thereon. A similar disposition shall, unless otherwise ordered, be made of reports by State officers and recess committees authorized to report to the Legislature, and similar action may be had thereon. (19.)

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893; Jan. 2, 1896.]

Postponement to the Next Day on Request of a Member.

41. The consideration of an order proposed for adoption, except as provided in joint rule twenty-eight or House rule one hundred and four, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill, or any motion to suspend joint rules eight or thirteen, or House rules thirty-one, forty-five or forty-six, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request or motion made, if any member asks such postponement. (24.)

[Amended June 13, 1890; Jan. 13, 1893; March 14, 1899.]

Bills and Resolves. [See Rule 95.]

42. Bills shall be printed or written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less

than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections, dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law, and no part of any repealed law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. (17.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Feb. 2, 1891.]

43. If a committee to whom a bill is referred report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be, "Shall this bill be rejected?" If the question on rejection is negatived, the bill, if it has been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question; otherwise it shall be placed in the Orders for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. (30.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1883.]

44. Bills involving an expenditure of public money, or grant of public property, unless the subject-matter has been acted upon by the joint committee on Ways and Means, shall, after their first reading, be referred to the committee on Ways and Means, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth. New provisions shall not be added to such bills by the committee on Ways and Means, unless directly connected with the financial features thereof. Bills involving an expenditure of county money shall, after their first reading, be referred to the committee on Counties on the part of the House, for report on their relation to the finances of the county affected, unless the subject-matter thereof has been previously acted upon by the joint committee on Counties; and no new provisions

shall be added to such bills by the committee on Counties on the part of the House unless directly connected with the financial features thereof. (27.)

[Amended Jan. 24, 1887; Feb. 11, 1890; Jan. 25, 1895; Jan. 29, 1895; Jan. 2, 1896; Jan. 27, 1896; Jan. 10, 1898.]

- 45. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, shall be referred to a committee of the House, unless they were reported to the Senate by a joint committee. (26.)
- 46. Amendments proposed by the Senate and sent back to the House for concurrence shall be referred to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee is composed of members of both branches; in which case such amendments shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. (36.)

[Amended April 9, 1878.]

- 47. No bill shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the Senate, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: provided, that the House may grant special leave to a member to introduce a bill; but, when leave is asked for the introduction of a bill, it shall be read for information before the question is put on granting leave; and, if leave is granted, it shall be committed before it is ordered to a second reading. (23.)
- **48.** Bills, resolves and other papers that have been, or, under the rules or usage of the House, are to be printed, shall be read by their titles only, unless the full reading is requested. (29.)

[Adopted Jan. 10, 1883.]

49. When a bill, order, petition, memorial or remonstrance has been finally rejected by the House, no meas-

ure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session. (54.) [Amended April 26, 1877; Feb. 11, 1890.]

50. Bills in their third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading for examination, correction and report. Resolutions received from and adopted by the Senate, or reported in the House, shall, after they are read and before they are adopted, be referred in like manner to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading. When a bill or resolution has been so referred, such bill or resolution shall not be acted upon until report thereon has been made by the committee. (33.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1898.] [See Rule 26.]

- **51.** No bill shall pass to be engrossed without having been read on three several days. (28.)
- **52.** Engrossed bills shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills for examination, comparison and report. (34.)

[See Rule 27.]

- **53.** No engrossed bill shall be amended, except by striking out the enacting clause. (34.) (49.) [Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]
- **54.** Engrossed bills, reported by the committee on Engrossed Bills to be rightly and truly engrossed, shall be put upon their passage to be enacted; and engrossed resolves, when so reported, shall be put upon their passage without further reading, unless specially ordered. (34.)
- 55. No engrossed bill shall be sent to the Senate without notice thereof being given by the Speaker.

Orders of the Day.

56. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, when not referred to a committee of the House, bills favorably reported to the House by committees, and bills the question of the rejection of which is negatived, shall be placed in the Orders for the pext day, and, if they have been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question. Resolutions received from and adopted by the Senate, or reported in the House by committees, shall, after they are read, be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. (26.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1883; Feb. 5, 1886; Jan. 10, 1898.]

57. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which they are received from the Senate, or made to the House, as the case may be: provided, that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered and shall not be subject to the provisions of rule fifteen. (36.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Feb. 2, 1891.]

58. Bills ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the Orders of the next day for such reading. (32.) (33.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 10, 1898.]

59. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the House shall proceed with them in regular course as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; after which the matters that were passed over shall be considered in like order and disposed of. (37.)

60. When the House does not finish the consideration of the Orders of the Day, those which had not been acted upon shall be the Orders of the next and each succeeding day until disposed of, and shall be entered in the calendar, without change in their order, to precede matters added under rules fifty-six, fifty-seven and fifty-eight. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the time of adjournment shall have the preference in the Orders of the next day, after motions to reconsider. (35.)

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

Special Rules affecting the Course of Proceedings.

[For postponement of order, etc., to the next day, on request of a member, see Rule 41.]

61. No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom, or considered out of the regular course. This rule shall not be rescinded or revoked or suspended except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon. (38.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1895.]

62. If, under the operation of the previous question, or otherwise, an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill substantially changing the greater part of such bill, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill to a third reading or to be engrossed (as the case may be), but the bill, as amended, shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when, under the operation of the previous question or otherwise, an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as

from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made. (31.)

VOTING.

- 63. No member shall vote upon any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest. (10.)
- 64. Members desiring to be excused from voting shall make application to that effect before the division of the House or the taking of the yeas and nays is begun. Such application may be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons by the member making it, but shall be decided without debate, and shall not be subject to the provisions of rule sixty-eight. (57.)

[Amended Jan. 8, 1877; Feb. 5, 1886; Jan. 13, 1893.]

- 65. When a question is put, the sense of the House shall be taken by the voices of the members, and the Speaker shall first announce the vote as it appears to him by the sound. (55.)
- 66. If the Speaker is unable to decide by the sound of the voices, or if his announcement made thereupon is doubted by a member rising in his place for that purpose, the Speaker shall order a return by divisions of the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative, without further debate upon the question. (55.)

[For duty of monitors in case of a division, see Rule 9.]

67. When a return by divisions is ordered, the members for or against the question, when called on by the Speaker, shall rise in their places, and stand until they are counted. If upon the taking of such a vote the pres-

ence of a quorum is doubted, a count of the House shall be had, and if a quorum is present the vote shall stand. [Amended Feb. 11, 1889.]

68. The sense of the House shall be taken by yeas and nays whenever required by thirty of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared. If, before the question is taken, a member states to the House that he has paired with another member who is absent with a committee by authority of the House, and how each would vote upon the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting, but shall be included with the members voting for the purposes of a quorum. (56.)

[Amended Jan. 4, 1878; April 2, 1878; April 1, 1879; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 10, 1895; Jan. 21, 1909; Jan. 18, 1910.]

69. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. If the yeas and nays have been ordered before the question is put, the proceedings under rules sixty-five, sixty-six and sixty-seven shall be omitted; if not, they may be called for in lieu of a return by divisions when the Speaker's announcement is doubted by a member rising in his place, and, if then ordered, the proceedings under rules sixty-six and sixty-seven shall be omitted. (52.)

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

Reconsideration.

70. No motion to reconsider a vote shall be entertained unless it is made on the same day on which the vote was passed, or before the Orders of the Day have

been taken up on the next day thereafter on which a quorum is present. If reconsideration is moved on the same day, the motion shall (except during the last week of the session) be placed first in the Orders of the Day for the succeeding day; but, if it is moved on the succeeding day, the motion shall be considered forthwith: provided, however, that this rule shall not prevent the reconsideration of a vote on a subsidiary, incidental or dependent question at any time when the main question to which it relates is under consideration; and provided, further, that a motion to reconsider a vote on any subsidiary, incidental or dependent question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made. (53.)

[Amended June 13, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891; Feb. 7, 1902.]

71. When a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question shall be twice reconsidered; nor shall any vote be reconsidered upon either of the following motions:—

to adjourn, to lay on the table, to take from the table; or, for the previous question. (53.)

72. Debate on motions to reconsider shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes; but on a motion to reconsider a vote upon any subsidiary or incidental question, debate shall be limited to ten minutes, and no member shall occupy more than three minutes.

[Amended Feb. 5, 1886; June 13, 1890.] [For rule requiring the Clerk to retain papers, except etc., until the right of reconsideration has expired, see Rule 15.]

RULES OF DEBATE.

- 73. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise and respectfully address the Speaker; shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personalities; and shall sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the Speaker. (39.)
- 74. When two or more members rise at the same time the Speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor, preferring one who rises in his place to one who does not. (40.)
- 75. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order. (42.)
- 76. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of those who have not spoken and desire to speak on the same question. (41.)

Motions.

- 77. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker so directs. (44.)
- 78. A motion need not be seconded, and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made. (44.)

Limit of Debate.

79. A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order, and shall be decided without debate; and on the motions to lay on the table, to take from the table, for the previous question, to close debate at a specified time, to postpone to a time certain, to commit or recommit, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for

debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (52.)

[Amended Feb. 19, 1878; Jan. 26, 1880; Feb. 2, 1891; March 14, 1899.]

[For application to be excused from voting, to be decided without debate, see Rule 64.]
[For call for yeas and nays, to be decided without debate, see

Rule 69.]

[For questions of order, arising after the previous question is moved, to be decided without debate, except on appeal, see Rule 83.]

80. When a question is before the House, until it is disposed of, the Speaker shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except the motion to adjourn, or some other motion that has precedence either by express rule of the House, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same, except,—

to lay on the table,
for the previous question,
to close the debate at a specified time,
to postpone to a time certain,
to commit (or recommit),
see Rules 79, 81–86.
See Rules 79, 81–86.
See Rules 79 and 87.
See Rules 79 and 88.
See Rules 89–92.
See Rules 89–92.

which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged in this rule. (46.)

[Amended Jan. 14, 1892.]

Previous Question.

- 81. The previous question shall be put in the following form: "Shall the main question be now put?"—and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question is decided.
- 82. On the previous question debate shall be allowed only to give reasons why the main question should not be put.

[Amended March 14, 1899.]

83. All questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal; and on such appeal, no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House.

[See Rule 94.]

84. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate except as provided in rule eightysix, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

[Amended Jan. 14, 1892; Jan. 13, 1893.]

Motion to close Debate at a Specified Time.

85. Debate may be closed at any time not less than thirty minutes from the adoption of a motion to that effect. In case the time is extended by unanimous consent, the same rule shall apply at the end of the extended time as at the time originally fixed. (47.)

[Amended Jan. 8, 1877; Jan. 15, 1880; March 14, 1899.] [See the next rule.]

When Debate is closed, Ten Minutes allowed, etc.

86. When debate is closed by ordering the previous question, or by a vote to close debate at a specified time, the member in charge of the measure under consideration shall be allowed to speak ten minutes, and may grant to any other member any portion of his time. When the measure under consideration has been referred to the committee on Ways and Means, under House rule forty-four, the member originally reporting it shall be considered in charge, except where the report of the committee on Ways and Means is substantially different from that referred to them, in which case the member originally reporting the measure, and the mem-

ber of the committee on Ways and Means reporting thereon, shall each be allowed to speak five minutes, the latter to have the close. When the member entitled to speak under this rule is absent, the member standing first in order upon the committee reporting the measure, who is present and joined in the report, shall have the right to occupy such time.

[Amended March 28, 1877; Feb. 11, 1890; Jan. 13, 1893; Jan. 2, 1896.]

Motion to Postpone to a Time Certain.

87. When a motion is made to postpone to a time certain, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined before the question is put on postponement, which may then be rejected if the House see fit. (51.)

Motion to Commit.

- 88. When a motion is made to commit, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:
 - a standing committee of the House,
 - a select committee of the House,
 - a joint standing committee,
 - a joint select committee;

and a subject may be recommitted to the same committee or to another committee at the pleasure of the House. (48.)

Motions to Amend.

- 89. A motion to amend an amendment may be received; but no amendment in the third degree shall be allowed.
- 90. No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment. (50.)

- 91. A question containing two or more propositions capable of division shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it. (45.)
- 92. In filling blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first. (51.)

Enacting Clause.

93. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall only be received when the bill is before the House for enactment.

[Amended June 13, 1890.]

APPEAL.

94. No appeal from the decision of the Speaker shall be entertained unless it is seconded; and no other business shall be in order until the question on the appeal has been disposed of.

[See Rule 83.]

RESOLVES.

95. Such of these rules as are applicable to bills, whether of the House or of the Senate, shall apply likewise to such resolves as require the concurrence of the Senate and approval by the Governor, in order to become laws and have force as such; except in rule fifty-four the word "bill" shall be equivalent to the word 'resolve" in the same place.

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

96. A time shall be assigned for elections by ballot, at least one day previous thereto, except in the cases provided for in rule eight. (58.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

SECRET SESSION.

97. All proceedings in secret session, and matters relating thereto, shall be kept secret until the House removes the injunction of secrecy.

SEATS.

- 98. (1.) The desk on the right of the Speaker shall be assigned to the use of the Clerk and such persons as he may employ to assist him, and that on the left to the use of the chairmen of the committees on Bills in the Third Reading and on Engrossed Bills.
- (2.) The senior member of the House, and the oldest member of the House who is not the senior member, shall be allowed to select their seats from those not otherwise assigned, before the drawing of seats by the members.

[Amended Jan. 7, 1878.]

(3.) The seat numbered 30, in the first division, shall be assigned to the use of the chairman of the committee on the Judiciary; that numbered 6, in the third division, to the use of the member first named by the Speaker on the committee on Rules; and that numbered 13, in the fourth division, to the use of the chairman of the committee on Ways and Means.

[Amended Jan. 7, 1878; Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 7, 1895; Jan. 2, 1896; Jan. 11, 1897; Jan. 10, 1898; Jan. 4, 1907.]

(4.) The following seats shall be assigned to the use of the monitors:—

Those numbered 86 and 78, in the first division:

77 and 72, in the second division;

71 and 66, in the third division;

65 and 57, in the fourth division.

[Amended Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 7, 1895.]

(5.) The first business in order, after the appointment of standing committees and monitors is announced by the Speaker, shall be the drawing of the other seats

upon the floor of the House.

(6.) The Clerk shall call the roll of the members in alphabetical order, omitting the names of the Speaker, the senior member, the oldest member, the chairmen of committees hereinbefore mentioned, and the monitors; and the drawing shall be had in presence of the House, under the supervision of a committee of three selected from the members mentioned in this paragraph.

(7.) The seat assigned to any member, or drawn by him, shall be his seat for the year, unless an exchange is made and notice thereof given to the Sergeant-at-Arms within five days from the day of the drawing.

PRIVILEGE OF THE FLOOR.

99. The following persons shall be entitled to admission to the floor of the House, during the session thereof, to occupy seats not numbered:—

(1.) The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, members of the Executive Council, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Treasurer and Receiver-General, Auditor, Attorney-General, Librarian and Assistant Librarian.

(2.) The members of the Senate.

(3.) Persons in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the House.

(4.) The legislative reporters entitled to the privi-

leges of the reporters' gallery. (59.)

(5.) Contestants for seats in the House, whose papers are in the hands of the committee on Elections, may be admitted, while their cases are pending, to seats to be assigned by the Speaker.

No other person shall be admitted to the floor during the session except upon the permission of the Speaker. (60.) (61.)

[Adopted Jan. 10, 1890; amended Jan. 25, 1894; March 14, 1899; Feb. 25, 1914.]

REPRESENTATIVES' CHAMBER AND ADJOINING ROOMS.

100. Use of the Representatives' Chamber shall not be granted except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon.

No person shall be admitted to the members' corridor and adjoining rooms, except persons entitled to the privilege of the floor of the House, unless upon written invitation, bearing the name of the person it is desired to invite and the name of the member extending the invitation, which invitation shall be surrendered upon the person entering the corridor. No legislative agent or counsel shall be admitted to said corridor and adjoining rooms.

No smoking shall be allowed in the writing room of

the House or in the ladies' parlor.

No person shall be admitted to the north gallery of the House except upon a card of a member; and no person shall be so admitted except ladies, or gentlemen accompanied by ladies.

Subject to the approval and direction of the committee on Rules during the session and of the Speaker after prorogation, the use of the reporters' gallery of the House Chamber shall be under the control of the organization of legislative reporters known as the Massachusetts State House Press Association.

Every legislative reporter desiring admission to the House press gallery shall state in writing that he is not the agent or representative of any person or corporation interested in legislation before the General Court, and will not act as representative of any such person or corporation while he retains his place in the gallery; but nothing herein contained shall prevent such legislative reporter from engaging in other employment, provided such other employment is specifically approved by the committee on Rules and reported to the House. (59.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Feb. 5, 1895; Feb. 6, 1900; Jan. 26, 1911; Jan. 27, 1914.]

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

101. The rules of parliamentary practice shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules or the joint rules of the two branches. (62.)

Debate on Motions for the Suspension of Rules.

102. Debate upon a motion for the suspension of any of the joint rules or House rules shall be limited to fifteen minutes, and no member shall occupy more than three minutes.

[Amended Feb. 11, 1889; June 13, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891.]

SUSPENSION, AMENDMENT AND REPEAL.

103. Nothing in these rules shall be dispensed with, altered or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but this rule, and rules forty-one, forty-nine, fifty, sixty-two, seventy, ninety-nine

and one hundred, shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present. (63.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1890; June 13, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 13, 1893.]

104. All motions to suspend the ninth or twelfth joint rule, or House rule thirty-two, all questions on concurring with the Senate in the suspension of either of said joint rules, all motions or orders authorizing committees of the House to travel or to employ stenographers, all propositions involving special investigations by committees of the House, and all motions or orders providing that information be transmitted to the House, shall be referred without debate to the committee on Rules, who, within fourteen days after such reference, shall report thereon, recommending what action should be taken. On all questions on the suspension of the ninth joint rule, or House rule thirtytwo, the committee shall report adversely, unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the petitioners have previously given notice, by public advertisement or otherwise, equivalent to that required by chapter 3 of the Revised Laws. (13A.)

[Adopted Jan. 10, 1898; amended March 14, 1899; Jan. 22, 1904; Feb. 21, 1905; Jan. 28, 1913.]

Quorum.

105. One hundred and twenty-one members shall constitute a quorum for the organization of the House and the transaction of business.

[Adopted Feb. 8, 1892.]



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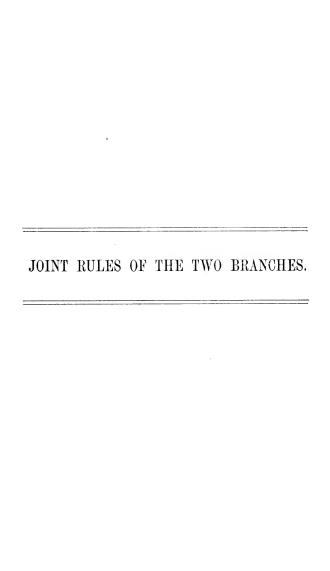
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JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[As finally adopted on Jan. 17, 1918.]

Committees.

1. Joint standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year as follows:—

A committee on Administration and Commissions;

A committee on Agriculture;

A committee on Banks and Banking;

A committee on Constitutional Amendments;

A committee on Counties;

A committee on Education;

A committee on Election Laws;

A committee on Federal Relations;

A committee on Fisheries and Game;

A committee on Harbors and Public Lands;

A committee on Labor;

A committee on Military Affairs;

A committee on Municipal Finance;

A committee on Public Health;

A committee on Public Service;

A committee on Roads and Bridges;

A committee on Social Welfare;

A committee on State House and Libraries;

A committee on Towns;

A committee on Water Supply;

Each to consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and eight on the part of the House;

A committee on Cities;

A committee on Insurance;

A committee on Legal Affairs;
A committee on Mercantile Affairs;
A committee on Metropolitan Affairs;
A committee on Public Institutions;
A committee on Public Lighting;
A committee on Railroads;
A committee on Street Railways;

A committee on Taxation:

Each to consist of four members on the part of the Senate, and eleven on the part of the House.

Matters referred by either the Senate or the House to its committee on the Judiciary, on Ways and Means, or on Rules shall be considered by the respective committees of the two branches, acting as joint committees, when, in the judgment of the chairmen of the respective committees of the two branches, the interests of legislation or the expedition of business will be better served by such joint consideration. Matters may also be referred respectively to the committees on the Judiciary, on Ways and Means, and on Rules, of the two branches, as joint committees.

The committees on Rules, together with the presiding officers of the two branches, acting as a joint committee, may consider and suggest such measures as shall, in their judgment, tend to facilitate the business of the session. [Amended Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 5, 1883; Jan. 7, 1884; Jan. 8, 1885; Jan. 26, 1885; Jan. 8, 1886; Jan. 12, 1887; Jan. 9, 1888; Jan. 28, 1889; Jan. 8, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 11, 1892; Feb. 10, 1892; Feb. 7, 1893; Jan. 8, 1894; Jan. 7, 1895; Jan. 7, 1896; Jan. 11, 1897; Jan. 10, 1898; Jan. 9, 1899; Jan. 22 and Jan. 29, 1901; Jan. 6, 1902; Jan. 9, 1903; Jan. 8, 1904; Jan. 6, 1905; Jan. 4, 1907; Jan. 5, 1910; Jan. 4, 1911; Jan. 1, 1913; and Jan. 12, 1914.]

- 2. No member of either branch shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the Legislature.
- 3. No committee of the Senate or the House shall travel unless authorized by a vote of two-thirds of the members of its branch present and voting. No joint committee shall travel unless authorized by a concurrent vote of two-thirds of the members of each branch present and voting. No committee shall travel except at the expense of the Commonwealth. In any case when a committee is authorized to travel, the Sergeantat-Arms shall provide transportation only for members of the committee and the officer accompanying them. and the reasonable travelling expenses of such members and officers only shall be charged to or paid by the Commonwealth. Neither the Sergeant-at-Arms nor the officer detailed by him shall permit any person to accompany such committee while in the discharge of its official duties unless invited by vote of the committee.

All bills for the travelling expenses of committees shall, in such form and detail as may be prescribed by the Auditor of the Commonwealth, be submitted by the Sergeant-at-Arms to the committee by whom they have been incurred; and such bills, before they are presented to the Auditor of the Commonwealth, shall first be approved by a majority of the committee incurring them. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall procure from the Auditor and shall, on the first Monday in each month, transmit to the General Court in print a statement of all such bills which have been presented to the Auditor during the preceding month. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890. Amended Feb. 2, 1891, and Jan. 20, 1904.]

4. Joint committees may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise, to either branch, at their discretion, having

reference to an equal distribution of business between the two branches, except that money bills shall be reported to the House; and except that when a report is made from any committee to either branch, and the subject-matter thereof is subsequently referred therein to a joint committee, such committee shall report its action to the branch in which the original report was made. [See also next rule.]

- 5. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the branch first acting thereon, and bills or resolves may be recommitted in either branch, but no such recommittal shall be made after the fourth Wednesday in March. A concurrent vote shall, however, be necessary for the recommitment of such reports, bills, or resolves, with instructions. After recommitment, report shall, in all cases, be made to the branch originating the recommitment. [Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]
- 6. Bills and resolves reported by joint committees shall be printed or fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, and on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and with spaces between the several sections. Dates and numbers shall be printed or written in words at length. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]
- 7. Whenever, upon any application for an act of incorporation or other legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought can be secured without detriment to the public interests by a general law or under existing laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or "leave to withdraw," or "ought not to pass." [Amended Feb. 2, 1891, and Feb. 7, 1893.]

7A. A committee to which is referred a petition for legislation to authorize a city or town to reinstate in its service a person formerly employed by it shall report thereon leave to withdraw unless the person seeking to be reinstated has first petitioned the local police, district or municipal court for a review, as provided by law. [Adopted April 29, 1915.]

Notice to Parties Interested.

8. No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal corporation. otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except by a petition, nor shall any bill or resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a committee except upon a petition duly referred, nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee, whether on an original reference or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given by public advertisement or otherwise to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. A committee reporting leave to withdraw or reference to the next General Court for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof shall set forth this fact in its report, and no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for, or amendment of, such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890.]

9. A petition for the incorporation of a town or city. or for the division of an existing town or city, or for the incorporation of a railroad, street railway, elevated railroad or canal company, or for the amendment, alteration or extension of the charter or corporate powers or privileges of any such company, either specially incorporated or organized under general laws, or for authority to take water for a water supply, or relative to building structures over navigable or tide waters. shall be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 3 of the Revised Laws, or by other provisions of law. A petition for the incorporation of a college or university or other educational institution, with power to grant degrees, or for an amendment of the charter of an existing educational institution so that the said institution, not having such power, shall thereafter have power to grant degrees, shall also be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 3 of the Revised Laws. But if, no objection being raised. any such petition is referred to a committee without such required notice, the committee shall forthwith report reference to the next General Court, setting forth as the reason for such report failure to give the required notice. unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. In case a bill or resolve is reported by a committee upon such a petition, after proof of such waiver of notice, this fact shall be set forth in the report of the committee. When a report of reference to the next General Court is made by a committee on account of failure to give the required notice, no bill or resolve shall be substituted for such report, nor shall such report be recommitted or referred to another committee; but reference of the petition to the next General Court for want of proper notice under this rule shall not affect action upon any other measure involving the same subject-matter. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890. Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Feb. 3, 1898; and Jan. 16, 1903.]

Limit of Time allowed for Reports of Committees.

10. Joint committees shall make final report upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the second Wednesday in March; but, except as provided in Rule No. 30, the time within which they are required to report upon such matters may be extended, by concurrent vote, until a day not later than the second Wednesday in April. When the time within which such joint committees are required to report has expired, all matters upon which no report has then been made shall, within three legislative days thereafter, be reported by the chairman of the committee on the part of the branch in which they were respectively introduced, with a recommendation of reference to the next General Court under this rule. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting thereon. [Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 25, 1894; Jan. 16, 1903; and Jan. 20, 1904.]

Committees of Conference.

11. Committees of conference shall consist of three members on the part of each branch, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each committee, shall be made to the branch asking the conference, and may be either accepted or rejected, but no other action shall be had, except through a new committee of conference,

Limit of Time allowed for New Business.

12. Resolutions, and petitions, memorials, bills and resolves introduced on leave, and all other subjects of legislation, except reports required or authorized to be made to the Legislature, deposited with the Clerk of either branch subsequently to five o'clock in the afternoon on the second Saturday of the session. shall, when presented, be referred to the next General Court; but this rule shall not apply to petitions in aid of, and remonstrances against, legislation already introduced and pending; nor shall it apply to a petition offered in place of a former one having in view the same object, upon which, before reference to a committee, leave to withdraw was given because the same was not in proper form, provided that such subsequent petition is deposited with the Clerk of either branch within one week from the day on which leave to withdraw was given; nor shall it apply to a bill or resolve introduced on leave or to a resolution presented subsequently to five o'clock in the afternoon on the second Saturday of the session, when such bill, resolve or resolution is based upon the report of a joint committee which has been made in compliance with instructions to report facts or to investigate, provided the said bill, resolve or resolution is introduced within one week after the committee's report is submitted. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting thereon: provided, however, that, except by unanimous consent, it shall not be suspended with reference to a petition for legislation when such petition is not accompanied by a bill or a resolve embodying the legislation requested. [Amended

Feb. 7, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891; Feb. 7, 1893; Jan. 10, 1898; Jan. 9, 1899; Feb. 15, 1901; May 4, 1904; Jan. 31, 1910; and Feb. 2, 1917.]

Requests for Legislation to be deposited with the Clerks.

13. Petitions and memorials, accompanied by bills or resolves embodying the subject-matter prayed for, bills and resolves for introduction on leave, and all other subjects of legislation, and all resolutions and orders of inquiry, intended for presentation to the General Court by any member, shall be deposited with the Clerk of the branch to which such member belongs, and shall be laid before such branch not later than at the session of the fourth legislative day succeeding the day on which the same have been so deposited. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890. Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Feb. 7, 1893; and Jan. 25, 1894.]

Dockets of Legislative Counsel and Agents.

14. The joint committee on Rules shall have authority to prescribe the manner and form of keeping the dockets of legislative counsel and agents which are required by law. [Adopted Feb. 2, 1891.]

Duties of the Clerks.

- 15. If any part of the report of a committee over the signature of the chairman or members of the committee is amended in either branch, the Clerk of that branch shall endorse upon the report such amendment.
- 16. All papers, while on their passage between the two branches, may be under the signature of the respec-

tive Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each branch may direct.

- 17. After bills and resolves have passed both branches to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two branches, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and when engrossed the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall, in like manner, be delivered to the committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills. [Amended Feb. 24, 1914.]
- 18. If any petition, memorial, bill, resolve or order, presented or originating in one branch, is adversely acted upon in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.
- 19. The Clerk of the branch in which a bill or a resolve originated shall make an endorsement on the envelope of the engrossed copy thereof, certifying in which branch the same originated, which endorsement shall be entered on the journals by the Clerks respectively. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889; Feb. 24, 1914.]
- 20. Bills, resolves and other papers requiring the approval of the Governor shall be laid before him for his approbation by the Clerk of the Senate, who shall enter upon the journal of the Senate the day on which the same were so laid before the Governor. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

Constitutional Amendments.

21. All resolves proposing amendments to the Constitution shall have three several readings in each branch, and the question upon agreeing to an amendment to the Constitution shall be taken by yeas and nays. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

Referendum Measures.

22. Every bill or resolve which, in whole or in part. is to be referred to the people for their rejection or approval, in accordance with the provisions of Article XLII. of the Amendments of the Constitution, shall contain a provision for such reference, which provision shall be in the form of a separate section in the case of a bill, and in the form of a separate resolve clause-in the case of a resolve. The yea and nay vote required by the said Article of Amendment shall be taken coincidently with the vote on the final passage of the bill or the resolve in each branch, and the question shall be on passing the bill to be enacted (or on passing the resolve) and on referring to the people for their rejection or approval the bill, the resolve, or the part of such bill or resolve to be so referred; and this question shall be indivisible. When such vote is affirmative there shall be endorsed on the bill or on the resolve, in addition to the customary endorsement, a statement that the bill, or the resolve, or the specified part of the bill or the resolve, is referred to the people for their rejection or approval at the polls. [Adopted Feb. 24, 1914.1

Printing and Distribution of Documents.

23. The joint committee on Rules may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the Legislature not otherwise disposed of, and such regulations shall be reported to and be subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill or other document, the number printed shall be nine hundred.

Leave to report in print shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

Bills, reports and other documents, printed under the general order of either branch, shall be distributed as follows, to wit: two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member): three copies to each Clerk in either branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's office: six copies to the State Library: one copy to each Public Library in the Commonwealth, which shall make due application therefor to the Sergeant-at-Arms, and shall make proper provision for the transmission and preservation thereof; and, when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies, and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said joint committee. [Amended Jan. 8, 1886; Jan. 28, 1889; and Jan 27, 1911]

Joint Conventions.

- 24. The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches, and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Convention, and a record of the proceedings of the Convention shall be entered at large on the journals of both branches.
- 25. When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.
- 26. No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

Joint Elections.

27. In all elections by joint ballot a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

Recess Committees.

28. No standing or special committee of the Senate or House of Representatives and no joint committee shall sit during the recess of the General Court unless authorized so to do by concurrent votes of the two branches. [Adopted Feb. 24, 1914.]

Joint Committee on Rules.

29. All motions or orders authorizing joint committees to travel or to employ stenographers, all propositions involving special investigations by joint com-

mittees and all motions or orders proposed for joint adoption which provide that information be transmitted to the General Court shall be referred without debate to the joint committee on Rules, who, within fourteen days after such reference, shall report thereon, recommending what action should be taken. [Adopted Jan. 10, 1898. Amended Jan. 20, 1904; and Jan. 28, 1913.]

30. All motions or orders extending the time within which joint committees are required to report shall be referred without debate to the joint committee on Rules, who shall report recommending what action should be taken thereon. No such extension beyond the second Wednesday in April shall be granted, against the recommendation of the joint committee on Rules, except by a four-fifths vote of the members of each branch present and voting thereon. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting thereon. [Adopted Jan. 16, 1903. Amended Feb. 6, 1912.]

Members.

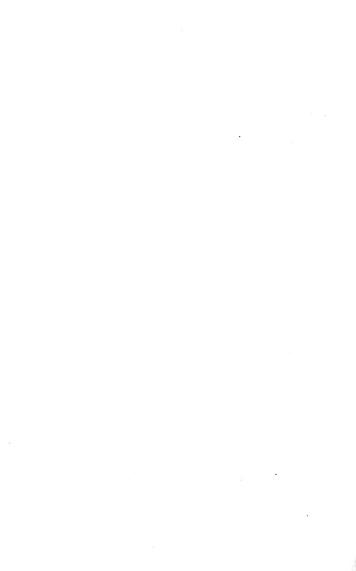
31. A member of either branch who directly or indirectly solicits for himself or others any position or office within the gift or control of a railroad corporation, street railway company, gas or electric light company, telegraph or telephone company, aqueduct or water company, or other public service corporation, shall be subject to suspension therefor, or to such other penalty as the branch of which he is a member may see fit to impose. [Adopted May 22, 1902.]

Accommodations for Reporters.

32. Subject to the approval and direction of the joint committee on Rules during the session and of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House after prorogation, the use of the rooms and facilities assigned to reporters in the State House shall be under the control of the organization of legislative reporters known as the Massachusetts State House Press Association. No person shall be permitted to use such rooms or facilities who is not entitled to the privileges of the reporters' gallery of the Senate or of the House. [Adopted Jan. 27, 1911. Amended Feb. 24, 1914.]

Suspension of Rules.

33. Any joint rule except the tenth, twelfth and thirtieth may be altered, suspended or rescinded by a concurrent vote of two-thirds of the members of each branch present and voting thereon. [Amended Feb. 7, 1893. Adopted in revised form Jan. 9, 1899. Amended Jan. 16, 1903.]



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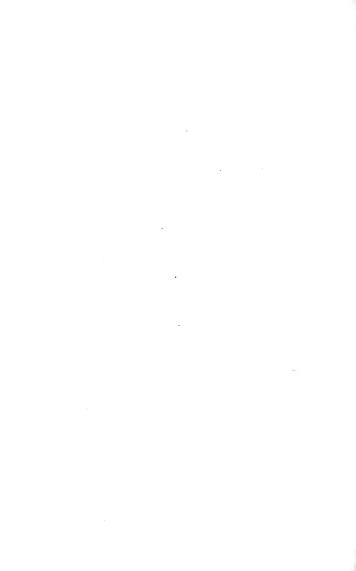
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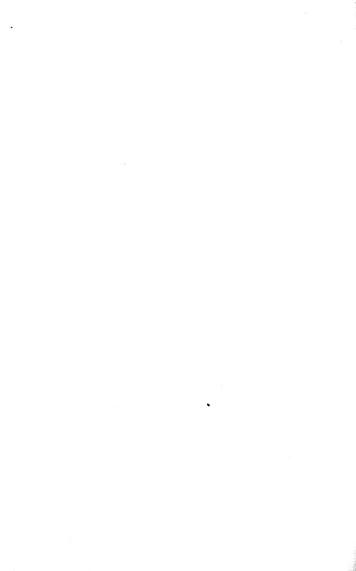
OF THE

PRESIDING OFFICERS

FROM THE YEAR 1833.

PREPARED BY THE HONORABLE GEORGE G. CROCKER AND CONTINUED BY HIM UNTIL 1913. SUBSEQUENT NOTES HAVE BEEN ADDED BY THE CLERKS OF THE TWO BRANCHES.

MEMORANDA. — S. stands for Senate Journal, H. for House Journal. Citations from Journals which have never been printed refer to the duplicate manuscript copy in the State Library.



NOTES OF RULINGS

OF THE

PRESIDING OFFICERS ON THE CONSTITUTION OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Power of Presiding Officers to decide Constitu-TIONAL QUESTIONS. - In a decision on a money bill, in which it was held that it was within the province of the chair to decide the constitutional question involved, the following statement was made: "It is of course not intended to assume to the chair any right of decision as to the constitutionality of matters of legislation in relation to their substance; but where the question relates to form and manner of proceeding in legislation, or, in other words, is one of order, it is the duty of the chair to rule upon the same, although it may depend upon the provisions of the Constitution for its solution." Cases of a proposition to adjourn for more than two days, of proceedings without a quorum, of a faulty enacting form. and of neglecting to take the yeas and nays on a vetoed bill, are cited. PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 341. See also JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 386; STONE, H. 1866, p. 436; BUTLER, S. 1894, pp. 555, 648; BUTLER, S. 1895, p. 378; Darling (acting President), S. 1895, p. 578; Meyer, H. 1894, pp. 509, 1399; TREADWAY, S. 1911, p. 506.

It is not within the province of the chair to rule out a bill on the point of order that the bill is not properly before the House for the reason that it was not returned by the Governor with his objections thereto in writing within the time fixed by the Constitution. Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1399. A point of order having been raised that a proposed amendment was not in order for the reason that it was unconstitutional, it was held that it was not within the province of the chair to decide as to the constitutionality of the amendment. Bates, H. 1897, p. 979. See also Walker, H. 1910, p. 1480; Blanchard (acting President), S. 1911, p. 1497.

For further rulings regarding the power of the presiding officer to decide constitutional questions, see Meyer, H. 1896, p. 254; Myers, H. 1901, p. 1352. See also notes on "Courtesy between the Branches," under the

heading "Sundry Rulings."

Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II. — "No bill or resolve." See Long, H. 1878, p. 58; Noyes, H. 1880, p. 123.

"Laid before the Governor for his revisal." If either branch desires for any reason to revise an enacted bill, joint action of the two branches must be had, and the motion should be one providing that a message be sent by the two branches requesting the Governor to return the bill to the Senate. Jewell, H. 1869, p. 645. Notwithstanding this ruling, it is customary for the Senate, when it desires to revise an enacted bill, to request the return of the bill, without asking the concurrent action of the House.

"Who shall enter the objections . . . and proceed to reconsider the same." In a case in which a resolve and the objections thereto were laid on the table, it was held that it was then out of order to introduce a new resolve of a similar nature. Goodwin, H. 1890, p. 613.

"But if, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said Senate or House of Representatives shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the Legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law." Under this provision it has been held that in the branch first taking action a vote of two-thirds of the members present is sufficient to pass a bill. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625; BULLOCK, H. 1862, p. 586. See also Walker v. State, 12 S. C. 200; Frillsen v. Mahan, 21 La. Ann. 79. Contra, see Co. of Cass v. Johnston, 95 U. S. 360.

In 1862, in a case in which, the President not voting, 33 votes were cast, of which 22 were in favor of the passage of the bill, it was held that the record of the yeas and nays was the only evidence of the number or the names of the members present, and that the necessary two-thirds had been obtained. Clifford, S. 1862, p. 625. Later decisions do not support this position. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564; Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 584; Hartwell, S. 1889, p. 589; Barrett, H. 1889, p. 226. See also House Rule 67. See Brown v. Nash, 1 Wyoming Terr. 85.

It is permissible to reconsider a vote refusing to pass a bill over the Executive veto, notwithstanding the first vote is described in the Constitution as a reconsideration of the bill. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 583; Frothingham, H. 1905, p. 1098. But see Sank v. Phila., 4 Brewster, 133. Wilson's Digest, 2058; 2151.

"Returned by the Governor within five days." Simply leaving the papers in the clerk's office after it is closed on the fifth day is not such a return. Cushing, H. 1912, p. 1879.

CHAP. I., Sect. I., Art. IV. — "All manner of wholesome and reasonable orders." See Long, H. 1878, p. 60. "To set forth the several duties, powers and limits of the several civil and military officers." For certain resolves defining the powers of the Legislature, especially the power to prescribe duties to the Governor and other executive officers, see Phelps, H. 1857, p. 557.

Chap. I., Sect. II., Art. VI. — "Provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time." Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. Jewell, H. 1868, p. 311; Stone, H. 1867, p. 270.

Chap. I., Sect. III., Art. VI. — For a case of an arraignment of a State official at the bar of the House, see Hale, H. 1859, p. 149.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VII. — "All money bills shall originate in the House of Representatives." The exclusive constitutional privilege of the House of Representatives to originate money bills is limited to bills that transfer money or property from the people to the State, and does not include bills that appropriate money from the treasury of the Commonwealth to particular uses of the government or bestow it upon individuals or corporations. The Senate can originate a bill or resolve appropriating money from the treasury of the Commonwealth, or directly or indirectly involving expenditures of money from the treasury, or imposing a burden or charge thereon. Opinion of Justices, S. 1878, appendix; 126 Mass. Reports, 596; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 279; PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 340. See, contra, Long, H. 1878, pp. 197, 563; Jewell, H. 1869, p. 630; JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 385. See Loring, S. 1873, p. 409, for opinion that money bills should be allowed to originate in either branch.

It is the duty of the presiding officer of the Senate to observe with punctilious care the constitutional prerogatives of the House of Representatives. Without waiting for a point of order to be raised, he should cause a money bill which originates in the Senate to be laid aside or recommitted. In such case the action on the bill previously taken by the Senate is to be considered as not having been taken. Butler, S. 1894, p. 555; Butler, S. 1895, p. 378. See also Soule, S. 1901, p. 753.

It was formerly held that bills designating certain property as subject to or exempted from taxation, as well as bills imposing a tax in terms, were "money bills." BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 419; PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 811. See also Sanford, H. 1873, p. 283; Stone, H. 1866, p. 436. Later, an important bill exempting certain kinds of personal property from taxation was held not to be a "money bill." In rendering his decision, President BUTLER called attention to the fact that conditions which led to the adoption of this constitutional provision no longer exist, that the members of the Senate, like the members of the House, are now elected directly by the people, that the property qualifications of senators have been abolished, that representation in both branches alike is based on the number of legal voters. and that there remains no reason or excuse for construing into the Constitution a prohibition which does not clearly appear, that the bill was not in itself a proposition to impose a tax, and that in determining the point of order it was unnecessary to conjecture what results might accrue from its passage. Butler, S. 1895, p. 737.

It has been held that a bill exempting from taxation certain property in a particular town is not a "money bill." PILLSBURY (acting President), S. 1884, p. 259.

A bill abolishing certain existing exemptions from taxation and thereby subjecting to taxation property previously exempted, was held not to be a money bill. Treadway, S. 1911, p. 506.

A bill, known as the bar and bottle bill, was held not to be a "money bill." WALKER, H. 1910, p. 941.

The words "money bill" do not cover bills merely creating a debt, but only bills relating to the taking of money or property from the people for the payment of a debt, or for some other public purpose. Dana, S. 1906, p. 1033.

A bill is considered as originating in that branch in which it is first acted upon. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 759.

For a case in which the Senate instructed a committee to report a bill to the House, see Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 702.

Chap. I., Sect. III., Art. VIII. — "Provided such adjournments shall not exceed two days at a time." Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. Jewell, H. 1868, p. 311; Stone, H. 1867, p. 270. See also Meyer, H. 1895, p. 1313.

Chap. I., Sect. III., Art. X. — "And settle the rules and orders of proceedings in their own House." See Long, H. 1878, p. 60.

Chap. VI., Art. II. — "But their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the Senate or House of Representatives." It is not within the province of the chair to decide whether a member has forfeited his membership by accepting an office incompatible with his seat in the Legislature. Hale, H. 1859, p. 48.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, VIII. — See note to Constitution, Chap. VI., Art. II.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, IX. — An amendment of the Constitution may be amended on the second year of its consideration, but such action will necessitate its reference to the next Legislature. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 321; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 57; DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1890, p. 369.

It has also been held that an amendment to the Constitution cannot be amended on the second year of its consideration. Phelps, H. 1857, p. 906; Phelps, S. 1859, p. 323.

A vote agreeing to an article of amendment of the Constitution can be reconsidered. MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 377, 422-427.

As to the method of procedure in acting on an amendment on the second year, and in providing for its submission to the people, see Noyes, H. 1881, p. 466. See also Meyer, H. 1896, pp. 255, 269.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, XXXIII. — See note to House Rule 68.

It is immaterial that a quorum does not vote if a quorum is present. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584; HART-WELL, S. 1889, p. 589. See note to House Rule 67, and note to Senate Rules under "Voting." *Contra*, see CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625.

As to what constitutes a quorum of the Senate, see opinion of the Attorney-General, House Doc. No. 38 (1892).

In ascertaining the presence of a quorum, senators who are in the chamber but do not answer to their names when the roll is called are to be counted. Soule, S. 1901, p. 1014.

NOTES OF RULINGS ·

ON THE

SENATE RULES.

THE PRESIDENT.

The President has no power, either by general parliamentary law or by special authority vested in him by the Senate, to cause any document to be printed or distributed, or to prevent any document from being printed or distributed; and, upon the simple request of a member of the Senate, he has no authority to issue an order to the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove from the desks and files of the senators a report, portions of which are claimed to be unparliamentary. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 489, 575.

CLERK.

Rule 8. The suspension of this rule by itself does not take a bill out of the possession of the Clerk, nor does it preclude reconsideration moved in accordance with Senate Rule 53. Jones, S. 1904, p. 802.

This rule does not apply to a bill which is referred to the committee on Ways and Means under the Senate rule relating to bills involving the expenditure of public money. SMITH, S. 1900, p. 885.

See notes to House Rule 70.

"Except petitions, bills and resolves introduced on leave, orders of inquiry," etc. As to the reason for these exceptions and their effect, see LORING, S. 1873, pp. 295, 299. It would seem that the right to reconsider the enact-

ment of a bill, the reference of a petition or bill, or the adoption of an order, should expire when the bill, petition or order passes out of the hands of the Clerk.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

Rule 10. In the case of a bill relative to the common use of tracks by two or more street railway companies it was held that it was not a matter in which the private right of a senator who was president of a street railway company could be said to be immediately concerned as distinct from the public interest. Chapple, S. 1907, p. 730. See notes to House Rule 63.

COMMITTEES.

Rule 12. For sundry rulings as to committees, see notes on the Joint Rules, under the head of "Committees."

"A committee on Ways and Means" (formerly, "on the Treasury"). See notes to House Rules 20, 25.

Rule 15. A bill relating to the appointment of certain officers of the city of Boston was held not to be a special bill. Jones, S. 1904, p. 210.

A bill relating to the taxation of telegraph companies was held not to come within the provisions of this section, although it appeared that there might be but one such company in existence. Hartwell, S. 1889, p. 732. See also notes to House Rule 31 and Joint Rule 8.

Rule 16. A special act, as distinguished from a general law, is one which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. Pillsbury, S. 1885, pp. 558, 589. It is not within the province of the

chair to rule that the object of an application can be secured under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests by a general law. This question must be determined by the committee (PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 588; Harwood, acting President, S. 1899, pp. 249, 761), unless it appears on the face of the papers that the object can be secured under existing laws. Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 700. For a case in which it was held not to be allowable to substitute a general law for a special act, see Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 589.

See notes to House Rules 30 and 31, and to Joint

Rule 7.

FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

Rule 17. Objection that this rule is violated cannot be sustained in the case of a House bill. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 582.

INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS.

Rule 19. Under this rule a bill based on a resolution was laid aside, for the reason that a resolution differs from a bill or resolve in that it is simply an expression of opinion by the General Court, has but one reading and is not laid before the Governor for his approval. Chapple, S. 1907, p. 900.

Rule 23. See note to House Rule 47.

"Unless received from the House of Representatives." A bill coming from the House must be entertained even though it is not germane to the petition upon which it is based. PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 470.

See notes on "Courtesy between the Branches," under the heading "Sundry Rulings," at the end of

the notes on the Joint Rules.

Rule 24. For cases in which an order has been held to be unparliamentary in form, see Sprague, S. 1890, p. 189; Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 140.

COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

Rule 27. The question being on ordering to a third reading a bill involving the expenditure of public money, the point of order was raised that the bill had not been referred to the committee on Ways and Means. The point of order was held to be well taken and the bill was referred. Smith, S. 1898, p. 759; Greenwood, S. 1912, p. 1373. See also notes on House Rule 44.

Rule 28. The subsequent rejection of a bill substituted for a report of a committee recommending "no legislation" does not revive the question upon the adoption of the recommendation of the report. The requirement that every bill shall be read three times does not render the substitution liable to be nullified by the rejection of the bill at a subsequent stage. Bishop, S. 1881, p. 212.

Rule 31. For a case in which a bill was held to have been substantially changed, see Smith, S. 1900, p. 487.

Rule 33. Notwithstanding this rule, a motion to instruct the committee to report on a bill forthwith is in order. For sundry other rulings in a case in which, such instructions having been given and not having been complied with, some of the members of the committee were held to be in contempt, see Jones, S. 1903, pp. 769, 771, 778.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

See note to House Rule 61.

RULES OF DEBATE.

See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

Rule 39. A member by yielding the floor to another member cannot thus transfer to the latter the right to the floor. Such right can only be secured through compliance with the rule. Chapple, S. 1908, p. 696.

In a case in which, pursuant to a standing order, the Senate adjourned while a member was speaking, it was held that such member was not in consequence thereof entitled to the floor when the subject was again taken up. Chapple, S. 1908, p. 1139.

MOTIONS.

See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

A motion in its nature trivial and absurd will not be entertained. Sprague, S. 1890, p. 189; Pills-

BURY, S. 1886, p. 140.

The Senate having passed a general order that the reading of the Journal should be dispensed with unless otherwise ordered, it was held that a senator could not require the reading of the Journal without a vote to that effect, and that a motion that the Journal be read was not a question of privilege. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 290.

APPEALS. When Cushing was by rule the sole authority governing the Senate, it was held, in accordance with Cushing's Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies (Sect. 1467), that a question on an appeal could be laid on the table; and if such action was taken,

the matter, whatever it was, which gave rise to the appeal, proceeded as if no appeal had been taken. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289. In the House it has been held that a motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order. See Marden, H. 1883, p. 582. See also notes to House Rule 94.

It is to be noted that the Senate was required to follow Cushing's statement of Parliamentary Law, while the House, by its Rule 101, was simply required to conform to the rules of parliamentary practice.

In Crocker's Principles of Procedure it is held that an appeal cannot be laid upon the table separately from the proceedings out of which the point of order arose. Crocker's Principles of Procedure, Sect. 94.

Rule 45. For an instance in which it was held that the adoption of an amendment inserting certain words precluded, except through reconsideration, striking out such words in part at the same stage of the bill, see Smith, S. 1900, p. 530.

See notes to House Rule 91.

Rule 46. "To adjourn." It was held that when, upon a motion to adjourn, the yeas and nays had begun before the time fixed for adjournment and had ended after that time, and the Senate had voted in the negative upon the motion, the refusal to adjourn had the effect of suspending the operation of the order relative to adjournment, and was equivalent to otherwise ordering. Morse (acting President), S. 1896, p. 912.

A motion to adjourn having been lost, a second motion to adjourn was held not to be in order when the only intervening business had been the rejection of a motion to postpone further consideration of the pending bill. Dana, S. 1906, p. 496.

See notes to House Rule 79.

"Or some other motion which has precedence." Where the Senate assigned one matter for 2.30 p.m., and one matter for 3 p.m., it was held to be the duty of the presiding officer to call up the second assignment at 3 p.m., even though the consideration of the first assignment was not finished. PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 316. See notes to House Rule 80.

"To lay on the table." Pending the consideration of one of the Orders of the Day, a motion to lay the Orders of the Day on the table is admissible. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

A motion to postpone laying the orders on the table

is inadmissible. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 287.

When Cushing was the sole authority governing the Senate, it was held that, if a motion to reconsider is laid upon the table, or is postponed to a specified time, the pending bill does not go with it. See PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 627. Contra, see Crocker's Principles of Procedure, Sect. 62, and appendix note thereto. See also Senate Rule 62.

"To close debate at a specified time." See note to House Rule 80.

A motion that the debate be closed in one hour is admissible, although, under a general order, the Senate would adjourn before the expiration of the hour. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 286.

After the time for closing debate has arrived, the taking of the question cannot be postponed by a motion to adjourn or to commit, or that the Journal be read, and these motions cannot then be entertained. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289.

If a motion to close debate in one hour is reconsidered, the question does not recur upon the original motion, because that motion, owing to the lapse of time, is out of order. The debate will proceed without limitation

unless a new motion to close it is made. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589.

"To commit (or recommit)." A motion to recommit, with instructions to report a bill broader in its scope than the measures upon which the bill is based, is out of order. Pinkerton, S. 1892, p. 266.

"To amend." A substitute which, by Rule 28, must have three several readings on three successive days, can be amended in the second degree. H. H. Coolinge, S. 1870, p. 416.

It is not out of order to substitute an entire bill for another entire bill. Brastow, S. 1868, p. 48. See also Senate Rule 28.

The substitution of a question on the rejection of an order for a question on the passage of the order is not a parliamentary substitution, because one is simply the negative of the other. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 575, 578.

If an amendment has been once rejected, the same or substantially the same amendment cannot again be moved at the same stage of the bill, but the rejection of the amendment may be reconsidered. Greenwood, S. 1912, p. 1553; Howland (acting President), S. 1886, p. 611; Bradford (acting President), S. 1895, p. 715; Calvin Coolidge, 1914, p. 930. So also an amendment embodying a rejected amendment cannot be entertained at the same stage. Pinkerton, S. 1893, p. 471. As to whether an amendment is similar to one previously acted upon, see Soule, S. 1901, p. 989. An amendment which has been rejected at one stage of a bill can be offered again at a subsequent stage. Chapple, S. 1907, pp. 1004, 1095; Jones, S. 1903, p. 941. See notes to House Rule 90.

Rule 47. A motion to close debate in one hour is in order although a standing order requires adjournment

before the expiration of the hour, and, if the Senate adjourns before the time allowed for debate has elapsed. the bill when again considered is open for debate for such portion of the hour as had not elapsed at the time of adjournment. Chapple, S. 1908, p. 735.

Rule 50. According to Cushing's Manual, Sect. 102, amendments proposing subjects different from those under consideration would be in order if they were not excluded by special rule. Contra, see Crocker's Principles of Procedure, Sect. 44. See also Brastow, S. 1868, p. 51.

If a committee reports only in part, amendments must be germane to that portion of the subject which is reported on. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 86.

Amendments are admissible if they are germane to any portion of the subject-matter which is the basis of a committee's report. Sprague, S. 1891, p. 715. See also Soule, S. 1901, p. 1049.

An amendment may be inadmissible on the ground that it introduces a subject different from that under consideration, although it would operate as a limitation on the terms of the bill. Butler, S. 1894, pp. 644, 656-658.

Inasmuch as a bill coming from the House must be entertained, even though it is not germane to the petition upon which it is based, it seems that in such cases amendments which are germane to the bill are admissible, although they may not be germane to the petition. PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 493.

See also notes to Senate Rule 23.

An amendment which, if adopted, would render the bill inoperative, may nevertheless be germane. PINKER-TON, S. 1893, p. 556.

Amendments changing a special act into a general law are admissible because, under Senate Rule 16, the committee could have reported a general law. PINK-ERTON, S. 1892, p. 707.

But a general law reported on a petition for general legislation cannot be so amended as to change it into a special act. PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 493. See also LAWRENCE, S. 1897, p. 427; SMITH, S. 1900, p. 873.

Upon the question whether a proposed amendment would change a bill from a general to a special law, see Soule, S. 1901, p. 543.

For sundry cases in which a point of order has been raised that a proposed amendment is not germane to the subject under consideration, see the indexes to the Senate Journals under "Order, Questions of." A list of the cases which arose prior to 1902 may be found in the Manual of the General Court for that year.

After an amendment has been adopted, the objection that the bill in its amended form is broader than the scope of the petition on which it is based cannot be entertained. Butler, S. 1895, p. 473.

It is too late to raise the objection that an amendment is not germane if the amendment has been considered and voted on at a previous stage of the bill. LAWRENCE, S. 1897, p. 848.

See also notes to House Rule 90.

Rule 51. Prior to the adoption of this rule it was held that the smallest sum and the longest time must be put first. Cogswell, S. 1879, p. 376.

See note to House Rule 91.

Rule 52. "Not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate." Time consumed in taking the

question on a motion to adjourn is not to be deducted from the ten minutes allowed for the debate. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 288. See notes to Senate Rule 46 and House Rules 79. 80.

RECONSIDERATION.

Rule 53. This rule was reconstructed and certain new provisions were added in 1902.

The right to move a reconsideration is not limited to those who voted with the majority on the motion which is to be reconsidered. Dana, S. 1906, p. 500.

President Loring (S. 1873, p. 299) went so far as to say that there is no reconsideration of votes to commit petitions, etc.; but it would seem that a better position to take would be that there can be no reconsideration after such petition, etc., has actually been handed over by the Clerk to the committee. See Smith, S. 1900, p. 885.

The same would be true, mutatis mutandis, with reference to enacted bills. In the case of the latter, a method usually adopted is to request the Governor to return the bill, and then reconsider its enactment. See Senate Rule 8 and notes thereto. See also note to Constitution, Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II.

As to the effect of a reconsideration of a vote to close debate at a specified time, see PILLSBURY, S. 1885,

p. 589.

Previous to the change made in 1902, in a case where a bill had been amended and rejected, and when reconsideration of the rejection had been moved within the time allowed, and the motion to reconsider postponed until another day and then carried, it was held that a motion to reconsider the adoption of the amendment was not then in order. Soule, S. 1901, p. 969.

Previous also to the change made in 1902, when the rule provided for a reconsideration only on "the same

day or before the Orders of the Day are taken up on the succeeding day," it was held that if on the day following that on which the vote was passed a quorum was not present, such day should not be counted as "the succeeding day." Soule, S. 1901, p. 955.

"A subsidiary, incidental or dependent question." A motion to amend by substituting an entirely new bill is covered by these words. Chapple, S. 1908,

p. 697.

"No reconsideration of the vote on the question of adjourning." Reconsideration of motions to adjourn, to lay on or take from the table and for the yeas and nays was held to be cut off by the rule as it stood in 1883. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 287.

"When a motion for reconsideration has been decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered." See Dana, S.

1906, p. 500.

See notes to House Rules 70 and 71.

REJECTED MEASURES.

RULE 54. See notes to Senate Rule 46, under the heading "To amend," and to House Rule 49.

This rule is an expression of a principle of parliamentary law. For a discussion of its origin and effect, see Bishop, S. 1880, p. 243.

General parliamentary practice not only forbids the introduction of a proposition which is substantially the same as a proposition previously rejected, but also forbids the introduction of a proposition substantially the same as one already pending, or substantially the same as one previously adopted or passed. In legislative procedure a bill is not passed within the meaning of the foregoing general parliamentary rule until it has passed to be enacted. Sprague, S. 1891, p. 713. "Finally rejected." These words must be construed

to refer either to a rejection by both Houses, or to such action of the Senate as amounts to a final rejection of the measure independently of any action of the House. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 584. See also Barrett, H. 1889, p. 864.

"When an order is rejected, or a petition excluded, or leave is refused to bring in a bill, or a bill or resolve is refused any one of its stages of advancement, it is 'finally rejected.'" Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306. Indefinite postponement is a final rejection. PINKER-

TON, S. 1892, p. 808.

"The phrase 'when any measure has been finally rejected' must be construed to apply solely to such measures as the Senate has power finally to reject, and cannot of course apply to amendments which may be offered at any stage of a bill, even if rejected at a previous stage; nor has it ever been denied that an amendment rejected by the Senate may be adopted by the House and sent up for concurrence. A substitute is an amendment differing only in this, that it is capable of amendment in the second degree, and by rules of the Senate, but not of the House, requires three several readings. To propose a substitute is therefore only to propose an amendment, and it does not become a 'measure' until it is adopted. The rule, being made by the Senate, and applicable to the Senate alone, must mean that no senator shall introduce a second time a 'measure,' that is, a bill or resolve, and some kinds of orders, which has been once and finally rejected by the Senate. Any other interpretation would put it in the power of a single senator to defeat any bill, which might be pending in either branch or in the committee, and to which he was opposed, by offering it as a substitute for any other bill which he had reason to believe the Senate was desirous of passing, and so compelling the Senate to choose between two bills, both of which it might be desirous of passing." H. H. Coolidge, S. 1870, p. 415. This ruling was made before the adoption of Senate Rule 50. See also Smith, S. 1898, p. 730; Soule, S. 1902, p. 755. See, contra, Pitman, S. 1869, p. 517.

In conformity with the foregoing it was held that a bill passed in the branch in which it began might be sent from that branch to the other, and so introduced, although a similar bill was there pending, or had been passed or rejected. Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306. See also Bishop, S. 1882, p. 307; Lawrence, S. 1896, p. 1036; Smith, S. 1898, p. 981.

A House bill, practically identical with a previous bill which had been received from the House and rejected by the Senate, was admitted, in recognition of the practice of the Senate that courtesy to the coordinate branch usually requires the consideration of a bill so received. Soule, S. 1901, p. 931.

So also in a case when a report "inexpedient to legislate" had been adopted by the Senate, it was held that the Senate was still bound to entertain a House bill on the same subject, if the report had not been concurred in by the House. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 585.

When the above decisions of Presidents Coolidge and Cogswell were given, the words "by any committee or member" were not embodied in the rule, and the rule ended as follows: "and this rule shall apply as well to measures originating in the House as to those originating in the Senate." These words were left out in 1877.

The fact that a bill has been finally rejected in one branch does not prevent its introduction in the other. HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 822.

If, however, a bill or measure has been once rejected by both branches, general parliamentary law as well as this rule would prevent any measure substantially the same from being again introduced into either branch at the same session; and the fact that one branch had passed such measure and forwarded it to the other would not justify its introduction in the latter branch. Thus, where a report of "leave to withdraw" had been accepted by both branches, it was held that a bill (reported by a committee after such concurrent action) that embodied a measure substantially the same as that contemplated in the petition must be laid aside, even though the bill came from the other branch. Chapple, S. 1907, p. 426; Bishop, S. 1880, p. 243. See also Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 583. But, an adverse report on a measure having been accepted by the House and subsequently accepted by the Senate, a bill from the House was entertained and the alleged similarity of the two measures held to be immaterial because the bill had been introduced in the House previously to the Senate's action on the other measure. Wells, S. 1916, p. 605.

It seems that, notwithstanding this rule, an amendment of the Constitution can be introduced, although it is substantially the same as an amendment which came from the previous Legislature and which has

been rejected. Phelps, S. 1859, p. 325.

"No measure substantially the same." A resolve providing only for biennial elections is not substantially the same as a resolve providing for biennial elections and biennial sessions of the Legislature. Bruce, S. 1884, p. 581. See also SMITH, S. 1898, p. 893; PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 635.

For cases in which measures were ruled out under this provision, see Hartwell, S. 1889, p. 804; Butler, S. 1894, p. 730; Chapple, S. 1908, p. 945; Calvin Coolidge, S. 1914, p. 710, and 1915, p. 362.

For cases in which measures were held not to be substantially the same, see Treadway, S. 1911, p. 1542; Chapple, S. 1908, p. 883; Butler, S. 1894, p. 804; Jones, S. 1904, p. 875.

"Shall be introduced." The rejection of a measure does not prevent the consideration of a measure substantially the same, if it was introduced previously to such rejection. Boardman, S. 1888, p. 485; Pinkerton, S. 1893, p. 897. But the fact that an order was presented and laid upon the table prior to the indefinite postponement of another order practically identical was held not to be an introduction within the meaning of this section. Pinkerton, S. 1892, p. 808.

A point of order having been raised that a Senate bill was substantially the same as a bill previously rejected by the Senate, the President refused to lay the bill aside on the ground that the Senate, having first rejected the later bill and then having reconsidered its rejection, had indicated its willingness to act upon it. Dana, S. 1906, p. 882.

VOTING.

Rule 55. A vote of less than a quorum is not conclusive proof that a quorum is not present, and is valid, provided a quorum is in fact present. Sprague, S. 1890, p. 905; Hartwell, S. 1889, p. 589; Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 584; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564; Chapple, S. 1908, p. 470. See also Crocker's Principles of Procedure, Sect. 114, and appendix note thereto.

When the presiding officer by count ascertained that a quorum was not present at the time of the taking of a vote, the vote was declared void. LAWRENCE, S. 1896, pp. 633, 745.

As to what constitutes a quorum of the Senate, see rulings on Amendment XXXIII. of the Constitution and opinion of the Attorney-General, House Doc. No. 38 (1892).

A motion that the Orders of the Day be laid on the table having been entertained by the presiding officer but not stated by him, it was held that it was not then too late to verify a vote taken just previously, as the member that requested the verification had risen for the purpose of making the request in due season. Galloupe (acting President), S. 1896, p. 823.

Rule 56. For a case in which it was held that a request for the yeas and nays was made too late, see Smith, S. 1900, p. 660.

Rule 57. "Unless excused before the rote is taken." After a rira roce vote has been taken, a request to be excused from voting cannot be entertained. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 583.

"And no member shall be permitted to rote after the decision is announced from the chair." If other business has intervened, a vote cannot be cast even if this rule is suspended. HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 650.

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

RULE 62. See notes to House Rule 101.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

HOUSE RULES.

SPEAKER.

Rule 7. It is not necessary that the Speaker should be in the chair in order to make an appointment under this rule. Such appointment can be made by a communication in writing. Lomasney (Chairman), H. 1912, p. 1158.

Rule 8. This rule applies only to a vacancy in the office of Speaker occurring after the permanent organization of the House. Eames (Chairman), H. 1911, p. 4.

CLERK.

Rule 15. "Except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice." See notes to Senate Rules 8 and 53, and to House Rule 70.

MEMBERS.

If objection is made, it is not the privilege of any individual member to have an amendment which is printed in the calendar read by the Clerk. MEYER, H. 1895, p. 1211.

If the report of a committee that Mr. A., a sitting member, is not entitled to a seat, has been accepted, it is out of order for Mr. A. to take part in the proceedings, although a motion to reconsider the acceptance of the report is pending. Phelps, H. 1856, p. 493.

Rule 17. "No member shall absent himself from the House without leave." The phrase "the House" refers to the Representatives' Chamber alone. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 313.

The presence of a quorum is not necessary to excuse a member from attending. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 774.

COMMITTEES.

Rule 20. For sundry rulings as to reports of committees, see notes on the Joint Rules, under the head of "Committees."

"A committee on Ways and Means." Notwithstanding a previous investigation and report by the committee on Claims, or other committee, it seems that this committee has power to examine every matter before it as a new question, and decide for or against it, on its merits. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 454. But see House Rule 44.

Rule 24. A point of order that a bill was improperly before the House for the reason that two of the members of the committee reporting it were ineligible under this rule was held not to be well taken. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1431.

RULE 25. For the ruling which is embodied in this section, see Long, H. 1878, p. 347. See House Rule 40.

Rule 30. A bill is special or general as it applies to one or all of the individuals of a given class. Bates, H. 1897, p. 182. See also notes to Senate Rule 16.

After a bill has been ordered to a third reading it is too late to raise the point of order that the bill is in violation of this rule. Cox, H. 1915, p. 1158; CUSHING, H. 1914, p. 1466; BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 698. See also MEYER, H. 1894, p. 350.

"Can be secured... under existing laws." It is the province of the committee, not of the Speaker, to determine whether the object of an application can be secured under existing laws. Meyer, H. 1894, pp. 350, 485; Barrett, H. 1892, p. 1160; Myers, H. 1901, p. 1048.

Pending the point of order that the object desired by a bill could be secured by existing law, a motion to recom-

mit was entertained. Noves, H. 1887, p. 808.

"Or without detriment to the public interests by a general law." Prior to the adoption of this rule a committee could not change a special to a general bill. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 502. Nor could the Legislature change a private or special bill by amendment into a general law. Sanford, H. 1874, pp. 217, 513; Long, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361. See also Noyes, H. 1888, p. 600.

Rule 31. See notes to House Rule 40 and Joint Rule 8.

"No legislation affecting the rights of individuals," etc. A bill to prohibit the imposition of fines, or deductions of wages of employees engaged in weaving, was held not to affect the rights of individuals otherwise than as it affected the interests of the whole people. Noyes, H. 1888, p. 476.

On a petition for general legislation it is not permissible to report a special bill. FROTHINGHAM, H. 1905, p. 272.

For a case in which an amendment restricting the scope of a bill to some of the cases covered by it was held not to affect the rights of individuals otherwise than as they were affected by the original bill, see Marden, H. 1883, pp. 484, 522, 523.

Under this rule in the form which it had before 1890, it was held that an order to consider the expediency of

legislation limiting the maximum fares on trunk or main lines of steam railroads did not affect the "legal" rights of such corporations otherwise than as it affected generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth. Barrett, H. 1889, p. 230.

A bill requiring railroad corporations, when issuing new stock, to sell the same at auction, was held not to come within the scope of this rule. BARRETT, H.

1891, p. 638.

A bill providing for supervision by the State of the issue of securities by water companies was held not to be within the scope of this rule. BARRETT, H. 1893, p. 986.

A bill contemplating legislation affecting certain trust companies differently from other trust companies of the same class was held to be within the scope of

the rule. BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 866.

"Shall be proposed or introduced except upon a petition." On a petition asking the extension of the provisions of a certain act, a bill cannot be reported extending the provisions of a different act. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392.

For instances in which bills have been ruled out because not based upon petition, see BARRETT, H.

1889, pp. 26, 230, 390.

Rule 32. See notes to House Rule 40 and Joint Rule 9.

REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

It is the custom of the House to have the chaplain officiate only once during each calendar day. Myers, H. 1903, p. 1065.

Rule 36. Immediately after the Speaker calls for petitions, etc., and before any are presented, a motion

to proceed at once to the consideration of the Orders of the Day is not out of order. Myers, H. 1903, p. 965.

Rule 37. After a petition has been presented in accordance with the rules, and the question on its reference has been stated, it is then too late to call for a vote on its reception. Hale, H. 1859, p. 64.

RULE 38. Papers from the Senate may be laid before the House by the Speaker after the Orders of the Day have been laid upon the table. MYERS, H. 1903, p. 1064.

Rule 40. "Motions contemplating legislation." This rule does not prevent the introduction of orders of inquiry or investigation, but does take away the power of committees making investigations under such orders to report bills. The rule does not prevent suggestions of legislation. Bates, H. 1898, p. 456.

"Founded upon petition." The loss of a petition, which the records show to have been duly presented, does not bar procedure thereunder. WALKER, H. 1909, p. 847.

"The committee on Ways and Means may originate and report appropriation bills based upon existing law." This rule does not give the committee authority to insert in an appropriation bill a section providing for the discontinuance of a work which an existing statute (St. 1899, c. 477) orders to be continued, thus in effect repealing the statute. Myers, H. 1903, p. 328.

Rule 41. This rule is not applicable to motions for adjournment. Rice (acting Speaker), H. 1859, p. 224.

Quære, whether an order can be postponed without question after the discussion of it has begun. See Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524; Barrett, H. 1889, p. 700. In a case in which the consideration of an order had

by vote been postponed to a later day, and the order had then been considered and an amendment had been moved, it was held that the order could not then be postponed upon request under this rule, even though the adoption of the amendment would substantially change the order. BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 753.

In order to make a request for postponement a member must obtain the floor in the regular way. Barrett, H. 1889, p. 699.

When the consideration of an order has been postponed until the succeeding day, at the request of a member under the provisions of this rule, a motion to suspend the rule in connection with said order is not in order, unless the request is withdrawn by the member asking such postponement. With reference to the foregoing, it was also held (and the decision sustained on an appeal) that a motion "to suspend all rules covering procedure in the matter" was not in order. Cushing, H. 1913, p. 1509.

"An order." In 1890 the word "order" in this rule was held not to include resolutions against a reimposition of a duty on hides. Barrett, H. 1890, pp. 538, 553. Thereupon the words "or resolution" were inserted in the rule, and in 1899 these words were stricken out again.

Rule 43. When the question, "Shall this bill be rejected?" is pending, a motion to amend the bill is not in order (Phelps, H. 1856, p. 323), but it is in order to move the previous question. Phelps, H. 1856, p. 332.

Rule 44. A bill which would operate to deprive the Commonwealth of money to which it would otherwise be entitled comes under the provisions of this rule. Walker, H. 1909, p. 1020. Cox (acting Speaker),

H. 1912, p. 1467. Cox, H. 1915, p. 1172. Cox, H. 1917, p. 533. For a case in which a bill relating to license fees was held not to be within the scope of this rule, see WALKER, H. 1910, p. 940. A bill will be referred by the Speaker under this rule to the committee, even if the fact that it involves the expenditure of public money is not discovered by him or brought to his attention by point of order or otherwise until the question on its engrossment is pending. Cox, H. 1917, p. 684. Cox, H. 1916, pp. 454, 598. Cushing, H. 1914, pp. 875, 893; 1067; 1318, 1373; 1467; 1516. Cushing, H. 1913, pp. 1087. 1960; Cole, H. 1907, p. 914; Myers, H. 1900, pp. 640, 1303; BATES, H. 1899, p. 516; WHIPPLE (acting Speaker), H. 1899, p. 728; Brackett, H. 1885, pp. 709, 732; Bar-RETT, H. 1889, p. 795; BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 330, 824, 1168; Bates, H. 1898, p. 742. See also Bates, H. 1899, pp. 619, 635; MEYER, H. 1894, pp. 756, 977.

A bill providing for an expenditure by the Board of Railroad Commissioners was referred under the rule, although provision is made by law for repayment to the State of all sums expended by or for said Board.

Myers, H. 1902, pp. 936, 943.

A resolve providing for an extension of time within which suit should be brought under an act previously passed upon by the committee on Ways and Means was held not to come within the scope of this rule. Myers, H. 1902, pp. 572, 971.

When the committee, making no recommendations, had been discharged from the further consideration of a bill, it was held that the rule did not require further committal for definite report. Cox, H. 1915, p. 1216.

"New provisions shall not be added to such bills by the committee on Ways and Means, unless," etc. See Cox, H. 1917, p. 810; Cushing, H. 1913, pp. 1398, 1404; MEYER, H. 1894, pp. 1197, 1219. Rule 47. As to whether it is proper under this rule to move to take from the files of last year a bill (which was then referred to the next General Court), and move its reference to a committee, without getting special leave to introduce it, see Long, H. 1877, p. 466, and Osgood, appellant, p. 469.

"Unless received from the Senate." See note to Senate

Rule 23.

"Moved as an amendment to the report of a committee." After a bill has been substituted for the report of a committee, it is too late to raise the point of order that the bill is broader in its scope than the subject-matter referred to the committee. NOYES, H. 1888, p. 463.

Rule 49. See notes to Senate Rule 54. See also "Courtesy between the Branches," under "Sundry Rulings," at the end of the notes on the Joint Rules.

"Finally rejected by the House." The words "by the House" were added in 1890, following a ruling by Speaker Barrett, H. 1889, p. 864. For a statement of the general parliamentary practice which differs from the position taken by Speaker Barrett, see notes to Senate Rule 54.

A bill passed to be engrossed by the House but rejected by the Senate, is not by this rule barred from being again introduced in the House. Myers, H. 1900,

p. 1151.

Under this rule it was held that a bill from the Senate must be laid aside when the course of proceedings had been as follows: The petition with accompanying bill was originally presented in the Senate and there referred to a joint committee, in which reference the House concurred. The committee reported to the House, recommending reference to the next General Court; a motion to substitute the bill in question was re-

jected, and then the report was accepted by the House. In the Senate the bill was substituted for the report, and this bill, on its passage to a third reading in the House, was laid aside as coming within the scope of the rule. Barrett, H. 1893, p. 856. See also Meyer, H. 1896, p. 1142. Subsequently, in the same session, in a case in which the House had previously adopted a report recommending that the petitioner have leave to withdraw, it was held that a bill substituted in the Senate for the report should be entertained. The distinction made was that in this case the bill itself had not been previously offered in and rejected by the House. Barrett, H. 1893, pp. 961, 967.

The rejection of a bill providing for permanent clerical assistance does not exclude the subsequent introduction of a resolve providing for temporary clerical assistance. Adams (acting Speaker), H. 1900, p. 325.

See also Cushing, H. 1914, p. 1207.

It is not in order under this rule to move as an amendment a bill which has once been finally rejected. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 819.

After a bill "making appropriations for expenses of various charitable and reformatory institutions" was rejected, it was held that one of the sections of that bill could be introduced without violating this rule. Marden, H. 1883, p. 569. See also Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1226.

On an order relative to memorializing Congress for an amendment to the Constitution of the United States so as to provide for election of United States Senators by direct popular vote, a joint committee reported to the House no legislation necessary. Resolutions offered as a substitute for the report were rejected by the House, and the report was accepted and sent to the Senate for concurrence. The Senate substituted the resolutions which had been rejected by the House, and sent them to

the House. The Speaker ruled that under this rule they must be laid aside. BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 419.

Previous to the foregoing ruling it had been held that a bill may be received from the Senate and considered by the House, although a similar bill is there pending, or has been passed or rejected. Once in the House, and there referred to a committee of the House, a subsequent report of it back from that committee is a part of its career, and not such an introduction of it as to bring it within this rule as "introduced by a committee." Long, H. 1877, p. 424; Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 550. Contra, see Sanford, H. 1875, p. 323; Osgood (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 416.

A bill changed in but a single essential provision is not substantially the same. Cox, H. 1917, p. 1020; Cox, H. 1916, pp. 1140, 1146; Cox, H. 1915, p. 1303; Cushing, H. 1914, pp. 1324; 1404, 1421; 1553, 1590; Noyes, H. 1881, p. 402. See also Meyer, H. 1896, p. 1179; Noyes, H. 1881, p. 447; Jewell, H. 1868, p. 204.

Bills were excluded under this rule embracing measures substantially the same as those covered by previous references on which reports of leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate or no legislation is necessary had been accepted. Cox, H. 1915, pp. 1036, 1037; Cushing, H. 1914, pp. 1125, 1323, 1504, 1551; Cushing, H. 1913, p. 757; White (acting Speaker), H. 1913, p. 1739; Frothingham, H. 1904, p. 990; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 349; Bishop, S. 1880, p. 243; Marden, H. 1884, p. 555. Contra, see Rideout (acting Speaker), H. 1893, pp. 1103, 1112.

So also a report of leave to withdraw having been accepted by both branches, it was held that a bill, moved as an amendment to a subsequent report of the same committee to the same effect on a petition asking for substantially the same legislation as that on which the

first report was based, must be laid aside. Cole, H. 1907, p. 540. See also Cox (acting Speaker), H. 1912, p. 1032.

For a case in which a memorial was introduced and referred to a committee, although it related to the same subject as that embraced in a petition upon which a report of leave to withdraw had been accepted, see Phelps, H. 1856, p. 683.

After a bill reported on a petition has been rejected, the petition cannot be further considered. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 511. See also Sanford, H. 1873, p. 198; Kimball (acting Speaker), H. 1871, p. 400.

The acceptance of a report "no legislation necessary on the Governor's message" was held not to cut off action on a substitute for a bill previously reported by the same committee, although such bill and substitute covered matter embraced in the Governor's message. Noves, H. 1888, p. 584.

It seems that reference to the next Legislature is not a final rejection. See Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 550.

In the case of a bill which had been read a third time, it was held that it was too late to raise the point of order that it was improperly before the House because it was substantially the same as a bill which had been previously finally rejected. BATES, H. 1897, p. 1197.

It was held that this rule applied to an article of amendment of the Constitution based on a message from the Governor but substantially the same as one which the House, previously to the receipt of the message, had refused to agree to. Cushing, H. 1913, pp. 1864, 1874.

The provisions of this rule do not apply to a bill which has been favorably acted upon and passed by the House. Cushing, H. 1913, p. 1908.

"Introduced by any committee or member." As to the effect of these words, see Long, H. 1877, p. 427.

Rule 50. It is within the province of the committee on Bills in the Third Reading to report that a bill ought not to pass. Barrett, H. 1890, pp. 862, 864.

Rule 53. Notice of an amendment of an engrossed bill or resolve adopted by one branch should be communicated to the other by a message. See Walley, H. 1846, pp. 314, 440, 578, 606. The formality of a message is now dispensed with.

RULE 56. It was held that the provision requiring a bill to be placed in the Orders for the next day did not apply in a case where a bill had been returned, without recommendations, by a committee, in response to an order to report forthwith, and the committee had been discharged. Cox, H. 1915, p. 1192.

RULE 57. See note to Rule 56.

Rule 59. Matters in the calendar must be acted upon separately. A single request that several matters be passed for debate is not in order. Barrett, H. 1890, p. 604.

A motion that several matters in the calendar be laid upon the table is not in order. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 604.

Rule 60. "The unfinished business," etc. See Kinnicut, H. 1844, p. 524.

Rule 61. If a matter is discharged from the Orders of the Day, the vote cannot be reconsidered on the succeeding day. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 362.

Rule 62. "If . . . an amendment is made." The word "made" is the equivalent of "adopted." Barrett, H. 1889, p. 696.

"Substantially changing the greater part of such bill."

For a case in which a bill was held to have been substantially changed, see Paton (acting Speaker), H. 1899, p. 855. For cases in which a bill was held not to have been substantially changed, see Meyer, H. 1895, p. 1275; Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1312.

"And shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put." By general parliamentary law it is not in order to amend a substitute at the same stage in which it is adopted. Phelps, H. 1857, p. 984.

VOTING.

It is the duty of every member to vote unless excused from so doing, or debarred by private interests. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 1207. See note to House Rule 64.

A member has no right to change his vote after the result is declared, even though the declaration is erroneous, and the right is claimed prior to a corrected statement. Phelps. H. 1856, p. 496.

A vote may be declared null and void after it has been recorded. Eddy, H. 1855, p. 1570.

Pending a roll-call it is not in order to move that the doors be closed, because such a motion, if adopted, might prevent a member who happened to be outside from voting. It is, however, in order to close the doors in case of a call of the House, because it is the very object of the proceeding to ascertain who is present. Hale, H. 1859, p. 335.

Rule 62. For a case in which a substitute bill was held not to change substantially the greater part of the original bill, see Myers, H. 1903, p. 955.

Rule 63. In the case of a creditor or stockholder of the Eastern Railroad, it was held that he could vote on the bill "for the relief of the Eastern Railroad Company and the securing of its debts and liabilities," inasmuch as such creditor's or stockholder's interest was not "distinct from the public interest, but was inseparably mixed with it." Long, H. 1876, p. 181, and cases there cited. See also Winthrop, H. 1838, pp. 202, 212.

A director of a bank which has petitioned for an increase of capital was held not to be excluded by interest from voting on a motion to instruct the committee on Banks and Banking to report leave to withdraw on all petitions by banks for an increase of capital. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 605. See also Winthrop, H. 1838, pp. 77, 78, 79; Winthrop, H. 1840, p. 207.

In the case of a bill "to equalize the bounties of our soldiers," which provided for paying certain sums of money to a particular class of persons described in the bill, it was held that a member who, under the provisions of the bill, would be entitled to \$200, had such an interest as would deprive him of the right to vote. Stone, H. 1866, p. 364. See also cases there cited.

The proper time to raise a point of order questioning the right of a member to vote on account of interest is after the roll has been called and the member's vote recorded. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1125.

For other cases relating to this rule, see Banks, H. 1852, p. 225; Ashmun, H. 1841, p. 387.

Rule 64. Any member may require the observance by other members of the duty of voting while the vote is proceeding, and before it is declared; but it is too late to call for the enforcement of the rule after the vote has been completed and declared. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564.

"Members desiring to be excused from voting shall make application," etc. For a case which arose prior to the adoption of this provision, see Bliss, H. 1853, p. 367.

This rule applies only to main questions, and not to subsidiary, incidental or privileged questions. Brack-

етт, Н. 1885, р. 766.

"And shall not be subject to the provisions of rule sixty-eight." This means that the yeas and nays cannot be taken on the question of excusing a member from voting. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 607.

Rule 66. The privilege of a member to doubt a vote has been held not to be lost, although another member, desiring to offer an amendment, first secures recognition by the chair. Underhill (acting Speaker), H. 1911, p. 1996.

Rule 67. "And if a quorum is present the vote shall stand." This is an expression of a general principle enunciated by Speaker Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564. Barrett, H. 1889, p. 226. See also notes of rulings on the Constitution, Articles of Amendment, XXXIII., and on the Senate Rules under "Voting."

Where the Journal showed that less than a quorum voted, and that the point of order was immediately raised that a quorum was not present and the House adjourned without determining whether a quorum was in fact present, it was held that the vote was void. Meyer, H. 1895, p. 370.

Rule 68. The call for the yeas and nays on the question of the disposition of a matter on the calendar must be made before the consideration of the next matter on the calendar has been taken up. Myers, H. 1902, p. 359.

Under a rule which enabled one-fifth of the members present and voting to order the yeas and nays, it was held that a vote for the yeas and nays could not be reconsidered except by a four-fifths vote. Eddy, H.

1855, p. 15. Contra, Phelps, H. 1856, p. 1120; Cushing, § 1271.

When a question is before the House, and the yeas and nays have been ordered, a motion to reverse the roll-call is not in order. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 299.

It seems that a request for the yeas and nays cannot be laid on the table. See Ashmun, H. 1841, p. 385.

Pending the taking of the yeas and nays a point of order will not be entertained. Myers, H. 1902, p. 1232.

After a request for the yeas and nays has been refused, a second request on the same question cannot be entertained. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1314; White

(acting Speaker), H. 1910, p. 646.

"No member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared." For a case arising when the rule provided that no member shall be allowed to vote who was not upon the floor when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished, see Eddy, H. 1855, pp. 1573, 1658.

"If . . . a member states . . . that he has paired . . . such members shall be excused from voting." It has been held not to be in order to pair on a motion to adjourn. Barnes (acting Speaker), H. 1889, p. 709.

"But shall be included with the members voting for the purposes of a quorum." Prior to the addition of these words to the rule it was held that if the rollcall showed less than a quorum present and voting, the pairs announced could not be counted to make up a quorum. Barrett, H. 1890, pp. 774, 799.

Rule 69. If a request for the yeas and nays, made before the question is put, fails, a second request for the purpose of verifying the vote cannot be entertained. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1314.

RECONSIDERATION.

Rule 70. This rule was reconstructed and certain new provisions were added in 1902.

As to reconsideration of a vote on a motion requiring more or less than a majority vote for its adoption, see notes to Rule 68.

Reconsideration can be had of a vote rejecting the report of a committee which declared that the seat of a member was vacant. Hale, H. 1859, p. 133.

As to reconsideration of votes to commit petitions, etc., and of the enactment of laws, see notes to Senate Rules 8 and 53.

The vote requiring the yeas and nays to be taken can be reconsidered. Noves, H. 1881, p. 490.

A motion to suspend this rule may be entertained after the time allowed for a motion to reconsider has elapsed. Noyes, H. 1887, p. 331.

When a vote has been passed to close debate at a specified time, and that time has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the debate. Noyes, H. 1880, p. 220.

A motion to reconsider a vote whereby a rule has been suspended cannot be entertained after business consequent upon the suspension has intervened. MEYER, H. 1894, p. 466.

As to whether the adoption of an order can be reconsidered after its execution has begun, see Hale, H. 1859, p. 270.

It has been held that a motion to reconsider a vote on an undebatable question cannot be debated. Rock-well, H. 1858, p. 331.

A motion to reseind a standing or special order of the House may be entertained after the time for reconsideration of the order has expired. Meyer, H. 1895, p. 982; Meyer, H. 1894, p. 823. "On the next day thereafter on which a quorum is present." Before the requirement of the presence of a quorum was inserted in this rule, it was held that a session held merely for the purpose of complying with the provisions of the Constitution, and not for the purpose of transacting business, was not to be considered as "the succeeding day." BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1277.

When each of two or more daily sessions is declared to be a legislative day, each session is a day within the meaning of this rule. Barrett, H. 1893, p. 1036.

"Last week of the session." These words may be construed as meaning the week prior to the date of final adjournment voted by the House. BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 965. See also the sub-heading "Last Week of the Session," under "Sundry Rulings."

"Before the Orders of the Day have been taken up." For a case in which a motion to reconsider was entertained after the Orders of the Day were taken up, see OLMSTEAD (acting Speaker), H. 1892, pp. 380, 381. But see also St. John (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 1202.

"First in the Orders of the Day for the succeeding day." Under a rule having a similar requirement, it was held to be necessary, notwithstanding the rule, to take up forthwith a motion to reconsider a vote that when the House adjourn it be to a day or hour different from that fixed by the rules. Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 415.

"Shall be considered forthwith." This does not prevent a postponement of action on the motion to reconsider by vote to that effect. Hale (acting Speaker), H. 1874, p. 23.

A bill having been laid aside on the ground that it was beyond the scope of the petition on which it was

based, a motion was made to recommit the bill under a suspension of the 5th Joint Rule. This motion having been rejected, and a motion to reconsider its rejection being before the House, it was held that the consideration of such motion could by vote be postponed to a time certain. WALKER, H. 1909, pp. 844. 851.

Where a bill had passed to be engrossed, and a motion to reconsider had been made, it was held that laving the motion to reconsider on the table would not carry the bill to the table, but would leave the Clerk at liberty to send it to the Senate. JEWELL. H. 1870, p. 478. Contra, see notes to Senate Rule 46.

"Provided, further." For the origin of this proviso,

see Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524.

In the case of a motion to reconsider a vote whereby the House refused to discharge a matter from the Orders of the Day under a suspension of the rules, it was held that such motion should be considered at the time when made. Tobin (acting Speaker), H. 1886, p. 524.

Rule 71. "No question shall be twice reconsidered." Where a bill had been rejected, and reconsideration was carried, and the bill was then amended in an essential feature, it was held that a reconsideration of a second rejection would be in order, because the question on the second rejection was not the same as that on the first. Stone, H. 1867, p. 218; Heywood (acting President), S. 1865, p. 533.

The same question cannot twice be reconsidered. The fact that the question has been decided once in the affirmative and once in the negative makes no difference. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 721.

It has been held that this rule can be suspended so

as to allow a second reconsideration. Phelps, H. 1856, p. 481.

It is competent for the House to reconsider a vote refusing to pass a bill over the Executive veto, notwithstanding the first vote is described in the Constitution as a "reconsideration of the bill." Sanford, H. 1874, p. 583; Frothingham, H. 1905, p. 1098. See notes on the Constitution, Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II.

RULES OF DEBATE.

Remarks should be addressed to the presiding officer, not to the House in general. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155.

When a member yields the floor to another, he loses the right to it altogether. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 741.

No person not a member of the legislative body has any right to take part in the debates. For a case in which application of this rule was made to the chaplain's

prayer, see Sanford, H. 1872, p. 291.

The uniform custom in the House has been to allude to a member by his residence. The pronouncing of the name of one member by another in debate is liable to lead to the excitement of personal feeling, and to a disturbance of that harmony and courtesy among the members which are essential to the highest style of order in a deliberative assembly. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155.

Allusion should not be made to the opinions or wishes of the Executive for the purpose of influencing the decision of any question. This point is not one merely of formality or propriety, but one of principle, affecting the independence of the several branches of the government. The official acts and orders of the Executive, and his opinions officially communicated to the Legislature, are properly subjects of discussion

and may well be referred to for the purpose of influencing the action of the legislative body; but it is irregular and unparliamentary in debate for a member, with a view to securing the passage or defeat of a measure, to refer to the supposed opinion or wish of the Executive not officially promulgated. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155; Morison (acting Speaker), H. 1889, p. 800.

After a point of order has been raised, the subject can be postponed to give the chair time for considera-

tion. Noves, H. 1882, p. 446.

A point of order will not lie for the reason that a bill does not conform to the subject-matter as stated in the title. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1160.

An order having been adopted that the Speaker should declare an adjournment on the completion of the business on which the House was engaged at 5 o'clock, it was held that a motion to take a recess until 7.30, made after 5 o'clock, was not in order, for the reason that the order had not been suspended. Brackett, H. 1885, pp. 771, 775.

Rule 74. See Barrett, H. 1893, p. 908.

Rule 76. The House has refused to sustain a ruling that the intent of this rule is to give the preference in speaking only to such members who have not spoken as rise at the same time with a member who may desire to speak a second time. Hale, H. 1859, p. 288. See also Barrett, H. 1893, p. 908.

MOTIONS.

In general terms, it is a principle of parliamentary law that no question can be moved a second time upon which the judgment of the House has already been expressed. See Wade, H. 1879, p. 540; Hale, H. 1859, p. 277; Phelps, H. 1856, p. 530. Thus a report

of leave to withdraw having been made and an amendment substituting a bill having been rejected and the report having then been laid upon the table, the same motion to amend is not in order when the report is again taken from the table. Frothingham, H. 1904, p. 767.

If a motion to lay on the table is lost, another motion to lay on the table is not in order until some substantial business has been transacted. The rejection of a motion to adjourn is not substantial business. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 281. See also CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286.

A motion for the previous question was held to be out of order where the only business intervening between it and a prior motion for the previous question was the offering of two amendments and the rejection of a motion to postpone. Myers, H. 1903, p. 349.

A motion to suspend the rule limiting the time allowed to each speaker is in order pending a debate, although before the debate began a similar motion had been made and defeated. HALE, H. 1859, p. 603.

A motion that the further reading of a paper be dispensed with is not barred by the fact that at a previous point in the reading a similar motion has been rejected. Higgins (acting Speaker), H. 1894, p. 128.

No two resolutions nor any two bills contradictory to each other can be passed at the same session. See WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

If, however, an amendment is made at one reading of a bill, inserting certain words, the same words, or any part of them, may be stricken out by amendment at a subsequent reading without reconsideration of the first amendment. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 246. So also the rejection of an amendment at one reading of a bill does not bar the same amendment from being entertained at a subsequent reading. Meyer, H.

1894, p. 1187. For further modifications and explanations of this principle, see notes to Senate Rule 54 and House Rule 49.

A resolution disapproving of the course of a member is not admissible, unless such course has been in violation of the rules and privileges of the House. Sanford, H. 1872, p. 292.

Rule 78. "A motion . . . may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made." When a motion to reconsider was made, and under the rule went over to the succeeding day, it was held that it was no longer before the House and could not be withdrawn until reached on such succeeding day, unless the rule was suspended so that it could be at once considered. Phelps, H. 1857, p. 533.

Rule 79. "A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order." A motion to adjourn is not in order pending the verification of a vote. If the previous question is ordered, a motion to adjourn is not in order until the main question is decided. Bliss, H. 1853, pp. 274, 365. See also Loring, S. 1874, pp. 551, 554; Crocker, S. 1883, p. 289.

A motion to adjourn to a specified time is not entitled to precedence. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 302.

If a motion to adjourn has been negatived, it cannot be renewed until substantial business has intervened. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 303; BACHELDER (acting Speaker), H. 1898, p. 780. See notes to Senate Rule 46.

The ordering of the yeas and nays on the pending question, and the interposition of a request to be excused from voting and ordering the yeas and nays on this question, is not substantial business. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 356.

If there is no other motion before the House, a motion to adjourn may be amended by specifying a particular day, and it has been held that it is not even then debatable. Crowninshield, H. 1849, p. 314.

Rule 80. See notes to House Rules 68 and 79.

"Or some other motion that has precedence." If a special assignment is not called up on the day assigned for its consideration, it has been held that it falls through and loses its privilege, but this ruling was overruled by the House. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 347. See note to Senate Rule 46.

"For the previous question." A motion for the previous question was held to be out of order where the only business intervening between it and a prior motion for the previous question was the offering of two amendments and the rejection of a motion to

postpone. Myers, H. 1903, p. 349.

"To close the debate at a specified time." The adoption of a motion to take the vote at a specified time does not bar a motion for the previous question or a motion to extend the time. Sanford, H. 1873, p. 262. When, however, the time fixed for taking the vote has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the time. Noyes, H. 1880, p. 220.

A motion to reconsider a vote fixing the time for closing debate, although made before the time specified, is cut off if the time specified arrives before the vote on reconsideration is taken. Walker, H. 1910, p.

1266.

It has been held that a motion to close the debate must be put to the question before the time specified in the motion, even if it is necessary to interrupt a speaker for the purpose of so doing. UPHAM, S. 1858, p. 448.

A motion to close debate at a specified time was held not to have been rendered inoperative by the fact that after the time had passed, but before the votes on various pending amendments and on the main question had been taken, the House considered and acted upon a special assignment and then adjourned. Myers, H. 1903, p. 955.

The motion to close the debate at a specified time cannot be applied to a motion to refer a matter to the next General Court. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 599.

"To commit (or recommit)." See Cushing, H. 1913,

p. 1317. See also note to Senate Rule 46.

"To amend." See notes to House Rule 90 and Senate Rules 46 and 50.

"To refer to the next General Court." It has been held that a motion to refer to the next General Court can be applied to a motion to reconsider. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1277.

Rule 81. If the House adjourns pending a motion for the previous question, the consideration of said motion is not removed from before the House on the following day. Barrett, H. 1890, p. 604.

Rule 84. After the adoption of the motion for the previous question, and after it was shown, on putting the main question to vote, that a quorum was not present, the point of order that upon securing the attendance of a quorum further debate should be allowed was held to be not well taken, as not being seasonably raised. Cole, H. 1907, p. 794.

If a motion for the previous question is carried while a motion to reconsider the adoption of an amendment is pending, the motion to reconsider is not thereby made the main question. Eldridge (acting Speaker), H. 1860, p. 288.

"And then upon the main question." The announcement of a vote for the preacher of the election sermon having shown that no person had a majority, a motion was made that the person having the highest number of votes be declared elected, and the previous question was then moved and carried, and it was held that the main question was the motion that a plurality should elect. Bradbury, H. 1848, p. 273.

Rule 85. Unless the vote on a motion to close debate at a specified time can be taken at least thirty minutes before the time specified, the motion is improperly before the House. Bates, H. 1899, p. 505; Walker, H. 1911, p. 1952.

Rule 86. When a bill has been substituted for the report of a committee, the member who made the motion to substitute is not in charge of the measure within the meaning of this rule, unless such member was in charge of the original measure. Barrett, H. 1890, p. 863; Barrett, H. 1893, p. 1073.

If the committee on Bills in the Third Reading reports adversely on a bill which has been substituted for the report of a committee, the chairman of the committee on Bills in the Third Reading is not in charge of the bill within the meaning of this rule.

Ваккетт, Н. 1890, р. 863.

Reference to the committee on Rules for the purpose of modifying a bill so as to make it conform to the provisions of the order upon which it was based, was held not to take the bill out of the charge of the member of the committee by whom it was originally reported. Powers (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 914.

Where a bill reported by a committee had been amended in the House by the substitution of another bill, it was held that the member in charge of the bill originally reported was entitled to the ten minutes allowed by the rule. BATES, H. 1897, p. 836.

A bill reported to the House by the committee on Education having been amended in the Senate by the substitution of another bill, and the latter on reaching the House having been referred under the rule to the Finance committee, which reported that the substituted bill ought to pass, it was held that the member of the committee on Education who had charge of the original bill was still in charge. Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1891, p. 1037.

The member in charge of a measure is entitled to the time allowance given by this rule whenever the measure is before the House. Myers, H. 1902, p. 1283.

"When the member entitled to speak under this rule is absent," etc. Prior to the addition of this clause it was held that in the absence of the member in charge no other member of the committee could be considered as in charge, and entitled to speak. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 677.

Rule 89. When an amendment has been adopted inserting certain words in a bill, the same words when taken in connection with other words, thus constituting a different proposition, may be struck out by subsequent amendment at the same stage. Bates, H. 1899, p. 909.

See notes to Senate Rule 46, under "to amend."

RULE 90. Before the rules allowed committees to report a general law upon a petition for special legislation, it was held that a private or special act could not be changed by amendment to a general law. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 217; Long, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361.

Amendments extending the provisions of a private or special bill so as to make it general are admissible if the committee might have reported such a general bill on the order referred to it. Frothingham, H. 1904, p. 628; Marden, H. 1883, p. 630; Mellen (acting Speaker). H. 1893, p. 660; Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1146; Myers, H. 1903, p. 1383; Cushing, H. 1914, p. 1843. See Senate Rule 16, House Rule 30, Joint Rule 7.

To change a special act into a general act by amendment is to so amend as to make the provisions of the act applicable to all individuals of the same class. BATES, H. 1897, p. 183.

Resolutions general in their scope may be moved as a substitute for resolutions special in character. Barrett, H. 1891, p. 60; Barrett, H. 1890, p. 866. See House Rule 30 and notes thereto, and House Rule 95.

If the subject-matter referred to a committee is general in its character, it is not in order to propose amendments changing the bill reported thereon from a general law to a special act. Cox. H. 1917, p. 738; Cox, H. 1915, p. 835; Bates, H. 1898, p. 674; Bates, H. 1897, pp. 875, 968; Meyer, H. 1895, pp. 826, 1071, 1132; Noyes, H. 1887, pp. 700, 785; Wadlin (acting Speaker), H. 1887, p. 448. See also Bates, H. 1899, p. 332; Marden, H. 1884, p. 450; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 600. See also notes to Senate Rule 50.

An amendment is not in order if it extends beyond the scope of the subject-matter on which the report of a committee is based. Cox, H. 1917, pp. 1053, 1119; MYERS, H. 1900, p. 1146; BARRETT, H. 1893, p. 1046; BENNETT (acting Speaker), H. 1893, p. 471; NOYES, H. 1887, pp. 422, 532, 654, 668; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558. See notes to Senate Rule 50. See also ruling by Speaker BARRETT, cited in notes on Joint Rules under "Committees."

A bill contemplating legislation is not admissible as an amendment to a report of a committee, leave to withdraw, on a petition which simply asks for a public hearing and not for legislation. Tucker (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 460.

In a case where a bill permissive in its character was the subject-matter referred, it was held that an amendment, which, if adopted, would make the bill mandatory, was not in order. McDonough (acting Speaker), H. 1888, p. 535. See also Cushing, H. 1912, p. 1662.

An amendment which provides for a modification of an existing law is not germane to a bill which provides for a repeal of the law. Cox, H. 1916, p. 288; Marden, H. 1883, p. 512; Barrett, H. 1892, p. 786; Darling (acting Speaker). H. 1894, p. 1085.

A bill providing for the abolition of an official board was held not to be germane to a petition asking for the continuance of the board. Meyer, H. 1894, p. 825.

An amendment striking out a portion of a bill is not germane if it broadens the bill beyond the scope of the petition. Myers, H. 1900, p. 918.

A substitute removing existing legal restrictions is not germane to a petition and bill imposing more rigid restrictions. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1007; Weeks (acting Speaker), H. 1908, p. 749.

A bill regulating the giving of entertainments on the Lord's Day was held to be within the scope of and germane to a petition asking for the prohibition of such entertainments. Myers, H. 1900, p. 738.

A bill authorizing the sale of soda water was held to be germane to a petition for legislation to authorize the sale of "soda" on the Lord's Day, on the ground that "soda" was the colloquial phrase for soda water, and was the term most often used. Myers, H. 1902, pp. 917, 920.

The House has a right in granting legislation to impose such provisos, conditions or limitations as to it may seem fit. Barrett, H. 1892, pp. 536, 839, 840. See also Cox, H. 1916, p. 837; Cushing, H. 1912, p. 1645.

When the question is upon concurring with the other branch in the adoption of an amendment, such amendment only is the subject under consideration. Cole, H. 1906, p. 982.

For sundry cases in which a point of order has been raised that a proposed amendment is not germane to the subject under consideration, see the appendixes to the House Journals under the title of "Questions of Order," or "Order, Points of." See also H. 1908, p. 838. A list of the cases which arose prior to 1902 may be found in the Manual of the General Court for that year.

It is too late to raise objection that a substitute bill is not germane to a petition after the substitute has

been adopted. MEYER, H. 1895, p. 406.

So also it is too late to raise objection that an amendment is not germane to a bill after the amendment has been adopted (Myers, H. 1903, p. 1032; Myers, H. 1902, p. 1276; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 463), or after the consideration of the amendment has occupied the attention of the House a portion of two sessions. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 367. See also Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463; Noyes, H. 1881, p. 480.

See notes to Senate Rule 50 and to Joint Rules under

the head of "Committees."

Rule 91. This rule does not save the right to amend when a simple motion to strike out (i.e., a motion not embracing a proposition to insert) has been made and rejected. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 499.

"A question containing two or more propositions

capable of division." The question, "Shall this bill pass to be engrossed?" is not divisible. Thus, in passing to be engrossed a bill fixing certain salaries, the bill cannot be divided so as to allow the salary of each official to be voted on separately. Wardwell (acting Speaker), H. 1881, p. 490.

"Strike out and insert." See Noyes, H. 1880, p. 60.

Rule 92. Where there is no blank, and amendments are offered, changing the sum or time, the matter is to be treated as if the sum or time were left blank in the original motion, and the sum or time therein stated is to take its place among the amendments in accordance with the provisions of this rule. Wade, H. 1879, p. 144.

See note to Senate Rule 51.

APPEAL.

Rule 94. An appeal from the ruling of the chair must be taken at once. The right to appeal is cut off by the intervention of other business. Phelps, H. 1857, p. 907. See also Crocker, S. 1883, p. 289.

Upon the question raised by an appeal, a motion for the previous question is in order. Myers, H. 1903,

pp. 945, 1064.

For a case where the chair refused to entertain an appeal because the question had previously been decided by a ruling of the chair, which was confirmed by a vote of the House, see Bliss, H. 1853, p. 366. See also Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 289, 290.

The decision upon an appeal can be reconsidered.

Bliss, H. 1853, pp. 730, 736.

A motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order. Marden, H. 1883, p. 582. See notes to Senate Rules under heading "Motions."

It has been held that, pending an appeal from the decision of the chair on a point of order, a motion to suspend the provisions of a standing order requiring the Speaker to declare an adjournment at a specified time is in order. See Cox (acting Speaker), H. 1914, p. 652.

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

Rule 96. The election of a State director of the Troy and Greenfield Railroad Company was held to be within this rule. Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 665.

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

Rule 101. It is not competent for the House on motion to suspend the principles of general parliamentary law. The House could not suspend the rule that the rejection of a motion to strike out precludes amendment, any more than it could suspend the rule requiring a majority of votes to pass a motion. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 499.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

JOINT RULES.

COMMITTEES.

A report adopted at a duly notified meeting of a committee, a quorum being present, was held to be a valid report of the committee, although an unsigned memorandum was written on the report to the effect that certain members, constituting a majority of the committee, dissented. BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 378.

It is not within the province of the chair upon a point of order to inquire into the internal workings of a committee with a view to determining whether a bill has been properly considered by such committee. Barrett, H. 1891, p. 1127; Jones, S. 1903, p. 457; Greenwood, S. 1913, p. 1154.

When a report is received, the committee's duties as to the matter reported on are ended, and they can make no further report upon it unless the subject is recommitted to them by vote of the assembly. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576; Barrett, H. 1891, p. 789; Marden, H. 1883, pp. 529, 669.

The reception of a report discharges the committee, even though the report is subsequently ruled out as beyond the scope of the reference. MYERS, H. 1900, p. 1463.

A report of a committee made without authority cannot be considered. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 877.

Every report should conclude with some substantive proposition for the consideration of the assembly, such as, that a bill, resolve, order or resolution ought or ought not to pass, that it is inexpedient to legislate, that the petitioners have leave to withdraw, etc., etc.

If a report recommends the passage of a bill or resolve, action is had upon the bill or resolve alone, and it takes its several readings, or is otherwise disposed of, as to the assembly seems fit. In such cases nothing is done about "accepting the report." The statement of facts and arguments embodied in the report in support of the recommendation of the committee is not accepted or adopted, . . . and the assembly, by passing the bill or resolve, does not endorse that statement of fact or argument any more than, when it passes a vote, it endorses every speech made in support of the motion.

What is true of a report recommending the passage of a bill or resolve is equally true of a report recommending the passage of a resolution or order, reference to another committee or to the next General Court, or any other action. The substantive proposition of the report is the motion, as it were, of the committee, and that proposition alone is before the assembly for its action. The preliminary statement of facts and of opinions contained in reports in the usual forms is not before the assembly for its action, and therefore cannot be amended. If, however, the proposition of a report is that its statement of facts and of opinions should be endorsed and adopted by the assembly itself, then and then only such statement would properly be before the assembly, and might be amended or otherwise acted upon. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576; BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1254.

Whatever the proposition of the report is, the question

should be so framed as to embody that proposition in distinct terms. The ordinary form of putting the question, namely, "Shall this report be accepted?" is inaccurate, ambiguous, misleading, and ought to be abolished. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576.

If a committee report in part only, its report should expressly state that it is "in part," and should clearly define what portion of the subject-matter committed to it is covered by the report. The use of the words "in part" is, however, not essential. If the committee intended to report in part only, and the phraseology of its report is consistent with such intent, its report will be treated as a report in part. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 87; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 843. See also Sprague, S. 1891, p. 713.

When a committee reports only in part, a motion to substitute a bill which is germane to another part of the subject-matter referred to the committee is not in order. WALKER, H. 1909, p. 1245.

A committee to which the report of a commission has been referred may report a bill on the subject covered by the report of the commission, although such report omits to recommend legislation. Noyes, H. 1888, p. 670. But see Hartwell, S. 1889, p. 733. See also Sprague, S. 1891, p. 514.

A committee to which a report of a commission has been referred should make separate reports on the various subjects on which legislation is specially suggested, and a final report, — "no further legislation necessary." In a case, however, where a committee reported a bill on one only of several subjects, deeming that legislation on the other subjects was inexpedient, and plainly indicated that its report was intended to be a report in full, it was held that any amendment within the scope of the matter referred to the committee

was admissible, though such amendment might not be germane to the subject-matter covered by the reported bill. Otherwise the committee would possess the power to bury by its own action, and without the power of revision, the issues referred to it. Barrett, H. 1889, p. 842.

For a discussion as to the creation of joint committees, and their relation to the two branches, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 269.

A joint order having been adopted instructing joint committees to report reference to the next General Court on all matters remaining in their hands after a fixed date, a bill reported subsequently to such date was held to be improperly before the House. Noyes, H. 1888, p. 832; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 897; BARRETT, H. 1893, p. 706.

As to whether the same subject may be referred to two committees, see Sanford, H. 1872, p. 419. It seems that such action would conflict with the principle of parliamentary law, that no bill or measure shall be twice passed upon in the same session. See Butler, S. 1894, p. 730. A recommendation of His Excellency the Governor having been referred to a joint committee, and a bill covering the same subject-matter having been referred to another joint committee, the Speaker, on a point of order raised when the latter committee reported, held that it was not within the province of the chair to question the propriety of the consideration by a committee of a subject referred to it. Froth-Ingham, H. 1904, p. 349.

Committees must confine their report to the subject referred to them. For sundry cases in which the point of order has been raised that this principle has been violated, see the indexes to the Senate Journals under "Order, Questions of," and the appendixes to the House Journals under the titles "Questions of Order," and "Order, Points of." A list of the cases which arose prior to 1902 may be found in the Manual of the General Court for that year. See also H. 1908, p. 1359.

In a case in which a petition was accompanied by a statement of reasons in its support, it was held that such statement did not affect the scope of the petition. Cushing, H. 1912, p. 1796.

If the report of a committee is ruled out as beyond the scope of the reference, the subject-matter of the reference is still before the House for its action. Walker, H. 1909, p. 844; Myers, H. 1900, p. 1463; Underhill (acting Speaker) H. 1911, p. 1816.

If a bill reported by one committee is referred to another committee, the latter committee is not limited to the scope of the bill referred to it, but may report any measure within the scope of the propositions upon which the original bill was based. Butler, S. 1894, p. 920; Lawrence, S. 1897, p. 763.

When the rules require that legislation shall be based upon petition, the petition determines the scope of legislation. A bill filed with the petition does not enlarge the scope of the petition unless the petition contains phraseology which makes the bill a part of it. Butler, S. 1894, p. 940; Jones, S. 1903, p. 491. Neither does a bill curtail the scope of the petition which it accompanies. Bates, H. 1899, pp. 1036, 1061.

A bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors was held not to be germane to a petition asking that the sale of malt and spirituous liquors be prohibited, for the reason that, as appears from 2 Gray, 502, there are intoxicating liquors other than malt and spirituous liquors. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 730.

In determining the scope of an application for legislation, it should be construed liberally; but the chair is, at the same time, held to secure an observance of the rules made for obtaining well-considered legislation, and to the end that all citizens of the Commonwealth shall have full notice of matters brought before the Legislature affecting their interests. Sprague, S. 1890, pp. 405, 886; Treadway, S. 1911, p. 1536; Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 703; Boardman, S. 1888, p. 352; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 700.

For a case in which the scope of an order was construed liberally, see Barrett, H. 1890, p. 1259.

A committee can report a larger sum than that named in the resolve referred to it. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 700.

A motion to recommit, with instructions to report a ill broader in its scope than the measures upon which the Lillis based, is out of order. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 266.

As the greater includes the less, it is a general rule that a bill will not be ruled out because it does not cover all the objects embraced in the order. Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 395; Pinkerton, S. 1892, p. 428. See also Soule, S. 1901, p. 1049; Cole, H. 1908, p. 1005.

On a petition for general legislation it is not permissible to report a special bill. Cushing, H. 1914, p. 1322; Walker, H. 1910, p. 1255; Walker, H. 1909, p. 844; Frothingham, H. 1905, p. 272; Frothingham, H. 1904, p. 806; Marden, H. 1884, p. 450; Pinkerton, S. 1893, p. 505; Jones, S. 1903, p. 491. See also Cole, H. 1908, p. 1005.

Also a report, leave to withdraw, on a petition which asks for general or special legislation, may be

amended by the substitution of a general or a special bill. Cushing, H. 1914, p. 1336.

It has further been held that a bill providing for a modification of an existing law cannot be reported on a petition which asks for a repeal of the law. Noves, H. 1887, pp. 523, 552.

As to what legislation can be based on the reference to a committee of a report of a commission or board of trustees, see Jewell, H. 1870, p. 478; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 670.

When a bill for a rearrangement of the congressional districts was reported by a committee, under an order that directed that the districts as rearranged should conform to the districts as then established as closely as the lines of the existing wards and precincts of the city of Boston would conveniently admit, it was held that the chair could not attempt to decide whether the lines of the proposed new districts conformed as closely to the lines of existing wards and precincts as convenience permitted, but that the committee was free to use its own judgment upon the question. LAWRENCE, S. 1896, p. 983; MEYER, H. 1896, p. 1211.

A message from the Governor transmitting a communication from a State commission calling the attention of the Legislature to a threatened abuse by a certain corporation, and suggesting that some appropriate action be taken, was held to be sufficiently broad in scope to permit a remedy of the threatened evil either by a general or by a special bill, or by both. Myers, H. 1901, p. 1048.

If any part of a bill covers a matter not referred to the committee, or if a special bill is reported on a petition for general legislation, the whole bill must be withdrawn or excluded. It cannot be amended before it is received. Sanford, H. 1872, pp. 422, 429; Sanford, H. 1875, p. 365; Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 702. But such a bill may be recommitted. Walker, H. 1909, p. 844; Smith, S. 1899, p. 879; Sprague, S. 1890, p. 886; Frothingham, H. 1905, p. 272; Myers, H. 1900, p. 706; Brackett, H. 1885, p. 559; Brackett, H. 1886, p. 713; Barrett, H. 1889, pp. 717, 853; Barrett, H. 1892, p. 724; Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1218.

If, however, a bill or an amendment, which is not germane to the subject-matter referred, comes to one branch from the other, such bill or amendment must be entertained out of courtesy to the branch from which it is received. Dana, S. 1906, p. 982; Smith, S. 1899, p. 887; Pinkerton, S. 1893, p. 470; Meyer, H. 1894, pp. 466, 877; Marden, H. 1884, p. 451. But see Marden, H. 1883, p. 478. For other cases upon "Courtesy between the Branches," see under "Sundry Rulings," at the end of the notes on the Joint Rules.

Objection that a bill covers matter not referred to the committee cannot be raised after action on the bill, by amendment, or by passing it to a third reading, or even after continued deliberation in regard to it. Dana, S. 1906, p. 480; Smith, S. 1900, p. 660; Lawrence, S. 1896, p. 941; Butler, S. 1895, p. 473; Pinkerton, S. 1893, pp. 387, 423; Pinkerton, S. 1892, p. 476; Cox, H. 1916, p. 1053; Cushing, H. 1914, pp. 400, 1777. Cole, H. 1907, p. 976; Newton of Everett (acting Speaker), H. 1902, p. 479; Bates, H. 1898, p. 940; Attwill (acting Speaker), H. 1898, p. 840; Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1248; Barrett, H. 1891, p. 807; Barrett, H. 1890, pp. 340, 1020; Brackett, H. 1886, p. 503; Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 464; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 368; Jewell, H. 1870, p. 477. See also Noyes, H. 1881, p. 480; Wade, H. 1879, p. 540.

For a case in which, the question being on passing a resolve to be engrossed, it was held to be too late to raise the point of order that under the provisions of a statute (St. 1907, c. 520, § 3) the petition should have been referred to the next General Court, see Curtiss (acting Speaker), H. 1909, p. 1121.

Where a committee has referred to it several petitions on the same subject, or various papers involving either directly or remotely the same subject, whether simply or connected with other things, and the committee has once considered and reported upon any one subject involved in them, it has entirely exhausted its authority over that subject.

After such report has been once made, the subject passes beyond the control of the committee and becomes the property of the House.

Any papers left in the hands of the committee which may indirectly involve the same subject must be treated as if that question was not in them. It seems not to be within the power of a committee to withhold mention of any particular petition, report or other paper, and thus retain possession of a subject once reported upon as a basis for a new action and a new report.

General considerations support strongly this view. It is a maxim of jurisprudence that it is for the public advantage that strifes should come to an end. It is equally for the public interest that contentions in what our fathers called the Great and General Court should be settled once for all. Many persons have a deep interest in the matters heard before committees. They appear in person or by counsel; and when the subject is, by report of the committee, brought before the Legislature, they appear to influence the action of members, as they have the right to do. When the

matter is once disposed of, they depart, and suppose they may do so in safety. They have a right to believe their interests no longer require their presence. But if a committee may revive questions once reported upon and settled, there will never be rest. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 480. See also Noyes, H. 1888, p. 584; Sprague, S. 1891, p. 516; Barrett, H. 1891, p. 790.

A resolve, not an order, should be the form used to provide for printing a document not for the use of the Legislature, and involving the expenditure of public money. Long, H. 1878, p. 58; Noyes, H. 1880. p. 123.

Further, as to cases in which orders would be suitable, see Long, H. 1878, p. 58.

A motion that several bills comprised in one report should be placed separately in the Orders of the Dav is not in order before the report has been received and the bills read the first time. SANFORD, H. 1872, p. 404.

- Rule 3. A delegation to represent the State, composed not only of members of the Legislature but also of State officers, is not a joint committee within the meaning of this rule. BATES, H. 1898, p. 1068.
- RULE 5. Under this rule a motion to recommit, made at a date later than that fixed in the rule, is out of order. BARRETT, H. 1891, pp. 866, 983.

This rule does not apply to a motion to recommit to a House committee. Cushing (acting Speaker). H. 1911, p. 902.

Rule 7. "Or other legislation." Prior to 1891 this phrase was "other special legislation," and special legislation was held to be that which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 588, 589.

It is the province of the committee, and not of the Speaker, to determine whether the purpose for which the legislation is sought can be secured without detriment to the public interest by a general law. Myers, H. 1901, p. 1048. See also Walker, H. 1910, p. 660. See notes to Senate Rule 16 and to House Rule 30.

NOTICE TO PARTIES INTERESTED.

RULE 8. See note to Senate Rule 15 and House Rule 31. For a case in which it was unsuccessfully claimed that a bill, though general in its terms, was in fact special in its operation, and that therefore notice to parties interested should have been given, see Walker, H. 1910, p. 1211.

A bill may be laid aside on the ground that it is in violation of this rule after it has passed through one branch. BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

A bill which is offered as a substitute for a report of a committee must be germane to the subject referred to the committee. Jewell, H. 1871, p. 342.

It is sufficient if the petition bears the certificate of the Secretary of the Commonwealth that the required publication has been made. It is not necessary to state in detail in the publication all the provisions of the legislation desired. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 995.

It is not within the province of the Speaker, but within the province of the committee, to determine whether a petition has been properly advertised. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 1160; Walker, H. 1910, p. 1471. See also Cushing, H. 1912, p. 1720.

"No legislation." Prior to 1890 the phraseology was "no bill or resolve," and under that phraseology it was held that an order that a committee investigate

the management and condition of a certain society and report what legislation is necessary was within the operation of the rule, because any bill or resolve embodying the conclusions of such investigation would be within the scope of the rule. Bruce, S. 1884, p. 580. Contra, Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 580.

A bill to incorporate the Boston Railroad Holding Company was held not to be such legislation as that described in this rule. TREADWAY, S. 1909, p. 1034.

See also Walker, H. 1911, p. 1800.

"Except by a petition." Prior to 1890 the words "by amendment or otherwise" were also used. For an instance in which under that form of the rule an amendment was held to be barred by the rule, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 333. For an instance in which an amendment proposing a new treatment of a subject already in the bill, and not the introduction of a new subject into the bill, was held not to be barred by the rule, see BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384.

For an instance in which it was held that a communication from the Governor transmitting a subject-matter for legislation is, for the purposes of legislation, to be considered in the light of a message from him, and is entitled to the same consideration that such a message would have, and that a bill reported upon said communication is not in violation of this rule,

see Myers, H. 1901, p. 1048.

Prior to 1890 the following words were used, "Except by a report of a committee on petition duly presented and referred," and under this form of the rule various rulings were made. For cases in which a bill was ruled out, see Long, H. 1878, pp. 116, 120; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 178; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 479. For a case in which it was held that the words "duly presented" did not require compliance with the provisions of chapter 2

of the Public Statutes in regard to notice; that those provisions were mandatory only to the petitioner, and that the Legislature might, if it saw fit, hear the petitioner, notwithstanding his failure to comply with the law, see Marden, H. 1883, p. 533. See also Noyes. H. 1882, p. 90.

"Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading." For a case which arose prior to the insertion of these words.

see Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463.

Rule 9. This rule does not apply to a message from the Governor or to recommendations contained in a report of a commission. TREADWAY, S. 1909, p. 1034; Cole, H. 1907, p. 976; Walker, H. 1911, p. 1800.

For instances in which bills under this rule were referred to the next General Court, see Chapple, S. 1907, pp. 898, 978; Cole, H. 1907, p. 1064; Calvin

COOLIDGE, S. 1915, p. 894.

As to the form and evidence of publication, see notes to Joint Rule 8.

For a case in which a bill was held not to be special, but to be general and therefore not subject to the provisions of this rule, see Walker, H. 1910, p. 1212.

See also Cushing, H. 1913, p. 1664.

The provisions of the Revised Laws, chapter 3, which are referred to in this rule, are mandatory only to the petitioner, and the General Court may hear the petitioner notwithstanding his failure to comply with the law. Myers, H. 1902, p. 268.

Under this rule it was held that a petition to establish the boundary line in tide waters between two towns, involving the taking of land from one town and the annexing of it to the other, is, in effect, a petition to divide an existing town; and, since no publication of notice, as required by law, had been made and the rule had not been suspended, a bill reported upon such a petition was improperly before the House. Meyer, H. 1896, p. 947.

This rule having been concurrently suspended with reference to a petition before its reference to a committee, and the committee having reported "leave to withdraw," it was held that the rule was no longer operative on the subject-matter of the petition, and that a bill could be substituted for the report of the committee. Dana, S. 1906, p. 748.

A bill reported to the House in violation of this rule, and there passed to be engrossed and sent to the Senate for concurrence, was in the Senate, in compliance with this rule, referred to the next General Court. Dana, S. 1906, p. 712. See "Sundry Rulings."

A bill having been passed to be engrossed by the Senate, and having taken its several readings in the House, it was held that it was too late to raise the point of order that said bill came within the provisions of this rule. Cushing, H. 1913, pp. 1941, 1959.

For the case of a bill which was held not to come within the provisions of this rule, see BATES, H. 1899, pp. 1036, 1061.

LIMIT OF TIME ALLOWED FOR REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Rule 10. If after the date fixed for final report a committee reports a bill, such bill must be laid aside. Cox. H. 1917, p. 641; Barrett, H. 1893, p. 706. So also a report of leave to withdraw will be laid aside. Meyer, H. 1895, p. 920. See also Cox, H. 1915, p. 865.

After a bill has been substituted for a report recommending reference to the next General Court, it is then too late to raise the point of order that the report was not made within the three-day limit fixed by this rule. UNDERHILL (acting Speaker), H. 1911, p. 1791.

General orders extending the time for reports of joint committees apply to these committees no less when sitting jointly than when sitting separately. Myers, H. 1901, p. 1047.

COMMITTEES OF CONFERENCE.

Rule 11. It seems that any difference between the two branches can be submitted to a committee of conference. Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 702.

That which has been agreed to by both branches cannot be disturbed by a committee of conference. It is competent for a committee of conference to report such change in the sections or portions not agreed to as is germane to those sections. BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 391; MYERS, H. 1900, p. 1403.

The reception of a report of a committee of conference discharges the committee, even though the report is subsequently ruled out as beyond the scope of the reference. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1463.

LIMIT OF TIME ALLOWED FOR NEW BUSINESS.

Rule 12. This rule does not exclude matters of privilege. They may be considered whenever they arise. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 583; Barrett, H. 1890, p. 1259.

"ÂŪ other subjects of legislation." See Long, H. 1878, p. 572; Brackett, H. 1885, p. 354.

An order which is merely incidental to a subject of legislation before the House is not within the scope of this rule. Marden, H. 1883, p. 311.

"Deposited with the Clerk of either branch." In 1891 these words were substituted for the words "proposed or introduced," previously used. Under the rule as it

stood prior to 1891, it was twice ruled that matter referred by one General Court to the next, when called up in the General Court to which it is so referred, must be considered as the introduction of new business within the intent of this rule. In both cases the bill in question related to the compensation of members of the Legislature, and in both cases, on appeal, the decision of the chair was reversed. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 521, 578; LONG, H. 1877, pp. 466-473.

"Shall, when presented, be referred to the next General Court." Under this rule, before the words "when presented" were inserted, in a case where a bill had passed to a third reading, it was held that it was then too late to secure its reference to the next General Court under the rule. Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463. See also Wade, H. 1879, p. 540.

For a case arising under a somewhat similar rule.

see Jewell, H. 1868, p. 591.

After the House had debated an order several times and had once adopted it, it was held too late to raise the point that the order came within the scope of this rule. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 354.

"This rule shall not be... suspended except by a concurrent vote." Pending the question on concurring in the suspension of this rule to admit a petition, it has been held not to be in order to move to lay the petition upon the table. Noves, H. 1888, p. 260.

PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF DOCUMENTS.

Rule 23. See notes on the Joint Rules under "Committees." For a ruling on this rule as it stood before 1886, see Long, H. 1878, p. 58.

The House can by its vote alone order documents printed for the use of the House. Meyer, H. 1894, p. 397.

SUNDRY RULINGS.

QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE.

A resolution declaring vacant certain contested seats is a resolution of high privilege, and need not be supported by a petition. Meyer, H. 1894, pp. 1192, 1198.

COURTESY BETWEEN THE BRANCHES.

Where one branch has passed upon a matter and forwarded it to the other, the latter is, as a rule, bound to receive and act upon it. For instances in which this principle was followed and for the exceptions to it, see Cox, H. 1917, p. 904; Wells, S. 1916, p. 605; Cox, H. 1916, p. 809; Cole, H. 1907, pp. 1236, 1240; Cole, H. 1906, p. 1177; Jones, S. 1903, p. 753; Myers, H. 1903, p. 1435; Myers, H. 1902, pp. 1244, 1287; Soule, S. 1901, p. 931; SMITH, S. 1900, p. 531; BATES, H. 1899, p. 1096; LAWRENCE, S. 1896, p. 1036; PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 470; Sprague, S. 1890, pp. 317, 794; Meyer, H. 1894, pp. 466, 877; BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1161; Barrett, H. 1891, p. 790; Marden, H. 1883, pp. 523-528, also p. 478; Bishop, S. 1882, p. 307; Marden, H. 1884, p. 451; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 582, 583; Morrison (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 443; Brown (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; BISHOP, S. 1881 (extra session), p. 19; BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 178; Cogs-WELL, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306; Long, H. 1877, p. 426;

Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392: Sanford, H. 1872, p. 125; Bullock, H. 1865, appendix, p. 492; Phelps, S. 1859, p. 325. See also Manchester (acting Speaker), H. 1897, p. 1188.

A bill was referred in the Senate to the next General Court because reported in violation of the ninth joint rule, although it had been passed to be engrossed in the House and sent up for concurrence. Dana, S. 1906, p. 712.

See notes to Senate Rule 54 and House Rule 49.

CONCURRENCE IN AMENDMENTS.

Where a bill passed in the House was sent to the Senate and there passed with an amendment, and was then returned to the House for concurrence in the amendment, it was held that the House might agree or disagree with the amendment, or it might agree after amending the amendment, or it might refer the question of agreeing to the amendment to a committee, or might lay the subject on the table, or defer action to some day certain, because all such motions are supposed to be not unfriendly in their nature, at least not decisive or destructive. On the other hand, a motion to postpone indefinitely the whole subject, or any motion which carries with it an original purpose of destruction to the bill, is not in order, because the two branches have already agreed to the bill as a whole, and such a motion would be irregular in itself, and in its parliamentary effects uncourteous towards the other branch of the Legislature. Bullock, H. 1865, appendix. p. 493.

Where a bill which had been agreed to by both branches was sent by the House to the Senate for concurrence in certain amendments, and the Senate, in addition to acting on the amendments, amended other parts of the bill de novo, it was held that such amendments were not properly before the House. Meyer, H. 1895, p. 906; Myers, H. 1900, p. 1403.

One branch, in considering an amendment to its bill made by the other branch, may amend such amendment, but its amendment must be germane to the amendment submitted for concurrence. SMITH, S. 1900, p. 878; FARLEY (acting Speaker), H. 1894, p. 1403; COLE, H. 1906, p. 982.

For a discussion as to proceedings in case of a disagreement between the two branches in relation to amendments, see Hale, H. 1859, p. 116.

LAST WEEK OF THE SESSION.

During the last week of the session, the House having voted to remain in session until the completion of the matter under consideration and the vote thereon having been taken, it was held that a motion to reconsider was in order before adjournment. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1444.

A standing order fixing the last week of the session is in force from the time it takes effect until the close of the session. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1444.



THE STATE HOUSE, SEAL OF THE COMMONWEALTH, STATE LIBRARY, ETC.



THE STATE HOUSE.

The so-called "Bulfinch Front" of the State House was erected in 1795-7, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of £4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The original building is 172 feet front; the height, from base course to pinnacle, is 155 feet; and the foundation is about 106 feet above the waters of the bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter and 35 feet high. The original cost of the building was estimated at \$133,333.33.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part" extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street were made, chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855 and 1856.

Under a resolve of 1866 a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodelling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions, without deciding in favor of either. The first was a plan of remodelling at an expense of \$375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling at an expense of \$759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building at an expense of \$2,042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations at the estimated expense of \$150,000; and by Resolve No. \$4 of that year the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same resolve to expend \$150,000, and, by a subsequent resolve, \$20,000 in addition. The President of the Senate died on the 29th of

October, and thereafter the work was continued by the surviving commissioner. The improvements consisted of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part," before referred to as having been added from 1853 to 1856. They were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and cost, including furniture, about \$250,000.

The Legislature of 1868 made provision for reseating the Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislative committees, in season for the accommodation of the Legislature of 1869, at a cost of about \$6,600.

By Resolve, chapter 68 of the year 1881, the sum of \$45,000 was authorized to be expended for improving the basement of the State House, in accordance with plans submitted by the joint standing committee on the State House. The work was begun soon after the regular session of 1881, and was carried on under the supervision of the commissioners on the State House, consisting of Oreb F. Mitchell, Sergeant-at-Arms, Hon. Daniel A. Gleason, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Hon. Henry B. Peirce, Secretary of State, assisted by John W. Leighton and Asa H. Caton, both of Boston, and appointed, under the resolve referred to, by the Governor and Council. Under the plans the floor of the basement was brought down to a common level, and numerous additional office rooms and needed accommodations were obtained.

Under authority of chapter 70 of the Resolves of 1885, passenger elevators were erected in the east and west wings of the State House.

In accordance with the provisions of chapter 349 of the Acts of the year 1888, the Governor and Council, "for the purpose of providing suitable and adequate accommodations for the legislative and executive departments of the State government and for the several bureaus, boards and officers of the Commonwealth, whose offices are, or may be, located in the city of Boston, and for any other necessary and convenient uses of the Commonwealth," on November 7 of the same year, took possession in the name of the Commonwealth of the parcel of land lying next north of the State House, and bounded by Derne, Temple, Mount Vernon and Hancock streets, and also of a parcel of land lying to the east of Temple Street, between Mount Vernon and Derne streets, both lots with the buildings and improvements thereon, full power being given them to settle, by agreement or arbitration, the amount of compensation to be paid any person by reason of the taking of his property. They were also authorized to discontinue the whole of Temple Street between Mount Vernon and Derne streets, and to negotiate with the city of Boston concerning the construction of new streets or ways.

By chapter 404 of the Acts of 1892, for the purpose of securing an open space around the State House, the commissioners were authorized to take, by purchase or otherwise, the land bounded north by Derne Street, east by Bowdoin Street, south by Beacon Hill Place and west by the State House, and by chapter 129, Acts of 1893, they were authorized to sell the buildings thereon. Subsequently, the commissioners were authorized to take Beacon Hill Place (chapter 450, Acts of 1893) and also the land bounded east by Bowdoin Street. south by Beacon Street, west by Mount Vernon Street and north by the land then owned by the Commonwealth; and provision was made for the removal of buildings on said land and for the improvement thereof (chapter 532, Acts of 1894; chapter 223, Acts of 1897; chapter 382, Acts of 1900; and chapter 525, Acts of 1901). In 1901 authority was given to the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council. to take in fee simple, in behalf of the Commonwealth, a parcel of land, with the buildings thereon, on the southerly side of Mount Vernon Street, immediately west of Hancock Avenue (chapter 525, Acts of 1901).

By chapter 92 of the Resolves of 1888 the Governor and Council were allowed a sum not exceeding \$5,000 to enable them to devise and report to the next General Court a general plan for the better accommodation of the State government.

A plan was accordingly submitted to the General Court of 1889, and \$2,500 were appropriated for the further perfecting of said plan. A bill to provide for the enlargement of the State House was subsequently reported in the Legislature and became a law (chapter 394 of the Acts of 1889). Under this act the Governor was authorized to appoint three persons, to be known as the State House Construction Commissioners, and Messrs. John D. Long, Wm. Endicott, Jr., and Benjamin D. Whitcomb were appointed the commissioners. Mr. Whitcomb died in 1894, and Mr. Charles Everett Clark was appointed to fill the vacancy. The latter died in 1899. In 1894 Mr. Long resigned, and Mr. George W. Johnson was appointed a member of the commission. The architects selected were Messrs. Brigham & Spofford of Boston. Subsequently to March, 1892, Mr. Charles E. Brigham was the sole architect of the extension.

On the twenty-first day of December, 1889, the corner-stone of the new building was laid by His Excellency Governor Ames with appropriate ceremonies. The removal of the various departments and commissions to the new building was begun in the latter part of 1894. The House of Representatives of 1895 convened in the old Representatives' Chamber on the second day of January, and on the following day met for the first time in the hall set apart for it in the State House

extension. It has occupied this hall ever since. Pending changes in the State House building, the Senate sat in a room numbered 239, 240 and 241, in the extension. Its first meeting in this room was on February 18, 1895. On April 8 it resumed its sittings in the old Senate Chamber.

By chapter 124 of the Resolves of 1896 the State House Construction Commission was directed to provide temporary accommodations for the Senate of 1897 and its officers. A temporary floor was accordingly constructed across the apartment, then unfinished, that has since come to be known as Memorial Hall, on a level with the present gallery; and the room thus made was finished and furnished as a Senate Chamber, with accommodations for spectators. On January 6, 1897, the Senate met in this chamber, which it continued to occupy throughout the session of that year, and it also, for the first time, made use of the reading-room and the other rooms and offices intended for its permanent occupancy.

By chapter 531 of the Acts of 1896, His Honor Roger Wolcott, Acting Governor, Hon. George P. Lawrence, President of the Senate, and Hon. George v. L. Meyer, Speaker of the House, were made a committee to decide upon a plan for preserving, restoring and rendering practically fire-proof the so-called Bulfinch State House. The committee was directed to employ an architect, who was to superintend the execution of the work in accordance with such drawings and specifications as should be approved by said committee. It was provided that the State House Construction Commission should have charge of the work. Mr. Arthur G. Everett was the architect selected by the committee, and with him was associated Mr. Robert D. Andrews. Mr. Charles A. Cummings was made consulting architect.

By chapter 470 of the Acts of 1897, His Excellency Roger Wolcott, Hon. George P. Lawrence, President of the Senate, and Hon. John L. Bates, Speaker of the House, were made a committee to decide upon plans for furnishing the so-called Bulfinch State House, with authority to employ an architect to make drawings, specifications and designs therefor, and also to superintend the execution of the work. Mr. Everett was selected for the purpose.

On the convening of the General Court of 1898, the Senate occupied for the first time the chamber in the Bulfinch building that had formerly been the hall of the House of Representatives. The original Senate Chamber was assigned to the Senate by the Governor and Council as one of its apartments. The Senate has continued to occupy its new chamber ever since.

For the purpose of meeting the expenses incurred between 1889 and 1913 in connection with the taking of land, including land damages,

the constructing and furnishing of the State House Extension, the finishing of the Memorial Hall therein, and the restoring and furnishing of the Bulfinch front, etc., bonds to the amount of \$7,120,000 were issued from time to time.

By chapter 150 of the Resolves of 1912 the State House Commission (the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Treasurer and Receiver-General and the Sergeant-at-Arms) was directed, with the co-operation of the State Art Commission, to cause to be prepared plans for alterations in, and additions to, the State House, and to report to the next General Court. Report was made to the General Court of 1913 (House Document No. 133); and, by chapter 830 of the Acts of that year, the State House Building Commission, to be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Council, was created, for the purpose of constructing additions substantially in accordance with the plan recommended in the report. Messrs. Albert P. Langtry, chairman, Joseph B. Russell and Neil McNeil were appointed the members of the building commission. Messrs. Robert D. Andrews, William Chapman and R. Clipston Sturgis were the architects selected by the commission. The work was begun in August, 1914. In 1915 Mr. John A. Keliher succeeded Mr. Langtry as a member of the commission and as its chairman, and Mr. J. Edward Fuller succeeded Mr. Russell.

By chapter 256 of the General Acts of 1915, the Commission was directed to construct a forward projection of the West wing, substantially the same as that already built in connection with the new East wing, and provision was made for the purchasing or taking of certain property and for the removal of the buildings thereon, etc. To meet the expenses connected with the making of these several alterations and additions, bonds to the amount of \$2,265,000 were authorized and issued. By chapter 17 of the General Acts of 1916, taking effect March 2, the State House Building Commission was abolished and its powers were transferred to the State House Commission. The members of this latter commission were Albert P. Langtry (Secretary of the Commonwealth), Charles L. Burrill (Treasurer and Receiver General of the Commonwealth) and Thomas F. Pedrick (Sergeant-at-Arms of the General Court), Chairman.

SEAL OF THE COMMONWEALTH.



COUNCIL RECORDS, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13th, 1780.

Ordered, That Nathan Cushing, Esqr., be a committee to prepare a Seal for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, who reported a Device for a Seal for said Commonwealth as follows, viz.: SAPPHIRE, an Indian, dressed in his Shirt, Moggosins, belted proper, in his right hand a Bow, Topaz, in his left an Arrow, its point towards the Base; of the second, on the Dexter side of the Indian's head, a Star, Pearl, for one of the United States of America.

CREST. On a Wreath a Dexter Arm clothed and ruffled proper, grasping a Broad Sword, the Pummel and Hilt, Topaz, with this Motto: Ense petit placidam Sub Libertate Quietem. And around the Seal: Sigillum Reipublica Massachusettensis.

Advised that the said Report be Accepted as the Arms of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

[CHAPTER 2 OF THE REVISED LAWS.]

Of the Arms and the Great Seal of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. The arms of the commonwealth shall consist of a shield having a blue field or surface with an Indian thereon, dressed in a shirt and moccasins, holding in his right hand a bow, and in his left hand an arrow, point downward, all of gold; and, in the upper corner of the field, above his right arm, a silver star with five points. The creat shall be a wreath of blue and gold, whereon, in gold, shall be a right arm, bent at the elbow, clothed and ruffled, with the hand grasping a broadsword. The motto shall be "Ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem."

Section 2. The coat-of-arms as drawn and emblazoned under the direction of the secretary of the commonwealth in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-eight and deposited in his office shall be the official representation of the coat-of-arms of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, and all designs of said coat-of-arms for official use shall conform strictly to said representation.

Section 3. The great seal of the commonwealth shall be circular in form, bearing upon its face a representation of the arms of the commonwealth encircled with the inscription, "Sigillum Reipublicæ Massachusettensis." The colors of the arms shall not be an essential part of said seal, but an impression from a seal engraved according to said design, on any commission, paper or document shall be valid without the use of such colors or the representation thereof by the customary heraldic lines or marks.

Section 4. The seal of the commonwealth in use in the office of the secretary of the commonwealth when this act takes effect shall be the authorized seal so long as its use may be continued.

STATE LIBRARY OF MASSACHUSETTS.

In 1811 the Legislature of Massachusetts made provision for the annual exchange of statutes with the several States of the Union, and in 1826 it provided that the books and maps which had accumulated in the various departments in the State House should be collected and arranged in the Land Office under the care of the Land Agent. This act marks the formal establishment of the State Library of Massachusetts. In 1849 the custody of the Library was transferred from the Land Agent to the Secretary of the State Board of Education. In 1893 the office of State Librarian was created, and Caleb B. Tillinghast, to whose extraordinary knowledge of books the Library owes so much, and who had served as acting librarian since 1879, became the first encumbent.

The State Library now contains more than 350,000 books and pamphlets. As it is primarily a reference library for State officers and members of the General Court, it is especially rich in the laws, public documents and judicial decisions of the United States, Great Britain and the British Colonies, and in works of current governmental interest. Its collection of statute law is unsurpassed unless by the Library of Congress, and its collection of foreign laws is peculiarly rich and complete.

- It is provided by the Revised Laws, chapter 10, section 23, that the State Library shall be for the use of —
- 1. The Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the General Court.
- 2. Such other officers of Government and other persons as may be permitted to use it.

Trustees. — Robert Lincoln O'Brien, Chairman, Brookline; Henry G. Wells, ex officio, Haverhill; Channing H. Cox, ex officio, Boston; Charles T. Copeland, Cambridge; Nathan Matthews, Boston.

State Librarian. — Lawrence B. Evans, Ph.D.

Assistant Librarian. — Mrs. Annie G. Hopkins.

Assistants. — Miss Jennie Foster, First Assistant; Miss Susy A. Dickinson, Miss Sara E. Noyes, Miss Harriet M. Bosworth, Miss Jessie L. Knowlton, Miss Ruth G. Hedden, Miss Maud A. Vestergard, Miss Alice E. Reece, J. F. Munroe, L. A. Phillips, W. R. Griffin, Charles W. Johnson.

AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open, during the usual business hours, for the use of the members of the General Court.

BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

By the Act of the General Court incorporating the Proprietors of the Boston Athenaum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Council, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the bylaws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenæum is situated in Beacon Street, near the State House; and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Section 6 of the Act of Feb. 19, 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

CALENDAR 1918.

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